



STAATSKOERANT VAN DIE REPUBLIEK VAN SUID-AFRIKA

REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

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GOEWERMENSKENNISGEWING

DEPARTEMENT VAN ARBEID

No. R. 542

23 Maart 1979

WET OP NYWERHEIDSVERSOENING, 1956
KLERASIEN YWÉRHEID, KAAP.—OOREENKOMS VIR DIE BREI-AFDELING

Ek, Stephanus Petrus Botha, Minister van Arbeid,
verklaar hierby—

(a) kragtens artikel 48 (1) (a) van die Wet op Nywerheidsversoening, 1956, dat die bepalings van die Ooreenkoms wat in die Bylae hiervan verskyn en op die Klerasienywerheid betrekking het, met ingang van die tweede Maandag na die datum van publikasie van hierdie kennisgewing en vir die tydperk wat op 12 Desember 1981 eindig, bindend is vir die werkewersorganisasies en die vakvereniging wat genoemde Ooreenkoms aangegaan het en vir die werkewers en werknemers wat lede van genoemde organisasies of vereniging is;

(b) kragtens artikel 48 (1) (b) van genoemde Wet, dat die bepalings van genoemde Ooreenkoms, uitgesonderd dié vervat in klosules 1 (1) (a), 2, 5 (4) (h), 14 (3), 23, 24, 27 en 28, met ingang van die tweede Maandag na die datum van publikasie van hierdie kennisgewing en vir die tydperk wat op 12 Desember 1981 eindig, bindend is vir alle ander werkewers en werknemers as dié genoem in paragraaf (a) van hierdie kennisgewing, wat betrokke is by of in diens is in genoemde Nywerheid in die gebiede gespesifiseer in klosule 1 (1) (b) van genoemde Ooreenkoms;

(c) kragtens artikel 48 (3) (a) van genoemde Wet, dat die bepalings van genoemde Ooreenkoms, uitgesonderd dié vervat in klosules 1 (1) (a), 2, 5 (4) (h), 14 (3), 23, 24, 27 en 28, met ingang van die tweede Maandag na die datum van publikasie van hierdie kennisgewing en vir die tydperk wat op 12 Desember 1981, eindig, in die gebiede gespesifiseer in klosule 1 (1) (b) van genoemde Ooreenkoms *mutatis mutandis* bindend is vir alle Swartes in diens in genoemde Nywerheid by dié werkewers vir wie

GOVERNMENT NOTICE

DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR

No. R. 542

23 March 1979

INDUSTRIAL CONCILIATION ACT, 1956
CLOTHING INDUSTRY, CAPE.—AGREEMENT
FOR THE KNITTING DIVISION

I, Stephanus Petrus Botha, Minister of Labour,
hereby—

(a) in terms of section 48 (1) (a) of the Industrial Conciliation Act, 1956, declare that the provisions of the Agreement which appears in the Schedule hereto and which relates to the Clothing Industry, shall be binding, with effect from the second Monday after the date of publication of this notice and for the period ending 12 December 1981, upon the employers' organisations and the trade union which entered into the said Agreement and upon the employers and employees who are members of the said organisations or union;

(b) in terms of section 48 (1) (b) of the said Act, declare that the provisions of the said Agreement, excluding those contained in clauses 1 (1) (a), 2, 5 (4) (h), 14 (3), 23, 24, 27 and 28, shall be binding, with effect from the second Monday after the date of publication of this notice and for the period ending 12 December 1981, upon all employers and employees other than those referred to in paragraph (a) of this notice, who are engaged or employed in the said Industry in the areas specified in clause 1 (1) (b) of the said Agreement;

(c) in terms of section 48 (3) (a) of the said Act, declare that in the areas specified in clause 1 (1) (b) of the said Agreement and with effect from the second Monday after the date of publication of this notice and for the period ending 12 December 1981, the provisions of the said Agreement, excluding those contained in clauses 1 (1) (a), 2, 5 (4) (h), 14 (3), 23, 24, 27 and 28, shall *mutatis mutandis* be binding upon all Blacks employed in the said Industry by the employers upon whom any of the said provisions are binding in respect of employees and

enigeen van genoemde bepalings ten opsigte van werknemers bindend is en vir daardie werkgewers ten opsigte van Swartes in hul diens; en

(d) kragtens artikel 48 (7) van genoemde Wet, dat die bepalings van klosule 28 van genoemde Ooreenkoms met ingang van die tweede Maandag na die datum van publikasie van hierdie kennisgewing en vir die tydperk wat op 12 Desember 1981 eindig, bindend is vir die prinsipale of aannemers vermeld in genoemde klosule en vir die persone aan wie werk op kontrak uitgegee word deur sodanige prinsipale of aannemers in die gebiede gespesifieer in klosule 1 (1) (b) van genoemde Ooreenkoms.

S. P. BOTHA, Minister van Arbeid.

BYLAE

NYWERHEIDSRAAD VIR DIE KLERASIENYWERHEID (KAAP) OOREENKOMS

ingevolge die bepalings van die Wet op Nywerheidsversoening, 1956, gesluit deur en aangegaan tussen die—

Cape Knitting Industry Association
en die

Cape Clothing Manufacturers' Association

(hierna die "werkgewers" of die "werkgewersorganisasies" genoem), aan die een kant, en die

Garment Workers' Union of the Western Province
(hierna die "werknemers" of die "vakvereniging" genoem), aan die ander kant,
wat die partye is by die Nywerheidsraad vir die Klerasienywerheid (Kaap).

1. TOEPASSINGSBESTEK VAN OOREENKOMS

(1) Hierdie Ooreenkoms moet nagekom word in die Breiafdeling van die Klerasienywerheid—

(a) deur die werkgewers en werknemers at onderskeidelik lede van die werkgewersorganisasies en die vakvereniging is;
(b) in die landdrosdistrikte Die Kaap, Wynberg, Simonstad, Goodwood, Bellville, Somerset-Wes, Strand, Worcester en George.

(2) Ondanks subklosule (1), is hierdie Ooreenkoms—

(a) slegs van toepassing ten opsigte van werknemers vir wie lone in hierdie Ooreenkoms voorgeskryf word;
(b) nie van toepassing op werknemers en werkende direkteure wat lone van minstens R4 800 per jaar ontvang nie.

2. GELDIGHEIDSDUUR VAN OOREENKOMS

Hierdie Ooreenkoms tree in werking op dié datum wat die Minister kragtens artikel 48 (1) van die Wet vasstel en bly van krag tot 12 Desember 1981 of vir dié tydperk wat hy bepaal.

3. WOORDOMSKRYWING

Alle uitdrukkingen wat in hierdie Ooreenkoms gebesig en in die Wet op Nywerheidsversoening, 1956, omskryf word, het dieselfde betekenis as in daardie Wet; waar daar van 'n wet melding gemaak word, word ook alle wysigings van sodanige wet bedoel, en tensy die teenoorgestelde blyk, omvat woorde wat die manlike geslag aandui ook die vroulike geslag; voorts, tensy onbestaanbaar met die samehang, beteken—

"Wet" die Wet op Nywerheidsversoening, 1956;

"klerk graad A" 'n werknemer wat skryf-, tik- en liasseerwerk verrig, 'n reken- of ponskaartmasjiem bedien of enige ander soort klerklike werk verrig en omvat dit 'n kassier, 'n versendingsklerk, pakhuismen en 'n telefonis, maar nie 'n ander klas werknemer wat elders in hierdie klosule omskryf word nie, afgesien daarvan dat klerklike werk deel van sodanige werkneemer se werk, mag uitmaak;

"klerk graad B" 'n werknemer wat een of meer van die volgende werkzaamhede verrig:

(a) Bywoningsregisters nagaan of besonderhede aanteken van werknemers wat by die werk is of van die werk afwesig is; loonkaarte of -koerante voorberei vir latere gebruik deur 'n ander werknemer;

(b) nasienwerk verrig of aantekening hou vir produksiebeheer;

(c) fakture of ander dokumente met die hand of 'n masjiem kopieer;

upon those employers in respect of Blacks in their employ; and

(d) in terms of section 48 (7) of the said Act, declare that the provisions of clause 28 of the said Agreement shall be binding, with effect from the second Monday after the date of publication of this notice and for the period ending 12 December 1981, upon such principals or contractors as are referred to in the said clause and upon persons to whom work is given out on contract by such principals or contractors in the areas specified in clause 1 (1) (b) of the said Agreement.

S. P. BOTHA, Minister of Labour.

SCHEDULE

INDUSTRIAL COUNCIL FOR THE CLOTHING INDUSTRY (CAPE) AGREEMENT

in accordance with the provisions of the Industrial Conciliation Act, 1956, made and entered into by and between the Cape Knitting Industry Association

and the

Cape Clothing Manufacturers' Association

(hereinafter referred to as the "employers" or the "employers' organisations"), of the one part, and the

Garment Workers' Union of the Western Province
(hereinafter referred to as "the employees" or "the trade union"), of the other part,
being the parties to the Industrial Council for the Clothing Industry (Cape).

1. SCOPE OF APPLICATION OF AGREEMENT

(1) The terms of this Agreement shall be observed in the Knitting Division of the Clothing Industry—

(a) by the employers and the employees who are members of the employers' organisations and trade union respectively;

(b) in the Magisterial Districts of The Cape, Wynberg, Simonstown, Goodwood, Bellville, Somerset West, Strand, Worcester and George.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subclause (1) the terms of this Agreement shall—

(a) only apply in respect of employees for whom wages are prescribed in this Agreement;

(b) not apply to employees and working directors whose wages are not less than R4 800 per annum.

2. PERIOD OF OPERATION OF AGREEMENT

This Agreement shall come into operation on such date as may be specified by the Minister in terms of section 48 (1) of the Act, and shall remain in force until 12 December 1981 or for such period as may be determined by him.

