NORTHERN CAPE PROVINCE

PROFENSI YA KAPA-BOKONE

NOORD-KAAP PROVINSIE

IPHONDO LOMNTLA KOLONI

EXTRAORDINARY · BUITENGEWONE

Provincial Gazette Kasete ya Profensi iGazethi YePhondo Provinsiale Koerant

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GENERAL NOTICE

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GENERAL NOTICE

NOTICE 64 OF 2011

NORTHERN CAPE PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT

DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND TOURISM

PUBLICATION FOR PUBLIC COMMENT: PROPOSED NORTHERN CAPE CONSUMER PROTECTION BILL, 2011

The above Bill is hereby published for public comment. Written representations may be made to the Department of Economic Development and Tourism and must be directed to:

Derek Martin Head of Ministry 14th Floor Metlife Building Private Bag X 5054 KIMBERLEY 8300

Fax: 053 832 2672 Tel: 053 830 8404

Email: DMartin@ncpg.gov.za

no later than 31 August 2011.

J Block, MPL

MEC: Finance, Economic Development & Tourism

(Third Draft: 30 May 2011)

BILL

To provide for the establishment of a Provincial Consumer Protection Authority; to provide for the appointment of a Consumer Protector; to provide for the establishment of a Consumer Court for the Province; to provide for the appointment of members and a Registrar for the Consumer Court; to provide for the functioning and administration of the Consumer Court; to repeal the Northern Cape Consumer Affairs (Unfair Business Practices) Act, 1996; and to provide for matters connected therewith.

PREAMBLE

WHEREAS a need exists within the Northern Cape Province to protect the rights of consumers;

AND WHEREAS national legislation provides for concurrent consumer protection functions to be exercised by provincial consumer protection entities,

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Northern Cape Provincial Legislature, as follows:-

ARRANGEMENT OF ACT

5

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Inter	pretatio	n		
1.	(1)	In this Act, any word or expression to which a meaning has been assigned in the Consumer Protection Act, 2008 (Act No. 68 of 2008) has the meaning so assigned to it, and, unless the context otherwise indicates –	20	
		"accounting authority" means the person mentioned in section 49(2)(b) of the Public Finance Management Act;	25	
		"Authority" means the Provincial Consumer Protection Authority established by section 4;		
		"Constitution" means the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996;	30	
		"consumer" means a consumer as defined in section 1 of the Consumer Protection Act;	35	
		"Consumer Protection Act" means the Consumer Protection Act, 2008 (Act No. 68 of 2008);	33	
		"consumer protection entity" means the Authority or the Consumer Court;	40	
		"Consumer Protector" means the Northern Cape Consumer Protector appointed in terms of section 5(1);		
		"Consumer Court" means the Northern Cape Consumer Court established by section 18;	45	

(2)

"Credit Act" means the National Credit Act, 2005 (Act No. 34 of 2005);			
"Department" means the Department responsible for economic development in the Province;	5		
"Deputy Consumer Protector" means the Deputy Consumer Protector appointed in terms of section 5(4);	5		
"functionary of a consumer protection entity" means a member of the Consumer Court, the Registrar, the Consumer Protector or the Deputy Consumer Protector;	10		
"Province" means the Northern Cape Province referred to in section 103(1)(f) of the Constitution, or any part thereof;	15		
"Provincial Gazette", means the Provincial Gazette of the Province;	13		
"Public Finance Management Act" means the Public Finance Management Act, 1999 (Act No. 1 of 1999);	20		
"Registrar" means the Registrar of the Consumer Court appointed in terms of section 27;	20		
"responsible Member" means the Member of the Executive Council responsible for economic development in the Province;			
"supplier" means supplier as defined in section 1 of the Consumer Protection Act;			
"this Act" includes any regulation made under this Act; and	30		
"Tribunal" means the National Consumer Tribunal established by section 26 of the Credit Act.			
In this Act, whenever a provision of the Consumer Protection Act or the Credit Act is to apply, read with the changes required by the context, in such application, unless the context otherwise indicates, a reference in those Acts to –	35		
(a) the "Act" must be construed as a reference to "this Act";	40		
(b) the "Commission" must be construed as a reference to the "Authority";			

			PROVINSIE NOORD-KAAP BUITENGEWONE PROVINSIALE KOERANT, 4 AUGUSTUS 2011	No. 1534	9
		(c)	the "Minister" must be construed as a reference to the "responsible Member"; and		
		(d)	the "Tribunal" must be construed as a reference to the "Consumer Court".	5	
			Part B		
			OBJECTS AND APPLICATION OF ACT	10	
Obje	ects of A	Act		10	
2.	(1)	welfa princ	objects of this Act are to promote and advance the social and economic are of consumers in the Province in accordance with provisions and ciples set out in the Consumer Protection Act, by providing for autions to –	15	
		(a)	investigate;		
		(b)	mediate; or	20	
		(c)	adjudicate,		
		•	alleged infringement of consumers' rights as set out in Chapter 2 of the sumer Protection Act.	25	
	(2)		the purposes of this Act, sections 3 and 4 of the Consumer Protection each read with the changes required by the context, apply.		
App	lication	of Act		30	
3.	Acta		e exemptions set out in section 5 of the Consumer Protection Act, this within the Province to all activities referred to in that section to which lies		
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	ESTA	BLISH	HMENT OF PROVINCIAL CONSUMER PROTECTION AUTHORITY	10	
Esta	blishm	ent of P	Provincial Consumer Protection Authority	45	
4.	(1)		covincial Consumer Protection Authority for the Province is hereby lished.		

