

LIMPOPO PROVINCE
LIMPOPO PROVINSIE
XIFUNDZANKULU XA LIMPOPO
PROFENSE YA LIMPOPO
VUNDU LA LIMPOPO
IPHROVINSI YELIMPOPO

# Provincial Gazette • Provinsiale Koerant • Gazete ya Xifundzankulu Kuranta ya Profense • Gazethe ya Vundu

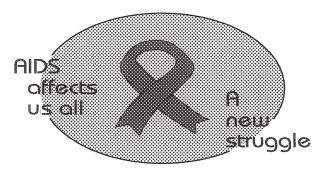
(Registered as a newspaper) • (As 'n nuusblad geregistreer) • (Yi rhijistariwile tanihi Nyuziphepha)

(E ngwadisits we bjalo ka Kuranta) • (Yo redzhistariwa sa Nyusiphepha)

Vol: 30

**POLOKWANE**, 21 JULY 2023 21 JULIE 2023

## We all have the power to prevent AIDS



Prevention is the cure

AIDS HELPUNE

No: 3417

0800 012 322

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

N.B. The Government Printing Works will not be held responsible for the quality of "Hard Copies" or "Electronic Files" submitted for publication purposes





#### Contents

No.		Gazette No.	Page No.
	GENERAL NOTICES • ALGEMENE KENNISGEWINGS		
316 316	Polokwane Municipal Planning By-law, 2017: Portion 3 (a portion of Portion 1) of Erf 598, Pietersburg	3417	3
	Pietersburg	3417	3
	PROCLAMATIONS • PROKLAMASIES		
108	Greater Giyani Municipality Notice: Portion of the Remainder of the Greater Giyani farm 891 LT	3417	4
	PROVINCIAL NOTICES • PROVINSIALE KENNISGEWINGS		
415	Collins Chabane Local Municipality Land Use Management By-Law of 2019: Application for: Formalisation/township establishment and proclamation of 2093 sites on Portions 45 and 49 of Malamulele 234-LT and a portion of the Remainder of the Farm Malamulele 234-LT, Limpopo Province to be known as Malamulele		
421	ExtensionLocal Government: Municipal Property Rates Act, 2004: Bela-Bela Local Municipality: Resoluition Levying Property Rates for the Financial Year 1 July 2023 to 30 June 2024	3417 3417	5 8
	LOCAL AUTHORITY NOTICES • PLAASLIKE OWERHEIDS KENNISGEWINGS		
657 658	Polokwane Municipal By-Law, 2017: Polokwane Municipality: Invitation for public participation: Erf 98, Ivy Parl Polokwane Municipal Planning By-law, 2017: Portion 3 (a portion of Portion 1) of Erf 708, Pietersburg	k 3417	10
658	Township	3417	12
000	Pietersburg Dorpsgebied	3417	12
666	Polokwane Municipal Planning By-law, 2017: Remaining Extent of Erf 616, Pietersburg	3417	13
666 667	Polokwane Munisipale Beplanningsbywet, 2017: Resterende gedeelte van Erf 616, PietersburgLocal Government: Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act No. 32 of 2000): Mopani District Municipality: Final	3417	13
007	Draft: Air Quality Management By-Law	3417	14
668	Polokwane Municipal Planning By-Law, 2017: Erf 7137 Pietersburg Ext 28	3417	61
668 669	Polokwane Munisipale Beplannings Bywet, 2017: Erf 7137, Pietersburg X 28Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act No. 32 of 2000): Mopani District Municipality: Final	3417	61
	Draft: Waste Management By-Laws	3417	62

#### GENERAL NOTICES • ALGEMENE KENNISGEWINGS

#### **GENERAL NOTICE 316 OF 2023**

NOTICE FOR APPLICATION FOR AMENDMENT OF THE TOWN PLANNING SCHEME IN TERMS OF SECTION 67 OF THE POLOKWANE MUNICIPAL PLANNING BY-LAW, 2017, READ TOGETHER WITH SPATIAL PLANNING AND LAND USE MANAGEMENT ACT (ACT 16 OF 2013) FOR THE REZONING OF THE POLOKWANE INTEGRATED LAND USE SCHEME 2022, ON PORTION 3 (A PORTION OF PORTION 1) OF ERF 598 PIETERSBURG FROM "RESIDENTIAL 1" TO "BUSINESS 4"

Notice is hereby given that I, Lebogang Mohale of Opulence Developments, being the authorised agent of the owner of the above property, intend applying to the Polokwane Municipality for the rezoning of the above property. Plans and particulars of the application will lie for inspection during normal office hours at the office of the Manager: City Planning and Property Management, Polokwane Municipality, Civic Centre, 1<sup>st</sup> Floor West Wing, from the 14<sup>th</sup> July 2023, for the period of 28 days from the first date of publication. Objections and/or comments or representation in respect of the application must be lodged with or made by writing to the Manager: City Planning and Property Management, Polokwane Municipality, P O Box 111, Polokwane, 0700 for a period of 28 days from the date of publication of notice. Address of Mentioned Authorised Agent: Opulence Development, 6 Villa Santana Main Street, Heather view 0156: Contact: 0840767294 Email: opulencedevelopments@gmail.com

14-21

#### **ALGEMENE KENNISGEWING 316 VAN 2023**

KENNISGEWING VIR AANSOEK OM WYSIGING VAN DIE DORPSBEPLANNINGSKEMA INGEVOLGE ARTIKEL 67 VAN DIE POLOKWANE MUNISIPALE BEPLANNINGVERORDENING, 2017, GELEES SAAM MET RUIMTELIKE BEPLANNING EN GRONDGEBRUIKBESTUURWET VIR DIE POLOKWANE 2016-WET 2016 LAND GEBRUIK SKEMA 2022, OP GEDEELTE 3 ('N GEDEELTE VAN GEDEELTE 1) VAN ERF 598 PIETERSBURG VAN "RESIDENSIEEL 1" NA "BESIGHEID 4"

Kennis word hiermee gegee dat ek, Lebogang Mohale van Opulence Developments, synde die gemagtigde agent van die eienaar van bogenoemde eiendom, van voorneme is om by die Polokwane Munisipaliteit aansoek te doen vir die hersonering van bogenoemde eiendom. Planne en besonderhede van die aansoek sal ter insae lê gedurende gewone kantoorure by die kantoor van die Bestuurder: Stadsbeplanning en Eiendomsbestuur, Polokwane Munisipaliteit, Burgersentrum, 1ste Vloer Wesvleuel, vanaf 14 Julie 2023, vir 'n tydperk van 28 dae vanaf die eerste datum van publikasie. Besware en/of kommentaar of vertoë ten opsigte van die aansoek moet ingedien of gerig word deur skriftelik aan die Bestuurder: Stadsbeplanning en Eiendomsbestuur, Polokwane Munisipaliteit, Posbus 111, Polokwane, 0700 vir 'n tydperk van 28 dae vanaf die datum van publikasie van kennisgewing. Adres van genoemde gemagtigde agent: Opulence Development, Villa Santana Hoofstraat 6, Heather view 0156: Kontak: 0840767294 E-pos: opulencedevelopments@gmail.com

#### PROCLAMATIONS • PROKLAMASIES

#### **PROCLAMATION NOTICE 108 OF 2023**

#### **GREATER GIYANI MUNICIPALITY NOTICE**

WE, NEW VISION TOWN PLANNERS AND DEVELOPERS, BEING THE AUTHORIZED AGENTS ON BEHALF OF COOL GROUP HOLDING AS THE OWNER OF A PORTION OF THE REMAINDER OF THE GREATER GIYANI FARM 891 LT, SITUATED WEST OF THE INTERSECTION OF THE R81 ROAD (FROM GIYANI TO MALAMULELE) AND D3635 ROAD (FROM THE R81 TO CHURCH VIEW) HEREBY GIVE NOTICE FOR THE APPLICATION LODGED IN TERMS OF SECTION 75 OF THE SPATIAL PLANNING AND LAND USE MANAGEMENT BYLAW OF GREATER GIYANI MUNICIPALITY THAT WE HAVE APPLIED FOR A TOWNSHIP ESTABLISHMENT IN TERMS OF THE SPATIAL PLANNING AND LAND USE MANAGEMENT BYLAW OF GREATER GIYANI MUNICIPALITY FOR THE PURPOSES OF OBTAINING LAND USE RIGHTS FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF A TRUCKSTOP AND SERVICE CENTRE.

THE PROPOSED TOWNSHIP WILL KNOWN AS GALACHANI TOWNSHIP AND WILL CONSIST OF 4 ERVEN.

PARTICULARS OF THE APPLICATION WILL LIE FOR INSPECTION DURING NORMAL OFFICE HOURS TO THE CHIEF TOWN PLANNER: GREATER GIYANI MUNICIPALITY, MAIN ROAD BA 59, GIYANI CIVIC CENTRE, OPPOSITE OLD KHENSANI HOSPITAL, GIYANI, 0826 WITHIN A PERIOD OF 30 DAYS FROM THE 21 JULY 2023 TO THE 21 OF AUGUST 2023. OBJECTIONS AND/OR REPRESENTATION IN RESPECT OF THE APPLICATION MUST BE LODGED WITH OR MADE IN WRITING TO THE MUNICIPALITY AT THE ABOVE ADDRESS OR AT P.O BOX 107, **GIYANI** 0826; CELL: 078 5762176: EMAIL: INFO@NVTOWNPLANNERS.CO.ZA.

21-28

#### XITIVISO GREATER GIYANI MUNICIPALITY

HINA, VA NEW VISION TOWN PLANNERS AND DEVELOPERS TAN HI VAYIMERI VA VANYI VA XITANDI EHENHLA KA PURASI RA GREATER GIYANI 891LT HI HUNDZISA XITIVISO HI KU LANDZA NAWU WA SECTION 75 YA SPATIAL PLANNING AND LAND USE MANAGEMENT BYLAW YA GREATER GIYANI MUNICIPALITY KU PFUMELELA KU PASISIWA KA DOROBA RA GALACHANI TOWNSHIP HI KU LANDZA NAWU WA SPATIAL PLANNING AND LAND USE MANAGEMENT BYLAW YA GREATER GIYANI MUNICIPALITY LERI RI NGA TA KHOMO MUAKO WA TRUCKSTOP NA SERVICE CENTRE EKA XITANDI LEXI.

DOROBA RA GALACHANI RI TA VA RIRINA SWITANDI SWA MUNE EKA RONA.

VUXOKO-XOKO BYA XIKOMBELO BYI NGA KUMEKA EKA CHIEF TOWN PLANNER: GREATER GIYANI MUNICIPALITY, MAIN ROAD BA 59, **GIYANI** CIVIC CENTRE, OPPOSITE OLD KHENSANI HOSPITAL, GIYANI, 0826.LAVA KHUMBHEKAKA HI XIKOMBELO LEXI VA NA TIMFANELO TA KU KOMBISA HIKU TSALA KU KANETANA NA XIKOMBELO KU NGASE HELA MASIKU KUSUKELA HI TI 21 TA MAWUWANI 2023 KU FIKELA TI 21 TA MHAWURI VUXOKO-XOKO LEBYI ENGETERIWEKE BYA XIKOMBELO BYI NGA 2023. 107. KUMEKA EKA MOKOMBERI EKA P.O BOX GIYANI 0826; EMAIL: INFO@NVTOWNPLANNERS.CO.ZA. CELL: 078 5762 176;

#### Provincial Notices • Provinsiale Kennisgewings

#### **PROVINCIAL NOTICE 415 OF 2023**

NOTICE OF APPLICATION IN TERMS OF CHAPTER 6, SECTION 94 OF THE COLLINS CHABANE LOCAL MUNICIPALITY LAND USE MANAGEMENT BY-LAW OF 2019.

APPLICATION FOR: FORMALISATION/TOWNSHIP ESTABLISHMENT AND PROCLAMATION OF 2093 SITES ON PORTION 45 AND 49 OF MALAMULELE 234 – LT AND A PORTION OF THE REMAINDER OF THE FARM MALAMULELE 234-LT, LIMPOPO PROVINCE TO BE KNOWNS AS MALAMULELE E EXTENSION.

Mahlori Development Consultants, being the authorized agent of the Collins Chabane Local Municipality, hereby gives notice in terms of Chapter 6, Section 94 of the Collins Chabane Land Use Management By-Law, 2019, for the application of formalization/township establishment & proclamation of 2093 sites on Portion 45 and 49 of the farm Malamulele 234 – LT and a portion of the remainder of the farm Malamulele 234 – LT of the Limpopo Province. The proposed Malamulele E Extension township will comprise 2093 sites, zoned as follows:

ZONING	NO. OF ERVEN	AREA
Residential 1	1607	136.0
Residential 2	422	42.4
Residential 3	9	8.9
Business 1	12	10.8
Educational	1	6.0
Institution	8	8.5
Government	2	2.4
Public Open Space	18	51
Private Open Space	11	49
Transport	2	1.9
Street		61.2
Total	2093	376.1
Special (Future Development)	1	59.43

Particulars of the application will lie for inspection during normal office hours at the Director Development Planning office, C001, first-floor Civic Centre or Town Planning office for a period of 28 days from 14 July 2023.

Objections to or representations in respect of the application must be lodged with or made in writing and hand-delivered to the above-mentioned offices or posted to the Municipal Manager, Collins Chabane Municipality, Private Bag X2596, COLLINS CHABANE. 0920 within a period of 28 days from 14 July 2023.

#### ADDRESS OF AUTHORISED AGENT:

Mahlori Development Consultants Suit 11 & 12, Tijger Vallei Office Park Silverlakes Pretoria 0081 012 943 0068

Email: nkosi.k@mahlori.co.za

**DATES OF NOTICE: Week 1:** 14 July 2023 **Week 2:** 21 July 2023

### XITIVISO XA XIKOMBELO HI KU YA HI NDZIMA YA 6, XIYENGE XA 94 XA COLLINS CHABANE LOCAL MUNICIPALITY LAND USE MANAGEMENT WA 2019.

**Xikombelo xa:** Ku simekiwa ka xivumbeko/xidorobana na ku humesiwa ka tindhawu ta 2093 eka xiphemu xa 45 na 49 xa malamulele 234 – It na xiphemu xa masalela ya malamulele ya purasi 234-LT, exifundzheni xa Limpopo lexi nga ta tiviwa tanihi ku engeteriwa ka Malamulele E.

Mahlori Development Consultants, tani hi muyimeri loyi a pfumeleriweke wa Masipala wa Xifundzankulu wa Collins Chabane, hi ndlela leyi yi nyika xitiviso hi ku landza Ndzima ya 6, Xiyenge xa 94 xa Nawu wa Vulawuri bya Matirhiselo ya Misava wa Collins Chabane, 2019, eka xikombelo xa ku vekiwa ximfumo/ku simekiwa ka madoroba eka swi phemu swa 2093 eka Xiphemu xa 45 na 49 xa purasi ra Malamulele 234 – LT na xiphemu xa masalela ya purasi ra Malamulele 234 – LT ra Xifundzha xa Limpopo.

Dorobankulu leri ringanyetiweke ra Malamulele E Extension ri ta katsa tindhawu ta 2093, leti nga zoniwa hi ndlela leyi landzelaka:

ZONING	NO. OF ERVEN	AREA
Residential 1	1607	136.0
Residential 2	422	42.4
Residential 3	9	8.9
Business 1	12	10.8
Educational	1	6.0
Institution	8	8.5
Government	2	2.4
Public Open Space	18	51
Private Open Space	11	49
Transport	2	1.9
Street		61.2
Total	2093	376.1
Special (Future Development)	1	59.43

Vuxokoxoko bya xikombelo byi ta kamberiwa hi nkarhi wa ntolovelo wa hofisi ehofisini ya Vupulani bya Nhluvukiso bya Mulawuri, C001, Senthara ya Vaaki ya xithezi xo sungula kumbe hofisi ya Vupulani bya Doroba ku ringana masiku ya 28 ku sukela hi ti 14 Mawuwani 2023.

Ku kaneta kumbe vuyimeri mayelana na xikombelo swi fanele ku endliwa hi ku tsala no yisiwa hi voko eka tihofisi leti boxiweke laha henhla kumbe ku rhumeriwa eka Mufambisi wa Masipala wa Collins Chabane, X2596, COLLINS CHABANE 0920.

#### ADIRESI YA MUYIMI LOYI A PFUMELERIWEKE:

Mahlori Development Consultants

Suit 11 & 12, Tijger Vallei Office Park Silverlakes Pretoria 0081 012 943 0068

Imeyili: nkosi.k@mahlori.co.za

SIKU RA XITIVISO:

Vhiki ro sungula: 14 July 2023 Vhiki ra vumbirhi: 21 July 2023

#### **PROVINCIAL NOTICE 421 OF 2023**



### **Bela-Bela Local Municipality**

Chris Hani Drive, Bela-Bela, Limpopo. Private Bag X 1609 Bela-Bela 0480 Tel: 014 736 8000 Fax: 014 736 3288 Website: www.belabela.gov.za

Office of the Municipal Manager

# BELA-BELA LOCAL MUNICIPALITY RESOLUTION LEVYING PROPERTY RATES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR 1 JULY 2023 TO 30 JUNE 2024

Notice is hereby given in terms of section 14(1) and (2) of the Local Government: Municipal Property Rates Act, 2004; that the Council resolved by way of council resolution number SMC196/05/2023, to levy the rates on property reflected in the schedule below with effect from 1 July 2023.

RATING CATEGORY	2022/2023	2023/2024
	R/c	R/c
BUSINESS & COMMERCIAL	0.0176	0.0180
AGRICULTURAL	0.0034	0.0035
FARMS RESIDENTIAL	0.0140	0.0144
VACANT LAND	0.0176	0.0180
INDUSTRIAL	0.0176	0.0180
MUNICIPAL PROPERTY	0.0176	0.0180
PRIVATE OPEN SPACE	0.0140	0.0144
PUBLIC OPEN SPACE	0.0130	0.0133
PROPERTIES USED FOR PUBLIC BENEFIT ACTIVITIES	0.0034	0.0035
RESIDENTIAL	0.0140	0.0144
STATE-OWNED PROPERTY	0.0176	0.0180
ILLEGAL USE	0.0169	0.0190

Chris Hani Drive, Bela-Bela, Limpopo Private Bag X 1609 Bela-Bela 0480 Tel: 014 736 8000 Fax: 014 736 3288

Website: <a href="www.belabela.gov.za">www.belabela.gov.za</a>
The prime agricultural hub and eco-tourism destination of choice



## **Bela-Bela Local Municipality**

Chris Hani Drive, Bela-Bela, Limpopo. Private Bag X 1609 Bela-Bela 0480 Tel: 014 736 8000 Fax: 014 736 3288

Website: www.belabela.gov.za

Office of the Municipal Manager

Full details of the Council resolution and rebates, reductions and exclusions specific to each category of owners of properties or owners of a specific category of properties as determined through criteria in the municipality's rates policy are available for inspection at the municipality's offices and on the municipal website (<a href="www.belabela.gov.za">www.belabela.gov.za</a>).

Mr. TG Ramagaga Municipal Manager Notice No:35/23

#### Local Authority Notices • Plaaslike Owerheids Kennisgewings

#### **LOCAL AUTHORITY NOTICE 657 OF 2023**

### POLOKWANE MUNICIPALITY INVITATION FOR PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

NOTICE IN TERMS OF SECTION 95 OF THE POLOKWANE MUNICIPAL BY LAW 2017, FOR THE AMENDMENT OF SCHEME (REZONING) WITH DENSITY OF 44 DU/HA (4 DWELLING UNITS) ON ERF 98 IVY PARK IN TERMS OF SECTION 61 OF POLOKWANE MUNICIPAL PLANNING BYLAW,2017, READ WITH CLAUSE 32 OF THE POLOKWANE TOWN PLANNING SCHEME,2016

We, The Big City Urbanists, being the applicant of Erf 98 Ivy Park, hereby give notice in terms of Section 95 of the Polokwane Municipal Bylaw, 2017 that we have applied to Polokwane Municipality for Rezoning of Erf 98 Ivy Park from "Residential 1" to Residential 3" with density of 44 du/ha (4 dwelling units). The property is situated on 56 Marshall Street, on Erf 98 Marshall Street, Polokwane. The current zoning is Residential 1. Any objection(s) and /or comment(s), including the grounds of such objections(s) and/ or comments(s) with full contact details, without which the Municipality cannot respond with the person or body submitting the objections(s) and/ or comment(s), shall be lodged with, or made in writing and submitted to: Manager: City Planning and Property Management, P.O Box 111, Polokwane, 0700 from 14 July 2023, until 05 August 2023.

Full particulars and plans (if any) may be inspected during normal office hours at the Municipal offices as set out below, for a period of 28 days from the date of first publication of the notice on the Review newspaper.

Address of Municipal Offices: Civic Centre, cnr Landdros Mare and Bodenstein Streets.

Closing date of any objections and /or comments: 23 February 2021.

Address of Applicant: Unit 601, Hillside, Killarney, Johannesburg.