3. DEFINITIONS

Any expressions used in this Agreement which are defined in the Industrial Conciliation Act, 1956, shall have the same meanings as in that Act, any reference to an Act shall include any amendment of such Act, and unless the contrary appears, words importing the masculine gender shall include female; further, unless inconsistent with the context—

"Act" means the Industrial Conciliation Act, 1956;

"Grade A clerk" means an employee who is engaged in writing, typing, filing, operating a calculating or a punch card machine or in any other form of clerical work and includes a cashier, despatch clerk, storeman and a telephone switchboard operator but does not include any other class of employee elsewhere defined in this clause notwithstanding the fact that clerical work may form a part of such employee's work;

"Grade B clerk" means an employee who is engaged in any one or more of the following duties:

(a) Checking attendance records or recording particulars of employees at work or absent from work; preparing wage cards or envelopes for subsequent use by another employee;

(b) checking or recording for production control;

(c) copying invoices or other documents by machine or hand;

(d) besonderhede van materiale of algemene voorrade wat verbruik is of verbruik gaan word, aanteken, of voorraderegisters byhou;

(e) besonderhede van afval aanteken:

Met dien verstande dat 'n rekenmasjien gebruik kan word om een of meer van bogenoemde werkzaamhede te verrig;

"Klerasiénywerheid" of "Nywerheid", wat uit die klerasie-, brei- en hemdeseksies bestaan, ook die volgende:

(a) Die vervaardiging van alle soorte mans- en seunshoede en -pette van tweed en linne en alle soorte bo- en onderklere (met inbegrip van gebreide kledingstukke) vir dag- of nagdrag, met inbegrip van hemde, boordjies, dasse, sokkies, serpe, laggordels en gedeeltes van kledingstukke, slaapkleren en ander nagklere; en

(b) die vervaardiging van alle soort kledingstukke, met inbegrip van grootmaat-snyersklere soos bestel deur 'n staatsdepartement of provinsiale administrasie, die Suid-Afrikaanse Spoorweg- en Hawens-administrasie of 'n plaaslike owerheid, maar uitgesondert die vervaardiging van hoede of jasse en baadjiepakke vir dames of meisies of ander boklere wat vir individuele persone volgens maat gemaak word;

(c) die vervaardiging van dames- en/of manshandskoene; "klerasieseksie"—

(a) daardie seksie van die Klerasiénywerheid waarin alle soorte mans- en seunshoede en -pette van tweed en linne en alle soorte bo- en onderklere vervaardig word;

(b) die vervaardiging van alle soorte kledingstukke, met inbegrip van grootmaat-snyersklere soos bestel deur 'n staatsdepartement of provinsiale administrasie, die Suid-Afrikaanse Spoorweg- en Hawens-administrasie of 'n plaaslike owerheid, maar uitgesondert hemde, boordjies, dasse, slaapkleren en ander nagklere, hoede en die vervaardiging van jasse en baadjiepakke vir dames of meisies of ander boklere wat volgens die maat van individuele persone gemaak word;

(c) die vervaardiging van dames- en/of manshandskoene;

"breiseksie" daardie seksie waarin werkgewers en werknemers met mekaar geassosieer is met die doel om kleedstof en/of kouse en/of kledingstukke op ronde, plat of vol-vormmasjinerie te brei, en ook die maak van kledingstukke uit gebreide kleedstof in die bedryfsinrigting waarin bedoelde kleedstof gebrei is;

"Raad" die Nywerheidsraad vir die Klerasiénywerheid (Kaap) wat ingevolge artikel 2 van die Nijverheid Verzoenings Wet, 1924, geregistreer is en geag word geregistreer te wees in gevolge die Wet op Nywerheidsversoening, 1956;

"handelaar" of "algemene handelaar", 'n persoon of persone wat 'n lisensie hou ooreenkomsdig item 3 van die Eerste Bylae van die Ordonnansie op die Registrasie en Lisensiëring van Besighede;

"versendingsklerk" 'n werknemer wat verantwoordelik is vir die verpakking of versending van goedere vir vervoer of aflewing en wat toesig mag hou oor die bymekarmaak, nasien, massameet, verpakking, merk, adresseer of versending van goedere of pakkette;

"bedryfsinrigting" 'n perseel waarin of in verband waarmee een of meer werknemers in die Brei-afdeling werkzaam is;

"ondervinding"—

(a) met betrekking tot klerke graad A en B of handelsreisigers, die totale tydperk of tydperke diens wat sodanige werknemers as klerke graad A en B of as handelsreisigers gehad het, na gelang van die geval, afgesien van die bedryf waarin sodanige ondervinding opgedoen is;

(b) met betrekking tot werknemers graad A, man; werknemers graad B, man en vrou; werknemers graad C, vrou, die totale tydperk of tydperke diens wat so 'n werknemer in enige van bogenoemde hoedanighede in die Brei-afdeling gehad het;

(c) met betrekking tot 'n voorman, voorvrouw, toesighouer, toesighoudster, patroongradeerde en patroonmaker, die totale tydperk of tydperke diens wat so 'n werknemer onderskeidelik as voorman, voorvrouw, toesighouer, toesighoudster, patroongradeerde en patroonmaker in die Klerasiénywerheid en/of die Brei-afdeling gehad het;

(d) dat waar strykers en/of opvouwers en/of bedieners van 'n Hoffmanners wat in die Wasserybedryf werkzaam was, in die Brei-afdeling werk soek as strykers en/of opvouwers, hul totale ondervinding moet tel vir die berekening van die minimum loon waarteen hulle diens kan aanvaar;

(d) recording particulars of materials or general stores consumed or to be consumed or keeping stock records;

(e) recording particulars of waste:

Provided that a calculator may be used in carrying out one or more of the above duties;

"Clothing Industry" or "Industry" which consists of the clothing, knitting and shirt sections, shall include—

(a) the making of all classes of men's and boys' tweed and linen hats and caps, and all classes of outer and undergarments (including knitted garments) for day or nightwear, including shirts, collars, ties, socks, scarves, cloth belts and parts of garments, pyjamas and other nightwear; and

(b) the making of all classes of garments, including quantity production tailoring made to the order of any department of state or provincial administration, the South African Railways and Harbours Administration, or local authorities but shall not include the making of millinery or the making of ladies' or girls' coats and costumes or any other outer-garments made to the measurement of individual persons;

(c) the manufacture of ladies' and/or men's gloves;

"clothing section" means—

(a) that section of the Clothing Industry in which are made all classes of men's and boys' tweed linen hats, caps and all classes of outer and undergarments;

(b) the making of all classes of garments including quantity production tailoring made to the order of any department of state or provincial administration, the South African Railways and Harbours Administration, or local authorities; but shall not include shirts, collars, ties, pyjamas and other nightwear, millinery and the making of ladies' or girls' coats and costumes or any outer-garments made to the measurement of individual persons;

(c) the manufacture of ladies' and/or men's gloves;

"knitting section" means that section in which employers and employees are associated for the knitting of fabric and/or hosiery and/or garments knitted on circular, flat or fully fashioned machinery, and shall include the making up of garments from knitted fabric in the establishment in which the said fabric was knitted.

"Council" means the Industrial Council for the Clothing Industry (Cape) registered in terms of section 2 of the Industrial Conciliation Act, 1924, and deemed to have been registered in terms of the Industrial Conciliation Act, 1956;

"dealer" or "general dealer" means a person or persons holding a licence under item 3 of the First Schedule to the Registration and Licensing of Businesses Ordinance;

"despatch clerk" means an employee who is responsible for the packing or the despatch of goods for transport or delivery and who may supervise the assembling, checking, mass-measuring, packing, marking, addressing or despatching of goods or packages;

"establishment" means any premises in or in connection with which one or more employees are employed in the Knitting Division;

"experience" means—

(a) in relation to grade A and B clerks, or travellers, the total period or periods of employment which such employees have had as grade A and B clerks, or travellers, as the case may be, irrespective of the trade in which such experience was gained;

(b) in relation to grade A employees, male; grade B employees, male and female; grade C employees, female; the total period or periods of employment which such employees have had in the Knitting Division in any of the above capacities;

(c) in relation to a foreman, forewoman, male and female supervisor, pattern grader and pattern maker, the total period or periods of employment which such employees have had as a foreman, forewoman, male and female supervisor, pattern grader and pattern maker respectively in the Clothing Industry and/or Knitting Division;

(d) that where ironers and/or folders and/or operators of a Hoffman Press who have been employed in the Laundry Trade seek employment as ironers and/or folders in the Knitting Division, their total experience shall be reckoned for the purpose of calculating the minimum wage at which they may commence service;

en dat elke dienskontrak, behoudens klosule 4 (4) van hierdie Ooreenkoms, geag word aaneenlopend te wees vanaf die datum waarop die werknemer by die werkgever in diens getree het tot die datum waarop sodanige diens wettiglik beëindig word:

Met dien verstande dat, waar enige werknemer met minder as een jaar ondervinding nie binne 'n tydperk van vyf jaar vanaf die datum waarop hy laas in die Nywerheid in diens was weer in die Nywerheid in diens getree het nie, enige ondervinding opgedoen buite rekening gelaat moet word by die berekening van die minimum loon waarteen hy diens kan aanvaar;

"voorman" of "toesighouer" of "voorvrou" of "toesighouster" 'n werknemer wat verantwoordelik is vir die korrekte en doeltreffende uitvoering van die werk wat aan hom of haar toevertrou is in 'n fabriek of 'n afdeling van 'n fabriek;

"algemene werker" 'n werknemer wat een of meer van ondergenoemde werksaamhede verrig of in een of meer van ondergenoemde hoedanighede werksaam is:

(1) Persele, installasie, masjinerie, voertuie, gereedskap en/of ander artikels skoonmaak en/of was;

(2) op- of aflaai;

(3) artikels dra, verskuif of opstapel;

(4) deure oop- of toemaak; kaste, pakkette bale of ander houers uitpak;

(5) brieve, boodskappe of goedere buite die fabriekpersele te voet of deur middel van 'n fiets, driewiel of handvoertuig aflewer;

(6) met die hand kaste, bale of ander houers merk, brandmerk, sjabloner of etikette daarop plak;

(7) algemene tuinwerk;

(8) kaste of bale of ander houers vasbind of met draad of bande vasmaak;

(9) tee of dergelyke dranke berei en koppies, pierings en kombuisgerei was;

(10) masjiendryfbande aansit en herstel; masjinerie skoonmaak, olie en smeer; gereedskap, toerusting en masjinerie verskuif; naalde omruil; garing en/of kledingstof van onder kleelplaat verwijder;

(11) ketelbediener, d.w.s. 'n werknemer wat 'n stoomketel stook en die waterstand en stoomdruk in stand hou;

(12) pakkette of bale vir vervoer of aflewing opmaak;

(13) pos vrou en/of in koeverte steek; posseëls of etikette op posstukke plak;

(14) 'n afrol- en/of adresseer- en/of frankeermasjien bedien;