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	(3) The responsible Member must appoint a person with suitable experience and at least an university degree in economics, law, commerce, industry of public affairs as Deputy Consumer Protector who—				
		(a)	must assist the Consumer Protector in carrying out the functions of the Authority;	5	
		(b)	must perform the functions of the Authority whenever –		
			(i) the Consumer Protector is unable for any reason to perform the functions of the Authority; or	10	
			(ii) the office of the Consumer Protector is vacant; and		
		(c)	holds office for an agreed term not exceeding five years.	15	
	(4)	Protect	on may be reappointed as Consumer Protector or Deputy Consumer tor respectively on the expiry of an agreed term of office, but may we in either capacity for a total period of more than ten years.	20	
	(5) The Consumer Protector may in writing –				
		(a)	assign management or other duties to the Deputy Consumer Protector or to employees of the Authority with appropriate skills to assist the Consumer Protector in the management or control over the functioning of the Authority; and	25	
		(b)	delegate, with or without conditions, any of the powers or functions of the Authority to the Deputy Consumer Protector or to any suitably qualified employee of the Authority, but any such delegation does not divest the Consumer Protector of responsibility for the exercise of any power or performance of any such function.	30	
			Part B	2.5	
			FUNCTIONING OF THE AUTHORITY	35	
Refer	ral of m	atters to	Consumer Court		
6.	(1)	Consur	to subsections (2) and (4), a matter to be considered by the mer Court in terms of this Act or the Consumer Protection Act may e considered if referred in writing to the Consumer Court by the city.	40	
	(2)	seeks to	on contemplated in section 4(1) of the Consumer Protection Act who of enforce any right in accordance with section 69(c)(ii) of that Act by ag directly to the Consumer Court, may do so only –	45	

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		(a) if a complaint has beforehand been filed with and investigated by the Authority; and	
		(b) the Authority has issued a notice of non-referral to the person.	5
	(3)	Proceedings before the Consumer Court must, subject to subsection (2), be prosecuted by the Authority, which may be represented by an advocate, attorney or any other person appointed in writing by the Consumer Protector.	
	(4)	The provisions of subsections (1), (2) and (3) do not apply to a matter referred to the Consumer Court in terms of sections 140 or 141 of the Credit Act.	10
A	ppointmen	et of inspectors and investigators	15
7.	(1)	The responsible Member –	
		(a) may appoint or designate any suitable employee of the Authority or any other suitable person employed by the Department, as an inspector or investigator; and	20
		(b) must issue each inspector or investigator with a certificate in the prescribed form stating that the person has been appointed or designated as an inspector or investigator in terms of this Act.	25
	(2)	Whenever an inspector or investigator appointed or designated under subsection (1)(a), performs a function under this Act in the presence of any person affected thereby, the inspector or investigator must, on demand by such person, produce to him or her the certificate referred to in subsection (1)(b).	30
Iı	westigation	n by Authority	
8.	(1)	Upon initiating or receiving a complaint in terms of this Act or the Consumer Protection Act, the Authority may -	35
		(a) issue a notice of non-referral to the complainant in the prescribed form, if the complaint	40
		(i) appears to be frivolous or vexatious;	40
		(ii) does not allege any facts which, if true, would constitute grounds for a remedy under this Act; or	45
		(iii) is prevented, in terms of section 116 of the Consumer Protection Act, from being referred to the Consumer Court;	43

		PROVINSIE NOORD-KAAP BUITENGEWONE PROVINSIALE KOERANT, 4 AUGUSTUS 2011	No. 1534	13
		(b) direct an inspector or investigator to investigate the complaint as quickly as practicable, in any other case.		
	(2)	At any time during an investigation, the Authority may designate one or more persons to assist the inspector or investigator conducting the investigation contemplated in subsection (1).	5	
Outo	come of	finvestigation		
9.	After	concluding an investigation into a complaint, the Authority may –	10	
	(a)	issue a notice of non-referral to the complainant in the prescribed form;		
	(b)	refer the matter to the National Prosecuting Authority, if the Authority alleges that a person has committed an offence in terms of this Act; or	15	
	(c)	if the Authority believes that a person has engaged in prohibited conduct -		
		(i) propose a draft consent order in terms of section 10; or	20	
		(ii) issue a compliance notice in terms of section 100 of the Consumer Protection Act.	20	
Cons	sent ord	lers	25	
10.	(1)	If a matter has been investigated by the Authority, and the Authority and the respondent agree to the proposed terms of an appropriate order, the Consumer Court or a court, without hearing any evidence, may confirm that	23	
		agreement as a consent order.	30	
	(2)	After hearing a motion for a consent order, the Consumer Court or a court must –		
		(a) make an order as agreed to and proposed by the Authority and the respondent;	35	
		(b) indicate any changes that must be made in the draft order before it will make the order; or		
		(c) refuse to make the order.	40	
	(3)	With the consent of a complainant, a consent order confirmed in terms of subsection (1) may include an award of damages to the complainant.		