Tel No: 072 373 4126/ 076 898 3187.

Dates on which notice will be published:14<sup>TH</sup> July 2023 and the 21<sup>st</sup> of July 2023.

14-21

#### MASEPALA WA POLOKWANE MEMO YA KOPANA YA SECHABA

YE KE TSEBISHO GOYA KA SEREPA 95 YA MELAWO YA MASPALA WA POLOKWANE EHLOMELWEGO KA 2017, MABAPE LE GOBEREKESHWA GOWE GO EKEMEGWE GWA MOBU WA SEREPA SA 73 SA KGOKAGANYO TJA BOBEAKANYE BJA MELAWO YA MASEPALENG WA POLOKWANE YA 2017 MME YONA EBALWA LE SEREPANA SA 32 SA TOKOMANE YATJA BOBOEKANYO BJA TOROPO YA POLOKWANE BJA 2016

Rele The Big City Urbanists, re bakgopedi/baromewa mabape le Serepa sa 98 Ivy Park, rere rele sedimoshe goya leka serepa sa 95 sa Melawo ya Masepala wa Polokwane ya 2017 gore re kgopetje go Masepala wa Polokwane go fetola lefolo larena gore lebe ka fase ga Lefelo Lago Dula la 3 gottjwa go 1. Ebele goeba le perekisho ye ekemego/ ye bohlokwa yago oketja pitlagano ya diphaphushi tjarena gore di fihle go 4 godimo ga hektere tje 44. Kgwekgwe ya taba le lebaka la kgopelo yayarena kegore re leka godira thlabollo yeo e hlakanego.

Lefelo le mobu owe re odirelago kgopelo o 56 Marshall Street Polokwane. Ga bjalo lefelo le le bewetjwe goberekishwa kala tulo ya batho ya 2. Ge elegore gonale motho/batho bawe banago le ngongorego goba kganetjo goba banyokono ncha sa mafehleng ka kgopelo ye re edirelego baka ekgokagancha le Masepala wa Polokwane mowe bakabafago tshedimosho yabona kamoka. Se reka dirwa ka lengwalo mme sa eshwa go Mmenenjere watja Bobeakanyo bja Toropo le Bolaodi bja Dithoto, P.O Box 111, Polokwane, 0700 gotloga kala 13 July 2023, until 04 August 2023.

Tshedimosho kamoka le dipolane/bobeakanyo (ge dile gona) dika seka sekwa kantorong tja Masepala ka nako tjabona tja moshomo, se seka dirwa tekano ya matjitji a 28 gotloga tjatjeng la mathomo mowe re beilego tsebesho ye ka kuranteng ya Review.

Kantoro tja Masepale di Civic Centre, mowe Landdross Mare ekopanago le Strata sa Bodenstein.

Tjatji la mafelelo la boepelaetje goba goncha sa mafehleng ke 23 Dibokwana 2021. Rena ba kgopedi re hwatjagala go Unit 601, Hillside, Killarney, Johannesburg. Nomoro ya Mogala warena ke 072 373 4126 goba 076 898 3187 **Tshedimosho ye etlo bewa kala 13**<sup>TH</sup> **July 2023 and the 21**<sup>st</sup> **of July 2023.** 

#### **LOCAL AUTHORITY NOTICE 658 OF 2023**

## POLOKWANE LOCAL MUNICIPALITY NOTICE OF A REZONING APPLICATION IN TERMS OF SECTION 61 OF THE POLOKWANE MUNICIPAL PLANNING BYLAW OF 2017

Rirothe Planning Consulting, being the authorised agent of the owner of the Erf mentioned below, hereby give notice in terms of Section 95 (1) (a) of the Polokwane Municipal Planning Bylaw 2017 that we have applied to the Polokwane Municipality for the amendment of the Town Planning Scheme known as the Polokwane / Perskebult Town Planning Scheme, 2016 by the rezoning in terms of section 61 of the Polokwane Municipal Planning Bylaw of 2017 of the property as described above. The rezoning of Portion 3 (A Portion of Portion 1) of Erf 708 Pietersburg Township from residential 1 to special for the purpose of medical consulting rooms.

Particulars of the applications will lie for inspection during normal office hours at the Office of the Manager: City Planning and Property Management, first floor, Civic Centre, Landros Mare Street, Polokwane for a period of 28 days from 14 July 2023. Objections to or representations in respect of the application must be lodged with or made in writing to the Municipal Manager at the above address or P.O. Box 111, Polokwane 0700 within a period of 28 days from 14 July 2023. Address of Agent: 662 Seshego Zone 8, Polokwane 0742, P.O Box 5 Tshidimbini 0972 Tel: 0842870467

14-21

#### **PLAASLIKE OWERHEID KENNISGEWING 658 VAN 2023**

## POLOKWANE PLAASLIKE MUNISIPALITEIT KENNISGEWING VAN 'N AANSOEK OOR HERSONERING IN TERME VAN ARTIKEL 61 VAN DIE POLOKWANE MUNISIPALE BEPLANNINGVERORDENING VAN 2017

Rirothe Planning Consulting, synde die gemagtigde agent van die eienaar van die Erf hieronder genoem, gee hiermee kennis ingevolge Artikel 95 (1) (a) van die Polokwane Munisipale Beplanningsverordening 2017 dat ons by die Polokwane Munisipaliteit aansoek gedoen het vir die wysiging van die Stadsbeplanningskema bekend as die Polokwane / Perskebult Dorpsbeplanningskema, 2016 deur die hersonering ingevolge artikel 61 van die Polokwane Munisipale Beplanningsverordening van 2017 van die eiendom soos hierbo beskryf. Die hersonering van Gedeelte 3 ('n Gedeelte van Gedeelte 1) van Erf 708 Pietersburg Dorpsgebied van residensieel 1 na spesiaal vir die doel van mediese spreekkamers.

Besonderhede van die aansoeke le ter insae gedurende gewone kantoorure by die Kantoor van die Bestuurder: Stadsbeplanning en Eiendomsbestuur, eerste verdieping, Burgersentrum, Landros Marestraat, Polokwane vir 'n tydperk van 28 dae vanaf 14 Julie 2023. Besware teen of vertoë ten opsigte van die aansoek moet skriftelik by of by die Munisipale Bestuurder by bogenoemde adres of P.O. Box 111, Polokwane 0700 binne 'n tydperk van 28 dae vanaf 14 Julie 2023.

Adres van Agent: 662 Seshego Zone 8, Polokwane 0742, Posbus 5 Tshidimbini 0972 Tel: 0842870467

#### **LOCAL AUTHORITY NOTICE 666 OF 2023**

# NOTICE IN TERMS OF SECTION 95(1)(a) FOR A REZONING APPLICATION IN TERMS OF SECTION 61 OF THE POLOKWANE MUNICIPAL PLANNING BY-LAW, 2017 POLOKWANE/PERSKEBULT AMENDMENT SCHEME 657

We, Kamekho Consulting CC, being the agent of owners of the Remaining Extent of Erf 616 Pietersburg, hereby give notice in terms of section 95(1)(a) of the Polokwane Municipal Planning By-Law, 2017, that we have applied to Polokwane Municipality for the amendment of the Polokwane/Perskebult Town Planning Scheme,2016, for rezoning in terms of section 61 of the Polokwane Municipal Planning By-Law, 2017. The Remaining Extent of Erf 616 Pietersburg is situated at number 138 Suid Street Polokwane Central. The rezoning of the property is from "Residential 1" to "Business 4" for offices. In addition, we have also applied for building lines' relaxation in terms of Clause 33(1)(e) of said Scheme.

The intention of the applicant is to establish offices subject to applicable zoning controls, namely: FAR, Height and Coverage of 0.8, 5 storeys and 60% respectively, and parking of 3 per 100m<sup>2</sup> GLA.

Any objection(s) and/or comment(s), including the grounds for such objection(s) and/or comment(s) with full contact details, without which the Municipality cannot correspond with the person or body submitting the objection(s) and/or comment(s), shall be lodged with, or made in writing to: Manager: City Planning and Property Management, PO Box 111, Polokwane, 0700, from 14 July 2023 to 14 August 2023. Full particulars and plans (if any) may be inspected during normal office hours at the Municipal offices as set out below, for a period of 28 days from the date of first publication of the notice in the media and placing of site notices.

Address of Municipal offices: 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor Civic Centre, Landdros Mare Street, Polokwane, 0699

Closing date for any objections and/or comments: 14 August 2023

Address of applicant: P O Box 4169, Polokwane 0700 or Office 9, Unit 6,100 Marshal Street, Polokwane,

Tel: 084 690 9479 Fax: 086 531 3832, email: <a href="mailto:bruce@kamekho.co.za">bruce@kamekho.co.za</a>
Dates on which notice will be published: 14 July and 21 July 2023.

14-21

#### PLAASLIKE OWERHEID KENNISGEWING 666 VAN 2023

# KENNISGEWING INGEVOLGE ARTIKEL 95(1)(a) VIR 'N HERSONERINGSAANSOEK INGEVOLGE ARTIKEL 61 VAN DIE POLOKWANE MUNISIPALE BEPLANNINGSBYWET 2017 POLOKWANE/PERSKEBULT WYSIGINGSKEMA 657

Ons, Kamekho Consulting CC, synde die agent van eienaars van die Resterende Gedeelte van Erf 616 Pietersburg, gee hiermee kennis ingevolge artikel 95(1)(a) van die Polokwane Munisipale Beplanningsverordening, 2017, dat ons aansoek gedoen het by Polokwane Munisipaliteit vir die wysiging van die Polokwane/Perskebult Dorpsbeplanningskema, 2016, vir hersonering ingevolge artikel 61 van die Polokwane Munisipale Beplanningsverordening, 2017. Die Resterende Gedeelte van Erf 616 Pietersburg is geleë te nommer 138 Suidstraat Polokwane Sentraal . Die hersonering van die eiendom is vanaf "Residensieel 1" na "Besigheid 4" vir kantore. Daarbenewens het ons ook aansoek gedoen vir boulyne se verslapping ingevolge Klousule 33(1)(e) van genoemde Skema.

Die voorneme van die applikant is om kantore te vestig wat onderhewig is aan toepaslike soneringskontroles, naamlik: VER, Hoogte en Dekking van 0.8, 5 verdiepings en 60% onderskeidelik, en parkering van 3 per 100m<sup>2</sup> GLA

Enige beswaar(s) en/of kommentaar(s), insluitend die gronde vir sodanige beswaar(s) en/of kommentaar(s) met volledige kontakbesonderhede, waarsonder die Munisipaliteit nie kan korrespondeer met die persoon of liggaam wat die beswaar(s) indien nie. ) en/of kommentaar(s), ingedien word by, of skriftelik gemaak word aan: Bestuurder: Stadsbeplanning en Eiendomsbestuur, Posbus 111, Polokwane, 0700, vanaf 14 Julie 2023 tot 14 Augustus 2023. Volledige besonderhede en planne ( indien enige) kan gedurende gewone kantoorure by die Munisipale kantore soos hieronder uiteengesit besigtig word vir 'n tydperk van 28 dae vanaf die datum van eerste publikasie van die kennisgewing in die media en plasing van terreinkennisgewings.

Adres van Munisipale kantore: 2de Vloer Burgersentrum, Landdros Marestraat, Polokwane, 0699

Sluitingsdatum vir enige besware en/of kommentaar: 14 Augustus 2023

Adres van aansoeker: Posbus 4169, Polokwane 0700 of Kantoor 9, Eenheid 6,100 Marshalstraat, Polokwane,

Tel: 084 690 9479 Faks: 086 531 3832, e-pos: bruce@kamekho.co.za

Datums waarop kennisgewing gepubliseer sal word: 14 Julie en 21 Julie 2023.

**LOCAL AUTHORITY NOTICE 667 OF 2023** 

### **MOPANI DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY**



#### **FINAL DRAFT**

### **AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT BY-LAW**

#### **AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT BY-LAW**

**FINAL DRAFT** 

The Council of Mopani District Municipality acting in terms of section 156(2) of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996, read with section 13(a) of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act No. 32 of 2000) has made the air quality management by-law hereunder:

#### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

#### **CHAPTER 1**

#### INTERPRETATION AND AIR POLLUTION DUTY OF CARE

- 1. Definitions
- 2. Objectives
- 3. Application
- 4. Air pollution duty of care

#### **CHAPTER 2**

#### ATMOSPHERIC EMISSIONS

- 5. Emissions from compressed ignition powered vehicles
- 6. Small boilers
- 7. Dust emissions
- 8. Emissions caused by open burning
- 9. Emissions caused by burning of industrial waste, domestic waste and garden waste in waste bins or skips on any land or premises
- 10. Timber Plantation Burning Emissions
- 11. Emission caused by tyre burning and burning of rubber products and cables in open spaces
- 12. Pesticide spraying emissions
- 13. Sand blasting emissions
- 14. Noise pollution management
- 15. Emissions that cause a nuisance
- 16. Licensing of listed activities
- 17. Application for atmospheric emission licences

#### **CHAPTER 3**

#### **GENERAL MATTERS**

- 18. Appeals
- 19. Offences and penalties
- 20. Enforcement
- 21. Exemptions
- 22. State and council bound
- 23. Short title
- 24. Commencement

#### **SCHEDULES**

- Schedule 1: Application Form to operate small-scale char and small-scale charcoal plant (section 6(2))
- Schedule 2: Application Form to operate small boiler (section 6(2))
- Schedule 3: Application Form to operate temporary asphalt plant (section 6(2))
- Schedule 4: Application Form for open burning (section 8)
- Schedule 5: Application Form to undertake pesticide spraying (section 12(2)(a))
- Schedule 6: Spray Booth Construction (section 13)

#### **CHAPTER 1**

#### INTERPRETATION AND AIR POLLUTION DUTY OF CARE

#### 1. Definitions

In this by-law any word or expression to which a meaning has been assigned in the by-law and the relevant SANS Standards, shall have the meaning so assigned to it and, unless the context otherwise indicates:

"air pollution" means any change in the composition of the air caused by smoke, soot, dust (including fly ash), cinders, solid particles of any kind, gases, fumes, aerosols and odorous substances;

"air quality officer" means an officer appointed in terms of section 14 of the AQA;

"ambient sound level" means the reading of an integrating sound level meter measured at the measuring point at the end of total period of at least 10 minutes after such integrating sound level meter has been put into operation, during which period a noise alleged to be a noise nuisance is absent;

"authorised person" means any employee authorised by the municipality to implement any of the provision of this by-law and in possession of an appointment card issued by the municipality attesting thereto, including any member of the municipal police service or any peace officer;

"AQA" means the National Environmental Management: Air Quality Act, 2004 (Act No. 39 of 2004), as amended;

"change" means any modification which is made to an existing structure, plant, road, land use, procedure, action which may have an effect on the noise increases originating from an activity related to or connected with the use of such structure, the operation of such plant, the use of such road or railway, such land use, such procedure or such action;

"combustible liquid" means a liquid which has a close-cap flash point of 38 degrees Celsius or above;

"compressed ignition powered vehicle" means a vehicle powered by an internal combustion, compression ignition engine, diesel or similar fuel;

"Constitution" means the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996;

"control measure" means a technique, practice or procedure used to prevent or minimise the generation, emission, suspension or airborne transport of fugitive dust, pesticide or sandblasting activities;

"dark smoke" means smoke:

- (a) which has a density of 60 Hartridge smoke units or more (coastal areas), or in relation to emissions from a turbo-charged compressed ignition powered engine, means a density of 66 Hartridge smoke units or more (inland areas); or
- (b) which has a light absorption co-efficient of more than 2.125 m-1 or more, or in relation to emissions from a turbo-charged compressed ignition powered engines, means a light absorption co-efficient of more than 2.51 m-1;
- "dust" means any solid matter in a fine or disintegrated form which is capable of being dispersed or suspended in the atmosphere; and includes dust from mine dumps;

"erect" means alter, convert, extend or re-erect;

"Executive Mayor" means an executive mayor elected in terms of section 55 of the Municipal Structures Act 117 of 1998, as amended.

"exempted vehicle" means a vehicle listed in Annexure-A to SANS 10281;

"flammable gas" means a gas which at 20 degrees Celsius and a standard pressure of 101, 3 kilopascals-

- (a) is ignitable when in a mixture of 13% or less by volume with air; or
- (b) has a flammable range with air of at least 12%, regardless of the lower flammable limit;

"flammable liquid" means a liquid or combustible liquid which has a closed cup flash point of 60 degrees Celsius or below or an open cup flash point of 65.6 degrees Celsius;

"flammable substance" means any flammable liquid, combustible liquid or flammable gas;

#### "measuring point" relating to:

- (a) a piece of land from which an alleged disturbing noise emanates, or may emanate, means a point outside the property projection plane where noise shall be measured, or calculated in accordance with the provisions of SANS 10103 and/or SANS 10328;
- (b) a building with more than one occupant, means a point in or outside the building where noise shall be measured, or calculated in accordance with the provisions of SANS 10103 and/or SANS 10328; and
- (c) a stationary vehicle, means a point as described in SANS 10181 where a measuring microphone shall be placed;

"Municipal Systems Act" means the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act No. 32 of 2000), as amended;

#### "Municipality" means-

- (a) the Mopani District Municipality, a district municipality established in terms of section 12 of the Structures Act <u>as amended, exercising its legislative and executive authority through its municipal council</u> and its successors-in-title; or
- (b) subject to the provisions of any other law and only if expressly or impliedly required or permitted by these by-laws the municipal manager in respect of the performance of any function, or the exercise of any duty, obligation., or right in terms of these by-laws or any other law; or
- (c) an authorised agent <u>or official</u> of Mopani District Municipality.

"Municipal Council" means a municipal council as referred to in section 157(1) of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996;

"Municipal Finance Management Act" means the municipal finance management act 56 of 2003, as amended

"Municipal Manager" means the person appointed by the municipal council as the Municipal Manager of the municipality in terms of section <u>54A of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act 32 of 2000</u> and includes any person to whom the Municipal Manager has delegated a power, function or duty but only in respect of that delegated power, function or duty;

"National Framework" means the National Framework for Air Quality Management in the Republic of South Africa, as established in terms of section 7(1) of the AQA;

"NEMA" means the National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998), as amended;

"noise nuisance" means any sound in terms of section 18 of the by-law, which impairs or may impair the convenience or peace of any reasonable person;

"non-exempted vehicle" means a vehicle not listed in Annexure-A to SANS 10281;

"nuisance" means an unreasonable interference or likely interference caused by air pollution with:

- (a) the health or well-being of any person or living organism;
- (b) the use or enjoyment by an owner or occupier of his or her property or environment; and
- (c) the ordinary comfort, convenience and peace.

"open burning" means the combustion of material by burning without a closed system that has a chimney to vent the emitted products of combustion to the atmosphere, excluding the burning of timber plantations;

"pave" means to apply and maintain concrete or any other similar material to a road surface or any other surface;

"pest" means an injurious, noxious or troublesome living organism;

"pesticide" means a micro-organism or material that is used or intended to be used to prevent, destroy, repel or mitigate a pest and includes herbicides, insecticides, fungicides, avicides and rodenticides;

"property projection plane" means a vertical plane on, and including the boundary line of a piece of land defining the boundaries of such piece of land in space or with reference to a dimension of space;

"premises" means any building or other structure together with the land on which it is situated and any adjoining land occupied or used in connection with any activities carried on in that building or structure, and includes any land without any buildings or other structures and any locomotives, ship, boat or other vessel which operates or is present within the area under the jurisdiction of the Council or the precincts of any harbour;

"public road" means a public road as defined in section 1 of the National Road Traffic Act, 1996 (Act No. 93 of 1996), as amended;

#### "recreational vehicle" means:

- (a) an off-road vehicle, scrambler, dune buggy or ultra-light aircraft;
- (b) a model aircraft, vessel or vehicle;
- (c) any aircraft or helicopter used for sport or recreational purposes but not for gain, including but not limited to a micro-light aircraft and a hot air balloon;
- (d) a vessel used for sport on water or recreational purposes but not for gain, including but not limited to a jet ski and a ski-boat; or
- (e) any other conveyance vessel or model which is used for sport or recreational purposes, but not for gain;

- "repair notice" means a notice as referred to in section 8(4), regarding the retesting of vehicle;
- "rubber product" means anything composed of rubber including anything containing or coated with rubber;
- **"SANS 10103"** means the latest edition of Standards South Africa publication No. 10103 titled: "The measurement and ratings of environmental noise with respect to annoyance and to speech communication", as amended from time to time or its corresponding replacement;
- **"SANS 10181"** means the latest edition of Standards South Africa publication No. 10181 titled: "The measurement of noise emitted by road vehicles when stationary", as amended from time to time or its corresponding replacement;
- **"SANS 10281"** means the latest edition of Standards South Africa publication No. 10281 titled: "Engine speed (S values), reference sound levels and permissible sound levels of stationary road vehicles", as amended from time to time or its corresponding replacement;
- "SANS 10328" means the latest edition of Standards South Africa publication No. 10328 titled: "Methods for environmental noise impact assessments", as amended from time to time or its corresponding replacement;
- "small boiler" means a small combustion installation, with a design capacity of less than 50MW heat input, capable of burning solid, liquid and gas fuels used primarily for steam raising or electricity generation;
- "smoke" means the gases, particulate matter and products of combustion emitted into the atmosphere when material is burned or subjected to heat and includes soot, grit and gritty particulates emitted in smoke;
- "use" in relation to all-terrain vehicles includes driving, operating or being conveyed by, that vehicle;
- "vehicle" means a vehicle as defined in section 1 of the National Road Traffic Act, 1996 (Act No. 93 of 1996), as amended;
- "zone" means land set apart by a zoning scheme for a particular zoning irrespective of whether it comprises one or more land units or part of a land unit.