(15) fakture, vrabrieve of dergelyke dokumente sorteer;

(16) boodskappe of kledingstukke of dele van kledingstukke van een werksaamheid na 'n ander binne die bedryfsinrigting dra;

(17) die handelsreisiger op sy reis vergesel en die handelsreisiger help om te dryf en om monsters in en uit te pak en te vertoon;

(18) wag of oppasser, d.w.s. 'n werknemer wat persele, geboue of ander eiendom bewaak;

"werknemer graad A, man," 'n manlike werknemer wat een of meer van ondergenoemde werksaamhede verrig of in een of meer van ondergenoemde hoedanighede werksaam is:

(1) Masjienerwerker, d.w.s. 'n werknemer wat met 'n naaimasjien werk in verband met die maak van klere verrig;

(2) nasioneer, d.w.s. 'n werknemer wat die afgewerkte kleestof en/of kledingstuk vir gebreke nagaan;

(3) klaar kledingstukke met die hand of met 'n masjiens pors;

(4) herstel- en/of vervangstukke sny, met inbegrip van tyd bestee aan die soek na en passing van materiaal;

(5) masjiembreier, d.w.s. 'n werknemer wat een of 'n stel breimasiene bedien en in staat is om foute uit te ken, slechte naalde te vervang en klein regstellings aan iets soos garingspanning te doen wanneer dit nodig is;

(6) breiwerksnyer, d.w.s. 'n werknemer wat half-vormkledingstukke (ru-stukke vir lyfies of moue) een vir een of saam sny;

(7) kleurstowwe massameet;

(8) laboratoriumassistent, d.w.s. 'n werknemer wat monsters voorberei en wat aanvangs- en roetinetoepte kan uitvoer en die resultate daarvan kan aanteken;

(9) werktuigkundige, d.w.s. 'n werknemer wat herstelwerk of regstellings aanbring aan masjinerie of uitrusting wat regstreeks vir die vervaardiging van produkte van 'n bedryfsinrigting gebruik word;

(10) patroonsnyer, d.w.s. 'n werknemer wat onder die leiding en aanwysing van 'n ontwerper of gekwalifieerde patroon-gradeerdeerder patronen van 'n kontrolepatroon af uit materiaal sny;

and subject to the provisions of clause 4 (4) of this Agreement, each contract of service shall be deemed to have been continuous from the time the employee entered the employer's service until the time such service is legally terminated:

Provided that where any employee with less than one year's experience has not been re-employed in the Industry within a period of five years from the date on which he was last employed in the Industry, any experience gained shall be ignored for the purpose of calculating the minimum wage at which he may commence service;

"foreman" or "male supervisor" or "forewoman" or "female supervisor" means an employee who carries the responsibility for the correct and efficient execution of the work entrusted to his or her care in a factory or a department of a factory;

"general worker" means an employee engaged in one or more of the following duties or capacities:

(1) Cleaning and/or washing premises, plant, machinery, vehicles, tools and/or other articles;

(2) loading or unloading;

(3) carrying, moving or stacking articles;

(4) opening or closing doors; unpacking boxes, packages, bales or other containers;

(5) delivering letters, messages or goods outside the factory premises on foot or by means of a bicycle, tricycle or hand-propelled vehicle;

(6) marking, branding, stencilling or affixing labels on boxes, bales or other containers by hand;

(7) general gardening work;

(8) binding, wiring or strapping boxes or bales or other containers;

(9) making tea or similar beverages and washing cups, saucers and kitchen utensils;

(10) fitting and mending machine belts; cleaning, oiling and greasing machines; moving tools, equipment and machines; changing needles; cleaning cotton and/or cloth from underneath throat plate;

(11) boiler attendant, i.e. an employee engaged in firing a boiler and maintaining the water level and steam pressure;

(12) making up parcels or bales in readiness for transport or delivery;

(13) folding and/or inserting mail; affixing post stamps or labels for posting;

(14) operating a duplicating and/or addressograph machine and/or franking machine;

(15) sorting invoices, consignment notes or similar documents;

(16) carrying messages or garments or parts of garments from one operation to another within the establishment;

(17) accompanying the traveller on his journey and assisting the traveller in driving and in packing, unpacking and displaying of samples;

(18) watchman or caretaker, i.e. an employee engaged in guarding premises, buildings or other property;

"Grade A employee, male," means a male employee engaged in one or more of the following duties or capacities:

(1) Machinist, i.e. an employee who performs by sewing machine any operation in the making of clothing;

(2) passer, i.e. an employee who examines the finished-off fabric and/or garment for flaws;

(3) pressing of finished garments by hand or machine;

(4) cutting of repairs and/or replacements, including time spent in searching for and matching up cloth;

(5) machine knitter, i.e. an employee operating one or a set of knitting machines and capable of identifying faults, changing bad needles and making minor adjustments to such items as yarn tensions when necessary;

(6) knitting shaper, i.e. an employee who cuts semi-fashionable garments (body or sleeve blanks) individually or collectively;

(7) colour mass-measuring;

(8) laboratory assistant, i.e. an employee who prepares samples and who may make initial and routine tests and record the results thereof;

(9) mechanic, i.e. an employee who is engaged in making repairs or adjustments to machinery or equipment used directly in the manufacture of products of an establishment;

(10) pattern shaper, i.e. an employee who cuts patterns from any material under the direction and instruction of a designer or qualified pattern grader from a control pattern;

- (11) hoofskeringbereier, d.w.s. 'n werknemer wat beheer en toesig uitoeft oor twee of meer skeringbereieri;
- (12) skeringbreier, d.w.s. 'n werknemer wat een skeringbreimasjien of 'n stel sodanige masjiene bedien en wat gebreke kan verbeter, naalde kan vervang en/of reguit maak, bande kan vul en klein regstellings kan maak, en dit omvat 'n garinginsteker en naaldmonteur;
- (13) kleurstapelmasjienbediener, d.w.s. 'n werknemer wat kleedstof teen die korrekte spanning om roller rol ter voorbereiding van kleurproses deur hoëtemperatuurdrukmasjien;
- (14) vulmasjienbediener, d.w.s. 'n werknemer wat 'n vulmasjien bedien (afwerkung van kleedstof—die hard- of sagmaak van kleedstof deur die byvoeging van chemikalië);
- (15) spandroogmasjienbediener, d.w.s. 'n werknemer wat 'n spandroogmasjien bedien (droogmaak en set van kleedstof);
- (16) bosseleermasjienbediener, d.w.s. 'n werknemer wat 'n bosseleermasjien bedien;
- (17) faktotum, d.w.s. 'n werknemer wat klein herstelwerkies aan meubels, uitrusting en geboue verrig;
- (18) bindmasjienbediener, d.w.s. 'n werknemer wat 'n bindmasjien bedien (materiaal bind deur twee of meer stukke materiaal te laat ineensmelt);
- en ook 'n manlike werknemer wat nie elders in hierdie Ooreenkoms vermeld word nie;
- "werknemer graad B, man," 'n manlike werknemer wat een of meer van ondergenoemde werksaamhede verrig of in een of meer van ondergenoemde hoedanighede werksaam is:
- (1) Fatsoeneer (met inbegrip van vormpars-, kalandeer- en netwerk);
 - (2) optoller, d.w.s. 'n werknemer wat 'n garingoptolmasjien bedien;
 - (3) skakelmasjienbediener, d.w.s. 'n werknemer wat 'n skakelmasjien bedien;
 - (4) wasringe maak;
 - (5) met die hand of masjien astrek of sjabloneer;
 - (6) trekdraadbediener;
 - (7) skeringbereier, d.w.s. 'n werknemer wat kettingdrade van keëltolle of spintolle vir 'n skeringbreimasjien of soortgelyke masjien voorberei en wat die flensroller voorberei;
 - (8) borseelaar, d.w.s. 'n werknemer wat een of meer kaard of pluismasjiene bedien;
 - (9) bande vul;
 - (10) bande afmerk;
 - (11) sokkies afwerk;
 - (12) setmasjienbediener;
 - (13) dose inmekarsit, d.w.s. karton in kartonhouers vou;
 - (14) werktuigkundige se assistent;
 - (15) skuinsband sny;
 - (16) 'n kleurmasjien bedien;
 - (17) toonsoetsluiting met masjien;
 - (18) monsterboekies vir handelsreisigers sny;
 - (19) herstelwerk met trekdrade;
 - (20) breier se assistent, d.w.s. 'n werknemer wat garing na en van die masjiene neem, kleedstof van die masjiene afhaal, garing van die masjien afhaal of terugsit en wat 'n masjien kan af- en aanskakel, alles onder die algemene toesig van 'n breier;
 - (21) merker, d.w.s. 'n werknemer wat groottes met garing aan sokkies merk;
 - (22) vlekuithaler, d.w.s. 'n werknemer wat kolle en vlekke verwys;
 - (23) 'n krimppers of -masjien bedien;
 - (24) knipwerk, d.w.s. die gekaarde vesel wegknip om 'n fluweeltigte of vilttagtige afwerkung te verleen aan 'n baret of aan kleedstof van deurlopende lengte;
 - (25) ringe insit, d.w.s. 'n ring in 'n baret insit voordat dit in 'n stoomkas gedroog word;
 - (26) faktotum se assistent;
 - (27) skeringbreier se assistent, d.w.s. 'n werknemer wat kleedstof nasien vir gebreke; garingdraad in masjiene voer, kleedstof van die masjiene afhaal, en wat 'n masjien kan af- en aanskakel, alles onder die algemene toesig van 'n breier, en dit omvat 'n garinginsteker- en uittrekker;
 - (28) bale kleedstof of breiwol sorteer, massameet, merk en in voorraad hou, alles onder die algemene toesig van 'n klerk;
 - (29) spandroogmasjienbediener se assistent, d.w.s. 'n werknemer wat 'n spandroogmasjienbediener help;
 - (30) vuomasjienbediener, d.w.s. 'n werknemer wat 'n vuomasjien bedien;
 - (31) assistent-vulmasjienbediener, d.w.s. 'n werknemer wat 'n vulmasjienbediener help;
 - (32) assistent-bindmasjienbediener, d.w.s. 'n werknemer wat 'n bindmasjienbediener help;
 - (33) bediener van 'n droogsloonmaakmasjien, d.w.s. 'n werknemer wat 'n droogsloonmaakmasjien bedien;