Refe	Referral to Consumer Court by complainant					
11.	(1)	other Protec	Authority issues a notice of non-referral in response to a complaint, than on the grounds contemplated in section 116 of the Consumer ction Act, the complainant concerned may refer the matter directly to onsumer Court, with leave of the Consumer Court.	5		
	(2)		ferral to the Consumer Court, whether by the Authority or by a lainant in terms of subsection (1), must be in the prescribed form.	10		
Resp	onsible	Memb	er may direct policy and other matters and require investigation			
12.	The r	esponsib	ole Member may –			
	(a)	with r but ar	espect to the application, administration and enforcement of this Act, by such directive must be consistent with this Act and the Consumer action Act; and	15		
	(b)	at any	time direct the Authority to –	20		
		(i)	investigate an alleged contravention of this Act or the Consumer Protection Act;			
		(ii)	investigate any matter or circumstances with respect to the purposes of this Act or the Consumer Protection Act, whether or not those circumstances appear at the time of the direction to amount to a possible contravention of this Act or the Consumer Protection Act; or	25		
		(iii)	give effect to any arrangement contemplated in section 83(1) of the Consumer Protection Act.	30		
			Part C	2.5		
		PC	OWERS IN SUPPORT OF INVESTIGATION	35		
Sumr	nons					
13.	(1)	8(1)(b) believe investi	y time during an investigation being conducted in terms of section), the Consumer Protector may issue a summons to any person who is ed to be able to furnish any information on the subject of the gation, or to have possession or control of any book, document or object that has a bearing on that subject —	40 45		
		(a)	to appear before the Authority, or before an inspector or independent investigator, to be questioned at a time and place specified in the summons; or	45		

	(b)	to deliver or produce to the Authority, or to an inspector or independent investigator, any book, document or other object referred to in paragraph (a) at a time and place specified in the summons.	_
(2)	A sur	nmons contemplated in subsection (1) –	5
	(a)	must be signed by the Consumer Protector, or by an employee of the Authority designated by the Consumer Protector; and	10
	(b)	may be served in the same manner as a subpoena in a criminal case issued by the magistrate's court.	10
(3)	or to	spector or investigator before whom a person is summoned to appear, whom a person is required to deliver any book, document or other t, may –	15
	(a)	interrogate and administer an oath to, or accept an affirmation from, the person named in the summons; and	20
	(b)	retain any such book, document or other object for examination, for a period not exceeding two months, or such longer period as the Consumer Court, on application and good cause shown, may allow.	20
(4)	condu	son questioned by the Authority or by an inspector or investigator acting an investigation must answer each question truthfully and to the f that person's ability, but —	25
	(a)	a person is not obliged to answer any question if the answer is self-incriminating; and	30
	(b)	the person asking the questions must inform that person of the right set out in paragraph (a).	
(5)	Autho Act, v	If-incriminating answer given or statement made by any person to the rity, or an inspector or investigator exercising powers in terms of this will be admissible as evidence against that person in criminal edings against that person instituted in any court, except in criminal edings for perjury or in which that person is tried for an offence	35
	conten	nplated in section 37(3) or 38(2)(d), and then only to the extent that swer or statement is relevant to prove the offence charged.	40

Authority to enter and search under warrant 14. (1) A judge of the High Court or a magistrate may issue a warrant to enter and search any premises that are within the jurisdiction of that judge or 5 magistrate if, from information on oath or affirmation, there are reasonable grounds to believe that a contravention of this Act has taken place, is taking place, or is (a) likely to take place on or in those premises; or 10 (b) anything connected with an investigation in terms of this Act is in the possession of, or under the control of, a person who is on or in those premises. A warrant to enter and search may be issued at any time and must 15 (2)specifically – (a) identify the premises that may be entered and searched; and 20 (b) authorise an inspector, investigator or a police officer to enter and search the premises and to do anything listed in section 14. (3)A warrant to enter and search is valid until one of the following events occurs: 25 (a) the warrant is executed; (b) the warrant is cancelled by the person who issued it or, in that person's absence, by a person with similar authority; 30 (c) the purpose for issuing it has lapsed; or (d) the expiry of one month after the date it was issued. (4)35 A warrant to enter and search may be executed only during the day, unless the judge, regional magistrate or magistrate who issued it authorises that it may be executed at night at a time that is reasonable in the circumstances. (5) A person authorised by warrant issued in terms of subsection (2) may enter and search premises named in that warrant. 40 (6) Immediately before commencing with the execution of a warrant, a person

executing that warrant must either -

	(a)	if the owner, or person in control, of the premises to be searched is present –	
		 provide identification to that person and explain to that person the authority by which the warrant is being executed; and 	5
		(ii) hand a copy of the warrant to that person or to the person named in it; or	40
	(b)	if none of those persons is present, affix a copy of the warrant to the premises in a prominent and visible place.	10
Powers to	enter and	search	
15. (1)	A per may –	son who is authorised under section 13 to enter and search premises	15
	(a)	enter upon or into those premises;	
	(b)	search those premises;	20
	(c)	search any person on those premises if there are reasonable grounds for believing that the person has personal possession of an article or document that has a bearing on the investigation;	25
	(d)	examine any article or document that is on or in those premises that has a bearing on the investigation;	
	(e)	request information about any article or document from the owner of, or person in control of, the premises or from any person who has control of the article or document, or from any other person who may have the information;	30
	(f)	take extracts from, or make copies of, any book or document that is on or in the premises that has a bearing on the investigation;	35
	(g)	use any computer system on the premises, or require assistance of any person on the premises to use that computer system, to-	40
		(i) search any data contained in or available to that computer system;	τυ
		(ii) reproduce any record from that data;	
	(h)	seize any output from that computer for examination and copying; and	45