#### 2. Objectives

- (1) The objectives of this by-law is to:
  - (a) give effect to the right contained in section 24 of the Constitution by regulating air pollution within the area of the municipality's jurisdiction;

- (b) provide, in conjunction with any other applicable law, an effective legal and administrative framework, within which the Council can manage and regulate activities that have the potential to adversely impact the environment, public health and well-being; and
- (c) ensure that air pollution is avoided, or where it cannot be altogether avoided, mitigated or minimised.
- (2) Any person exercising a power under this by-law must exercise such power in order to give effect to the objectives as set out in subsection (1) above.

#### 3. Application

- (1) This by-law must be read with any applicable provisions of the National Environmental Management: Air Quality Act, 2004 (and the National Framework for Air Quality Management in South Africa).
- (2) In the event of any conflict with any other by-law which directly or indirectly, within the jurisdiction of the municipality, regulates air pollution, the provisions of this by-law shall prevail to the extent of the inconsistency.

#### 4. Air Pollution Duty of Care

- (1) Every person who is wholly or partially responsible for causing air pollution or creating a risk of air pollution occurring must take all reasonable measures:
  - (a) to prevent any potential of air pollution from occurring; and
  - (b) where it cannot be prevented, to mitigate any air pollution that may occur.
- (2) The Municipal Manager may direct any person in writing who fails to take the measures required under subsection (1):
  - (a) to commence taking specific reasonable measures before a given date;
  - (b) to diligently continue with those measures; and
  - (c) to complete them before a specified reasonable date.
- (3) Prior to making such a decision as contemplated in subsection (2), the Council must give the affected person adequate opportunity to make representation as to why a directive should not be issued.
- (4) The Council must give due consideration to all representations submitted before taking a decision as contemplated in subsection (2).
- (5) The Council must issue the directive under subsection (2) should a person fail to submit representations within the specified period in terms of subsection (3).

- (6) The Council may take reasonable measures to remedy the situation or apply to a competent court for appropriate relief should a person fail to comply, or inadequately comply, with a directive under subsection (2).
- (7) The Council may recover costs for reasonable remedial measures to be undertaken under subsection (6), before such measures are taken and all costs incurred as a result of it acting under subsection (6) from any person who is or was responsible for, or who contributed to, the air pollution, provided such person failed to take the measures required of him under subsection (2).
- (8) No person may:
  - (a) unlawfully and intentionally or negligently commit any act or omission which causes or is likely to cause air pollution; or
  - (b) refuse to comply with a directive issued under this section.
- (9) Any person who fails to comply with subsection (8) commits an offence.

#### **CHAPTER 2**

#### ATMOSPHERIC EMISSIONS

#### 5. Emissions from Compressed Ignition Powered Vehicles

#### Prohibition of emission of dark smoke

- (1) No person may drive a vehicle on a public road if it emits dark smoke.
- (2) A person commits an offence if he or she contravenes subsection (1).

#### Stopping of Vehicles for Inspection and Testing

- (3) For the purposes of enforcing the provisions of Section 8, an authorised person may:
  - (a) by means of a signal instruct the driver of a vehicle to stop that vehicle; and
  - (b) instruct that driver to give all assistance required for the purpose of the inspection and testing of that vehicle.
- (4) The authorised person must, prior to any testing being undertaken in terms of subsection (7) inform the driver of the vehicle that:
  - (a) the vehicle has been stopped to test it in terms of this by-law for the emission of dark smoke;
  - (b) the vehicle is being detained for the purpose of such testing;

- (c) if the results of such testing indicate that dark smoke is emitted from the vehicle or if the driver concerned fails or refuses to assist with such test, it will constitute an offence under this by-law.
- (5) Any person who fails to comply with a direction given under subsection (3)(a) commits an offence.
- (6) When a vehicle has stopped in compliance with a direction given under subsection (3)(a), the authorised person may test the vehicle at the roadside, in which case testing must be carried out at or as near as practicable to the place where the direction to stop the vehicle is given; and as soon as practicable, and in any case within 1 hour, after the vehicle is stopped in accordance with the direction.

#### **Testing procedure**

- (7) An authorised person must use the following testing procedure in order to determine whether a compressed ignition powered vehicle is being driven or used in contravention of subsection (1):
  - (i) when instructed to do so by the authorised person, the driver of the vehicle must apply a handbrake, start the vehicle, place it in neutral gear and engage the clutch;
  - (ii) for a period required by an authorised person smoothly depress the accelerator pedal of the vehicle, until the engine reaches a revolution level of 3000 revolutions per minute or in the absence of a revolution counter to the extent directed by an authorised person;
  - (iii) while the accelerator pedal is depressed, the authorised person must measure the smoke emitted from the vehicle's emission system in order to determine whether or not dark smoke is emitted;
- (8) After having conducted a test, an authorised person must furnish the driver of the vehicle concerned with the test results which indicate that either the vehicle is not emitting dark smoke or is emitting dark smoke in contravention of subsection (1) and if the driver is not the owner of the vehicle concerned, then it is presumed that the driver is the owner of the vehicle unless he or she produces evidence to the contrary.
- (9) An authorised person must furnish the driver of the vehicle with a certificate (valid for a period of 24 months) indicating that the vehicle is not being driven in contravention of subsection (1), if the test results indicate that the vehicle concerned is not emitting dark smoke.

(10)An authorised person must issue the driver of the vehicle with a repair notice in accordance with subsection (11), if the test results indicate that the vehicle concerned is emitting dark smoke.

#### Repair notice

- (11)A repair notice must direct the owner of the vehicle to repair the vehicle within 6 months from the date of issue, and to take the vehicle to a place identified in the notice for re-testing before the expiry of the 6 months.
- (12) The repair notice must contain, amongst others, the following information:
  - (a) the make, model and registration number of the vehicle;
  - (b) the name, address and identity number of the driver of the vehicle; and
  - (c) if the driver of the vehicle is not the owner of the vehicle, the name and address of the vehicle owner.
- (13)A person commits an offence under this section if the person fails:
  - (a) to comply with the repair notice referred to in subsection (11);
  - (b) to take the vehicle for re-testing as referred to in subsection (11).
- (14)It shall not be a defence in proceedings under subsection (13) to aver that the driver of the vehicle failed to bring the repair notice to the attention of the owner of that vehicle.
- (15) The authorised person must issue a notification in terms of section 341 of the Criminal Procedure Act, 1977 (Act No. 51 of 1977), as amended, where the owner of the vehicle fails to take the vehicle for re-testing as referred to in subsection (11).

#### 6. Controlled Emitters

- (1) The following emission sources have been declared as controlled emitters in terms of section 23(1), read with section 24 of the AQA:
  - (a) Small Boilers (Government Notice no. 831 of 1 November 2013, as amended)
  - (b) Temporary Asphalt plants (Government Notice no. 201 of 28 March 2014, as amended)
  - (c) Small-scale Char and Small-scale Charcoal Plants (Government Notice no. 602 of 18 September 2015, as amended)
- (2) No person may install, alter, extend or replace any controlled emitter on any premises without a registration letter issued by the Council, which may only be given after consideration of the relevant plans, specifications and any applicable emission standards developed for controlled emitters that have been determined in terms of Section 24 of the AQA.

- (3) Application for a registration letter must be submitted to the Municipality in the format set out in Schedules 1 to 3 of this bylaw.
- (4) Where a controlled emitter has been installed, altered, extended or replaced on premises in contravention of subsection (2):
  - (a) the owner or occupier of the premises commits an offence;
  - (b) the Council may, on written notice to the owner or occupier of the premises, order the removal of the controlled emitter from the premises at the expense of the owner or occupier and within the period stated in the notice.
- (5) In considering an application submitted in terms of subsection (2), the air quality officer may require the applicant to furnish such information as the air quality officer may require.
- (6) Any person who operates a controlled emitter must, in accordance with the National Atmospheric Emissions Reporting Regulation, Gazette Number 38633 of 2015, submit their annual emissions report on the NAEIS system. All necessary supporting documentation must accompany the submission.
- (7) In addition to subsection 6(5), any person who operates a controlled emitter must submit emissions results to the Municipality bi-annually.

#### Transitional arrangements in respect of other small boilers

(8) An existing controlled emitter must comply with subsection 6(2) within twelve (12) months of the publication of this by-law in the Gazette.

#### Boilers with a design capacity less than 10MW

- (9) Any person who wishes to operate a boiler with a design capacity less than 10MW heat input per unit, based on the lower calorific value used, should notify the Municipality in writing prior to operating such a boiler.
- (10) No person may install, alter, extend or replace any boiler on any premises without notifying Municipality beforehand.
- (11) Any person who operates a boiler mentioned in subsection 6(9) must submit emissions results to the Municipality bi-annually.

#### 7. Dust Emissions

- (1) Any person conducting activities which customarily produce emissions of dust that may be harmful to public health, well-being and/or cause a nuisance shall take control measures to prevent or minimise emissions into the atmosphere.
- (2) Any person who undertakes any activity that causes dust emissions must implement one or more of the following control measures:
  - (i) pave;
  - (ii) use dust palliatives or suppressants;

- (iii) uniformly apply and maintain any surface gravel;
- (iv) erect physical barriers and signs to prohibit access to the disturbed areas;
- (v) use ground covers;
- (vi) re-vegetation which is similar to adjacent undisturbed native conditions; or
- (vii) any alternative control measure approved in writing by the air quality officer.
- (3) The control measures must be consistent with the provisions of any applicable legislation.
- (4) In addition to subsections (1) to (3), any person who conducts an activity that generates dust emissions must adhere to the National Dust Control Regulations, 2013 (Government Notice no. 827 of 1 November 2013)
- (5) The provisions of this section are not applicable to:
  - (a) landscaping activities by a person at his place of residence;
  - (b) emergency maintenance activities on publicly maintained roads, road shoulders and rights of way;
  - (c) unpaved roads having vehicular traffic of less than 500 vehicles per day;
  - (d) non-commercial and non-institutional private driveways;
  - (e) horse trails, hiking paths, bicycle paths or other similar paths; and
  - (f) any other path that has been designated as an exclusive use area for purposes other than travel by motor vehicle.
- (6) Any person who contravenes subsections (1) and (4) commits an offence.

#### 8. Emissions Caused by Open Burning

- (1) A person who carries out or permits open burning of any material on any land or premises is committing an offence, unless:
  - (a) the prior written authorisation of the Council has been obtained, which authorisation may be granted by the Council with conditions, and
  - (b) that person has notified in writing the owners and occupiers of all adjacent properties and electricity power lines traversing such properties of:
    - (i) all known details of the proposed open burning;
    - (ii) the right of owners and occupiers of adjacent properties and electricity power lines traversing such properties to lodge written objections to the proposed open burning with the municipality within 14 days of being notified; and
    - (iii) the administrative fee that has been paid to the municipality.
- (2) The Council may not authorise open burning:

- (a) unless it is satisfied that the requirements set out in subsection (1) above have been adequately addressed or fulfilled; or
- (b) where a warning under section 10(1)(b) of the National Veld and Forest Act, 1998 (Act No. 101 of 1998) has been published for the region.
- (3) The provisions of this section shall not apply to:
  - (a) recreational outdoor activities on private premises or residential areas; and
  - (b) controlled fires in dwellings for the purposes of heating any area within the dwelling, cooking, heating water and other domestic purposes.

# 9. Emissions Caused by Burning of Industrial Waste, Domestic Waste and Garden Waste in Waste Bins or Skips on Any Land or Premises

A person who carries out or permits the burning of any industrial, domestic or garden waste, on any land or premises, for the purpose of disposing of that waste, is committing an offence unless the industrial, domestic or garden waste is legally disposed of in terms of Section 26 of the National Environmental Management: Waste Act, 2008 (Act No. 59 of 2008).

#### 10. Timber Plantation Burning Emissions

Any person who burns timber plantation/s shall comply with the burning provisions of the National Veld and Forest Act, 1998 (Act No. 101 of 1998), the Emergency Services By-Law for the Mopani District Municipality (2010), as well as The Rules of the Letaba Fire Protection Association.

# 11. Emissions Caused by Tyre Burning and Burning of Rubber Products and Cables in Open Spaces

- (1) No person may carry out or permit the burning of any tyres, rubber products, cables or any other products, on any land or premises for any purpose, for the purposes of recovering the scrap metal or fibre reinforcements, or of disposing of tyres, of the rubber products or cables as waste.
- (2) Any person who contravenes subsection (1) commits an offence.

#### 12. Pesticide Spraying Emissions

(1) No person may carry out or permit the spraying of pesticides, except as permitted by Section 3 of the Fertilisers, Farm Feeds, Agricultural Remedies and Stock Remedies Act, 1947 (Act No. 36 of 1947).

- (2) A person who carries out the spraying of pesticides, either by tractor or aerial, within the municipal jurisdiction, must comply with the following control measures:
  - (a) obtain a prior written authorisation from the Council, which authorisation may be granted valid for a period of 12 months from the date of issue;
  - (b) notification in writing of all the owners and occupiers of adjacent properties (including surrounding communities) of the treatment area of:
    - (i) the details of the proposed treatment area;
    - (ii) the reason for the pesticide use;
    - (iii) the active ingredient;
    - (iv) the dates or months of the pesticide use;
    - the time, if any, indicated on the product label specifying when the area can safely be re-entered after application;
    - (vi) the right of owners and occupiers of adjacent properties (including surrounding communities) to lodge written objections to the proposed spraying of pesticides with the Council within 14 days of being notified; and
    - (vii) the administrative fee has been paid to the municipality.
- (3) The Council must notify in writing, within 30 days, the applicant and all registered affected parties about a decision on an application.
- (4) The authorisation issued in terms of subsection (2) must specify-
  - (a) the person to whom it is issued;
  - (b) the areas on which the pesticide may be applied;
  - (c) the dates or months of the pesticide spraying;
  - (d) the period for which the authorisation is issued;
  - (e) measures which are necessary for the protection of the environment.
- (5) Any person who contravenes subsection (2) commits an offence.
- (6) A person may apply to the Council for an exemption if the spraying of the pesticide is for:
  - (a) the management of pests that transmit human diseases or adversely impact agriculture or forestry;
  - (b) the management of pests that threaten the integrity of sensitive ecosystems;or
  - (c) the need for the use of the pesticide is urgent.
- (7) The provisions of this section are not applicable to:
  - (a) residential areas;
  - (b) buildings or inside buildings and the domestic use of pesticides; or
  - (c) any other defined area or defined activity to which the Council has declared this section not to apply.

#### 13. Sand Blasting Emissions

- (1) Any person conducting sand blasting activities which customarily produce emissions of dust that may be harmful to public health, well-being and/or cause a nuisance shall take control measures to prevent emissions into the atmosphere.
- (2) Any person who undertakes any sand blasting activity that causes dust emissions must implement the following control measure:
  - (a) dust extraction control measure; or
  - (b) any alternative dust control measure approved in writing by the air quality officer.
- (3) A person that contravenes subsections (1) and (2) commits an offence.

#### 14. Noise Pollution Management

#### Prohibition of disturbing noise

(1) A person shall not cause a disturbing noise, or allow it to be caused by any person, animal, machine, device, vehicle, recreational vehicle, apparatus or any combination thereof.

#### Prohibition of noise nuisance

- (2) Where it shall cause a noise nuisance, a person shall not:
  - (a) operate or play, allow to be operated or played, a radio, television set, drum, musical instrument, sound amplifier, loudspeaker system or similar device producing, reproducing or amplifying sound;
  - (b) allow an animal owned or controlled by him to make noise;
  - (c) build, make, construct, repair, rebuild, modify, operate or test a vehicle, vessel, aircraft, or object, or allow it to be built, made, constructed, repaired, rebuilt, modified, operated or tested, in or near a residential zone or premises;
  - (d) erect, demolish or alter a building or structure, or allow it to be erected, demolished or altered if it affects a residential zone or premises unless permission is granted by the municipality to conduct building operations within the hours specified in SANS 10400 for the control of noise, if building operations are to be carried out outside of these hours then an exemption is required;
  - (e) use or discharge any explosive, firearm or similar device that emits impulsive sound or allow it to be used or discharged, except with the prior consent in writing of the municipality and subject to such conditions as the municipality

- may deem necessary, save as such person may otherwise be authorised in law to use or discharge;
- (f) on a piece of land or in water or in airspace above water or in airspace above a piece of land used for recreational purposes:
  - (i) operate a recreational vehicle; or
  - (ii) as the owner or person in control of the piece of land, water or airspace, allow any person to operate a recreational vehicle on such land or in such water or such airspace;
- (g) except in emergency situations, emit a sound, or cause or allow a sound to be emitted, by means of a bell, carillon, siren, hooter, static alarm, whistle, loudspeaker or similar device;
- (h) drive a vehicle on a public road;
- (i) use any power tool or power equipment used for construction purposes, drilling or demolition work, or allows it to be used, in or near a residential area, unless permission was granted by the municipality to conduct normal construction or repair work to public and private property.

#### Land Use

- (3) A person shall not:
  - (a) establish any zone unless a Noise Impact Assessment has been undertaken in accordance with SANS 10328. The assessment must indicate that either the outdoor equivalent continuous day/night rating level (LR,dn), the outdoor equivalent continuous day-time rating level (LR,d) or the outdoor continuous equivalent night-time rating level (LR,n) appropriate for the particular district will not be exceeded at any position within the boundaries of the proposed zone;
  - (b) construct or erect any building or make changes to existing facilities on a premises which will house an activity which does not conform with the dominant land use specified in the applicable zoning scheme;
  - (c) construct or erect any building or make changes to existing facilities on premises which will house an activity which produces more noise with respect to that of the dominant land use specified in the applicable zoning scheme or will create a disturbing noise unless it has been proven that precautionary measures will be implemented. Such measures must be to the satisfaction of the municipality in that the premises, after being erected or developed or changes made, will be adequately insulated against the transmission of sound to the outside, so that either the outdoor equivalent day/night rating level (LR,dn), the outdoor equivalent continuous day-time rating level (LR,d) and/or the outdoor equivalent continuous night-time rating level (LR,n), will not exceed the appropriate rating level for outdoor noise specified in SANS 10103 at any position on the property projection plane of the premises; or

(d) undertake any activity which constitutes a noise source referred to in SANS 10328 and any of the listed activities requiring an EIA in terms of the NEMA Regulations, as amended, which are considered to have a potential noise impact unless a Noise Impact Assessment has been undertaken in accordance with SANS 10328.

#### (4) The municipality may:

- (a) before changes are made to existing facilities or existing uses of land or buildings or before new buildings are erected, in writing require that Noise Impact Assessments or tests be conducted to the satisfaction of the municipality by the owner, developer, tenant or occupant of the facilities, land or buildings concerned. Such reports or certificates must be submitted by such owner, developer, tenant or occupier to the municipality. The report should prove that either the outdoor equivalent continuous day/night rating level (LR,dn), the outdoor equivalent continuous day-time rating level (LR,d) and the outdoor equivalent continuous night-time rating level (LR,n) at any position on or outside the property projection plane of the existing facility, use of land or building will not exceed values for the appropriate level given in SANS 10103. The Noise Impact Assessment, if required shall be conducted in accordance with SANS 10328 or other applicable documentation and the tests, if required, shall be conducted in accordance with SANS 10103 or other applicable documentation; or
- (b) if excavation, earthmoving, pumping, drilling, construction, or demolition, or any similar activity, power generation or music causes or may cause a noise nuisance or disturbing noise, instruct in writing that such work, activity, generation or music be forthwith discontinued until such conditions as the municipality may deem necessary have been complied with.