- (11) head warper, i.e. an employee who exercises control and supervision over two or more warpers;
- (12) warp knitter, i.e. an employee operating one or a set of warp knitting machines and capable of correcting faults, changing and/or straightening needles, filling bars, making minor adjustments and shall include a threader and needle fixer;
- (13) batching machine operator, i.e. an employee who rolls fabric onto roller at correct tension in preparation for dyeing by high temperature pressure machine;
- (14) padder machine operator, i.e. an employee who operates a padding machine (finishing fabric—hardening or softening by addition of chemicals);
- (15) stenter machine operator, i.e. an employee who operates a stenter machine (drying and setting of fabric);
- (16) embossing machine operator, i.e. an employee who operates an embossing machine;
- (17) handyman, i.e. an employee who is engaged in making minor repairs to furniture, equipment and buildings;
- (18) bonding machine operator, i.e. an employee who operates a bonding machine (bonding fabric by fusing two or more pieces of fabric);
- and shall include a male employee not elsewhere specified in this Agreement;
- "Grade B employee, male," means a male employee engaged in one or more of the following duties or capacities:
- (1) Forming (including boarding, calendering and setting);
 - (2) winder, i.e. an employee engaged in operating a yarn winding machine;
 - (3) linker, i.e. an employee engaged in operating a linking machine;
 - (4) wax-ring making;
 - (5) transferring or stencilling by hand or machine;
 - (6) draw-thread operator;
 - (7) warper, i.e. an employee who prepares warps from cones or bobbins for a warp knitting or similar machine and prepares the beam;
 - (8) brusher, i.e. an employee who operates one or more raising or teazling machines;
 - (9) bar filling;
 - (10) bar transferring;
 - (11) sock trimmer;
 - (12) setting machine operator;
 - (13) assembling boxes, i.e. folding cardboard into cardboard containers;
 - (14) assistant to mechanic;
 - (15) cutting of bias binding;
 - (16) operating a dye-house machine;
 - (17) toe-closing by machine;
 - (18) cutting of travellers' swatches;
 - (19) drawn-thread mending;
 - (20) knitter's assistant, i.e. employee who brings yarn to and from the machines, removes fabric from the machines, unloads and reloads yarn onto the machine and can stop and start a machine, all under the general supervision of a knitter;
 - (21) tagger, i.e. an employee who marks with a thread on socks for size;
 - (22) spotter, i.e. an employee who removes spots and stains;
 - (23) operating shrinking press or machine;
 - (24) shearing, i.e. shearing away the teased fibre to give a velvet or felt finish to a beret or to a continuous length of fabric;
 - (25) ringing, i.e. placing a ring into a beret preparatory to drying in a steambox;
 - (26) assistant to handyman;
 - (27) assistant warp knitter, i.e. an employee who watches fabric for flaws, feeds machines with yarn, removes fabric from machines, and can stop and start a machine, all under the general supervision of a knitter and shall include a threader-hand and doffer;
 - (28) sorting, mass-measuring, marking, stocking bales of fabric or knitting yarn, all under the general supervision of a clerical employee;
 - (29) assistant stenter machine operator, i.e. an employee who assists a stenter machine operator;
 - (30) folding machine operator, i.e. an employee who operates a folding machine;
 - (31) assistant padder machine operator, i.e. an employee who assists a padder machine operator;
 - (32) assistant bonding machine operator, i.e. an employee who assists a bonding machine operator;
 - (33) dry-cleaning machine operator, i.e. an employee who operates a dry-cleaning machine;

"werkneemster graad B, vrou," 'n vroulike werkneemster wat een of meer van ondergenoemde werksaamhede verrig of in een of meer van ondergenoemde hoedanighede werksaam is:

(1) Masjienerwerker, d.w.s. 'n werkneemster wat enige werksaamheid met 'n naaimasjiene verrig;

(2) masjiensbreier, d.w.s. 'n werkneemster wat een of 'n stel breimasjiene bedien en in staat is om foute uit te ken, slechte naalde te vervang en klein regstellings aan iets soos garing spanning te doen wanneer dit nodig is;

(3) breiwerksnyer, d.w.s. 'n werkneemster wat half-vormkledingstukke (ru-stukke vir lyfies of moue) een vir een of saam sny;

(4) nasjener, d.w.s. 'n werkneemster wat die afgewerkte kleedstof en/of kledingstuk vir gebreke nasien;

(5) kleurstowwe massameet;

(6) laboratoriumassistent, d.w.s. 'n werkneemster wat monsters voorberei en wat die aanvangs- en roetinetoepte kan uitvoer en die resultate daarvan kan aanteken;

(7) skakelmasjiensbediener, d.w.s. 'n werkneemster wat 'n skakelmasjiene bedien;

(8) stopberk, d.w.s. die onderzoek van gebreide kledingstukke, met uitsondering van barette, vir defekte en die herstel van sodanige defekte;

(9) herstel- en/of vervangstukke sny, met inbegrip van tyd bestee aan die soek na en passing van materiaal;

(10) patroonsnyer, d.w.s. 'n werkneemster wat onder leiding en aanwysing van 'n ontwerper of gekwalifiseerde patroongraderder patronen van 'n kontrolepatroon af uit materiaal sny;

(11) soommaker, d.w.s. 'n werkneemster wat met 'n soommasjiene materiaal aanmekaarwerk;

en ook 'n vroulike werkneemster wat nie elders in hierdie Ooreenkoms vermeld word nie;

"werkneemster graad C, vrou," 'n vroulike werkneemster wat een of meer van ondergenoemde werksaamhede verrig of in een of meer van ondergenoemde hoedanighede werksaam is:

(1) Optolling, d.w.s. tolle met 'n optoller optol;

(2) etikette uitskryf;

(3) groottenommers stempel;

(4) dose inmekaaarsit, d.w.s. karton in kartonhouers vou;

(5) skuinsband sny;

(6) monsterboekies vir handelsreisigers sny;

(7) fatsooneer (met inbegrip van vormpars-, kalandeer- en setwerk);

(8) optoller, d.w.s. 'n werkneemster wat 'n garingoptolmasjiene bedien;

(9) 'n kleurmasjiene bedien;

(10) breier se assistent, d.w.s. 'n werkneemster wat garing na en van die masjiene neem, kleedstof van die masjiene afhaal, garing van masjiene afhaal en terugsit en wat 'n masjiene kan af- en aanskakel, alles onder die algemene toesig van 'n breier;

(11) herstelwerk met trekdrade;

(12) toonsluiting met 'n masjiene;

(13) wasringe maak;

(14) met die hand of masjiene aftrek of sjabloneer;

(15) trekdraadbediener;

(16) skeringbereier;

(17) borselaar;

(18) bande vul;

(19) bande afmerk;

(20) sokkies afwerk;

(21) verpakking, uitgesonderd versendingsverpakking;

(22) skoonmakers, vuuers, vuuers en omdraaiers;

(23) handstikker;

(24) merker, d.w.s. 'n werkneemster wat groottes met garing aan sokkies merk;

(25) vlekuithaler, d.w.s. 'n werkneemster wat kolle en vlekke verwijder;

(26) linte weer stryk en lywige breiwerk saggies pars;

(27) lynvoerde;

(28) kleedstofsplyter, d.w.s. 'n werkneemster wat deurlopende lengtes kleedstof op 'n vooraf bepaalde lyn oopslyt;

(29) herstelwerk aan barette, d.w.s. gate in barette stop;

"urloon" die weekloon in klousule 4 voorgeskryf, gedeel deur—

72 in die geval van 'n algemene werker wat as 'n wag of oppasser werksaam is;

46 in die geval van 'n algemene werker wat as 'n ketelbediener werksaam is;

42½ in die geval van alle ander werkneemsters;

"instrukteur" 'n werkneemster wat verantwoordelik is vir die opleiding van werkneemers in 'n bedryfsinstigting of wat op enige wyse hoegenaamd in of naby 'n fabriek 'n werkgewer help om 'n opleidingsprogram om die produktiwiteit van sy werkneemers te verbeter, uit te voer;

"Grade B employee, female," means a female employee engaged in one or more of the following duties or capacities:

(1) Machinist, i.e. an employee who performs any operation by sewing machine;

(2) machine knitter, i.e. an employee operating one or a set of knitting machines and capable of identifying faults, changing bad needles and making minor adjustments to such items as yarn tensions when necessary;

(3) knitting shaper, i.e. an employee who cuts semi-fashioned garments (body or sleeve blanks) individually or collectively;

(4) passer, i.e. an employee who examines the finished-off fabric and/or garment for flaws;

(5) colour mass-measuring;

(6) laboratory assistant, i.e. an employee who prepares samples and who may make initial and routine tests and record the results thereof;

(7) linker, i.e. an employee engaged in operating a linking machine;

(8) mending, i.e. the examination of knitted garments, other than berets, for defects and the rectification of such defects;

(9) cutting of repairs and/or replacements, including time spent in searching for and matching up cloth;

(10) pattern shaper, i.e. an employee who cuts patterns from any material under the direction and instruction of a designer or qualified pattern grader from a control pattern;

(11) seamer, i.e. an employee engaged in joining material by means of a seaming machine;

and shall include a female employee not elsewhere specified in this Agreement;

"Grade C employee, female," means a female employee engaged in one or more of the following duties or capacities:

(1) Bobbin winding, i.e. winding bobbins with a bobbin winder;

(2) writing of labels;

(3) stamping on of sizes;

(4) assembling boxes, i.e. folding cardboard into cardboard containers;

(5) cutting of bias binding;

(6) cutting of travellers' swatches;

(7) forming (including boarding, calendering and setting);

(8) winder, i.e. an employee engaged in operating a yarn winding machine;

(9) operating a dye-house machine;

(10) knitter's assistant, i.e. an employee who brings yarn to and from the machines, removes fabric from the machines, unloads and reloads yarn onto the machine and can stop and start a machine, all under the general supervision of a knitter;

(11) drawn-thread mending;

(12) toe-closing by machine;

(13) wax-ring making;

(14) transferring or stencilling by hand or machine;

(15) drawn-thread operator;

(16) warper;

(17) brusher;

(18) bar filling;

(19) bar transferring;

(20) sock trimmer;

(21) packing, other than despatch packing;

(22) cleaners, folders, folders and turners;

(23) hand sewer;

(24) tagger, i.e. an employee who marks with a thread on socks for size;

(25) spotter, i.e. an employee who removes spots and stains;

(26) re-ironing ribbons and light pressing of bulky knits;

(27) line feeder;