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PROVINCIAL GAZETTE EXTRAORDINARY, 4 AUGUST 2011 No. 1534 18 (i) attach and if necessary remove from the premises for examination and safekeeping anything that has a bearing on the investigation. (2)Section 12(5) applies equally to an answer given or statement made to an 5 inspector, investigator or police officer in terms of this section. (3) An inspector or investigator authorised to conduct an entry and search in terms of section 13 may be accompanied and assisted by a police officer. Conduct of entry and search 10 **16**. (1) A person who enters and searches any premises under section 14 must conduct the entry and search with strict regard for decency and order, and with regard for each person's right to dignity, freedom, security and privacy. 15 (2) During any search under section 14(1)(c), only a female inspector, investigator or police officer may search a female person, and only a male inspector, investigator or police officer may search a male person. (3) A person who enters and searches premises under section 14, before 20 questioning anyone, must advise that person of the right to be assisted at the time by an (a) advocate or attorney; and 25 (b) allow that person to exercise that right. (4) A person who removes anything from premises being searched must – issue a receipt for it to the owner of, or person in control of, the 30 (a) premises; and (b) return it as soon as practicable after achieving the purpose for which it was removed. 35 (5) During a search, a person may refuse to permit the inspection or removal of an article or document on the grounds that it contains privileged information.

> If the owner or person in control of an article or document refuses in terms of subsection (5) to give that article or document to the person conducting the search, the person conducting the search may request the Registrar or sheriff of the High Court that has jurisdiction to attach and remove the article or document for safe custody until that court determines whether or

not the information is privileged.

(6)

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	(7)	A police officer who is authorised to enter and search premises under section 13, or who is assisting an inspector or investigator who is authorised to enter and search premises under section 14, may overcome resistance to the entry and search by using as much force as is reasonably required, including breaking a door or window of the premises.	5
	(8)	Before using force in terms of subsection (6), a police officer must audibly demand admission and must announce the purpose of the entry, unless it is reasonable to believe that doing so may induce someone to destroy or dispose of an article or document that is the object of the search.	10
	(9)	The Authority may compensate anyone who suffers damage because of a forced entry during a search when no one responsible for the premises was present.	15
Clair	ns that	information is confidential	13
17.	(1)	When submitting information to the Authority, the Consumer Court, or an inspector or investigator appointed in terms of this Act, a person may claim that all or part of that information is confidential.	20
	(2)	Any claim contemplated in subsection (1) must be supported by a written statement explaining why the information is confidential.	
	(3)	The Authority, Consumer Court, inspector or investigator, as the case may be, must –	25
		(a) consider any claim made in terms of subsection (1); and	
		(b) notify the claimant whether or not the information contemplated in subsection (1) will be treated as if it had been determined to be confidential.	30
	(4)	When making any ruling, decision or order in terms of this Act or the Consumer Protection Act, the Authority or Consumer Court may take into account any information that has been the subject of a claim in terms of subsection (1).	3 5
	(5)	If any reasons for a decision in terms of this Act or the Consumer Protection Act would reveal any information that has been the subject of a claim in terms of subsection (1), the Authority or Consumer Court, as the case may be, must provide a copy of the proposed reasons to the party claiming confidentiality at least five business days before publishing those reasons.	40

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		(6)	Within five business days after receiving a notice in terms of subsection (3) (b), or a copy of proposed reasons in terms of subsection (5), a party may apply to a court for an appropriate order to protect the confidentiality of the relevant information.	
			CHAPTER 3	5
			NORTHERN CAPE CONSUMER COURT	
			Part A	10
	i	ESTAI	BLISHMENT AND FUNCTIONING OF CONSUMER COURT	
Es	stabl	lishme	nt and constitution of Consumer Court	
18.	•	(1)	There is hereby established a body to be known as the Northern Cape Consumer Court, which –	15
			(a) is a juristic person;	20
			(b) has jurisdiction throughout the Province;	20
			(c) is a court of record; and	
			(d) must exercise its functions in accordance with this Act or any other applicable legislation.	25
(2)			The Consumer Court consists of a Chairperson and no less than 6 other members appointed by the responsible Member, on a full or part-time basis.	20
		(3)	The responsible Member must, subject to section 20, -	30
			(a) appoint the Chairperson and other members of the Consumer Court no later than the date on which this Act comes into operation; and	35
			(b) appoint a person to fill any vacancy on the Consumer Court.	
Fu	ıncti	ions of	Consumer Court	40
19.	•		consumer Court or a member of the Consumer Court acting alone may, in lance with this Act –	40
		(a)	adjudicate in relation to any –	45
			(i) application that may be made to it in terms of this Act, the Credit Act or the Consumer Protection Act and make any order provided for in this Act in respect of such an application; or	45