#### **Motor Vehicles**

- (5) No person may drive a vehicle, or allow it to be driven, on a public road, if the sound level at the measuring point measured, when stationary, in accordance with the procedure prescribed in SANS 10181 exceeds:
  - (a) in the case of a non-exempted vehicle, the stationary sound level specified in SANS 10281 for that type of vehicle; or
  - (b) in the case of an exempted vehicle, by more than 5 dBA the applicable reference sound level indicated in SANS 10281, for that type of vehicle.
- (6) The municipality may in order to determine whether a vehicle being used on any road in the area of jurisdiction of the municipality, including a private, provincial or national road crossing its area of jurisdiction, complies with the provisions of the by-law, instruct the owner or driver of the vehicle:
  - (a) to stop the vehicle or cause it to be stopped; and

- (b) to have any appropriate inspection or test, as the municipality may deem necessary, conducted on the vehicle on the roadside where it was stopped or on a place, date and time determined by the municipality in writing.
- (7) The authorised person must, prior to any testing being undertaken in terms of subsection (6)(b) inform the driver of the vehicle that:
  - (a) the vehicle has been stopped to test it in terms of this by-law for noise nuisance;
  - (b) the vehicle is being detained for the purpose of such testing;
  - (c) if the results of such testing indicates noise nuisance from the vehicle or if the driver concerned fails or refuses to assist with such test, it will constitute an offence under this by-law; and
  - (d) A person who fails to comply with a direction given under subsection (6)(a) commits an offence.
- (8) An inspection done in terms of subsection (6)(b) shall be carried out:
  - (a) at or as near as practicable to the place where the direction to stop the vehicle is given; and
  - (b) within 1 hour of the vehicle being stopped in accordance with the direction of the authorised person.
- (9) If, after conducting a sound level test, the authorised person is satisfied that the vehicle:
  - (a) is not exceeding the permitted sound levels prescribed in subsection (5), then the authorised person must furnish the driver of the vehicle with a certificate (valid for a period of 24 months) indicating that the vehicle is not being driven or used in contravention of subsection (5); or
  - (b) is exceeding the permitted sound levels prescribed in subsection (5), the authorised must issue the driver of the vehicle with a repair notice in accordance with subsection (10).
- (10) A repair notice must:
  - (a) direct the owner of the vehicle to repair the vehicle within a specified period of time, and to take the vehicle to a place identified in the notice for re-testing before the expiry of that period; and
  - (b) contain, amongst others, the following information:
    - (i) the make, model and registration number of the vehicle;
    - (ii) the name, address and identity number of the driver of the vehicle; and
    - (iii) if the driver is not the owner, the name and address of the vehicle
- (11) A person commits an offence under this section if the person fails:
  - (a) to comply with the repair notice referred to in subsection (10)(a);

- (b) to take the vehicle for re-testing as referred to in subsection (10)(a).
- (12) It shall not be a defence in proceedings under subsection (11) to aver that the driver of the vehicle failed to bring the repair notice to the attention of the owner of that vehicle.
- (13) The authorised person must issue a notification in terms of section 341 of the Criminal Procedure Act. 1977 (Act No. 51 of 1977), as amended, where the owner of the vehicle fails:
  - (a) to comply with a repair notice issued in terms of subsection (9)(b); or
  - (b) to take the vehicle for re-testing as required by subsection (10)(a).

# Music, open-air music festivals, shows, inclusive of air shows and similar gathering

(14)

- (a) No person may stage any open-air entertainment festival, such as, but not limited to a show, an air show, music concert, festival, sports event or similar gathering without a prior written consent of the municipality.
- (b) If any music causes or may cause a noise nuisance, the municipality may instruct in writing that such music be discontinued until such conditions as the municipality may deem necessary have been complied with.
- (c) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (b) and applicable provisions of any other law, the municipality may attach any instrument and/or equipment used to generate music if no permission has been obtained as required by paragraph (a).
- (d) An instrument and/or equipment attached under paragraph (c) shall be kept in safe custody by the municipality.
- (e) The municipality may lift the attachment contemplated in paragraph (c) if the owner or person in control of the instrument and/or equipment has applied for permission in terms of paragraph (a).
- (f) This subsection is not applicable to:
  - (i) churches:
  - (ii) schools;
  - (iii) other education facilities; or
  - (iv) any other defined area or activity to which the Council has declared this subsection not to apply.

#### General prohibitions

#### (15)Any person who:

- (a) fails to comply with the provisions of this section;
- (b) fails to comply with a written condition, instruction or notice issued by the municipality in terms of this section;

- (c) tampers with, remove, put out of action, damage or impair the functioning of a noise monitoring system, noise limiter, noise measuring instrument, acoustic device, road traffic sign or notice placed in a position by or on behalf of the municipality;
- (d) in respect of a duly authorised person of the municipality:
  - i. fails or refuses to grant admission to such official to enter and to inspect the premises;
- ii. fails or refuse to give information which may lawfully be required of him or her to such official;
- iii. hinders or obstruct such official in the execution of his or her duties; or
- iv. gives false or misleading information to such official knowing that it is false or misleading,

is guilty of an offence.

#### General powers of the municipality

- (16) An authorised person may:
  - (a) for the purposes of applying this section, at any reasonable time enter premises upon reasonable notice to conduct any appropriate examination, inquiry or inspection thereon as it may deem expedient and to take any steps it may deem necessary;
  - (b) if a noise emanating from a premises, vehicle, recreational vehicle or private area is a noise nuisance or disturbing noise, instruct in writing:
    - the person causing such noise or who is responsible for the infringement;
    - ii. the owner, tenant or occupant of such building, premises, vehicle, recreational vehicle or private area from which or from where such noise emanates or may emanate; or
    - iii. all such persons,

discontinue or cause to be discontinued such noise or to take steps to or apply appropriate remedies to lower the level of such noise to a level conforming to the requirements of this by-law within the period stipulated in the instruction, provided that the provisions of this paragraph shall not apply in respect of a disturbing noise or noise nuisance caused by rail vehicles or air traffic or on a public road by vehicles that are not used as recreational vehicles;

- (c) if the noise is caused by an animal, and the owner or person in charge of that animal fails to comply with an instruction referred to in subsection (16)(b), subject to the applicable provisions of any other law, impound or cause to be impounded such animal;
- (d) impose such appropriate conditions as it deems fit when granting any permission or exemption, including the specification of times and days when activities that may cause noise are permitted or prohibited;
- (e) subject to the applicable provisions of any other law, place or cause to be placed measuring instruments or similar devices, road traffic signs or

notices at any place within the municipality's jurisdiction for the enforcement of the provisions of this bylaw, provided that road traffic signs and notices shall be placed on private property only with the permission of the owner.

#### 15. Emissions that Cause a Nuisance

#### **Prohibition**

- (1) Any occupier or owner of premises from which a nuisance emanates, or where a nuisance exists must take measures to contain emissions that cause a nuisance.
- (2) Any occupier or owner of premises that fails to comply with subsection (1) commits an offence.

#### Abatement notice

- (3) An authorised person may serve an abatement notice on any person, whom he or she reasonably believes is likely to commit or has committed an offence under subsection (2), calling upon that person:
  - (a) to abate the nuisance within a period specified in the notice;
  - (b) to take all necessary steps to prevent a recurrence of the nuisance; or
  - (c) to comply with any other conditions contained in the notice.
- (4) For the purposes of subsection (3), an authorised person may form a reasonable belief based on his or her own experience that an air pollutant was emitted from premises occupied or owned by the person on whom the abatement notice is to be served.
- (5) An abatement notice under subsection (3) may be served:
  - (a) upon the owner or any person, by:
    - delivering it to the owner, or if the owner cannot be traced or is living abroad that person's agent;
    - ii. transmitting it by registered post to the owner's last known address, or the last known address of the agent; or
    - iii. delivering it to the address where the premises are situated, if the owner's address and the address of the agent are unknown;
  - (b) upon the occupier of the premises, by:
    - i. delivering it to the occupier;
    - ii. transmitting it by registered post to the occupier at the address at which the premises are situated.

- (6) Any person who fails to comply with an abatement notice served on that person in terms of subsection (5) commits an offence.
- (7) In addition to any other penalty that may be imposed, a court may order a person convicted of an offence under subsection (6) to take steps the court considers necessary within a period determined by the court in order to prevent a recurrence of the nuisance.

#### Steps to abate nuisance

(8) The municipality may, at any time, at its own cost take whatever steps it considers necessary in order to remedy the harm caused by the nuisance and prevent a recurrence of it, and may recover the reasonable costs so incurred from the person responsible for causing the nuisance.

#### 16. Licensing of listed activities

- (1) The municipality is the licensing authority for activities listed in terms of section 21 of AQA.
- (2) No person shall undertake a listed activity, as published in terms of section 21 of AQA without being in possession of an atmospheric emission license issued by the municipality.
- (3) The Licence Holder must submit a complete renewal application to the Licensing Authority six (06) months prior to the expiration date of the existing Licence.

#### 17. Application for an atmospheric emission license

- (1) An application for an AEL must be-
  - (a) submitted on the South African Atmospheric Emission Licensing Inventory & Portal (SAAELIP) website;
  - (b) accompanied by documents or information as may be required by the Municipality;
  - (c) accompanied by the prescribed processing fee.
- (2) Before considering an application made in terms of subsection (1), the Municipality may require the applicant to furnish additional information such as, but not limited to, a specialist air quality impact study and/or proof of public participation.

- (3) Any persons who undertakes a listed activity without an atmospheric emission license is guilty of an offence.
- (4) Any person who contravenes or fails to comply with a condition or requirement of an atmospheric emission license is guilty of an offence.

#### **CHAPTER 3**

#### **GENERAL MATTERS**

#### 18. Appeals

Any person may appeal against any decision taken under this by-law by giving written notice of the appeal in accordance with the provisions of section 62 of the Municipal Systems Act, 2000, as amended.

#### 19. Offences and Penalties

- (1) It is an offence to:
  - (a) supply false or misleading information to an authorised person in respect of any matter pertaining to this by-law, or;
  - (b) refuse to co-operate with the request of an air quality officer or authorised person made in terms of this by-law and any person convicted of such offence shall be liable to imprisonment not exceeding 30 days or a fine or both a fine and imprisonment.
- (2) Where no specific penalty is provided, any person committing an offence in terms of this by-law is liable on conviction to imprisonment for a period not exceeding 2 years or to a fine or to both imprisonment and a fine.
- (3) Failure to comply with a notice, direction or instruction referred to in this by-law constitutes a continuing offence.
- (4) Any person who commits continuing offences shall be guilty of a separate offence each day during which that person fails to comply with a notice, direction or instruction referred to in this by-law.

#### 20. Enforcement

- (1) The Council may appoint so many authorised persons as it may consider necessary to be responsible for compliance and enforcement monitoring of this by-law.
- (2) The authorised persons shall take all lawful, necessary and practicable measures to enforce the provisions of this by-law.

#### 21. Exemptions

- (1) Any person may, in writing, apply for exemption from the provisions of this bylaw to the Council.
- (2) An application in terms of subsection (1) above must be accompanied by reasons.
- (3) The Council may grant a temporary exemption in writing from one or all of the provisions of the by-law, provided that the Council:
  - (a) is satisfied that granting the exemption will not prejudice the objectives referred to in section 2; and
  - (b) grants any exemption subject to conditions that promote the attainment of the objectives referred to in section 2.
- (4) The Council must not grant an exemption under subsection (1) until the Council has:
  - (a) taken measures to ensure that all persons whose rights may be significantly detrimentally affected by the granting of the exemption, including but not limited to adjacent land owners or occupiers (including surrounding communities), are aware of the application for exemption and how to obtain a copy of it;
  - (b) provided such persons with a reasonable opportunity to object to the application; and
  - (c) duly considered and taken into account any objections raised.
- (5) The Council may:
  - (a) from time to time review any exemptions granted in terms of this section; and
  - (b) on good grounds withdraw any exemption.

#### 22. State and Council Bound

This by-law is binding on the State and the Council except in so far as any criminal liability is concerned.

#### 23. Repeal of By-Laws

The by-law repeals any other Air Quality Management by-law.

#### 24. Short Title

This by-law is called the Mopani District Municipality: Air Quality Management By-Law, 2022.

#### 25. Commencement

(1) This by-law will come into operation on the date of publication in the *Provincial Gazette*.

#### **SCHEDULES**

#### Schedule 1

Application Form to Operate Small-scale Char or Charcoal Plant (section 6(2))

# Application Form to Operate Small Boiler (section 6(2))

Name of Enterprise:			<del></del>
Declaration of accuracy of informa	tion provided:		
I, provided in this application is in all			
Signed at	on this	day of	
SIGNATURE			
CAPACITY OF SIGNATORY			
I,			owner/occupier
of the land/property known as within the municipality's jurisdictic boiler on the said property.			-

### 1. Contact details

Responsible Person Name	
Telephone Number	
Cell Phone Number	
Fax Number	
E-mail address	

## 2. Serial number, product name and model of the small boiler

Serial Number	Product Name	Product Model

#### 3. Raw material used

Raw materials used	Maximum permitted consumption rate (volume)	Design consumption rate (volume)	Actual consumption rate (volume)	Units (quantity/period)

### 4. Energy used

Energy source	Sulphur content of fuel (%) (if applicable)	Ash content of fuel (%) (if applicable)	Maximum permitted consumption rate (volume)	Design consumption rate (volume)	Actual consumpti on rate (Volume)	Units (quantity / period)

## 5. Point source parameters

Unique stack ID	Point source name	Height of release above ground	Height above nearby building [m]	Diameter at stack tip / vent exit [m]	Actual exit temperature	Actual volumetric flow	Actual gas exit velocity [m/s]

## 6. Point source emissions

Unique stack ID	Pollutant name	Averag	e annual rate	release	Emission hours [e.g.	Type of emission
					07H00 – 17H00]	[continuous / intermittent]

7.	Signatu	re							
	Signatu	re of Applic	 cant				Date o	f Applica	ition
8.	Office U	Jse Only							
8.1	1 Authori	ised Persor	ns: Site In	spection	Observat	ions			
•									

3.2 Authorised Person: Recommendations				
3.3 Ap	pproved / Not Approved (Complete whichever is applicable)			
The a	pplication is approved, subject to the following conditions:			
(a)				
(b)				
(c)				
(d)				
(e)				
The a	oplication is not approved for the following reasons:			
	The rest of the approved for the relieving reasons.			
(a)				
(b)				
(c)				
(d)				
(e)				
Air Qu	uality Officer Signature			
Date <sup>.</sup>				

## Schedule 2

# Application Form to Operate Small Boiler (section 6(2))

Name of Enterprise:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Declaration of accuracy of in	formation provided:	
l,		, declare that the information
provided in this application is	in all respect factually tr	_, declare that the information ue and correct.
Signed at	on this	day of
SIGNATURE		
CAPACITY OF SIGNATORY	<del>-</del>	
		owner/occupier
		(registered name) permission to operate a small
1. Contact details		
Responsible Person Name		
Telephone Number		
Cell Phone Number		
Fax Number		
E-mail address		
2. Serial number, produ		
Serial Number	Product Name	Product Model

#### 3. Raw material used

Raw materials used	Maximum permitted consumption rate (volume)	Design consumption rate (volume)	Actual consumption rate (volume)	Units (quantity/period)

### 4. Energy used

Energy source	Sulphur content of fuel (%) (if applicable)	Ash content of fuel (%) (if applicable)	Maximum permitted consumption rate (volume)	Design consumption rate (volume)	Actual consumpti on rate (Volume)	Units (quantity / period)
				_		

# 5. Point source parameters

Unique stack ID	Point source name	Height of release above ground	Height above nearby building [m]	Diameter at stack tip / vent exit [m]	Actual exit temperature	Actual volumetric flow	Actual gas exit velocity [m/s]

#### 6. Point source emissions

Unique stack ID	Pollutant name	Averag	e annual rate	release	Emission hours [e.g.	Type of emission
					07H00 – 17H00]	[continuous / intermittent]

7. Signature	
Signature of Applicant	Date of Application
8. Office Use Only	
a. Authorised Persons: Site Ins	pection Observations
b. Authorised Person: Recomm	nendations

c. Approved / Not Approved (Complete whichever is applicable)

The application is approved, subject to the following conditions:

(a)	
(b)	
(c)	
(d)	
(e)	
The ap	pplication is not approved for the following reasons:
(a)	
(b)	
(c)	
(d)	
(e)	
Air Qı	uality Officer Signature
Date:	

#### Schedule 3

# Application Form to operate a temporary asphalt plant (Section 6(2))

Name of Enterpris	se:				
Declaration of accu	ıracy of info	ormation pro	vided:		_
Ι,					
			in this application is	in all respect	factually
Signed at			on the_		_ day of
SIGNATURE					
CAPACITY OF SIG	SNATORY				
l,		Ala a	landle nasant.		
owner/occupier	OT	tne	land/property	known (Registered	
within the municip temporary asphalt			ereby apply for perr erty.	nission to op	erate a

# 1. Enterprise details

Enterprise name	
Trading as	
Postal Address	
Telephone number(general)	
Fax number(general)	
Industry type	
Land use zoning as per town planning	
scheme	
Landuse rights if outside town planning	
scheme	

#### 2. Contact details

Name of responsible	
person	
Telephone Number	
Cell Phone Number	
Fax Number	
Email address	

#### 3. Product name and model of the small boiler

Serial number	Product name	Product model	Capacity

## 4. Energy used

Energ y sourc e	Sulphur content of fuel (%) if applicable	Ash content of fuel (%) if applicable	Design consumption rate	Actual consumpt ion rate	Units (quantity/ period)

1	1	l		

## 5. Point source parameters

Unique stack ID	Point source name	Height of release above ground	Height of nearby building	Diameter at stack tip/vent exit (m)	Actual gas exit temperature	Actual gas volumetric flow	

#### 6. Point source emissions

Unique stack ID	Pollutant name	Daily average averages		Emission hours	Type (Contin	ype of emissio Continuous/intermitten		
							•	

## Schedule 4

# **Application Form for Open Burning (Section 8)**

l,	owner / occupier of the
land / property known as	
municipality's jurisdiction hereby apply for permission	to burn the following materials on
the said property.	
1. Contact details	
Responsible Person Name	
Telephone Number	
Cell Phone Number	
Fax Number	
E-mail address	
3. Types of materials to be burned	
(a)	
(b)	
(c)	
(d)	
(e)	

4.	Reasons for burning materials				
5.	Air quality impacts in the local area				
6.	6. Approximate date and time to burn materials				
	Date	Time			
7.	Notification of adjacent owners and o communities)	ccupiers (including surrounding			
nc		adjacent owners and occupiers have been that to lodge any written objections to the			
8.	Signature				
	Signature of the Applicant	Date of Application			

# 9. Office Use Only

9.1 A	authorised Person: Site Inspection Observations
9.2 A	authorised Person: Recommendations
).3 A	approved / Not Approved (Complete whichever is applicable)
The a	application is approved, subject to the following conditions:
(a)	
(b)	
(c)	
(d)	
(e)	

The application is not approved for the following reasons:

(a)	
(b)	
(c)	
(d)	
(e)	

**Air Quality Officer Signature** 

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

### Schedule 5

# Application Form to Undertake Pesticide Spraying (Section 12(2)(a))

l,		owner(s) / occupier(s)
	n as	
	iction hereby apply for permission t	o spray pesticides on
the said property.		
1. Contact details		
Responsible Person Name		
Telephone Number		
Cell Phone Number		
Fax Number		
E-mail address		
2. Turned of product label to	housed	
3. Types of product label to	be useu	
(a)		
(b)		
(c)		
(d)		
(e)		
4. Air quality impacts in the	local area	

Dates or Months	<b></b>
6. Notification of adjacent owners and occupiers communities)	s (including surrounding
The applicant must attach proof that the adjacent notified of the proposed pesticide spraying, and their municipality. The notification must clearly specify (a) area; (b) reasons for pesticide use; (c) the active pesticide spraying; (e) time, if any, indicated on the area can safely be re-entered after application; (f) a	rights to lodge any objections to the the extent of the proposed treatmen ingredient; (d) dates or months fo e product label specifying when the
to lodge written objections within 14 days to the mun	
to lodge written objections within 14 days to the mun  7. Signature	
·	
7. Signature	nicipality.
7. Signature  Signature of Applicant  8. Office Use Only	Date of Application
7. Signature  Signature of Applicant	Date of Application

8.2 Au	uthorised Person: Recommendations
	pproved / Not Approved (Complete whichever is applicable) pplication is approved, subject to the following conditions:
(a)	
(b)	
(c)	
(d)	
(e)	
The a <sub>l</sub>	pplication is not approved for the following reasons:
(a)	
(b)	
(c)	
(d)	
(e)	
Air Qı	uality Officer Signature
Date <sup>.</sup>	

#### Schedule 6

#### **Spray Booth Construction (Section 13)**

#### Construction

Such activities must be conducted in a spray booth or spray cabinet specifically designed for the purpose. It must be constructed of none-combustible material.

#### Ventilation

#### **Spray Booth**

Every spray booth shall be provided with a mechanical ventilation system which must be capable of moving the air in the occupied zone at not less than: -

- 0,5 m/s where the air is horizontally supplied and extracted.
- 0,4 m/s where the air is introduced through the roof and extracted through slots along the edge of the walls at floor level.
- 0,3 m/s where the air is supplied through the roof and extracted through a grill over the whole of the floor area.

#### **Spray Cabinets**

Where spray cabinets are used (i.e. where the operator stands in front and sprays through an opening into a cabinet), the following minimum air flow must be maintained through an opening.