(28) fabric slitter, i.e. an employee engaged in slitting open continuous lengths of fabric on a pre-determined line;

(29) mending berets, i.e. darning holes in berets;

"hourly rate" or "hourly wage" means the weekly wage prescribed in clause 4 divided by—

72 in the case of a general worker engaged as a watchman or caretaker;

46 in the case of general worker engaged as a boiler attendant;

42½ in the case of all other employees;

"instructor" means an employee who is responsible for training employees in any establishment or who in any manner whatsoever assists an employer in or about a factory in carrying out training programmes to improve the productivity of his employees;

"Breiafdeling" daardie afdeling van die breiseksie waarin werkgewers en werknemers met mekaar geassosieer is vir die brei van kleedstof en/of kledingstukke en ook—

- (a) die opmaak van vol-vormkledingstukke;
- (b) die opmaak van half-vormkledingstukke;
- (c) die opmaak van sakkies vir mans, dames en kinders, maar nie die opmaak van gebreide kledingstukke uit breistofstuklengtes van 'n eeniforme breedte nie. Met "breistofstuklengtes" word bedoel rolle breistrof van deurlopende lengte;

"breitegnikus" 'n werknemer wat in diens is vir die doel om opgelei te word in alle fasette van die Nywerheid, wat as sodanig by die Raad geregistreer is en wat alle pligte mag verrig van die verskillende klasse werknemers vir wie lone in klousule 4 van hierdie Ooreenkoms voorgeskryf is;

"leerling" 'n werknemer wie se dienstydperk of -perke hom nie geregtig maak op die loon van 'n gekwalifiseerde werker wat in hierdie Ooreenkoms vir 'n werknemer van sy klas voorgeskryf word nie;

"maandloon" die weekloon vermenigvuldig met vier en 'n derde;

"drywer van 'n motorvoertuig" 'n werknemer wat 'n motorvoertuig dryf, en vir die toepassing van hierdie omskrywing omvat "n motorvoertuig dryf" alle tydperke waarin daar gedryf word en alle tyd wat die drywer bestee aan werk in verband met die voertuig of die vrag en alle tydperke waarin hy verplig is om op sy pos te bly gereed om te dryf;

"patroongradeerde" 'n werknemer wat patronne volgens verskillende groottes gradeer en bykomstige patronne volgens 'n moederpatroon maak, en ook werknemers wat moederpatrone vir die plooiproses en kopieë van die moederpatroon af maak;

"patroonmaker" 'n werknemer wat moederpatrone ontwerp en/of maak;

"stukwerk" 'n stelsel waarvolgens verdienste bereken word volgens die hoeveelheid werk verrig of produksie gelewer;

"gekwalifiseer" 'n werknemer uitgesonderd 'n algemene werker of 'n motorvoertuigdrywer wat sy tydperk van leerlingskap ingevolge hierdie Ooreenkoms voltooi het;

"gehaltebeheerde" 'n werknemer, uitgesonderd 'n nasiener, wat verantwoordelik is vir gehaltebeheer in 'n fabriek of enige afdeling van 'n fabriek, d.w.s. seker maak dat die gehalte van enige kledingstuk of gedeelte van enige kledingstuk, hetsy voltooi of onvoltooi, voldoen aan die peil van gehalte deur die werkewer bepaal;

"spanleier" 'n werknemer wat verantwoordelik is vir die werk wat uitgevoer word deur die werknemers in 'n span onder sy toesig en wat 'n aktiewe rol in die werkzaamhede van 'n span speel;

"korttyd" 'n tydelike vermindering van die getal gewone weeklikse werkure in 'n bedryfsinrigting weens werkslapte of ander vereistes van die handel;

"magasynman" 'n werknemer wat in die algemeen verantwoordelik is vir voorrade en/of afgewerkte produkte en wat verantwoordelik is vir die ontvangs, opberging, verpakking of uitpak van goedere in 'n magasyn of pakhuis en/of goedere uit 'n magasyn of pakhuis aflewer aan die verbruiksafdelings van 'n bedryfsinrigting of vir versending;

"taakwerk" die opdrag van 'n werkewer (of sy verteenwoordiger) aan 'n werknemer om 'n gegewe getal kledingstukke of gedeeltes van kledingstukke binne 'n bepaalde tyd te voltooi;

"handelsreisiger" 'n werknemer wat, as reisende verteenwoordiger van 'n bedryfsinrigting, namens sodanige bedryfsinrigting bestellings vir die verkoop en/of levering van goedere aan hulle, van persone vra, werf of opneem;

"onbelaste massa" die massa van 'n motorvoertuig of sleepwa soos aangeteeken op 'n lisensie of sertifikaat wat ten opsigte van so 'n motorvoertuig of sleepwa uitgereik is deur 'n lisensiowerheid wat regtens gemagtig is om lisensiés vir motorvoertuie uit te reik: Met dien verstande dat in die geval van 'n twee- of driewielmotorfiets, bromponie of outofiets of fiets uitgerus met 'n hulpmotor, die onbelaste massa geag word hoogstens 1 360 kg te wees;

"loon" dié gedeelte van die besoldiging wat in geld aan 'n werknemer betaalbaar is ten opsigte van die gewone werkure soos in hierdie Ooreenkoms voorgeskryf.

By die indeling van 'n werknemer vir die toepassing van hierdie Ooreenkoms word hy geag in daardie klas te wees waarin hy uitsluitlik van hoofsaklik werkzaam is.

"knitting division" means that division of the knitting section in which employers and employees are associated for the knitting of fabric and/or garments and shall include—

- (a) the making up of fully-fashioned garments;
- (b) the making up of semi-fashioned garments;
- (c) the making up of men's, ladies' and children's socks, but shall exclude the making up of knitted garments from uniform width knitted fabric in the piece. By "knitted fabric in the piece" is meant rolls of knitted fabric of continuous length;

"knitting technician" means an employee who is employed for the purpose of being trained in all aspects of the Industry, who is registered as such with the Council and who may perform any of the duties of the different classes of employees for whom wages are prescribed in clause 4 of this Agreement;

"learner" means an employee whose period or periods of employment do not entitle him to be paid the wage prescribed in this Agreement for a qualified employee of his class;

"monthly wage" means the weekly wage multiplied by four and one-third;

"motor vehicle driver" means an employee engaged in driving a motor vehicle and for the purposes of this definition "driving a motor vehicle" includes all periods of driving and any time spent by the driver on work connected with the vehicle or the load and all periods during which he is obliged to remain at his post in readiness to drive;

"pattern grader" means an employee who grades patterns to various sizes and makes ancillary patterns to a master pattern and includes an employee engaged in making master patterns for the pleating process and in making copies from the master pattern;

"pattern maker" means an employee engaged in designing and/or making master patterns;

"piece-work" means any system by which earnings are calculated upon the quantity or output of work performed;

"qualified" means an employee other than a general worker or a motor vehicle driver, who has completed his period of learnership as prescribed in terms of this Agreement;

"quality controller" means an employee, other than a passer, who carries responsibility for quality control in a factory or any department of a factory, i.e. ensuring that the quality of any garment or part of any garment whether in a finished or unfinished state meets the standard of quality determined by the employer;

"set leader" means an employee who is responsible for the work executed by the employees composing a set or team under his charge and who takes an active part in the operation of a set;

"short-time" means a temporary reduction in the number of ordinary weekly hours of work in an establishment due to slackness of work or other exigencies of trade;

"storeman" means an employee in general charge of stores and/or finished products and who is responsible for receiving, storing, packing or unpacking goods in a store or a warehouse and/or delivering goods from a store or warehouse to the consuming departments in an establishment or for despatch;

"task-work" means the setting by an employer (or his representative) to an employee of a stated number of garments or portions of garments to be completed by such employee within a specified time;

"traveller" means an employee who, as the travelling representative of an establishment, on behalf of such establishment invites, canvasses, or solicits orders from persons or the sale and/or supply to them of goods;

"unladen mass" means the mass of any motor vehicle or trailer as recorded in a licence or certificate issued in respect of such motor vehicle or trailer by any authority empowered by law to issue licences in respect of motor vehicles: Provided that in the case of a two or three-wheeled motorcycle, motor scooter or autocycle or a cycle fitted with an auxiliary engine the unladen weight shall be deemed not to exceed 1 360 kg;

"wage" means that portion of the remuneration payable in money to an employee in respect of the ordinary hours of work laid down in this Agreement.

In classifying an employee for the purposes of this Agreement he shall be deemed to be in that class in which he is wholly or mainly engaged.

4. BESOLDIGING

(1) Die minimum loon wat 'n werkgever aan elke lid van ondergenoemde klasse van sy werknemers moet betaal, is soos volg:

DEEL A

Klerke en handelsreisigers:

	Vanaf datum van in- werking- treding van hierdie Ooreen- koms tot 12/12/79	Vanaf 13/12/79 tot 12/12/80	Vanaf 13/12/80
	Per week R	Per week R	Per week R
Klerk graad A, man:			
Eerste jaar ondervinding.....	20,70	22,60	23,90
Tweede jaar ondervinding.....	25,70	28,05	29,65
Derde jaar ondervinding.....	30,70	33,50	35,45
Vierde jaar ondervinding.....	35,65	38,90	41,15
Daarna.....	45,75	49,90	52,80
Klerk graad A, vrou:			
Eerste jaar ondervinding.....	18,85	20,55	21,75
Tweede jaar ondervinding.....	21,85	23,80	25,20
Derde jaar ondervinding.....	24,90	27,15	28,75
Vierde jaar ondervinding.....	28,00	30,55	32,35
Daarna.....	31,75	34,65	36,65
Klerk graad B, man:			
Eerste jaar ondervinding.....	15,25	16,60	17,60
Tweede jaar ondervinding.....	19,60	21,40	22,60
Derde jaar ondervinding.....	23,80	25,95	27,45
Vierde jaar ondervinding.....	28,00	30,55	32,35
Daarna.....	39,90	43,50	46,05
Klerk graad B, vrou:			
Eerste jaar ondervinding.....	15,25	16,60	17,60
Tweede jaar ondervinding.....	18,35	20,05	21,20
Derde jaar ondervinding.....	21,55	23,50	24,85
Vierde jaar ondervinding.....	24,90	27,15	28,75
Daarna.....	28,50	31,10	32,90
Handelsreisiger, man:			
Eerste jaar ondervinding.....	233,75	255,00	269,90
Tweede jaar ondervinding.....	256,65	279,95	296,30
Derde jaar ondervinding.....	273,15	298,00	315,35
Vierde jaar ondervinding.....	297,30	324,30	343,20
Daarna.....	321,45	350,65	371,10
Handelsreisiger, vrou:			
Eerste jaar ondervinding.....	152,45	166,30	176,00
Tweede jaar ondervinding.....	177,85	194,05	205,35
Derde jaar ondervinding.....	200,75	218,95	231,75
Vierde jaar ondervinding.....	226,15	246,70	261,10
Daarna.....	254,10	277,20	293,35