		conduct has o	prohibited conduct by determining whether prohibited occurred and, if so, by imposing a remedy provided for the Consumer Protection Act;	
	(b)	grant an order for cos	sts; and	5
	(c)	exercise any other po	wer conferred on it by law.	
Quali	ification	of members of Con	sumer Court	10
20.	(1)	The members of the	Consumer Court, viewed collectively –	10
		(a) must represe Province; and	nt a broad cross-section of the population of the	15
		•	se sufficient persons with legal training and experience requirements of section 15(2).	15
	(2)	Each member of the	Consumer Court must –	20
		(a) be a citizen Province;	of South Africa, who is ordinarily resident in the	20
		• •	e experience and at least an university degree in w, commerce, industry or consumer affairs; and	25
		(c) be committed Consumer Pro	I to the purposes of this Act, the Credit Act and the otection Act.	
Term	of offic	of members of Con	sumer Court	30
21.	(1)	Each member of the	Consumer Court serves for a term of five years.	
	(2)	at the expiry of tha	ther may re-appoint a member of the Consumer Court to member's term of office, but no person may be see of the Chairperson of the Consumer Court for more terms.	35
	(3)	The Chairperson, o responsible Member,	on one month's written notice addressed to the may –	40
		(a) resign from th	ne Consumer Court; or	
		(b) resign as Cha Court.	irperson, but remain as a member of the Consumer	45
	(4)		nsumer Court other than the Chairperson may resign month's written notice to the responsible Member.	

Deputy Chairperson of Consumer Court 22. (1)The responsible Member must designate a member of the Consumer Court as Deputy Chairperson of the Consumer Court. 5 (2)The Deputy Chairperson performs the functions of Chairperson whenever -(a) the office of Chairperson is vacant; or 10 (b) the Chairperson is for any other reason temporarily unable to perform those functions. **Consumer Court proceedings** 15 23. (1) The Chairperson is responsible to manage the caseload of the Consumer Court, and must assign each matter referred to the Consumer Court to -(a) a member of the Consumer Court; or 20 (b) a panel composed of any three members of the Consumer Court, in any other case. (2)When assigning a matter to a member or a panel in terms of subsection (1), 25 the Chairperson must in the case of a single member, ensure that the member is a person (a) who has suitable legal qualifications and experience; and 30 (b) in the case of a panel -(i) ensure that at least one member of the panel is a person who has suitable legal qualifications and experience; and (ii)designate a member of the panel to preside over the panel's 35 proceedings. (3) If, because of resignation, illness, death, unwillingness or withdrawal from a hearing in terms of section 21, a member of the panel is unable to complete 40 the proceedings in a matter assigned to that panel, the Chairperson must -(a) direct that the hearing of that matter proceed before the remaining members of the panel, subject to the requirements of subsection (2)(b); or 45 (b) terminate the proceedings before that panel and constitute another panel, which may include any member or members of the original panel, and direct that panel to conduct a new hearing.

	(4)	The decision of a panel on a matter referred to it must be in writing and include reasons for that decision.		
	(5)	A decision of a single member of the Consumer Court hearing a matter as contemplated in subsection (1)(a), or of a majority of the members of a panel in any other case, is the decision of the Consumer Court.	5	
Hear	ings by	Consumer Court		
24.	(1)	When the Consumer Court hears a matter referred to it in terms of this Act, the Consumer Protection Act or the Credit Act, the provisions of Parts D and E of Chapter 7 of the Credit Act, each read with the changes required by the context, apply to the hearing.	10	
	(2)	An order of the Consumer Court made after hearing a matter contemplated in subsection (1), has the same force and effect as if it had been made by a consumer court making an order in terms of section 140 of the Credit Act or section 73 of the Consumer Protection Act, respectively.	15	
Confl	licts and	d disclosure of interest	20	
25.	(1)	A member of the Consumer Court may not represent any person before the Consumer Court.		
	(2)	If, during a hearing in which a member of the Consumer Court is participating, it appears to that member that the matter concerns a financial or other interest of that member contemplated in section 29, that member must –	25	
		(a) immediately and fully disclose the fact and nature of that interest to the Chairperson and to the presiding member at that hearing; and	30	
		(b) withdraw from any further involvement in that hearing.		
Acting by member of Consumer Court after expiry of term of office				
26.	If, on the expiry of the term of office of a member of the Consumer Court, that member is still considering a matter before the Consumer Court, that member may continue to act as a member in respect of that matter only.			

Part B

ADMINISTRATION OF CONSUMER COURT

Regis	Registrar of Consumer Court 5					
27.	27. (1) The responsible Member must appoint a person with suitable experience and at least a university degree in economics, law, commerce, industry or public affairs as Registrar of the Consumer Court, who –					
		(a)	is responsible for all matters pertaining to the administrative functions of the Consumer Court; and	10		
		(b) holds office for an agreed term not exceeding five years.	15			
	(2)	A pers	on may be reappointed as Registrar on the expiry of the agreed term ce.	15		
	(3)	egistrar is the accounting authority for the Consumer Court, and as responsible for –	20			
		(a)	all income and expenditure of the Consumer Court;			
		(b)	all revenue collected by the Consumer Court;	25		
		(c)	all assets, and the discharge of all liabilities of the Consumer Court; and	25		
		(d)	the proper and diligent implementation of the Public Finance Management Act with respect to the Consumer Court.	30		
	(4)	The Re	egistrar may in writing –			
		(a)	assign management or other duties to employees of the Consumer Court with appropriate skills to assist the Registrar in the management or control over the functioning of the Consumer Court; and	35		
		(b)	delegate, with or without conditions, any of his or her powers or functions to any suitably qualified employee of the Consumer Court, but any such delegation does not divest the Registrar of responsibility for the exercise of any power or performance of any function.	40		