1 m/s for opening up to 0,9m<sup>2</sup> 0,75 m/s for opening between 0,9 and 1,8m<sup>2</sup> 0,5m/s for opening exceeding 1,8m<sup>2</sup>

#### Lighting

A spray booth must be fitted with a non-operable inspection window of strengthen and shatterproof of glass. Every employer shall ensure that his spray booth is lighted in accordance with the illuminance values as specified below. (Only incandescent electric lights which are enclosed in outer flame and vapour- proof fittings may be installed).

Types of Activity	Illuminance	
	(LUX)	
<ul> <li>Rubbing, dipping, ordinary painting</li> </ul>	200	
<ul> <li>Fine painting, spraying and finishing</li> </ul>	300	
<ul> <li>Retouching and matching</li> </ul>	500	

#### **Fume Extraction System**

All extraction systems must be designed and commissioned by competent engineers to ensure that the total extraction from any room is balanced by adequate ingress of fresh air into works room.

All ducts and enclosures in connection with the extraction system through which the fumes have to pass must be constructed of non-combustible materials with the interior having a smooth surface.

The fume extraction system must be kept in full operation while spraying done and for any additional time required to clear the fumes from the room.

The blades of any fan used in the spray booth or spray cabinet shall be of non-ferrous metal. Suitable filters must be provided at the point of extraction.

The point of discharge must be positioned so as to ensure that such air does not contaminate any air which is likely to be drawn into ventilate any existing building.

#### **Personal Protection Equipment**

Manager shall ensure that workers actively involved in spraying operations are provided with approved respirators or breathing apparatus. When paints containing isocyanate are used a positive pressure air fed face mask should be worn. Chemical absorption canisters should not be relied on because of their limited effective life.

#### General

In addition to the above, it is also necessary to comply with the requirements as laid down by the Chief Fire Officer.

21-28

#### **LOCAL AUTHORITY NOTICE 668 OF 2023**

# POLOKWANE LOCAL MUNICIPALITY NOTICE OF A REZONING APPLICATION IN TERMS OF SECTION 61 OF THE POLOKWANE MUNICIPAL PLANNING BY-LAW - AMENDMEND SCHEME 670

I, Rian Beukes of the firm Rian Beukes Town & Regional Planners and Property Consultants being the authorized agent of the owner of Erf 7137 Pietersburg Ext 28 hereby gives notice in terms of Section 95(1)(a) of the Municipal Planning By-Law, 2017, that I have applied to the Polokwane Municipality for the amendment of the Polokwane/ Perskebult Town Planning Scheme, 2016, by the rezoning in terms of Section 61 of the Polokwane Municipal Planning By-law, 2016 for the rezoning of the above-mentioned property which is situated at 35 Gecho Street, Serala View from "Residential 1" to "Residential 3" to permit the erection of 4 dwelling units on the property.

Any objections and or comments, including grounds for such objections and or comments with full contact details, without which the municipality cannot correspond with the person or body submitting the objections and or comments, shall be lodge with, or made to; Manager: City Planning and Property Management, PO Box 111 Polokwane 0700, from **21 July 2023 until18 August 2023.** 

Full particulars and plans may be inspected during normal office hours at the Municipal offices as set out below, for a period of 28 days from the date of the first publication of the notice in the Provincial Gazette/ Observer Newspaper. Address of Municipal Offices: 2<sup>nd</sup> floor, Civic Centre, cnr Landdros Mare and Bodenstein Streets, Polokwane. Closing date for objections / comments: 18 August 2023.

Address of applicant: Rian Beukes Town & Regional Planners and Property Consultants, PO Box 12417, BENDOR, 0713. (015) 297 1140 - rian.beukes@telkomsa.net. Date of first notice: 21 July 2023

21-28

#### PLAASLIKE OWERHEID KENNISGEWING 668 VAN 2023

# POLOKWANE PLAASLIKE MUNISIPALITEIT KENNISGEWING TEN OPSIGTE VAN HERSONERING IN TERME VAN ARTIKEL 61 VAN DIE POLOKWANE MUNISIPALE BEPLANNINGS BYWET, 2017 –WYSIGINGSKEMA 670

Ek, Rian Beukes van die firma Rian Beukes Stads en Streekbeplanners en Eiendomskonsultante, synde die gemagtigde agent van die eienaar van Erf 7137 Pietersburg X 28, gee hiermee kennis dat ek aansoek gedoen het by die Polokwane Munisipaliteit vir die wysiging van die Polokwane / Perskebult Dorpsbeplanningskema, 2016, vir die hersonering van die bogemelde eiendom geleë te: Gechostraat 35 Serala View vanaf "Residensieel 1", na "Residensieel 3" ten einde 4 wooneenhede op die perseel toe te laat.

Enige besware en of kommentaar, insluitende die gronde van beswaar en of kommentaar, met voledige kontakbesonderhede, waarsonder die Munisipaliteit nie met die beswaarmaker of instansie wat die beswaar maak of kommentaar lewer, kan kommunikeer nie, moet gerig word aan; Die Bestuurder, Stadsbeplanning en Eiendomsbestuur, Posbus 111 Polokwane, 0700, vanaf **21 Julie 2023 tot 18 Augustus 2023**.

Volle besonderhede en planne ten opsigte van die aansoek kan gedurende normale kantoorure besigtig word by die Munisipale kantore, binne 'n tydperk van 28 dae vanaf die datum van eerste publiskasie in die Provinsiale Gazette / Observer. Adres van die Munisipale kantore; 2de vloer, Burgersentrum, h.v Landdros Mare en Bodensteinstrate, Polokwane. Sluitingsdatum vir besware / kommentare: 18 Augustus 2023

Adres van applikant: Rian Beukes Stads en Streekbeplanners en Eiendomskonsultante, Posbus 12417, Bendor, 0713 (Tel 015 297 1140, e-pos: rian.beukes@telkomsa.net. Datum van eerste publikasie: 21 Julie 2023.

21-28

#### **LOCAL AUTHORITY NOTICE 669 OF 2023**



# **MOPANI DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY**

# **FINAL DRAFT**

# WASTE MANAGEMENT BY-LAWS

The Municipal Manager of the Mopani District Municipality hereby, in terms of Section 13(a) of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act No. 32 of 2000), publishes the Waste Management By-laws 2022 for Mopani District Municipality, as approved by its Council, as set out hereunder.

#### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

# CHAPTER 1 INTERPRETATION, PRINCIPLES AND OBJECTS

- Definitions
- 2. Principles
- 3. Main objects
- 4. Obligations of generators or holders of waste
- 5. Provision of information to the Council

# CHAPTER 2 INTEGRATED WASTE MANAGEMENT

- 6. Designation of waste management officer.
- 7. Preparation and reporting on the implementation of integrated waste management plan by the Council.
- 8. Contents of integrated waste management plan of the Council.
- 9. Annual progress reporting by Council.
- 10. Preparation and reporting on implementation of integrated waste management plans by certain generators or holders of waste.
- 11. Contents of integrated waste management plans by certain generators or holders of waste.
- 12. Waste information system.

# CHAPTER 3 HANDLING OF DIFFERENT WASTE TYPES

#### Part 1: Event waste

- 13. Use of accredited service provider.
- 14. Obligation to prepare event waste management plan and the minimum content of the plan.
- 15. Refundable deposit.
- 16. Recovery of clean-up costs

#### Part 2: Building waste -New and demolished buildings

- 17. Generation and management of building waste.
- Storage of building waste.
- Collection and disposal of building waste.

#### Part 3: Hazardous or health care risk waste

- 20. Generation of hazardous or health care risk waste.
- 21. Storage of hazardous or health care risk waste.
- 22. Collection and disposal of hazardous or health care risk waste.

#### Part 4: Garden waste

- 23. Composting
- 24. Removal and disposal of garden waste.

#### Part 5: Bulky waste

25. Removal and disposal

#### Part 6: Industrial and special waste

- 26. Storage
- 27. Collection and disposal

# Part 7: Tyres, disused vehicles or machinery and scrap metal

28. Storage and disposal.

#### Part 8: Recyclable waste

29. Storage, collection and disposal.

#### Part 9: Agricultural and farm waste

30. Disposal

#### **CHAPTER 4**

#### WASTE MINIMISATION AND RECYCLING

- 31. Reduction, re-use, recycling and recovery of waste should result in less harm than disposing of the waste.
- 32. Registering with the Council and compliance with national and provincial laws.
- 33. Obligation to separate waste into recyclables and non-recyclables.
- 34. Storage, collection, treatment, transportation and disposal of recyclable waste.

#### **CHAPTER 5**

# TRANSPORTATION, TREATMENT AND DISPOSAL OF WASTE

- 35. Transportation of waste.
- 36. Disposal of waste.

#### **CHAPTER 6**

#### **ACCREDITATION OF SERVICE PROVIDERS**

- 37. Accreditation permit requirements.
- 38. Applications for accreditation.
- 39. Suspension and revocation of accreditation permit.
- 40. Terms and conditions for accreditation.
- 41. Renewal of accreditation permits.
- 42. Display of an accreditation permit.
- 43. Prohibited conduct.
- 44. Exemptions.

Page | 4

#### 45. Transitional provisions

#### **CHAPTER 7**

# ACCUMULATING WASTE, LITTERING, DUMPING AND ABANDONED ARTICLES.

- 46. Accumulating waste.
- 47. Prohibition of littering.
- 48. Prohibition of dumping and abandoning articles.
- 49. Duty to prevent land or building used for dumping.
- 50. Disposal of dumped or abandoned articles.
- 51. Dumping whistle-blowing
- 52. Dumping: naming and shaming

# CHAPTER 8 AUTHORISED OFFICIAL

- 53. Identification documents
- 54. Powers of authorised officials
- 55. Powers to question
- 56. Observance of human rights
- 57. Supervision of holders of accreditation permits
- 58. Compliance notices
- 59. Representations

# CHAPTER 9 MISCELLANEOUS

- 60. Ownership
- 61. Serving of documents

- 62. Offences and penalties
- 63. Appeals
- 64. Repeal of by-laws
- 65. Short title

#### **CHAPTER 1**

#### INTERPRETATION, PRINCIPLES AND OBJECTS

#### 1. Definitions

(1) In these By-laws, unless the context indicates otherwise –

"accreditation" means registering with the Council in terms of Chapter 7 of these By-laws;

"accredited service provider" means any person registered with the Council in terms of Chapter 8 of these By-laws;

"agricultural and farm waste" means all waste generated on farms as part of agricultural process or through ordinary domestic and business activities and may include different types of waste.

"approved waste receptacle" means a disposable or reusable receptacle approved by the Council from time to time in which waste is placed for the purposes of storing, accumulating, handling, transporting, treating or disposing of that waste, and includes approved bins, bin-liners, wrappers and skips;

"authorised official" means any official of the Council who has been authorised or designated by the Council to administer, implement and enforce the provisions of these By-laws, or an employee of a service provider acting within the scope of the powers, functions and duties assigned to that service provider by the Council, if the Council has for the purpose of the By-laws appointed a service provider;

"building waste" means all waste produced during the construction, alteration, repair or demolition of any structure, and includes building rubble, earth, vegetation and rock displaced during such construction, alteration, repair or demolition;

"bulky waste", means domestic or business waste which by virtue of its mass, shape, size or quantity, cannot easily be accommodated in a standard approved container.

"basic refuse removal" means a baseline service level as established under Clause 9.1 the National Policy for Provision of Basic Removal Services to Indigent Households or as amended.

"business waste" means waste other than hazardous waste, health care risk waste, building waste, industrial waste, non-compactable garden waste, bulky waste special waste, generated on premises used for non-residential purposes and at residential premises where commercial activities are being conducted.

"commercial business waste" means waste generated on premises used for non-residential purposes. For the avoidance of doubt, commercial business waste includes:

- (a) waste stored in static compactors;
- (b) hazardous waste;
- (c) healthcare risk waste;
- (d) building waste;
- (e) industrial waste;
- (f) organic waste;
- (g) un-compactable waste;
- (h) general business waste; and
- (i) recyclable waste,

generated on such premises;

#### "commercial service" means—

- (a) the collection and transportation of commercial business waste and general business waste, but does not include transportation by a generator of its own waste; or
- (b) the conducting or undertaking of a waste management activity within the jurisdiction of the Council which requires a waste management licence; or
- (c) the collection, transportation, sorting, storage, recycling or recovery of waste with the intention of making profit but does not include transportation by a generator of its own domestic waste which is recyclable waste; or any person collecting, sorting, storing or transporting recyclable waste on behalf of a bona fide non-governmental organization;

#### "Council" means-

(a) Mopani District Municipality established in terms of section 12 of the Local Government: Municipal Structures Act 1998, (Act 117 of 1998) as amended, exercising its legislative and executive authority through its Municipal Council; or

- (b) its successor in title; or
- (c) a structure or person exercising a power delegated in these By-laws or carrying out an instruction, which power has been delegated or sub-delegated or which instruction has been given, as contemplated in section 59 of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act No. 32 of 2000); or
- (d) except for the purposes of Chapters 8 and 10, a service provider fulfilling a responsibility under these By-laws that is assigned to it in terms of section 81(2) of the Systems Act, 2000, or any other law;

as the case may be;

"dailies" means putrescible waste generated from processing, handling and production of food and food products by non-residential premises which include hotels, restaurants, food shops, hospitals, and canteens that must be collected on a daily basis, to prevent the waste from decomposing and presenting a nuisance or an environmental or health risk:

"damage to the environment" means any pollution, degradation or harm to the environment whether visible or not;

"developer" means an agent or any other person acting on behalf of a person who owns land, building or any undivided share in such land or building situated within the Council's jurisdiction;

"domestic waste" means waste generated on premises used solely for residential purposes and purposes of public worship, including halls or other buildings used for religious purposes, but does not include commercial business waste or general business waste or organic waste;

"dump" means to dispose of waste in any manner other than one permitted by law and includes, without derogating from the generality of the aforegoing, to deposit, discharge, spill or release waste, whether or not the waste is in a container, in or at any place whatsoever whether publicly or privately owned including but not limited to vacant land, rivers, waterways, catchments, and sewage and storm water systems but excludes littering;

- "environment" has the meaning assigned to it in section 1 of the National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998);
- "environmental emergency" means any unexpected or sudden occurrence resulting from any act or omission relating to waste leading to serious danger to the public or potentially serious pollution of or damage to the environment, whether immediate or delayed;
- "event" means sporting, entertainment, recreational, religious, cultural, exhibitional, organisational or similar activities hosted at a venue or along a route or within their respective precincts at which more than 2000 people are expected to attend or participate;
- "event waste" means waste that originates from an event held within the Council's jurisdiction;
- "formalised recycling group" means a group of persons whose main objective is the promotion of waste minimisation amongst the group and undertaking of recycling, processing, treating or recovery of waste;
- "garden waste" means organic waste which generates from domestic gardening activities, including grass cuttings, leaves, plants, flowers, flowers, branches, tree stumps, or any waste of botanical nature.
- "general business waste" means waste generated on premises used for non-residential purposes. For the avoidance of doubt, general business waste does not include:
- (a) waste stored in static compactors;
- (b) hazardous waste;
- (c) healthcare risk waste;
- (d) building waste;
- (e) industrial waste;
- (f) organic waste;
- (g) un-compactable waste; and
- (h) recyclable waste,

generated on such premises;

- "generator of waste" means any person who generates or produces waste;
- "hazardous waste" means any waste that contains organic or inorganic elements or compounds that may, owing to the inherent physical, chemical or toxicological characteristics

of that waste, have a detrimental impact on health and/or the environment; and includes discarded computers, office electronic equipment, entertainment device electronics, mobile phones, television sets and refrigerators;

"health care risk waste" means health care risk waste as defined in the National Health Act 2003 (Act 61 of 2003 :Regulations Relating to Health Care Waste Management in Health Establishments, as amended;

"holder of waste" means any person who imports, generates, stores, accumulates, transports, processes, treats, exports or disposes of waste;

"industrial waste" means a liquid, sludge or solid substance, resulting from a manufacturing process, industrial treatment or the pre-treatment for disposal purposes of any industrial or mining liquid waste;

"integrated waste management plan" means any waste management plan required to be prepared in terms of these By-laws by specified generators or holders of waste including waste management plan required in section 5(d), 10, 14, 18 and 23 of these By-laws;

"land reclamation" means the planned and engineered disposal of inert or other appropriate waste for the purpose of constructing any facility or changing the natural features of any piece of land;

"litter" means any object or matter which is discarded by a person in any place except in an approved receptacle provided for that purpose or at a waste handling facility or waste disposal facility;

"local community" in relation to the Council means that body of persons comprising:

- (a) the residents within its jurisdiction;
- (b) the ratepayers of the Council;
- (c) any civic organisation and non-governmental, private sector or labour organisation or body which is involved in local affairs within the Council's jurisdiction; and
- (d) visitors and other persons residing outside of the Council's jurisdiction who, because of their presence in that area, make use of services or facilities provided by the Council;

"minimisation" when used in relation to waste means efforts to reduce and minimise the amount and toxicity of waste that is generated and, in the event where waste is generated, the reduction of the amount and toxicity of waste that is required to disposed of;

- "municipal service" means service relating to the collection, transportation and disposal of waste, including domestic waste, such quantity and type of general business waste and dailies, as the Council may determine, which is provided by the Council in accordance with Chapter 5 of these By-laws;
- "National Appeal Regulations" means regulations pertaining to the processing, consideration of, and decision on appeals under section 44(1)(a) read with section 43(4) of the National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act 107 of 1998) published in Government Notice R993 in Government Gazette 38303 dated 8 December 2014, as amended.
- "National Policy for Provision of Basic Refuse Removal to Indigent Households 2010" means the national policy for provision of basic refuse removal as published in Government Gazette No 34385 dated 22 June 2011, as amended.
- "nuisance" means any injury, harm, damage, inconvenience or annoyance to any person which is caused in any way whatsoever by the improper handling or management of waste, including but not limited to, the storage, placement, collection, transport or disposal of waste, or by littering;
- "occupier" in relation to any premises means any person who is in actual occupation of such premises and if no person is in actual occupation thereof, any person who whether as owner, lessee or otherwise has, for the time being, control of such premises and shall include a street trader who occupies a site for the purpose of such street trader's business:
- "organic waste" means waste generated as a result of normal domestic gardening activities, including grass cuttings, leaves, plants, flowers and other similar small and light organic matter, but does not include tree branches with a diameter thicker than 40 mm at any point of its length, uncompactable waste and any waste generated as a result of commercial garden service activities;
- "organic waste handling facility" means a waste handling facility in or on which organic waste is received and temporarily stored;

"organiser" means any person who plans, is in charge of, manages, supervises or holds an event or sponsorship rights to an event or in any manner controls or has a material interest in the hosting of an event;

"owner" means the registered owner, lessee or occupier of premises, or the person in charge or control of any premises or part thereof who is over 18 years of age, or any person who obtains a benefit from the premises or who is entitled thereto:

"person" means a natural or juristic person;

"pollution" means any change in the environment caused by:

- (a) any substance; or
- (b) noise, odour, dust or heat, emitted from any activity, including the storage or treatment of any waste or substance, construction and the provision of any service, whether engaged in by any person or an organ of state,

if that change has an adverse effect on human health or well-being or on the composition, resilience and productivity of a natural or managed ecosystem, or on material useful to persons, or will have such an effect in the future;

#### "premises" means:

- (a) any land without any buildings or other structures on it;
- (b) any building or other structure and the land on which it is situated; or
- (c) any land which adjoins land referred to in paragraph (a) or (b) and any building or other structure on the adjoining land, if that land, building or structure is occupied or used in connection with any activity carried out on the premises referred to in paragraph (a) or (b); or

"prescribed fee" means a tariff for the services which the Council may set for the provision of municipal service to the local community, and includes a surcharge on such tariff;

"public place" includes any public building, public road,

overhead bridge, subway, foot pavement, footpath, sidewalk, lane, square, open space, garden, park or enclosed space, in the Council's jurisdiction, and any road, place or thoroughfare however created which is in the undisturbed use of the public or which the public has the right to use or the right to access:

"public road" means any road, street or thoroughfare or any other place, whether a thoroughfare or not, which is commonly used by the public or any section thereof or to which the public or any section thereof has a right of access and includes—

- (a) the verge of any such road, street or thoroughfare;
- (b) any bridge or drift traversed by any such road, street or thoroughfare; and
- (c) any other work or object forming part of or connected with or belonging to such road, street or thoroughfare;

"recovery" when used in relation to waste, means the controlled extraction of a material or the retrieval of energy from waste to produce a product;

"recyclable waste" means waste which has been separated from the waste stream, and set aside for purposes of recycling;

"recycling" means a process where waste is reclaimed for further use, which process involves the separation of waste from a waste stream for further use and the processing of that separated material as a product or raw material;

"re-use" means to utilise articles from the waste stream again for a similar or different purpose without changing the form or properties of the articles;

"resident" in relation to the Council's jurisdiction means a person who is ordinarily resident within that area;

"route" means the way or course taken in getting from a starting point to a destination during an event which takes the form of a race or procession;

"SANS Code" means the South African National Standard: 10228: The Identification and Classification of Dangerous Goods for Transport, as amended;

- "scrap dealer" means any person engaged in purchasing or collecting, storing and recycling of waste, especially metal, but does not include any person engaged solely in recycling metal cans, paper, cardboard or glass;
- "special waste", means non-hazardous industrial waste, which includes a number of waste types which has physical or chemical characteristics, or both, that requires special handling at a waste disposal facility, such as contaminated soil, raw animal manure, dead animals or any other material determined to be special waste by the Council;
- "stadium" has the meaning assigned to it in section 1 of the Safety at Sports and Recreational Events Act, 2010 (Act No. 2 of 2010), as amended;
- "storage" means the accumulation of waste in a manner that does not constitute treatment or disposal of that waste;
- "sustainable development" means the integration of social, economic and environmental factors into planning, implementation and decision-making so as to ensure that development serves present and future generations;
- "Systems Act" means the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act No. 32 of 2000), as amended;
- "un-compactable waste" means business waste or domestic waste which by virtue of its mass, shape, size or quantity, is inconvenient to remove in the routine door-todoor municipal service provided by the Council;
- "venue" means a stadium, or any area or place where an event is hosted; that has a seating or standing spectator capacity of at least 2000 persons as certified by the Council, within which other permanent or temporary structures may be erected and which may be demarcated by an enclosed or semi-enclosed permanent or temporary structure;
- "venue owner" means a person who owns, manages or is entitled to exercise the rights of an owner or occupier of a venue used for events:
- "verge" means a verge as defined in section 1 of the National Road Traffic Act, 1996 (Act No. 93 of 1996), as amended:
- "waste" means any substance, whether or not that substance can be reduced, re-used, recycled and recovered—

- (a) that is surplus, unwanted, rejected, discarded, abandoned or disposed of;
- (b) which the generator has no further use of for the purposes of production;
- (c) that must be treated or disposed of; or
- (d) that is identified as a waste in terms of the Waste Act by the Minister of Environmental Affairs by notice in the *Gazette*:

**"Waste Act"** means the National Environmental Management: Waste Act, 2008 (Act No. 59 of 2008), as amended;

"waste disposal facility" means any site or premises used for the accumulation of waste with the purpose of disposing of that waste at the site or premises;

"waste handling facility" means any facility on or in which waste is accepted, accumulated, handled, sorted, prior to its transfer for treatment, recycling, processing and disposal;

"waste management activity" has the same meaning assigned to it in section 1 of the Waste Act;

"waste management licence" has the same meaning assigned to it in section 1 of the Waste Act;

"Waste management officer" means a person in the administration of the Council designated in writing to be responsible for co-ordinating matters pertaining to waste management in the Council in accordance with section 10(3) of the National Environmental Management: Waste Act,2008 (Act 59 of 2008),as amended.