DEEL B

Algemeen:

	Vanaf datum van in- werking- treding van hierdie Ooreen- koms tot 12/12/79	Vanaf 13/12/79 tot 12/12/80	Vanaf 13/12/80
	Per week R	Per week R	Per week R
Voorman of toesighouer, gehaltebeheerde en instrukteur:			
(a) Gekwalifiseer.....	54,95	59,95	63,45
(b) Leerling:			
Eerste ses maande ondervinding.....	40,15	43,75	46,30

4. REMUNERATION

(1) The minimum wage which an employer shall pay to each member of the undermentioned classes of his employees shall be as set out hereunder:

PART A

Clerical employees and travellers:

	From date of coming into operation of this Agreement to 12/12/79	From 13/12/79 to 12/12/80	From 13/12/80
	Per week R	Per week R	Per week R
Grade A clerk, male:			
First year of experience.....	20,70	22,60	23,90
Second year of experience.....	25,70	28,05	29,65
Third year of experience.....	30,70	33,50	35,45
Fourth year of experience.....	35,65	38,90	41,15
Thereafter.....	45,75	49,90	52,80
Grade A clerk, female:			
First year of experience.....	18,85	20,55	21,75
Second year of experience.....	21,85	23,80	25,20
Third year of experience.....	24,90	27,15	28,75
Fourth year of experience.....	28,00	30,55	32,35
Thereafter.....	31,75	34,65	36,65
Grade B clerk, male:			
First year of experience.....	15,25	16,60	17,60
Second year of experience.....	19,60	21,40	22,60
Third year of experience.....	23,80	25,95	27,45
Fourth year of experience.....	28,00	30,55	32,35
Thereafter.....	39,90	43,50	46,05
Grade B clerk, female:			
First year of experience.....	15,25	16,60	17,60
Second year of experience.....	18,35	20,05	21,20
Third year of experience.....	21,55	23,50	24,85
Fourth year of experience.....	24,90	27,15	28,75
Thereafter.....	28,50	31,10	32,90
Traveller, male:			
First year of experience.....	233,75	255,00	269,90
Second year of experience.....	256,65	279,95	296,30
Third year of experience.....	273,15	298,00	315,35
Fourth year of experience.....	297,30	324,30	343,20
Thereafter.....	321,45	350,65	371,10
Traveller, female:			
First year of experience.....	152,45	166,30	176,00
Second year of experience.....	177,85	194,05	205,35
Third year of experience.....	200,75	218,95	231,75
Fourth year of experience.....	226,15	246,70	261,10
Thereafter.....	254,10	277,20	293,35

PART B

General:

	From date of coming into operation of this Agreement to 12/12/79	From 13/12/79 to 12/12/80	From 13/12/80
	Per month R	Per month R	Per month R
Foreman or male supervisor, quality controller and instructor:			
(a) Qualified.....	54,95	59,95	63,45
(b) Learner:			
Eerste ses maande ondervinding.....	40,15	43,75	46,30

	Vanaf datum van in- werking- treding van hierdie Ooreen- koms tot 12/12/79	Vanaf 13/12/79 tot 12/12/80	Vanaf 13/12/80		From date of coming into oper- ation of this Agree- ment to 12/12/79	From 13/12/79 to 12/12/80	From 13/12/80
	Per week R	Per week R	Per week R		Per week R	Per week R	Per week R
Tweede ses maande ondervinding.....	47,55	51,85	54,85	Second six months of experience.....	47,55	51,85	54,85
Daarna, die loon in (a) voorgeskryf, d.w.s.....	54,95	59,95	63,45	Thereafter, the wage specified in (a), i.e.....	54,95	59,95	63,45
Voorvrou of toesighouderster, gehaltebeheerde en instruktrise:				Forewoman or female supervisor, quality controller and instrucress:			
(a) Gekwalfiseer.....	36,80	40,10	42,45	(a) Qualified.....	36,80	40,10	42,45
(b) Leerling:				(b) Learner:			
Eerste ses maande ondervinding.....	26,00	28,50	30,00	First six months of experience	26,00	28,50	30,00
Tweede ses maande ondervinding.....	31,15	33,95	35,95	Second six months of experience	31,15	33,95	35,95
Daarna, die loon in (a) voorgeskryf, d.w.s.....	36,80	40,10	42,45	Thereafter, the wage specified in (a), i.e.....	36,80	40,10	42,45
Algemene werker:				General worker:			
Man, 18 jaar en ouer.....	25,40	27,70	30,00	Male, 18 years of age and over..	25,40	27,70	30,00
Man, onder 18 jaar.....	21,30	23,20	25,20	Male, under 18 years.....	21,30	23,20	25,20
Vrouw.....	21,30	23,20	25,20	Female.....	21,30	23,20	25,20
Werknemer graad A, man:				Grade A employee, male:			
(a) Gekwalfiseer.....	40,15	43,75	46,30	(a) Qualified.....	40,15	43,75	46,30
(b) Leerling:				(b) Learner:			
Eerste jaar				<i>First year</i>			
Eerste ses maande ondervinding.	15,25	16,60	17,60	First six months of experience...	15,25	16,60	17,60
Tweede ses maande ondervinding	18,35	20,00	21,15	Second six months of experience	18,35	20,00	21,15
Tweede jaar				<i>Second year</i>			
Eerste ses maande ondervinding.	21,45	23,40	24,75	First six months of experience...	21,45	23,40	24,75
Tweede ses maande ondervinding	24,55	26,80	28,35	Second six months of experience	24,55	26,80	28,35
Derde jaar				<i>Third year</i>			
Eerste ses maande ondervinding.	27,70	30,20	31,90	First six months of experience...	27,70	30,20	31,90
Tweede ses maande ondervinding	30,80	33,55	35,50	Second six months of experience	30,80	33,55	35,50
Vierde jaar				<i>Fourth year</i>			
Eerste ses maande ondervinding.	33,90	36,95	39,05	First six months of experience...	33,90	36,95	39,05
Tweede ses maande ondervinding	37,00	40,35	42,65	Second six months of experience	37,00	40,35	42,65
Daarna, die loon in (a) voorgeskryf, d.w.s.....	40,15	43,75	46,30	Thereafter, the wage specified in (a), i.e.....	40,15	43,75	46,30
Werknemer graad B, man:				Grade B employee, male:			
(a) Gekwalfiseer.....	26,00	28,50	30,00	(a) Qualified.....	26,00	28,50	30,00
(b) Leerling:				(b) Learner:			
Eerste jaar				<i>First year</i>			
Eerste ses maande ondervinding.	15,25	16,60	17,60	First six months of experience...	15,25	16,60	17,60
Tweede ses maande ondervinding	17,05	18,60	19,65	Second six months of experience	17,05	18,60	19,65
Tweede jaar				<i>Second year</i>			
Eerste ses maande ondervinding.	18,80	20,60	21,70	First six months of experience...	18,80	20,60	21,70
Tweede ses maande ondervinding	20,60	22,55	23,75	Second six months of experience	20,60	22,55	23,75
Derde jaar				<i>Third year</i>			
Eerste ses maande ondervinding.	22,40	24,55	25,85	First six months of experience...	22,40	24,55	25,85
Tweede ses maande ondervinding	24,20	26,50	27,90	Second six months of experience	24,20	26,50	27,90
Daarna, die loon in (a) voorgeskryf, d.w.s.....	26,00	28,50	30,00	Thereafter, the wage specified in (a), i.e.....	26,00	28,50	30,00
(c) Indien bevorder tot werknemer graad A, man:				(c) If advanced to Grade A employee, male:			
Eerste ses maande vanaf datum van bevordering...	26,00	28,50	30,00	First six months from date of advancement.....	26,00	28,50	30,00
Tweede ses maande vanaf datum van bevordering...	33,90	36,95	39,05	Second six months from date of advancement....	33,90	36,95	39,05
Derde ses maande vanaf datum van bevordering...	37,00	40,35	42,65	Third six months from date of advancement.....	37,00	40,35	42,65
Daarna.....	40,15	43,75	46,30	Thereafter.....	40,15	43,75	46,30
Werknemer graad B, vrouw:				Grade B employee, female:			
(a) Gekwalfiseer.....	26,00	28,50	30,00	(a) Qualified.....	26,00	28,50	30,00
(b) Leerling:				(b) Learner:			
Eerste jaar				<i>First year</i>			
Eerste ses maande ondervinding.	15,25	16,60	17,60	First six months of experience...	15,25	16,60	17,60
Tweede ses maande ondervinding	17,05	18,60	19,65	Second six months of experience	17,05	18,60	19,65
Tweede jaar				<i>Second year</i>			
Eerste ses maande ondervinding.	18,80	20,60	21,70	First six months of experience...	18,80	20,60	21,70
Tweede ses maande ondervinding	20,60	22,55	23,75	Second six months of experience	20,60	22,55	23,75
Derde jaar				<i>Third year</i>			
Eerste ses maande ondervinding.	22,40	24,55	25,85	First six months of experience...	22,40	24,55	25,85
Tweede ses maande ondervinding	24,20	26,50	27,90	Second six months of experience	24,20	26,50	27,90
Daarna, die loon in (a) voorgeskryf, d.w.s.....	26,00	28,50	30,00	Thereafter, the wage specified in (a), i.e.....	26,00	28,50	30,00
Werknemer graad C, vrouw:				Grade C employee, female:			
(a) Gekwalfiseer.....	19,20	20,95	22,15	(a) Qualified.....	19,20	20,95	22,15