CHAPTER 4

GENERAL PROVISIONS				
			Part A	5
MA	TTER.	S PER'	TAINING TO MEMBERS OF CONSUMER PROTECTION ENTITIES	
Eligit	oility to	serve a	s functionary of a consumer protection entity	10
28.	(1)		eligible to serve as a functionary of a consumer protection entity, and tinue to hold that office, a person must –	
		(a)	be a fit and proper person;	15
		(b)	not be subject to any disqualification set out in subsection (2);	
		(c)	have submitted to the responsible Member the affidavit referred to in subsection (3); and	20
		(d)	be a citizen of the Republic and ordinarily residing in the Province.	
	(2)	A person	son may not be a functionary of a consumer protection entity if that	25
		(a)	is a political office-bearer;	
		(b)	is an unrehabilitated insolvent, or becomes insolvent and the insolvency results in the sequestration of his or her estate;	30
		(c)	was once, or is removed from an office of trust on account of misconduct;	
		(d)	is subject to an order of a competent court holding that person to be mentally deranged;	35
		(e)	within the previous ten years has been, or is, convicted in the Republic or elsewhere of theft, fraud, forgery or uttering a forged document, perjury, an offence under the Prevention and Combating of Corrupt Activities Act, 2004 (Act No. 12 of 2004), an offence under Chapter 2 or 3 of the Prevention of Organised Crime Act, 1998 (Act No. 121 of 1998), an offence under the Financial Intelligence Centre Act, 2001 (Act No. 38 of 2001) or an offence involving dishonesty; or	40 45
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PROVINCE OF THE NORTHERN CAPE

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	(3)	that a	If, at any time, it appears to a functionary of a consumer protection entity that a matter before the entity concerns an interest of that functionary referred to in subsection (1)(b), the functionary must –				
		(a)	immediately and fully disclose the nature of that interest to the entity; and	5			
		(b)	withdraw from the proceedings to allow the remaining functionaries to discuss the matter and determine whether the functionary should be prohibited from participating in any further proceedings concerning that matter.	10			
Rem	oval fro	n office	2				
30.	(1)	of a c	esponsible Member must, by written notice, remove any functionary consumer protection entity from office if the functionary becomes it to a disqualification contemplated in section 28(2).	15			
	(2)	investi from	responsible Member may, after considering the findings of an igating tribunal appointed by him or her, by written notice, remove office any functionary of a consumer protection entity if the onary –	20			
		(a)	fails or refuses to comply with the provisions of this Act incumbent on the execution of his or her duties;	25			
		(b)	is, without sound reason, absent from his or her office or from two or more scheduled activities of the entity concerned in one year, or, in the case of absence due to medical reasons, fails to present a valid medical certificate;	30			
		(c)	is found guilty of improper conduct, or is found to be unable to duly perform his or her duties in terms of this Act.				
	(3)	protec after o	ounal investigating allegations against a functionary of a consumeration entity in accordance with subsection (2), may make a finding only considering representations made by the functionary regarding the ions made against him or her.	35			
	(4)		ice contemplated in subsections (1) or (2) must state the reasons for al of the functionary.	40			

Rem	Remuneration and benefits of functionaries of consumer protection entities				
31.	A functionary of a consumer protection entity must be paid such reasonable remuneration and allowances out of the funds of the entity as the responsible Member, in consultation with the Member of the Executive Council responsible for Finance in the Province, may from time to time determine by notice in the Provincial Gazette.				
		Part B	10		
		ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS			
Staff	of cons	umer protection entities			
32.	(1)	The responsible Member must –	15		
		(a) determine a staff establishment for each consumer protection entity; and			
		(b) appoint such staff as may be necessary on the establishment of each entity to enable it to perform its functions.	20		
	(2)	The responsible Member, in consultation with the Member of the Executive Council responsible for financial matters in the Province, must beforehand determine the salary and other terms and conditions of service of a person appointed in terms of subsection (1)(b).	25		
	(3)	The responsible Member may in writing delegate the power to appoint a person in terms of subsection (1)(b) to a consumer protection entity or to a functionary within such entity.	30		
	(4)	When making an appointment in terms of subsection (1), the responsible Member must –			
		(a) give preference to candidates living in the Province; and	35		
		(b) have due regard to the inclusion of previously disadvantaged persons, young persons, women and disabled persons.			
	(5)	The provisions of sections 28 and 29, read with the changes required by the context, apply to a person appointed in terms of subsection (1)(b).	40		
Finar	nces				
33.	(1)	A consumer protection entity is financed from -	45		
		(a) money appropriated by the Provincial Legislature for the entity;			