"waste management services" means waste collection, treatment, recycling and disposal services;

"waste stream" means any type of waste, including domestic waste; general business waste, commercial business waste; and recyclable waste;

"waste treatment facility" means any site that is used to accumulate waste for the purposes of storage, recovery, treatment, reprocessing, or recycling of waste, excluding storage by a generator of waste prior to collection;

"workplace" means any place within the Council's

jurisdiction on or in which or in connection with which, a person undertakes a municipal service or a commercial service.

- (2) If any provision in these By-laws vests or imposes any power, function or duty of the Council in or on an employee of the Council and such power, function or duty has in terms of section 81(2) of the Systems Act, or any other law, been assigned to a service provider, the reference in such provision to such employee must be read as a reference to the service provider or, where applicable, an employee of the service provider authorised by it.
- (3) Any reference to any local, provincial or national legislation, or any regulation is a reference to that local, provincial or national legislation, or regulation as amended or re-enacted, from time to time.

#### 2. Principles

- (1) The Council has the responsibility to ensure that all waste generated within its jurisdiction is—
  - (a) collected, transported, treated, disposed of or recycled in accordance with these By-laws; and
  - (b) that such collection, transportation, treatment, disposal or recycling takes account of the waste management hierarchy set out in subsection (2).
- (2) The underlying principle of these By-laws is to establish a waste management hierarchy in the following order of priority:
  - (a) waste avoidance, waste minimisation and waste reduction;
  - (b) re-use;
  - (c) recycling, reprocessing and treatment; and
  - (d) disposal.
- (3) Any authorised official must, as far as reasonably possible, take into account the hierarchy specified in subsection (2).

#### 3. Main objects

- (1) The main objects of these By-laws are to-
  - (a) ensure that waste is avoided, or where it cannot altogether be avoided, minimized, reused, recycled, recovered and disposed of in an environmentally sound manner;
  - (b) promote sustainable development and environmental justice through fair and reasonable measures for the management of waste within the Council's jurisdiction;
  - (c) regulate the storage, disposal, treatment and recycling of waste within the Council's jurisdiction;
  - (d) ensure that all municipal residents and businesses in the Council's jurisdiction participate in the promotion of responsible citizenship by ensuring sound waste management practices within residential and industrial environments.
  - (e) Prohibit dumping and impose appropriate penalties on dumping and other offences
- (2) In pursuing the main objects of these By-laws, the Council may in appropriate circumstances require any generator or holder of waste to take reasonable measures to ensure that the objects in subsection (1) are given effect to.
- (3) The measures referred to in subsection (2) which the Council may require a generator or holder of waste to take include:
  - (a) providing information to the Council for the purpose of facilitating effective waste management within its jurisdiction;
  - (b) presenting proof to the Council that any activity which is required to be licensed or authorized in terms of any national or provincial law or these By-laws is so authorised; and
  - (c) investigating, assessing and evaluating the

impact that any activity, process or situation within the Council's jurisdiction has on the environment and presenting the findings to the Council.

- (4) Further in pursuance of the main objects of these Bylaws, the Council shall, within its financial and administrative capacity-
  - (a) Endeavour to ensure local community involvement in local waste planning;
  - (b) Minimise consumption of natural resources;
  - (c) Promote recycling and re-use of waste;
  - (d) Encourage waste separation to facilitate re-use and recycling;
  - (e) Endeavour to ensure compliance with these Bylaws.

#### 4. Obligations of generators or holders of waste

- (1) A generator or holder of waste generated by his or her activities or activities of those persons working under his or her direction must:
  - (a) manage such waste so that it does not endanger health or the environment or create a nuisance; and
  - (b) maintain suitable cleanliness and hygiene standards on their premises as required by applicable policies, By-laws and legislations.
  - (c) separate waste with the aim of minimising waste and its impacts on the environment and to store the recyclable waste separately from non-recyclable waste provided that industrial waste must be separated into liquids, components and materials that can be treated for recycling or re-use;
  - (d) re-use, recycle and recover waste where possible;
  - (e) dispose of recyclable waste by-

(iii)delivering waste to a licensed waste disposal facility and ensure that waste is treated or disposed in an environmentally sensitive manner at a licensed waste disposal facility;

- (2) Any business or agent disposing of waste on behalf of such business shall provide a report of the waste disposed of to the waste management officer in a format as determined by the Council from time to time.
- (3) The owner or waste generator generating industrial waste must contract with an accredited service provider for the collection and disposal of such waste to a licensed waste disposal facility.
- (4) The owner must on demand prove to the waste management officer that he or she entered into a suitable agreement with an accredited service provider for the collection, processing, treatment or disposal of industrial waste at least once per week or as determined by the waste management officer.

#### 5. Provision of information to the Council

The Council may, by notice published in the Provincial *Gazette* or in writing to any specific holder or generator of waste or any other person who undertakes a waste management activity within the Council's jurisdiction, require the relevant persons to provide information in the prescribed form and within the prescribed period or at the prescribed intervals to the Council to enable it to:

- (a) facilitate effective waste management within its jurisdiction;
- (b) assess waste minimisation within the Council's jurisdiction;
- (c) prepare its integrated waste management plan;
- (d) fulfil the Council's internal and external waste management reporting requirements;
- (e) furnish information as required by the Waste Act to the provincial or national government;
- (f) identify specific data collection methods and

- equipment to be used for purposes of collecting waste management information; and
- (g) for such other purpose as the Council may specify.

### CHAPTER 2 INTEGRATED WASTE MANAGEMENT

#### 6. Designation of waste management officer

- (1) The Council must designate in writing a waste management officer from its administration to be responsible for co-ordinating matters pertaining to waste management in the area of jurisdiction of the Council.
- (2) A power or duty delegated in terms of sub-section (1) may be delegated or further assigned by that officer to another official of the Council, subject to such limitations or conditions as determined by the Council.
- (3) A waste management officer must coordinate his or her activities with other waste management activities in a manner as set out in the national waste management strategy established in terms of section 6 of the Waste Act or determined by the Minister by notice in the gazette, and any applicable provincial waste management strategy.

## 7. Preparation and reporting on the implementation of integrated waste management plan by Council.

- (1) The Council shall-
  - a. establish, review and revise its integrated waste management plan in accordance with the prescripts of national legislation;
  - b. annually report on the implementation of its integrated waste management plan; and

 c. follow prescribed processes of community consultation in terms of subsections (1)(a) and (b);

### 8. Contents of integrated waste management plans of the Council.

- (1) An integrated waste management plan of the Council must at least-
  - (a) contain a situation analysis that includes-
    - (i) a description of the population and development profiles of the area to which the plan relates;
    - (ii) an assessment of the quantities and types of waste that are generated in the area:
    - (iii) a description of the services that are provided, or that are available, for collection, minimisation, re-use, recycling and recovery, treatment and disposal of waste;
    - (iv) the number of persons in the area who are not receiving waste collection services:
  - (b) within the domain of the Council, set out how the Council intends-
    - (i) to give effect, in respect of waste management, to Chapter 3 of the National Environmental Management Act 1998, as amended;
    - (ii) to give effect to the Waste Act;
    - (iii) to identify and address the negative impact of poor waste management practices on health and environment;
    - (iv) to provide for the implementation of waste minimisation, recycling and recovery targets and initiatives;
    - (v) to implement the obligations of the Republic of South Africa in respect of any relevant international agreements;
    - (vi) to give effect to the best environmental practice in respect of waste management
  - (c) set out the priorities and objectives of the Council in respect of waste management;
  - (d) set out the approach of the Council to the

- planning of any new facilities for disposal and decommissioning of existing waste disposal facilities:
- (e) indicate the financial resources that are required to give effect to the plan;
- (f) describe how the Council intends to give effect to its integrated waste management plan; and
- (g) comply with the requirements prescribed by the Minister responsible for Environmental Affairs

#### 9 Annual progress reporting by Council

- (1) The annual performance report prepared in terms of section 46 of the Municipal Systems Act must contain information on the implementation of the integrated waste management plan including information on-
  - (a) the extent to which the plan has been implemented during the period;
  - (b) the waste management initiatives that have been undertaken during the reporting period;
  - (c) measures taken to ensure compliance with the waste management standards;
  - (d) the waste management monitoring activities;
  - (e) the actual budget expended on implementing the plan;
  - (f) the measures that have been taken to make the necessary amendments to the plan; and
  - (g) any other requirements as may be prescribed by the Minister of Environmental Affairs

# 10. Preparation and reporting on the implementation of integrated waste management plans by certain generators or holders of waste

- (1) In addition to any other provisions in the By-laws regarding the preparation of integrated waste management plans, the Council may, by notice published in the Provincial Gazette, require present or future generators or holders of specified waste streams to prepare integrated waste management plans.
- (2) A notice referred to in subsection (1) shall specify the prescribed form required for the integrated waste management plan and submission date for it.

(3) Any person who is required by the Council to prepare an integrated waste management plan may be required to review and update the plan and to submit an amended plan at intervals specified by the Council.

### 11. Contents of integrated waste management plans by certain generators or holders of waste.

- (1) Any integrated waste management plan, required in terms of these By-laws, must include at least—
  - (a) an assessment of the quantity and type of waste that is or will be generated;
  - (b) a description of the waste management services the generator will require;
  - (c) the full details of the site/s or area/s where waste will be generated, stored, treated or disposed of;
  - (d) a description of how the generator of the waste separates or intends to separate recyclable and non-recyclable material;
  - (e) the waste minimisation and pollution prevention practices and plans of such waste generator;
  - (f) the methods of disposal or treating such waste:
  - (g) a reporting plan on the implementation of the integrated waste management plan;
  - (h) details of the person responsible for the implementation of the integrated waste management plan; and
  - (i) any further information that the Council may in writing require.
- (2) The Council shall require a holder of waste involved in the waste management activity listed in terms of section 19 of the NEM: Waste Act, as amended, to submit its integrated waste management plan within a specified time and thereafter at intervals coinciding with the requirements of national and provincial legislation or standards.
- (3) The Council may require from any other holder of waste, excluding domestic waste, to submit within a reasonable time and thereafter at intervals determined by the Council an integrated waste management plan containing such information as the Council deems necessary or, if applicable, a copy of

- its industry waste management plan as required by national legislation.
- (4) If an integrated waste management plan as referred to in subsections (2) or (3) is in any way changed or amended, the holder must submit such changed or amended plan within thirty (30) days of the amendment or change.
- (5) The Council may, on notice, instruct any waste generator to supply a new or amended integrated waste management plan in order to comply with this By-law and any other legislation.
- (6) When instructed to submit an integrated waste management plan or a new or amended integrated waste management plan in terms of terms of this Bylaw, a waste generator shall do so within the time stipulated in the instruction.
- (7) The Council must consider the waste management plan and-
  - (a) Approve it subject to any conditions;
  - (b) Request that additional information be furnished within a specified time frame;
  - (c) Require amendments to be made within a time frame so specified; or
  - (d) Reject the plan and provide reasons therefor.
- (8) If an integrated waste management plan is rejected or not submitted at all, the Council shall give directives as to what waste management measures must be taken by the owner or waste generator and should the waste generator fail to take such measures within the time frame specified by the Council, the Council may implement such measures and the owner or waste generator will be liable for the cost thereof.
- (9) The Council may by written notice require any person to provide such information as he or she requires when considering an integrated waste management plan.

#### 12 Waste information system

- (1) The Council shall establish and maintain a waste information system including information on the levels and extent of the waste management services provided by it and enter such information in the waste information system as and when required
- (2) The objective of the waste information system is to-
  - (a) Store, verify, evaluate and provide data and information for the protection of the environment and the management of waste;
  - (b) Provide information for the development and implementation of the integrated waste management plan; and
  - (c) Provide information to other organs of state and the public-
    - (i) for education, awareness raising, research and development purposes;
    - (ii) for planning, including prioritisation of regulatory minimisation and other initiatives;
    - (iii) for obligations to report in terms of any legislation;
    - (iv) for public safety management;
    - (v) on the status of the generation, collection, reduction, re-use, recycling, recovery, transportation, treatment and disposal of waste; and
    - (vi) the impact of waste on health and the environment.

#### **CHAPTER 3**

#### HANDLING OF DIFFERENT WASTE TYPES

Part 1: Event waste

#### 13. Use of accredited service provider

A venue owner or organiser of an event is required to contract with an accredited service provider for the provision of waste management services to the event.

# 14. Obligation to prepare an event waste management plan and the minimum content of the plan

- (1) The venue owner or the organiser of any event held within the Council's jurisdiction must submit an event waste management plan to the Council or authorised official.
- (2) An event waste management plan for a particular event should be submitted for approval to the Council or authorised official at least 30 days prior to the proposed event. The Council may grant exemption depending on the size, nature and duration of the event;
- (3) It is an offence to host or organise an event without an approved event waste management plan but if no comments are received on the event waste management plan within 30 of days from the date of submission to the Council then the event waste management plan shall be deemed to be approved.

#### 15. Refundable deposit

- (1) The venue owner or organiser of an event may be required to pay a refundable deposit of an amount determined by the Council or authorised official, in terms of a formula that will be set from time to time, and which amount would be sufficient to cover the costs of cleaning-up after the event and disposing of all waste generated by the event.
- (2) Where a deposit is paid, it shall be refunded by the Council to the venue owner or organizer upon the provision of proof of full compliance with the approved event waste management plan, including proof of the use of accredited service providers for

- carrying out the collection and disposal of all event waste.
- (3) It is an offence to host or organise an event without paying the refundable deposit, where this is required.

#### 16. Recovery of clean-up costs

- (1) If inadequate steps are taken after an event to manage waste generated by the event and to clean up all waste generated during the event—
  - (a) the venue owner or organiser is liable for the full cost of the cost of the collection, clean-up, recycling and disposal of the waste generated by the event.
  - (b) the Council may take such steps as may be necessary to manage the waste generated by the event including arranging for the collection, clean-up, recycling and disposal of the waste generated by the event.
  - (c) Any costs which the Council may incur pursuant to (b) above may in the first place be recovered from the deposit paid by the venue owner or organiser and thereafter the Council may recover these costs from the venue owner or organiser through other legal measures at its disposal.

Part 2<u>:</u> Building waste – New and demolished buildings

#### 17. Generation and management of building waste

All generators of building waste must ensure that—

- (a) no additions or alteration of any structure should be done without making provision for waste that will be generated from the site;
- (b) recyclable and non-recyclable waste is separated;
- (c) non-recyclable waste is treated or disposed of in an environmentally sound manner;
- (d) until disposal, all building waste, together with the containers used for the storage, collection or disposal thereof, is kept on the premises on

which the waste was generated;

- the premises on which the building waste is generated, do not become unsightly and no nuisance is caused by accumulated building waste;
- (f) any building waste which is blown off or washed away from the premises is promptly retrieved:
- (g) any structure necessary to contain the building waste is constructed; and
- (h) any instruction from the Council regarding the management and storage of building waste, including any structures to be constructed is adhered to.

#### 18. Storage of building waste

- (1) No person may place building waste on a pavement or sidewalk unless such waste is placed in a skip.
- (2) The prohibition in subsection (1) does not apply to the storage of building material which one will utilise in the construction of the building.
- (3) Every receptacle used for the storage and removal of building waste must—
  - (a) have clearly marked on it the name, address and telephone number of the person in control of that receptacle:
  - (b) be fitted with reflecting chevrons or reflectors which must completely outline the front and the back thereof; and
  - (c) be properly closed at all times other than when actually receiving, or being emptied of waste so that no displacement of its contents can occur.
  - (4) An owner or occupier or any person responsible for the new development must submit to the Council an integrated waste management plan including such information as Council requires prior to the start of the development and also during the development, if so requested by the Council.

#### 19. Collection and disposal of building waste

- (1) All building waste must be disposed of at an appropriately licensed waste disposal facility, unless—
  - (a) the Council has given written consent for the building waste to be used for the purpose of land reclamation and all other authorisations required for this have been obtained; or
  - (b) the building waste will be re-used or recycled by an accredited service provider; or
  - (d) the building waste will be treated at a licensed waste treatment facility.
- (2) Any consent given in terms of subsection (2)(a) must be subject to such conditions as the Council may deem necessary: Provided that in giving or refusing its consent or in laying down conditions, the Council must have regard to-
  - (a) the safety of the public;
  - (b) the sustainability of the area including the drainage thereof;
  - (c) the expected manner and times of depositing the waste at the site;
  - (d) the levelling of the site;
  - (e) the control of dust; and
  - (f) any other relevant factors
- (3) Every waste generator, building contractor or waste removal contractor is obliged, when depositing waste at a waste disposal site, to obtain and retain for a period of 12 months a weigh bill from the authorised official at the waste disposal site confirming the nature and weight of building waste collected.
- (4) It shall be presumed, until the contrary has been proven, that building waste has been disposed contrary to the provisions of this section if the waste generator, building contractor or waste removal

- contractor is unable to produce a weigh bridge certificate or certificates confirming that the building waste was disposed of at an approved waste disposal site;
- (5) Any person who directly or indirectly generates building waste or the owner of the property on which such waste is generated shall not store such waste in containers provided by the Council for residential waste and shall remove and dispose of it at a licensed crushing plant or landfill site or any other licensed building waste disposal facility.
- (5) Contaminated building or other waste where the contamination agent is hazardous or dangerous must be deposited at a licensed waste disposal facility for the treatment and disposal of hazardous waste.
- (6) The owner of the facility where the building rubble is disposed of shall provide a monthly report to the waste management officer of the mass of such waste deposited at such facility.