	Vanaf datum van in- werkung- treding van hierdie Ooreen- koms tot 12/12/79	Vanaf 13/12/79 tot 12/12/80	Vanaf 13/12/80		From date of coming into oper- ation of this Agree- ment to 12/12/79	From 13/12/79 to 12/12/80	From 13/12/80
	Per week R	Per week R	Per week R	(b) Learner:	Per week R	Per week R	Per week R
(b) Leerling:				(b) Learner:			
<i>Eerste jaar</i>				<i>First year</i>			
Eerste ses maande ondervinding.	15,25	16,60	17,60	First six months of experience...	15,25	16,60	17,60
Tweede ses maande ondervinding	15,90	17,35	18,35	Second six months of experience	15,90	17,35	18,35
<i>Tweede jaar</i>				<i>Second year</i>			
Eerste ses maande ondervinding.	16,55	18,05	19,10	First six months of experience...	16,55	18,05	19,10
Tweede ses maande ondervinding	17,20	18,80	19,85	Second six months of experience	17,20	18,80	19,85
<i>Derde jaar</i>				<i>Third year</i>			
Eerste ses maande ondervinding.	17,85	19,50	20,60	First six months of experience...	17,85	19,50	20,60
Tweede ses maande ondervinding	18,50	20,20	21,35	Second six months of experience	18,50	20,20	21,35
Daarna, die loon in (a) voorgeskrif, d.w.s.	19,20	20,95	22,15	Thereafter, the wage specified in (a).....	19,20	20,95	22,15
(c) Indien bevorder tot werknemergraad B, vrou:				(c) If advanced to Grade B employee, female:			
Eerste ses maande vanaf datum van bevordering..	19,20	20,95	22,15	First six months from date of advancement.....	19,20	20,95	22,15
Tweede ses maande vanaf datum van bevordering..	22,60	24,70	26,05	Second six months from date of advancement.....	22,60	24,70	26,05
Daarna.....,.....	26,00	28,50	30,00	Thereafter.....	26,00	28,50	30,00
Breitegnikus:				Knitting Technician:			
(a) Gekwalifieer.....	71,55	78,05	82,60	(a) Qualified.....	71,55	78,05	82,60
(b) Leerling:				(b) Learner:			
<i>Eerste jaar</i>				<i>First year</i>			
Eerste ses maande ondervinding.	15,25	16,60	17,60	First six months of experience...	15,25	16,60	17,60
Tweede ses maande ondervinding	22,30	24,30	25,70	Second six months of experience	22,30	24,30	25,70
<i>Tweede jaar</i>				<i>Second year</i>			
Eerste ses maande ondervinding.	29,30	31,95	33,85	First six months of experience...	29,30	31,95	33,85
Tweede ses maande ondervinding	36,35	39,65	41,95	Second six months of experience	36,35	39,65	41,95
<i>Derde jaar</i>				<i>Third year</i>			
Eerste ses maande ondervinding.	43,35	47,30	50,05	First six months of experience...	43,35	47,30	50,05
Tweede ses maande ondervinding	50,40	55,00	58,20	Second six months of experience	50,40	55,00	58,20
<i>Vierde jaar</i>				<i>Fourth year</i>			
Eerste ses maande ondervinding.	57,45	62,70	66,30	First six months of experience...	57,45	62,70	66,30
Tweede ses maande ondervinding	64,45	70,35	74,45	Second six months of experience	64,45	70,35	74,45
Daarna, die loon in (a) voorgeskrif, d.w.s.	71,55	78,05	82,60	Thereafter, the wage specified in (a), i.e.....	71,55	78,05	82,60
Drywer van motorvoertuig waarvan die onbelaste massa tesame met die onbelaste massa van 'n sleepwa -waens wat deur sodanige voertuig getrek word—				Motor vehicle driver of a vehicle, the unladen mass of which, together with the unladen mass of any trailer or trailers drawn by such vehicle—			
(a) hoogstens 1 360 kg is.....	25,40	27,70	30,00	(a) does not exceed 1 360 kg....	25,40	27,70	30,00
(b) meer as 1 360 kg maar hoogstens 2 720 kg is.....	28,20	30,75	32,55	(b) exceeds 1 360 kg but not 2 720 kg.....	28,20	30,75	32,55
(c) meer as 2 720 kg is.....	39,05	42,60	45,10	(c) exceeds 2 720 kg.....	39,05	42,60	45,10
Patroongradeerder:				Pattern grader:			
(a) Gekwalifieer.....	55,25	60,30	63,80	(a) Qualified.....	55,25	60,30	63,80
(b) Leerling:				(b) Learner:			
<i>Eerste jaar</i>				<i>First year</i>			
Eerste ses maande ondervinding.	15,25	16,60	17,60	First six months of experience...	15,25	16,60	17,60
Tweede ses maande ondervinding	20,25	22,10	23,35	Second six months of experience	20,25	22,10	23,35
<i>Tweede jaar</i>				<i>Second year</i>			
Eerste ses maande ondervinding.	25,25	27,55	29,15	First six months of experience...	25,25	27,55	29,15
Tweede ses maande ondervinding	30,25	33,00	34,90	Second six months of experience	30,25	33,00	34,90
<i>Derde jaar</i>				<i>Third year</i>			
Eerste ses maande ondervinding.	35,25	38,45	40,65	First six months of experience...	35,25	38,45	40,65
Tweede ses maande ondervinding	40,25	43,90	46,45	Second six months of experience	40,25	43,90	46,45
<i>Vierde jaar</i>				<i>Fourth year</i>			
Eerste ses maande ondervinding.	45,25	49,40	52,20	First six months of experience...	45,25	49,40	52,20
Tweede ses maande ondervinding	50,25	54,85	58,00	Second six months of experience	50,25	54,85	58,00
Daarna, die loon in (a) voorgeskrif, d.w.s.	55,25	60,30	63,80	Thereafter, the wage specified in (a), i.e.....	55,25	60,30	63,80
Patroonmaker:				Pattern maker:			
(a) Gekwalifieer.....	71,55	78,05	82,60	(a) Qualified.....	71,55	78,05	82,60
(b) Leerling:				(b) Learner:			
<i>Eerste jaar</i>				<i>First year</i>			
Eerste ses maande ondervinding.	15,25	16,60	17,60	First six months of experience...	15,25	16,60	17,60
Tweede ses maande ondervinding	22,30	24,30	25,70	Second six months of experience	22,30	24,30	25,70
<i>Tweede jaar</i>				<i>Second year</i>			
Eerste ses maande ondervinding.	29,30	31,95	33,85	First six months of experience...	29,30	31,95	33,85
Tweede ses maande ondervinding	36,35	39,65	41,95	Second six months of experience	36,35	39,65	41,95
<i>Derde jaar</i>				<i>Third year</i>			
Eerste ses maande ondervinding.	43,35	47,30	50,05	First six months of experience...	43,35	47,30	50,05
Tweede ses maande ondervinding	50,40	55,00	58,20	Second six months of experience	50,40	55,00	58,20

	Vanaf datum van in- werkning van hierdie Ooreen- koms tot 12/12/79	Vanaf 13/12/79 tot 12/12/80	Vanaf 13/12/80
	Per week R	Per week R	Per week R
<i>Vierde jaar</i>			
Eerste ses maande ondervinding.	57,45	62,70	66,30
Tweede ses maande ondervinding	64,45	70,35	74,45
Daarna, die loon in (a) voorge- skryf, d.w.s.....	71,55	78,05	82,60

	From date of coming into oper- ation of this Agree- ment to 12/12/79	From 13/12/79 to 12/12/80	From 13/12/80
	Per week R	Per week R	Per week R
<i>Fourth year</i>			
First six months of experience...	57,45	62,70	66,30
Second six months of experience	64,45	70,35	74,45
Thereafter, the wage specified in (a), i.e.....	71,55	78,05	82,60

(2) *Spanleiers*.—Benewens die lone bereken ingevolge subklousule (1), moet 'n werknemer van wie daar vereis word om die werkzaamhede van 'n spanleier te verrig, 'n bykomende R2 per week ontvang en betaal word terwyl hy aldus werkzaam is.

(3) *Kontrakgrondslag*.—Vir die toepassing van hierdie klousule is die dienskontrak van 'n werknemer op 'n weeklikse grondslag en 'n werknemer moet ten opsigte van 'n week minstens die volle weekloon betaal word wat in subklousule (1), gelees met subklousule (5), vir 'n werknemer van sy klas voorgeskryf word, of hy in daardie week die maksimum getal gewone werkure wat ingevolge klousule 9 op hom van toepassing is, of minder, gwerk het.

(4) *Verhogingsdatums*.—'n Werkgewer moet gedurende elke kalenderjaar die loonsverhogings wat aan sy werknemers veruskuldig is op ondergenoemde grondslag betaal:

(a) Alle werknemers wat gedurende die tydperk 1 Januarie tot 31 Maart van die kalenderjaar vir 'n verhoging in aanmerking kom, moet dié verhogings toegestaan word met ingang van die betaalweek waarin 15 Februarie van die jaar val.

Wanneer 'n werknemer gedurende genoemde betaalweek nie in diens is nie, word hy op die verhoging geregtig met ingang van die datum waarop hy in diens geneem word.

(b) Net so en op dieselfde wyse moet alle verhogings wat gedurende die tydperke 1 April tot 30 Junie, 1 Julie tot 30 September en 1 Oktober tot 31 Desember van elke kalenderjaar verskuldig word, aan die werknemers toegestaan word met ingang van die betaalweek waarin 15 Mei, 15 Augustus en 15 November binne die onderskeie tydperke val.

(c) Wanneer bereken word of 'n werknemer vir 'n verhoging in aanmerking kom, moet alle tydperke van afwesigheid van die werk bygereken word, uitgesonderd afwesigheid sonder betaling vir 'n ononderbroke tydperk van meer as vier agtereenvolgende betaalweke en ten opsigte waarvan volledige besonderhede omtrent die naam van die werknemer en die tydperk van afwesigheid binne 14 dae vanaf die datum waarop die werknemer sy werk hervat het, aan die Raad verstrek is.

(5) *Differensiële skale*.—'n Werkgewer wat van 'n lid van een klas van sy werknemers vereis of hom toelaat om langer as een uur altesaam op 'n dag, of bo en behalwe sy eie werk of ter vervanging daarvan, werk van 'n ander klas te verrig waarvoor—

- (a) of 'n hoër loon as dié van sy eie klas;
- (b) of 'n stygende loonskaal wat eindig in 'n loon wat hoër as dié van sy eie klas is,

in subklousule (1) voorgeskryf word, moet aan sodanige werknemer ten opsigte van daardie dag die volgende betaal:

(i) In die geval in paragraaf (a) bedoel, minstens die dagloon, bereken op die hoër weeklikse skaal; en

(ii) in die geval in paragraaf (b) bedoel, minstens die dagloon, bereken op die grondslag van die hoogste weekloon wat in subklousule (1) vir die hoër klas voorgeskryf word:

Met dien verstande dat indien die verskil tussen klasse kragtens subklousule (1) gebaseer is op ondervinding, geslag of ouerdom, hierdie subklousule nie van toepassing is nie.