	(b)	any money payable to the entity in terms of this Act;	
	(c)	income derived by the entity from its investment and deposit of surplus money in terms of subsection (6); and	F
	(d)	all monies accruing to the entity from any source.	5
(2)		inancial year of the consumer protection entity is the period from 1 in any year to 31 March of the following year.	10
(3)	than 3 the re expen	year, at a time determined by the responsible Member, but no later 30 June of that year, each consumer protection entity must submit to esponsible Member a statement of the entity's estimated income and diture, and requested appropriation from the Provincial Legislature, in ct of the next ensuing financial year.	15
(4)		consumer protection entity must open and maintain an account in the of the entity with a registered bank in the Republic and –	
	(a)	any money received by the entity must be deposited into that account; and	20
	(b)	every payment on behalf of the entity must be made from that account.	25
(5)		withdrawal from the account of a consumer protection entity must be rized on its behalf by two persons commissioned for that purpose by city.	25
(6)	is no	sumer protection entity may invest or deposit money of the entity that t immediately required for contingencies or to meet current ditures –	30
	(a)	on a call account or short-term fixed deposit with any registered bank or financial institution in the Republic; or	35
	(b)	in an investment account with the Corporation for Public Deposits established in terms of section 2 of the Corporation for Public Deposits Act, 1984 (Act No. 46 of 1984).	
(7)	of any	noney standing to the credit of a consumer protection entity at the end y financial year of the entity, excluding such money as has been wed by the responsible Member, being necessary for the reasonable	40
		diate running expenses of the entity, must be paid into the Provincial ue Fund.	45

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	(8)	A consumer protection entity must submit the report and statements referred to in section 55(1) of the Public Finance Management Act to the responsible Member in the way required by section 55(3) of that Act.	
	(9)	A consumer protection entity must, in the report contemplated in subsection (8), as far as the exercise and performance of its powers and functions during the year being reported on, are concerned, also include reference to –	5
		(a) its achievements;	10
		(b) its failures;	
		(c) the financial implications of all such achievements and failures;	15
		(d) any recommendations pertaining to its objects, for consideration.	
	(10)	As soon as practicable after receiving the report and statements referred to in subsection (8), the responsible Member must table it in the Provincial Legislature.	20
	(11)	A consumer protection entity must establish an audit committee for the entity consisting of at least three persons in accordance with Treasury Regulation 27.	25
	(12)	The audit committee must prepare, sign and submit to the entity, within 15 days of the end of each quarter, a report in respect of the operations, including the income and expenditure of the entity in respect of the preceding quarter.	25
Appr	opriatio	on of income and property	30
34.	entity appro	noneys appropriated by the Provincial Legislature to a consumer protection as contemplated in section 33(1)(a), must be utilized in accordance with such priation and all other income, property and profits of the entity must be d exclusively for the achievement of its objects and in accordance with the	35
		sions of this Act.	
Proci	urement	t .	40
35.	(1)	When procuring any supply or service, or hiring or letting anything or acquiring or granting any right or acquiring or disposing of any asset for or on behalf of a consumer protection entity, the entity must ensure that such procurement is effected in accordance with, and duly complies with –	

		(a)	the regulations made or instructions issued by the National Treasury in respect of an appropriate procurement and provisioning system which is fair, equitable, transparent, competitive and cost-effective as contemplated in section 76(4)(c) of the Public Finance Management Act;	5
		(b)	the instructions issued by the Provincial Treasury as contemplated in section 18(2)(a) of the Public Finance Management Act in respect of an appropriate procurement and provisioning system which is fair, equitable, transparent, competitive and cost-effective;	10
		(c)	the appropriate procurement and provisioning system which is fair, equitable, transparent, competitive and cost-effective as established by the consumer protection entity, as contemplated in section 51(1)(a)(iii) of the Public Finance Management Act; and	15
		(d)	the Preferential Procurement Policy Framework Act, 2000 (Act No. 5 of 2000).	
	(2)	comin subsec procus	consumer protection entity must adopt, within six months after the g into operation of this Act, a procurement system consistent with the ction (1), which procurement system must be utilized for the rement of all supplies, goods and services, as well as the disposal of es and goods by the entity.	20
		зарри	Part C	25
			OFFENCES AND PENALTIES	
Bread	h of co	nfidenc		30
36.	(1)	It is	an offence to disclose any personal or confidential information ming the affairs of any person obtained –	30
		(a)	in carrying out any function in terms of this Act; or	35
		(b)	as a result of initiating a complaint or participating in any proceedings in terms of this Λct .	
	(2)	Subsec	ction (1) does not apply to information disclosed –	40
		(a)	for the purpose of the proper administration or enforcement of this Act;	
		(b)	for the purpose of the administration of justice; or	45
		(c)	at the request of an inspector, investigator, regulatory authority or Consumer Court member entitled to receive the information.	