#### Part 3: Hazardous and health care risk waste

#### 20. Generation of hazardous or health care risk waste

- (1) Any person who will carries on an activity which will generate hazardous or health care risk waste (other than the generator of minimum quantities of such waste within a household pursuant to the normal operation of a household) must before carrying on that activity:
  - (a) prepare an integrated waste management plan setting out what provision is made for managing, storing, treating, collecting, transporting and disposing of hazardous or health care risk waste generated from such activities;
  - (b) provide proof that all waste management service will be provided by an accredited service provider; and

- (c) provide a copy of a valid public health permit if the activity that will generate hazardous or health care risk waste, if this is a requirement in terms of the by-laws of the Council or if Council so requires.
- (2) The integrated waste management plan referred to in this section should be submitted to the Council or authorised official for approval before the activities which will generate waste identified in subsection (1) are carried out and the plan must include:
  - (a) the information set out in section 11(a) (i);
  - (b) an analysis of the composition of the waste concerned;
  - (c) certification of the analysis of the composition of the waste by an appropriately qualified chemist if required by the Council.
  - (d) the proposed duration of storage of the waste;
  - (e) the manner in which waste will be removed.
  - (f) the identity of the contractor who will remove the waste
  - (g) the date of removal of the waste
  - (h) the quantity of the waste to be removed and
  - (i) the exact place and address where the waste will be disposed of and provide confirmation from the disposal facility that such waste will be accepted for disposal.
- (3) If waste identified in subsection (1) is being generated as a result of activities which commenced prior to the commencement of these By-laws, the generator must prepare an integrated waste management plan and submit it to the Council or authorised official for approval within 180 days of the commencement of these By-laws.
- (4) The integrated waste management plan must be renewed and updated regularly as determined by the Council.
- (5) It is an offence to carry on an activity which generates hazardous or health care risk waste without an approved integrated waste management plan.

#### 21. Storage of hazardous or health care risk waste

(1) Any person carrying on an activity which generates hazardous or health care risk waste, must ensure that

- such waste generated on the premises is kept and stored thereon until it is collected by an accredited service provider from the premises.
- (2) Hazardous or health care risk waste stored on any premises must be stored in such a manner that it does not become a nuisance or cause harm to human health or damage to the environment, and in accordance with the requirements of any applicable legislation relating to buildings.
- (3) Any person who stores hazardous or health care risk waste must at least take steps to ensure that—
  - (a) the containers in which this waste is stored, are intact and not corroded or in any other way rendered unfit for the safe storage of this waste;
  - (b) adequate measures are taken to prevent accidental spillage or leaking;
  - (c) the waste cannot be blown off or washed away;
  - (d) nuisances such as odour, visual impacts and breeding of vectors do not arise;
  - (e) pollution of the environment and harm to health are prevented; and
  - (f) the waste is collected by an accredited service provider within a reasonable time after the generation thereof but at least within 30 days;

## 22. Collection and disposal of hazardous or health care risk waste

- (1) Only an accredited service provider may transport hazardous and health care risk waste and must do so in accordance with the conditions of an accreditation permit issued to him or her under Chapter 6 as well as the requirements of any relevant SANS codes, in respect of the type of vehicle, the markings and manner of construction of such vehicle, procedures for safety and cleanliness, and documentation relating to the source, transportation and disposal of such waste, and subject to the requirements of any other legislation.
- (2) A person accredited to collect and dispose of

hazardous or health care risk waste, must inform the Council at intervals stipulated in the accreditation permit issued under Chapter 6, of each removal of hazardous or health care risk waste, the date of such removal, the quantity of the waste removed, the composition of the waste removed and the waste disposal facility at which the waste has been disposed of.

(3) Any person carrying on an activity which generates hazardous or health care risk waste must ensure that such waste is disposed of or treated at an appropriately licensed waste disposal facility or waste treatment facility.

#### Part 4: Garden Waste

#### 23. Composting

The owner or occupier of premises on which garden waste is generated may compost garden waste on the premises, provided that such composting does not cause a nuisance nor has a detrimental impact on human and environmental health and adheres to any relevant legal requirements including obtaining any authorisations from a competent authority should such be required.

#### 24. Removal and disposal of garden waste

- (1) Where the owner of the premises on which garden waste is generated must remove and dispose of it within seven days or a reasonable time prescribed by the Council after the generation of the waste at a waste handling and/or waste disposal facility determined by the Council.
- (2) The waste generator or the owner may be called upon by the waste management officer or authorised official to produce a weighbridge ticket as proof of proper disposal of garden waste over a certain mass, as determined by the Council in terms of its guidelines and conditions imposed from time to time.

#### Part 5: Bulky waste

#### 25. Removal and disposal

The owner or occupier of premises on which bulky waste is generated must ensure that such waste removed or disposed of in terms of this By-law within fourteen days after generation thereof at a waste handling facility determined by the Council unless Council determines otherwise.

#### Part 6: Industrial waste and special waste

#### 26. Storage

- (1) The owner or occupier of premises on which industrial or special waste is generated must ensure that until such time as the waste is collected by an accredited service provider from the premises on which it is generated or removed-
  - (a) the waste is stored in accordance with applicable legislation, national standards and the latest edition of SANS Code of Practice in approved containers which are not kept in a public place; and
  - (b) no nuisance, health risk or environmental damage is caused by the waste in the course of its generation or storage.

#### 27. Collection and disposal

- (1) Only an accredited service provider may collect industrial or special waste from premises where it is stored, transport and dispose it at a waste disposal facility designated by the Council to receive such waste.
- (2) An accredited service provider must, collect, transport and dispose of the waste referred to in subsection (1) in accordance with its accreditation terms and conditions and subject to the requirements of any applicable legislation, national standards and the latest edition of the relevant SANS Code of Practice, as amended.
- (3) A waste generator generating industrial waste shall submit an integrated waste management plan to the Council.

# Part 7: Tyres, disused vehicles or machinery and scrap metal

#### 28. Storage and disposal

- (1) No owner or occupier of premises with an operational area in excess of the statutory determined limit may temporarily accumulate, store or stockpile waste tyres, disused, scrapped, dismantled or recovered vehicles or machinery or scrap metal unless the waste management activity is managed in accordance with the national standards or licensed in terms of national legislation, whichever is applicable.
- (2) Waste tyres, disuse, scrapped or dismantled vehicles or machinery and scrap metal are not accepted at the Council's own waste handling or waste disposal facilities and any person having to dispose of any of these materials must dispose thereof at a waste disposal facility as directed by the Council and in terms of the conditions as determined for such waste disposal facility.
- (3) The Council may enter the premises of any person involved in the storage and stockpiling of waste tyres, disused vehicles or machinery or scrap metal and request proof of any plans including its integrated waste management plan, licences or other applicable documents to verify compliance with applicable legislation.

Part 8: Recyclable waste

#### 29. Storage, collection and disposal

- (1) No owner or occupier of premises or any other person may temporarily accumulate, sort, store or stockpile recyclable waste on any premises within the area of jurisdiction of the Council unless acting in accordance with subsection (2).
- (2) An owner or occupier of premises or any other person must prior to commencing an activity involving the reuse, reclamation or recycling of waste, comply with national and provincial legislation and standards and the latest edition of the relevant SANS Code of Practice for such activity and provide the Council with

- a copy of his or her integrated waste management plan and such other information as the Council may require.
- (3) Only an accredited service provider may collect recyclable waste from the premises where it is generated and/or separated from other waste and transport and dispose of it at a waste handling facility designated by the Council to receive such waste.

Part 9: Agricultural and farm waste

#### 30. Disposal

- (1) An owner or occupier of farm or farm land may subject to subsection (2) and (3) use on-site disposal of waste but the burning of waste is strictly prohibited.
- (2) An owner or occupier of farm land may not dispose of any quantity of hazardous waste, which may be present in agricultural waste to the land unless in possession of the applicable waste management license in terms of national legislation, and if applicable, provincial legislation.
- (3) The general agricultural and farm waste generated on a farm unit, being disposed of by the owner or occupier may not exceed the allowable volume of such waste for disposal in terms of statutory provisions, unless authorised thereto by a waste management authorisation.
- (4) An authorised official of the Council may request an owner or occupier of land who he/she suspects is disposing hazardous waste and/or general waste exceeding the quantity allowed for disposal to provide proof of the licences referred to in subsections (2) and/or (3) and, irrespective of the composition and/or quantity of the waste disposed of to land by the owner or occupier, the Council may request the owner or occupier to submit an integrated waste management plan to the Council within a time frame determined by the Council.
- (5) An owner or occupier of farm land may dispose of domestic waste excluding hazardous and health care waste at waste handling or waste disposal facilities as directed by the Council.

#### **CHAPTER 4**

#### WASTE MINIMISATION AND RECYCLING

- 31. Reduction, re-use, recycling and recovery of waste should result in less environmental harm than disposing of waste
  - (1) All generators and holders of waste must within their power, take all reasonable steps to-
    - (a) avoid the generation of waste and where such generation cannot be avoided, to minimise the toxicity and amount of waste that are generated;
    - (b) reduce, re-use, recycle and recover waste;
    - (c) where waste must be disposed of, ensure that is treated and disposed of in an environmentally sound manner;
    - (d) manage the waste in such a manner that it does not endanger health and the environment or cause a nuisance through noise, odour or visual impacts;
    - (e) prevent any employee or person under his or her supervision from contravening the Waste Act: and
    - (f) prevent waste from being used for any unauthorised purpose.
  - (2) The measures contemplated in this section include to-
    - (a) investigate, assess and evaluate the impact of the waste in question on health or the environment;
    - (b) cease, modify or control any act or process causing the pollution or environmental degradation;
    - (c) comply with any norm or standard or prescribed management practice;
    - (d) eliminate any source of pollution or environmental degradation; and
    - (e) remedy the effects of pollution or environmental degradation.
  - (3) Any person who is undertaking reduction, re-use, recycling or recovery of waste including scrap dealers, waste treatment facilities and formalised recycling groups must, before undertaking that activity, make sure that the activity is less harmful to the environment than the disposal of such waste.

# 32. Registering with the Council and compliance with national and provincial laws

- (1) Re-use, recycling or recovery of waste must be undertaken in a manner which complies with the Waste Act and any other applicable law.
- (2) No person may undertake to collect, transport, sort, store, re-use, recycle or recover waste with the intention of making profit including scrap dealers, waste treatment facilities and formalised recycling groups unless the person is accredited in terms of Chapter 6 of these By-laws.
- (3) Subsection (2) does not apply to transportation or collection of own recyclable waste; persons engaged in fundraising ventures or bona fide nongovernmental organisations if the collection, transportation, sorting, storing, re-using or recycling of waste is not for profit.

# 33. Obligation to separate waste into recyclables and non-recyclables

- (1) The Council may prescribe by a notice published in the Provincial Gazette that, from a prescribed date, areas, specified generators or holders of particular categories of waste must for the purpose of recycling, separate those categories of waste and must, store, dispose of or treat the separated waste in the manner prescribed in the notice.
- (2) Failure to comply with a notice published pursuant to subsection (1) is an offence.

# 34. Storage, collection, treatment, transportation and disposal of recyclable waste

- (1) The owner or occupier of premises on which recyclable waste is generated and separately stored, must ensure that—
  - (a) until such time as such waste is collected by an accredited service provider from the premises on which it was generated or stored, the waste is placed in an approved waste receptacle, and in a secure location;
  - (b) the approved waste receptacle in which the waste is stored, is not kept in a public place except when so required for collection;

- (c) the approved waste receptacle placed for collection is not damaged and is properly closed so as to prevent the dispersal of its contents;
- (d) every approved waste receptacle on the premises is kept closed, save when waste is being deposited in it or discharged from it, and every approved receptacle is kept in a clean and hygienic condition;
- (e) nuisances such as odour, visual impacts and breeding of vectors do not arise; and
- (f) the waste is collected by an accredited service provider within a reasonable time after the generation thereof, but at least once per month.
- (g) the waste cannot be blown away;
- (h) any waste items or substances are safe for handling, collection or disposal and are not harmful to persons when accessed by unauthorized persons or members of the public;
- (2) An accredited service provider must handle, treat or dispose of recyclable waste at a permitted waste handling, treatment or disposal facility.

#### **CHAPTER 5**

## TRANSPORTATION, TREATMENT AND DISPOSAL OF WASTE

#### 35. Transportation of waste

- (1) No person may—
  - (a) operate a vehicle for the conveyance of waste upon a public road unless the vehicle has a body of adequate size and construction for the type of waste being transported;
  - (b) fail to maintain a vehicle used for the conveyance of waste in a clean, sanitary and roadworthy condition at all times;
  - (c) fail to cover loose waste on an open vehicle with a tarpaulin or suitable net;
  - (d) cause or permit any waste being transported in or through the Council's jurisdiction to

become detached, leak or fall from a vehicle transporting it, except at a waste disposal facility; or

- (e) transport waste in a manner that would cause nuisance or environmental pollution.
- (2) Subject to the provisions of subsection (1), all transportation of waste must comply with the National Road Traffic Act, 1996 (Act No. 93 of 1996) as amended.
- (3) Any person engaged in the transportation of waste must take all reasonable measures to prevent any spillage of waste or littering from a vehicle used to transport waste, and where waste is spilled, immediately clean-up the spilled waste.

#### 36. Disposal of waste

(1)

- (a) Waste generated in the Council's jurisdiction must be disposed of at a waste disposal facility licensed to accept such waste or recycled or treated at a licensed or permitted waste treatment facility.
- (b) In disposing of waste, an accredited service provider must comply with these By-laws and with the provisions of any other law regulating the disposal of waste.
- (2) No person may burn waste either in a public or private place, for the purpose of disposing of that waste.
- (3) No person may incinerate waste either in a public or private place, except in an incinerator at a place where the relevant national or provincial authorities permit such incineration, or at a place designated by the Council for that purpose.
- (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1), a person may dispose of those forms of recyclable waste specified by the Council in a notice in terms of section 49(2) at a designated organic waste handling facility, but may do so only if all such waste is brought to the facility in a vehicle able to carry a maximum load of one tonne or less.

- (5) Every person who enters a waste disposal facility must—
  - (a) enter a waste disposal facility at an access point determined by the person in charge of the waste disposal facility;
  - (b) at the request of the person in charge of a waste disposal facility, provide the Council or that person with any information regarding the composition of the waste disposed of or to be disposed of; and
  - (c) comply with any instruction by the person in charge of the waste disposal facility in respect of access to the actual place where, and the manner in which, waste must be deposited.

#### (6) No person may—

- (a) bring any liquor or intoxicating or narcotic substance onto a waste disposal facility or enter such facility under the influence of liquor or such substance;
- (b) enter a waste disposal facility for any purpose other than the disposal of waste in terms of these By-laws, unless authorised to do so by the person in charge of the waste disposal facility or the Council and then only at such times and subject to such conditions as the Council or such person may impose;
- (c) dispose of waste at a waste disposal facility where the disposal of the waste concerned is not permitted; or
- (d) light a fire on a waste disposal facility without the prior written consent of the person in charge of that facility.
- (7) Any person who contravenes subsection (6)(c) is liable for all costs reasonably incurred by the Council in removing or otherwise dealing with the waste concerned.
- (8) The person in charge of a waste disposal facility may at any time require a vehicle or a container on a vehicle brought into the waste disposal facility for the purposes of disposing of waste, to be weighed at a

weighbridge.

- (9) The person in charge of a waste disposal facility or an authorised official may, at a waste disposal facility, inspect the content and nature of waste to be disposed of or processed and may take samples and test any waste found on any vehicle to ascertain its composition.
- (10)Any person contravening any preceding provision of this section, may be refused entry or instructed by the person in charge to leave a waste disposal facility and if such person fails or refuses to comply with such instruction, he or she may be removed from such facility by an authorised official.
- (11)No person may store waste in a manner which may cause pollution or a nuisance.

#### **CHAPTER 6**

#### **ACCREDITATION OF SERVICE PROVIDERS**

#### 37. Accreditation permit requirements

- (1) Subject to the provisions of section 45, no person may provide a commercial service, as defined in section 1 of these By-laws, without obtaining an accreditation permit from the Council and obtaining a relevant waste management licence from the national or provincial authorities where one is required.
- (2) An accreditation permit issued under this Chapter—
  - (a) is incapable of cession or assignment without the prior written consent of the Council;
  - (b) is valid only for the service and category of waste specified therein; and
  - (c) is valid for the period set out in the permit.

#### 38. Applications for accreditation

- (1) An application for an accreditation permit to provide a commercial service must be—
  - (a) made in writing on a form prescribed by the Council and accompanied by the documentation specified in that form; and

- (b) accompanied by the prescribed fee.
- (2) The Council must consider each application, having regard to the following:
  - (a) the applicant's compliance, where relevant, with the Waste Act;
  - (b) the applicant's compliance, where relevant, with the National Road Traffic Act, 1996 (Act No. 93 of 1996), and with these By-laws;
  - (c) the environmental, health and safety record of the applicant; and
  - (d) the nature of the commercial service to be provided.
- (3) Before considering an application made in terms of subsection (1), the Council may require the applicant to furnish such information as it may require.
- (4) After considering the application in terms of subsection (2), the Council must either—
  - (a) approve the application by issuing an accreditation permit subject to any condition it may impose pursuant to section 57 of these Bylaws; or
  - (b) reject the application.
- (5) Notwithstanding subsections (2) and (4), an accreditation application by a service provider who holds a waste management licence issued by the national or provincial authorities to undertake or conduct a waste management activity will, upon the applicant providing a copy of a valid waste management licence and any information reasonably required by the Council, be granted.
- (6) If the Council fails to consider and grant or reject an application for an accreditation permit within 60 days of its receipt of the application, it must inform the applicant in writing that the period for consideration is extended and must inform the applicant of the date by which a decision will be made.

# 39. Suspension and revocation of accreditation permit

- (1) An accreditation permit issued under this Chapter may be suspended or revoked by the Council on the grounds that the service provider—
  - (a) is in breach of its waste management licence

- and the national or provincial authorities have suspended or revoked the waste management licence;
- (b) has failed to comply with any provision of these By-laws;
- (c) has failed to comply with any provision of any national or provincial legislation which regulates the collection, transportation or disposal of waste;
- (d) has failed to comply with any accreditation condition contemplated in section 55(4)(a); or
- (e) on any other ground which the Council considers relevant, which is fair and reasonable in the circumstances.
- (2) An accreditation permit may only be suspended or revoked after—
  - (a) the permit holder has been given written notice that the Council is considering the suspension or revocation of the permit; and
  - (b) the permit holder has been given a period of 30 days after service of the notice to make representations to the Council as to why the permit should not be suspended or revoked.

#### (3) The Council must—

- (a) make a decision within 14 days of receipt of the representations contemplated in subsection (2)(b), if any, or within 14 days after the permit holder informed the Council that he or she does not wish to make representations, or if no representations are received, within 14 days of the expiry of the period referred to in subsection (2)(b); and
- (b) inform the permit holder of its decision in writing within seven days of making it.
- (4) Subject to the provisions of the Promotion of Access to Information Act, 2000 (Act No. 2 of 2000), the Council may not disclose any confidential commercial information submitted as part of an accreditation permit application procedure to any person other than a Council official requiring such information to perform his or her functions for the purposes of these By-laws.

#### 40. Terms and conditions for accreditation

- (1) When issuing an accreditation permit under this Chapter, the Council may, subject to the provisions of subsection (2), impose any reasonably necessary condition in furthering the Council's waste management policy.
- (2) An accreditation permit issued under this Chapter must—
  - (a) specify the permit period for which the permit is valid and the procedure for renewing the permit;
  - (b) specify the nature of the commercial service the permit holder may provide;
  - (c) specify every category of waste in respect of which the permit holder may provide a waste management service;
  - (d) contain a requirement that the permit holder must comply with, and ensure compliance by his or her employees, agents and subcontractors, with these By-laws and applicable national and provincial legislation; and
  - (e) require the permit holder to keep monthly written records on a form prescribed by the Council of the quantities of each category of waste stored, collected, transported, treated or processed during the permit period.

#### 41. Renewal of accreditation permits

- (1) An accreditation permit holder who wishes to renew his or her accreditation must at least 90 days prior to the expiry of the existing permit:
  - (a) apply on the prescribed form to renew the permit concerned; and
  - (b) pay the prescribed renewal fee.
- (2) Before considering an application made in terms of subsection (1), the Council may require the applicant to furnish such information as it may require.
- (3) The Council must consider and grant or reject an accreditation permit renewal application within 60 days of the receipt of the application subject to the provisions of section 55(6).
- (4) If the Council fails to consider and grant or reject an accreditation permit renewal application within 60

- days, it must inform the service provider in writing that the period for consideration is extended and must inform the service provider of the date by which a decision will be made.
- (5) An accreditation permit in respect of which an application for renewal has been made in terms of subsection (1), remains valid until a final decision has been made in respect of that renewal application.

#### 42. Display of an accreditation permit

- (1) Upon issuing an accreditation permit under this Chapter, the Council must issue to the applicant a permit sticker for each waste transporting vehicle or each waste treatment facility used for a commercial service.
- (2) The permit stickers must vary in colour for each category of waste and commercial service, as defined in section 1 of these By-laws, provided.
- (3) An accreditation permit holder must affix such permit sticker to each vehicle to be utilised to collect and transport waste and prominently display the permit sticker or permit at all premises utilized for providing the commercial service.