Hindering administration of Act 37. (1) It is an offence to hinder, oppose, obstruct or unduly influence any person who is exercising a power or performing a function delegated, conferred or 5 imposed on that person by this Act. (2)A person commits an offence if that person, having been summoned – (a) fails without sufficient cause to appear at the time and place 10 specified or to remain in attendance until excused; or (b) attends as required, but -(i) refuses to be sworn in or to make an affirmation; or 15 (ii)fails to produce a book, document or other item as ordered, if it is in the possession of, or under the control of that person. 20 (3) A person commits an offence if that person, having been sworn in or having made an affirmation -(a) fails to answer any question fully and to the best of his or her ability, subject to subsection (4); or 25 (b) gives false evidence, knowing or believing it to be false. Offences relating to Consumer Protector and Consumer Court **38.** 30 (1) A person commits an offence if that person contravenes or fails to comply with an order of the Consumer Court. (2) A person commits an offence if that person – 35 (a) does anything calculated to improperly influence the Consumer Court or a regulatory authority concerning any matter connected with an investigation; anticipates any findings of the Consumer Court or a regulatory (b) authority concerning an investigation in a way that is calculated to 40 influence the proceedings or findings; does anything in connection with an investigation that would have (c) been contempt of court if the proceedings had occurred in a court

knowingly provides false information to a regulatory authority;

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of law;

(d)

PROVINSIE NOORD-KAAP
BUITENGEWONE PROVINSIALE KOERANT, 4 AUGUSTUS 2011

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Administrative fines 41. (1) The Consumer Court may impose an administrative fine in respect of prohibited or required conduct. 5 (2)An administrative fine imposed in terms of this Act may not exceed the greater of -10 per cent of the respondent's annual turnover during the (a) preceding financial year; or 10 (b) R1 000 000, or such higher percentage or larger sum of money as the responsible Member may, from time to time, determine by notice in the Provincial 15 Gazette. (3) When determining an appropriate administrative fine, the Consumer Court must consider -20 (a) the nature, duration, gravity and extent of the contravention; (b) any loss or damage suffered as a result of the contravention; 25 (c) the behaviour of the respondent; the market circumstances in which the contravention took place; (d) the level of profit derived from the contravention; (e) 30 (f) the degree to which the respondent has co-operated with the Consumer Protector and the Consumer Court; and (g) whether the respondent has previously been found in contravention of this Act. 35 (4) For the purpose of this section, the annual turnover of a supplier at the time when an administrative fine is assessed, is the total income of that supplier during the immediately preceding year, as determined in the prescribed 40 (5)A fine payable in terms of this Act must be paid into the Provincial Revenue Fund referred to in section 226 of the Constitution.

Vica	rious lia	ability	
42.	(1)	If an employee or agent of a person is liable in terms of this Act for anything done or omitted in the course of that person's employment or activities on behalf of their principal, the employer or principal is jointly and severally liable with that person.	5
	(2)	This section does not apply in respect of criminal liability.	
		Part D	10
		MISCELLANEOUS MATTERS	
Regu	llations		1.5
43.	(1)	The responsible Member may make regulations regarding –	15
		(a) any form required to be used for the purpose of this Act;	
		(b) any matter which in terms of this Act is required or permitted to be prescribed;	20
		(c) any fee payable in terms of this Act; and	
		(d) in general, any matter in respect of which it is necessary or expedient to make regulations in order to achieve the objects of this Act.	25
	(2)	Before making regulations in terms of subsection (1), the responsible Member must publish the draft regulations for public comment in the <i>Provincial Gazette</i> .	30
	(3)	Any regulation made in terms of subsection (1)(c) or (d), may only be made with the concurrence of the Member of the Executive Council responsible for financial matters in the Province.	25
Repe	al of lav	vs	35
44.		Northern Cape Consumer Affairs (Unfair Business Practices) Act, 1996 (Act of 1996), is hereby repealed.	40
Trans	sitional	and founding arrangements	40
45.	(1)	For the purpose of this section, "previous Act" means the Northern Cape Consumer Affairs (Unfair Business Practices) Act, 1996 (Act No. 7 of 1996).	45

 (2) Any investigation done or arrangement concluded under the previous Act, is regarded to have been done or concluded under any comparable provisions of this Act. (3) Any other thing done under the provisions of the previous Act and which may be done under the corresponding provisions of this Act is regarded to have been done under the latter provision. (4) The responsible Member may, for a period not exceeding 12 months after 	36	No. 1534	PROVINCE OF THE NORTHERN CAPE PROVINCIAL GAZETTE EXTRAORDINARY, 4 AUGUST 2011	
may be done under the corresponding provisions of this Act is regarded to have been done under the latter provision. (4) The responsible Member may, for a period not exceeding 12 months after the coming into operation of this Act, second any official on the establishment of the Department to a consumer protection entity to be of assistance in founding the entity. Short title and commencement 15 46. This Act is called the Northern Cape Consumer Protection Act, 2011, and comes into operation on a date fixed by the Premier by proclamation in the Provincial		(2)	Any investigation done or arrangement concluded under the previous Act, is regarded to have been done or concluded under any comparable	
the coming into operation of this Act, second any official on the establishment of the Department to a consumer protection entity to be of assistance in founding the entity. Short title and commencement This Act is called the Northern Cape Consumer Protection Act, 2011, and comes into operation on a date fixed by the Premier by proclamation in the Provincial		(3)	may be done under the corresponding provisions of this Act is regarded to	5
46. This Act is called the Northern Cape Consumer Protection Act, 2011, and comes into operation on a date fixed by the Premier by proclamation in the <i>Provincial</i>		(4)	the coming into operation of this Act, second any official on the establishment of the Department to a consumer protection entity to be of	10
46. This Act is called the Northern Cape Consumer Protection Act, 2011, and comes into operation on a date fixed by the Premier by proclamation in the <i>Provincial</i>	Sh	nort title an	nd commencement	
	46	into o	into operation on a date fixed by the Premier by proclamation in the Provincial	

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