#### 43. Prohibited conduct

- (1) No permit holder may—
  - (a) intentionally or negligently operate in contravention of any condition of the accreditation permit;
  - (b) intentionally or negligently fail or refuse to give information to an authorised official, when required to do so in terms of these By-laws, or give false or misleading information;
  - (c) intentionally or negligently fail to take all reasonable steps to prevent a contravention of these By-laws, by any act or an omission of his or her employee acting in the course and scope of his or her duties, or
  - (d) collect or transport any waste except in a properly constructed, watertight vehicle or in a suitable container that prevents spillage of waste, the suitability of the vehicle to be

dependent on the waste stream, to be collected or transported, as specified in the National Road Traffic Act, 1996 (Act No. 93 of 1996).

- (2) No waste removal contractor may contravene any condition any condition imposed on him or her permit.
- (3) No person must hold himself or herself out to be, or act as, a waste removal contractor if-
  - (a)he or she has not been so authorised; or
  - (b)his or her approval has expired or been withdrawn.
- (4) No person may employ a waste removal contractor who has not been authorised in writing by the Council in terms of this Chapter.

### 44. Exemptions

The Council may, having regard to the main objects of these By-laws contemplated in section 3(1), and its integrated waste management plan, by notice in the Provincial *Gazette*, exempt any type of commercial service from any provision of this Chapter to the extent and subject to the terms specified in such notice.

#### 45. Transitional provisions

- (1) Any person who is at the commencement of these By-laws lawfully providing a commercial service, as defined in section 1 of these By-laws, for which an accreditation permit is required under this Chapter, may continue providing such service provided that within 90 days of such commencement, or such extended period as Council may prescribe, such person makes application for an accreditation permit in terms of section <u>55</u>, failing which such person's right to provide such service lapses.
- (2) If an application is submitted in terms of subsection (1), the applicant may continue to provide the commercial service in respect of which the application has been made until a final decision has been taken in respect of that application.

# CHAPTER 7 ACCUMULATING WASTE, LITTERING, DUMPING AND ABANDONED ARTICLES

# 46. Accumulating waste

- (1) Every owner and occupier of premises must keep those premises clean and free from any waste which is likely to cause a nuisance, harm to human health or damage to the environment.
- (2) If waste accumulates on premises so as to constitute a nuisance, or in such a way that it is likely that nuisance will be created, harm to human health or damage to the environment may be caused, the Council may at the owner's or occupier's cost remove the waste or cause the waste to be removed.
- (3) Where the Council removes such waste, the owner of the premises or occupier shall be liable for the tariff charge of collecting and removing the waste.

#### 47. Prohibition of littering

- (1) No person may—
  - (a) cause litter;
  - (b) sweep any waste into a gutter, onto a road reserve or onto any other public place;
  - (c) disturb anything in, or remove anything from any receptacle which has been placed for the purposes of collecting litter in such a manner as to cause any of the contents of the receptacle to spill from it; or
  - (d) allow any person under his or her control to do any of the acts referred to in paragraph (a), (b) or (c).
- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1), the Council, or the owner in the case of privately owned land to which the public has access, must within a reasonable time after any litter has been discarded, dumped or left behind, remove such litter or cause it to be removed from the premises concerned to prevent the litter from becoming a nuisance.
- (3) The owner of private land to which the public has access must ensure that sufficient containers are

- provided to contain litter which is discarded by the public.
- (4) If the provisions of subsection (1) are contravened, the Council may direct, by way of a written notice to persons responsible that—
  - (a) they cease the contravention, in a specified time; or
  - (b) they prevent a further contravention or the continuation of the contravention;
  - (c) they take whatever measures the Council considers necessary to clean up or remove the waste, and to rehabilitate the affected facets of the environment, to ensure that the waste and any contaminated material which cannot be cleaned or rehabilitated is disposed of lawfully.
- (5) The Council may in respect of the notice contemplated in subsection (4)(c) state that the person must, within a maximum of 5 working days remove the waste or litter, provided the Council may grant a further 2 days, on request of the person, to remove the litter or waste.
- (6) A person who owns land or premises, or who is in control of or has a right to use land or premises, may not use or permit the use of the land or premises for unlawful dumping of waste and must take reasonable steps to prevent the use of the land or premises for that purpose.
- (7) If the Council elects to remove the waste or litter the person concerned shall be liable for the cost of such removal operation.
- (8) In the case of hazardous waste, the Council may immediately act as contemplated in subsections (4) and (6) and immediately thereafter notify the person concerned of their liability to pay the costs of removal, rehabilitation and any other related costs within the stipulated time.

#### 48. Prohibition of dumping and abandoning articles

(1) No person may deposit or permit the depositing of any waste, whether for gain or otherwise, upon any land or in any building of which he or she is the owner or occupier except if such deposit is made in accordance with the provisions of these By-laws.

- (2) Subject to any provision to the contrary contained in these By-laws, no person may leave any article or allow any article under his or her control to be left at a place with the intention of abandoning it.
- (3) No person may dump waste.
- (4) Any person found guilty of dumping shall be liable for a fine or imprisonment as set out in this By-law.
- (5) The Council may take such measures as are necessary to remove and dispose of waste which has been dumped and the person responsible for dumping the waste shall, in addition to any penalties imposed in terms of this By-law, be liable for the Council's costs in removing and disposing of the waste.

# 49. Duty to prevent land or building used for dumping

- (1) The owner or occupier of any land or building must take reasonable measures to prevent such land or building from being used for dumping and to clean up all waste dumped on or at the land or building.
- (2) The measures required in terms of subsection (1) may include:
  - (a) fencing-off the land or building;
  - (b) erecting "no dumping" signs; and
  - (c) security measures to monitor and enforce antidumping measures on the land or building.
- (3) If any land or building is used for dumping and, in the reasonable opinion of the Council, the owner or occupier has failed to take reasonable measures to prevent dumping and to clean-up waste dumped on the property, the Council may direct the owner or occupier to fence-off the land or building and/or to erect notices to prevent further dumping.
- (4) Should the owner or occupier of any land or building, fail to comply, with a directive under subsection (3), the Council or authorised official may take reasonable measures to prevent dumping on the property and may recover its costs of doing so from

the owner or occupier.

(5) Failure to comply with a directive issued in terms of subsection (3) is an offence.

#### 50. Disposal of dumped or abandoned articles

- (1) Any article, other than a motor vehicle deemed to have been abandoned as contemplated in regulation 320 of the National Road Traffic Regulations, 2000, published under the National Road Traffic Act, 1996 (Act No. 93 of 1996), published in Government Notice R225 in Government *Gazette* 20963 of 17 March 2000 which, in the light of such factors as the place where it is found, the period it has been at such place and the nature and condition of such article, is reasonably considered by the Council as having been abandoned, may be removed and, subject to the provisions subsection (3), disposed of by the Council as it deems fit.
- (2) The Council may remove and, subject to the provisions of subsection (3), dispose of any article which is chained or fastened to any pole, parking meter or any other property of the Council as it deems fit.
- (3) If an article contemplated in subsection (1) or (2), is, in the opinion of the Council, of significant financial value, the Council may not dispose it unless it has published a notice in a newspaper circulated in the area where the article was found, describing the article, stating the Council's intention to dispose it and inviting the owner, or person legally entitled thereto, to claim the article within 30 days of the date of publication of the notice and such article may only be disposed of if no valid claim is made during such period.
- (4) The Council may recover any reasonable and necessary expenditure which it has incurred in disposing of an article contemplated in subsection (1) or (2) from the proceeds derived from disposing of the article.

# 51. Dumping: whistle-blowing

(1) The Council may establish mechanisms to assist members of the public to report instances of dumping in contravention of this By-law. (2) Any whistle blowing mechanism established in terms of subsection (1) may, at the discretion of the Council, provide for the reporting of dumping on an anonymous or other basis

### 52. Dumping: naming and shaming

- (1) The Council may publish the name of any person convicted of dumping in contravention of this By-law, along with details of that person's offence.
- (2) The names and details of dumping in contravention of this By-law, as contemplated in subsection (1), may be published-
  - (a) on the Council's website;
  - (b) by posting these details on the Council's notice boards;
  - (c) in the media; or
  - (d) in any other manner deemed appropriate by the Council.

#### **CHAPTER 8**

#### **AUTHORISED OFFICIAL**

#### 53. Identification documents

- (1) An authorised official must, upon appointment, be issued with an identification document by the Council which must state the name and powers and function of that official, and include a photograph of the official.
- (2) An authorised official, exercising his powers or performing his functions and duties for the purposes of these By-laws, must present an identification document issued in terms of subsection (1) on demand by a member of the local community.

#### 54. Powers of authorised officials

- (1) In addition to the powers, functions and duties an authorised official has by virtue of his appointment as such, an authorised official may, with the consent of the owner or person in charge of a vehicle or other mode of conveyance, search that vehicle or other mode of conveyance found in any place.
- (2) If consent is not obtained in terms of subsection (1),

- a vehicle or other mode of conveyance may be searched or stopped and searched, only pursuant to a valid written authorisation issued by a justice of the peace as contemplated in sections 3 and 4 of the Justices of the Peace and Commissioners of Oaths Act, 1963 (Act No. 16 of 1963), as amended.
- (3) If, in the opinion of an authorised official, any search of a vehicle or other mode of conveyance in terms of subsection (1) or (2), gives rise to the reasonable apprehension that the presence of waste in or on such vehicle or other mode of conveyance is a serious and immediate danger to human health or to the environment, the authorised official must instruct the owner or person in control of the vehicle concerned in writing to take the steps specified in that instruction which, in the opinion of such official or officer, are necessary to mitigate harm to human health or damage to the environment.
- (a) In the event of a refusal or failure to comply with an instruction given in terms of paragraph (a), the authorised official may report the matter to the South African Police Services with a view to seizure of the vehicle concerned in terms of the Criminal Procedure Act, 1977 (Act No. 51 of 1977) as amended.
- (4) An authorised official may subject to Section 101 of the Systems Act, enter any premises if a justice of the peace as contemplated in Section 3 and 4 of the Justices of the Peace and Commissioners of Oaths Act, 1963 (Act No. 16 of 1963) as amended, has issued a written authorization to enter premises, for the purposes of ascertaining compliance with—
  - (a) these By-laws; or
  - (b) a term or condition of an accreditation permit, issued in terms of Chapter 8 of these By-laws.
- (5) The authorised official with a written authorisation referred to in subsection (4) is allowed to:
  - (a) inspect any document that a person is required to maintain in terms of any law or that may be relevant to any work or inspection;
  - (b) copy any document referred to in paragraph(a) or if necessary, remove the document in order to copy it;

- (c) take samples of any substance that is relevant to the work or inspection; and
- (d) take photos or make audio-visual recordings of anything or any person, process, action or condition on or regarding any premises.

# 55. Powers to question

- (1) For the purposes of administering, implementing and enforcing the provisions of these By-laws, an authorised official may, require a permit holder or any other person to disclose information, either orally or in writing, and either alone or in the presence of a witness, on any matter to which these By-laws relate and require that the disclosure be made on oath or affirmation.
- (2) An authorised official may for the purposes of subsection (1) be accompanied by an interpreter and any other person reasonably required to assist that official or officer.

### 56. Observance of human rights

The exercise by an authorised official of any powers under these By-laws should be undertaken with strict regard to decency; orderliness; and each person's human rights including the right to dignity, freedom, security and privacy.

#### 57. Supervision of holders of accreditation permits

- (1) An authorised official may, inspect every workplace of an accreditation permit holder at least twice a year.
- (2) An accreditation permit holder must allow an authorised official access for the purposes of an inspection in terms of subsection (1).
- (3) If an authorised officer is, after an inspection in terms of subsection (1), of the opinion that an accreditation permit holder is complying with these By-laws, he or she must, subject to the provisions of subsection (4), issue an accreditation permit holder with a certificate confirming such compliance, in which it must be stated—
  - (a) the name and residential and postal address of the accreditation permit holder;

- (b) the address of the premises inspected;
- (c) the time, date and scope of the inspection; and
- (d) any remarks which, in the opinion of an authorised official, may be relevant.
- (4) If an accreditation permit holder fails to obtain a certificate confirming compliance at three consecutive inspections, an authorised official may recommend that the Council review the accreditation permit concerned and, should there be reasonable grounds, the Council may suspend or revoke the accreditation permit in terms of section 56.
- (5) An authorised official must keep a register recording each inspection which he or she has undertaken, in terms of subsection (1).

# 58. Compliance notices

- (1) If, in the opinion of an authorised official, a person is contravening any provision of these By-laws, that official may in writing issue a compliance notice and serve it on the person concerned.
- (2) An authorised official who is satisfied that the person served with the compliance notice has complied with the terms of the notice may issue a compliance certificate to that effect.
- (3) A compliance notice remains in force until an authorised official has issued a compliance certificate in respect of that notice or an order envisaged in section 77(4) is made.
- (4) A compliance notice must set out:
  - (a) the provision that has not been complied with;
  - (b) details of the nature and extent of noncompliance;
  - (c) any steps that are required to be taken and the period within which those steps must be taken; and
  - (d) any penalty that may be imposed in terms of these By-laws in the event of non-compliance

with these steps.

## 59. Representations

- (1) Any person on whom a compliance notice as contemplated in section 76(1) or a directive contemplated in section 67(3) was served, may make representations to the Council, by submitting a sworn statement or affirmation to the Council, within a period set out in the notice/directive or within 21 days of the service of the compliance notice or the directive.
- (2) Representations not lodged within a period set out in the notice/directive or 21 days of the service thereof must not be considered, except if the person concerned has shown good cause for condonation and the Council condones the late lodging of the representations.
- (3) (a) The Council must consider the representations and any response thereto by an authorised official, or any other person, if any, and may conduct any further investigation to verify the relevant facts.
  - (b) If the Council conducts a further investigation, the results of such investigation must be made available to the person who made the representations, who must be given an opportunity to respond thereto and the Council must consider such response.
- (4). a After the Council, is satisfied that *inter alia* the requirements of subsection (3) have been satisfied, it must make an order in writing and serve a copy of thereof on the person concerned setting out its findings.
  - (b) Such an order may—
    - (i) confirm, alter or set aside in whole or in part, the directive or compliance notice concerned; and
    - (ii) must, if relevant, specify the period within which the person concerned must comply with the order.
- (5) If a person makes representations in terms of subsection (1), any requirement to comply with the directive or compliance notice concerned, is

suspended until an order is made in terms of subsection (4)(b) unless, in the opinion of the Council, an environmental emergency has been caused in which event and without derogation from any right that the person concerned may have or acquire to any relief of whatever nature, the person concerned must immediately comply with such directive or notice on being instructed, orally or in writing, by the Council to do so.

(6) If a person, fails to comply with such an order in terms of subsection (5), the Council may itself cause the environmental emergency to be stopped, reversed or abated and recover any reasonable and necessary expenditure which it has incurred or may incur in taking those steps, from that person.

#### **CHAPTER 9**

#### **MISCELLANEOUS**

#### 60. Ownership

- (1) The person holding a waste management licence for a waste management activity becomes the owner of all waste the person handles. A person who generates waste is the owner thereof until it is collected by an accredited service provider which then becomes the owner thereof.
- (2) A person who abandons any article, is liable for any damage which that article may cause as well as for the cost of removing that article, notwithstanding the fact that such person may no longer be the owner thereof.

#### 61. Serving of documents

A notice, instruction, order or other document which has to be served for the purposes of these By-laws, is regarded to have been properly served or delivered if—

- (a) it has been served on or delivered to the person concerned personally;
- (b) it has been sent by registered post or speed

- post to the person concerned at his or her last known address; and
- (c) it has been served on a person apparently not less than 16 years of age and apparently in charge of the premises at the addressee's last known address.
- (d) if his or her address and agent are unknown, when it has been posted in a conspicuous place on the immovable property, if any, to which it relates.

### 62. Offences and penalties

- (1) Any person, who—
  - (a) contravenes or fails to comply with any provisions of these By-laws;
  - (b) fails to comply with any notice, directive or order issued or condition imposed in terms of or for the purposes of these By-laws;
  - (c) fails to comply with any lawful instruction given in terms or for the purposes of these By-laws; or
  - (d) obstructs or hinders any authorised representative or employee of the Council in the execution of his or her duties under these By-laws,

is guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding R200 000.00 or in default of payment to imprisonment for a period not exceeding five years and in the case of a continuing offence, to a further fine not exceeding R200.00 per day or in default of payment, to imprisonment not exceeding one day for every day that the offence continues after a written notice has been issued by the Council and served on the person concerned requiring the discontinuance of such offence.

(2) The court may in addition to any penalty imposed in terms of subsection (1), order a person to repair the damage, make good the loss, rehabilitate the environment, or determine what measures must be taken by such person and the payment of the expenses incurred in respect thereof or any other

costs or damages.

# 63. Appeals

An appeal against a decision of an official or representative of the Council acting under delegated authority must be submitted, processed and considered in terms of section 62 of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, as amended, read with the National Environmental Management Act 107 of 1998: National Appeal Regulations, as amended.

#### 64. Short title

These By-laws are called the Mopani District Municipality: Waste Management By-laws, 2022.

21-28

# Closing times for ORDINARY WEEKLY 2025

The closing time is **15:00** sharp on the following days:

- > 29 December, Thursday for the issue of Friday 06 January 2023
- > 06 January, Friday for the issue of Friday 13 January 2023
- ➤ 13 January, Friday for the issue of Friday 20 January 2023
- 20 January, Friday for the issue of Friday 27 January 2023
- > 27 January, Friday for the issue of Friday 03 February 2023
- > 03 February, Friday for the issue of Friday 10 February 2023
- ▶ 10 February, Friday for the issue of Friday 17 February 2023
- ➤ 17 February, Friday for the issue of Friday 24 February 2023
- ➤ 24 February, Friday for the issue of Friday 03 March 2023
- 03 March, Friday for the issue of Friday 10 March 2023
- ➤ 10 March, Friday for the issue of Friday 17 March 2023
- ➤ 16 March, Thursday for the issue of Friday 24 March 2023
- 24 March, Friday for the issue of Friday 31 March 2023
- > 31 March, Friday for the issue of Friday 07 April 2023
- ➤ 05 April, Wednesday for the issue of Friday 14 April 2023
- ➤ 14 April, Friday for the issue of Friday 21 April 2023
- > 20 April, Thursday for the issue of Friday 28 April 2023
- > 26 April, Wednesday for the issue of Friday 05 May 2023
- > 05 May, Friday for the issue of Friday 12 May 2023
- ➤ 12 May, Friday for the issue of Friday 19 May 2023
- > 19 May, Friday for the issue of Friday 26 May 2023
- > 26 May, Friday for the issue of Friday 02 June 2023
- ➤ 02 June, Friday for the issue of Friday 09 June 2023
- ➤ 09 June, Friday for the issue of Friday 16 June 2023
- ➤ 15 June, Thursday for the issue of Friday 23 June 2023
- ➤ 23 June, Friday for the issue of Friday 30 June 2023
- 30 June, Friday for the issue of Friday 07 July 2023
   07 July, Friday for the issue of Friday 14 July 2023
- ➤ 14 July, Friday for the issue of Friday 21 July 2023
- 21 July, Friday for the issue of Friday 28 July 2023
- 28 July, Friday for the issue of Friday 04 August 2023
- > 03 August, Thursday for the issue of Friday 11 August 2023
- ➤ 11 August, Friday for the issue of Friday 18 August 2023
- > 18 August, Friday for the issue of Friday 25 August 2023
- > 25 August, Friday for the issue of Friday 01 September 2023
- > 01 September, Friday for the issue of Friday 08 September 2023
- > 08 September, Friday for the issue of Friday 15 September 2023
- 15 September, Friday for the issue of Friday 22 September 2023
   21 September, Thursday for the issue of Friday 29 September 2023
- > 29 September, Friday for the issue of Friday 06 October 2023
- ➤ 06 October, Friday for the issue of Friday 13 October 2023
- ➤ 13 October, Friday for the issue of Friday 20 October 2023
- > 20 October, Friday for the issue of Friday 27 October 2023
- ➤ 27 October, Friday for the issue of Friday 03 November 2023
- ➤ 03 November, Friday for the issue of Friday 10 November 2023
- ➤ 10 November, Friday for the issue of Friday 17 November 2023
- > 17 November, Friday for the issue of Friday 24 November 2023
- 24 November, Friday for the issue of Friday 01 December 2023
   01 December, Friday for the issue of Friday 08 December 2023
- ➤ 08 December, Friday for the issue of Friday 15 December 2023
- Us December, Friday for the issue of Friday 15 December 2023
   15 December, Friday for the issue of Friday 22 December 2023
- ➤ 20 December, Wednesday for the issue of Friday 29 December 2023

Printed by and obtainable from the Government Printer, Bosman Street, Private Bag X85, Pretoria, 0001.

Contact Centre Tel: 012-748 6200. eMail: info.egazette@gpw.gov.za

Publications: Tel: (012) 748 6053, 748 6061, 748 6065

Also available at *The Provincial Administration: Limpopo Province*, Private Bag X9483, Office of the Premier, 26 Bodenstein Street, Polokwane, 0699. Tel. (015) 291-3910