(6) *Nagskofbesoldiging*.—Benewens die besoldiging in subklousule (1) voorgeskryf, moet 'n werknemer ten opsigte van elke nagskof wat in 'n week gwerk word, 'n bykomende 10-percen op sodanige besoldiging betaal word ten opsigte van alle ure wat buite die gewone daaglikske ure van die bedryfsinrigting val.

(2) *Set leaders*.—In addition to the wages computed in terms of subclause (1), any employee when called upon to perform the duties of a set leader, shall receive and be paid an additional R2 per week whilst so employed.

(3) *Basis of contract*.—For the purposes of this clause the contract of employment of an employee shall be on a weekly basis and an employee shall be paid in respect of a week not less than the full weekly wage prescribed in subclause (1) read with subclause (5) for an employee of his class whether he has in that week worked the maximum number of ordinary hours of work applicable to him in terms of clause 9 or less.

(4) *Incremental dates*.—An employer shall pay increases due to his employees during each calendar year on the following basis:

(a) All employees who qualify for an increase during the period 1 January to 31 March of the calendar year shall be granted such increases with effect from the pay week in which 15 February of such year falls. When an employee is not in employment during the said pay week he shall become entitled to the increase with effect from the date he is employed.

(b) Likewise and in the same manner all increases which become due during the periods 1 April to 30 June, 1 July to 30 September and 1 October to 31 December of each calendar year shall be granted to employees with effect from the pay-week in which 15 May, 15 August and 15 November fall within the respective periods.

(c) In calculating whether an employee qualifies for an increment all periods of absence from work shall be counted except any absence without pay for a continuous period in excess of four consecutive pay-weeks and in respect whereof full particulars of the name of the employee and the period of absence have been advised to the Council within 14 days of the employee resuming work.

(5) *Differential rates*.—An employer who requires or permits a member of one class of his employees to perform for longer than one hour in the aggregate on any day, either in addition to his own work or in substitution therefor, work of another class for which either—

(a) a wage higher than that of his own class; or

(b) a rising scale of wages terminating in a wage higher than that of his own class,

as prescribed in subclause (1) shall pay to such employee in respect of that day—

(i) in the case referred to in paragraph (a) not less than the daily wage calculated on the higher weekly rate; and

(ii) in the case referred to in paragraph (b) not less than the daily wage calculated on the basis of the highest weekly wage prescribed in subclause (1) for the higher class:

Provided that where the difference between classes is, in terms of subclause (1), based on experience, sex or age, the provisions of this subclause shall not apply.

(6) *Night-shift remuneration*.—In addition to the remuneration prescribed in subclause (1), an employee shall in respect of each night-shift worked in any week be paid an additional 10 per cent on such remuneration in respect of any hours falling outside the ordinary daily hours of the establishment.

(7) In 'n bedryfsinrigting waar geen voorman of voorvrouw werkzaam is nie, is 'n werknemer (uitgesonderd 'n spanleier) wat verantwoordelik is vir die werk wat ander werknemers verrig, geregtig op minstens die loon wat in subklousule (1) vir 'n toesighouer voorgeskryf word en moet hy die loon betaal word.

(8) *Bywoningstoelae.*—Benewens die loon wat ingevolge subklousule (1) aan 'n werknemer betaalbaar is en ongeag of sodanige werknemer ten opsigte van sy gewone werkure 'n hoër loon ontvang as die loon wat vir 'n werknemer van sy klas voorgeskryf word, moet 'n werkewer 'n bywoningstoelae van minstens R1 per week betaal aan so 'n werknemer wat in enige bepaalde week werk verrig.

(a) vir minstens die aantal gewone weeklike werkure in klosule 9 (1) vir 'n werknemer van sy klas voorgeskryf; of

(b) vir minstens die aantal gewone werkure wat sy werkewer vereis waar sodanige aantal gewone werkure minder is as die ure in klosule 9 (1) voorgeskryf:

Met dien verstande dat, vir die doel om die betaling vir oortydwerk en jaarlikse verlof te bereken, die bywoningstoelae nie as deel van die weeklike loon van 'n werknemer geag word nie.

5. BETALING VAN BESOLDIGING

(1) Geen bepaling in hierdie Ooreenkoms mag die loon verminder nie wat onmiddellik voor die datum van inwerkintreding van hierdie Ooreenkoms aan 'n werknemer betaal is of waarop 'n werknemer op sodanige datum geregtig was terwyl dié werknemer by dieselfde werkewer in diens is. Hierdie subklousule is ook van toepassing op 'n werknemer wie se diens deur sodanige werkewer beëindig word na die datum van die inwerkintreding van hierdie Ooreenkoms en wat weer deur dié werkewer in diens geneem word.

Vir die toepassing hiervan omvat "Ooreenkoms" alle wysings van die Ooreenkoms.

(2) (a) Besoldiging verskuldig aan 'n werknemer, uitgesonderd 'n skofwerker, moet elke Vrydag gedurende werkure in kontant betaal word op die plek en tyd genoem in die kennisgewing wat opgeplak is ooreenkomsregulasie 7 (5) kragtens die Wet, maar nie later as 17h30 nie. Alle tyd wat verloop na die gewone werkure en die tyd waarop betaling gedoen word, word geag oortyd te wees. As 'n betaaldag op 'n openbare vakansiedag val, moet betaling geskied gedurende die werkure op die dag wat dié vakansiedag voorafgaan.

In die geval van 'n skofwerker moet besoldiging wat aan 'n werknemer verskuldig is, betaal word op 'n tyd waaroor dié werknemer en sy werkewer ooreengekom het, en dié tyd moet gedurende die gewone kantooruur van die bedryfsinrigting val, maar hoogstens 24 uur na die gewone betaaldag.

(b) Werknemers wat op 'n maandelikse grondslag werk, moet voor of op die laaste dag van elke kalendermaand betaal word, of by diensbeëindiging as dit vóór die gewone betaaldag van die werknemer plaasvind.

(c) Ingeval die dienskontrak beëindig word op 'n ander werkdag as die gewone betaaldag van die bedryfsinrigting, moet alle lone of ander geld wat aan die werknemer verskuldig is onmiddellik by diensbeëindiging betaal word, en waar dit nie gedoen word nie is die werknemer ook geregtig op sy gewone loon totdat hy betaal word.

(3) *Loonkoeverte.*—Alle lone moet aan die werknemers oorhandig word in verseë尔de koeverte waarop die volgende voorkom: Die naam van die werknemer, sy fabrieksnommer, die naam van die werkewer, die getal ure deur die werknemer gewerk, asook sy voorgeskrewe weeklike loonskaal, aftrekings gedoen ingevolge subklousule (4) en klosule 12 (d.w.s. korttyd), en die tydperk waarvoor betaling geskied.

(4) Geen bedrag hoegenaamd, uitgesonderd die volgende, mag van die loon wat aan 'n werknemer verskuldig is, afgetrek word nie:

(a) Behoudens andersluidende bepalings in hierdie Ooreenkoms, wanneer 'n werknemer van sy werk afwesig is anders as op versoek of op las van sy werkewer, 'n pro rata-bedrag vir tyd wat werklik verlore gegaan het;

(b) met die skriftelike toestemming van die werknemer, aftrekings vir 'n spaar- en/of vakansiefonds: Met dien verstande dat die aanvang of voortsetting van 'n spaar- en/of vakansiefonds onderworpe is aan die goedkeuring van die Raad, nadat die werkewer daar toe ingestem het om sodanige geld wat van sy werknemer se loon afgetrek is, in 'n trustfonds te stort wat onder toesig van die Raad staan;

(c) heffings ingevolge klosule 22 en bydraes tot die siektebystandsfonds ingevolge klosule 26 van hierdie Ooreenkoms;

(d) enige bedrag wat 'n werkewer ingevolge 'n ordonnansie of regssproses namens 'n werknemer moet betaal;

(7) In an establishment where a foreman or forewoman is not employed, any employee (other than a set leader) who is responsible for the work performed by other employees, shall be entitled to and be paid not less than the wage prescribed in subclause (1) for a supervisor.

(8) *Attendance allowance.*—In addition to the wage payable to an employee in terms of subclause (1) and irrespective of whether such an employee is, in respect of his ordinary hours of work, in receipt of a wage higher than that prescribed for an employee of his class, an attendance allowance of not less than R1 per week shall be paid by the employer to such an employee who in any one week works—

(a) not less than the ordinary weekly numbers of hours prescribed in clause 9 (1) for an employee of his class; or

(b) not less than the number of ordinary hours of work required by his employer where such number of ordinary hours is less than that prescribed in clause 9 (1):

Provided that for the purpose of calculating the payment of overtime and annual leave the attendance allowance shall not be deemed to form part of the weekly wage of an employee.

5. PAYMENT OF REMUNERATION

(1) Nothing in this Agreement shall operate to reduce the wage which was being paid immediately prior to, or to which any employee was entitled at the date of the commencement of this Agreement whilst such employee is employed by the same employer. The provisions of this subclause shall also apply in the case of any employee whose services are terminated by such employer subsequent to the date of commencement of this Agreement and who is re-engaged by such employer.

For the purposes hereof, Agreement shall include any amendment thereto.

(2) (a) Remuneration due to an employee other than a shift worker shall be paid in cash each Friday during working hours at the place and time specified in the notice posted up in accordance with regulation 7 (5) under the Act but not later than 17h30. Any time which may elapse after the normal hours of work and the time at which payment is made shall be deemed to be overtime. If pay-day falls upon a public holiday, payment shall be made during working hours on the day preceding such holiday.

In the case of a shift worker remuneration due to an employee shall be paid at a time agreed upon between such employee and his employer, which time shall be during the usual office hours of the establishment but not later than 24 hours after the usual pay-day.

(b) Employees engaged upon a monthly basis shall be paid not later than the last day in each calendar month, or upon the termination of employment if this should take place before the ordinary pay-day of the employee.

(c) Where the contract of employment is terminated on any working day other than the ordinary pay-day in the establishment, all wages or other moneys due to the employee shall be paid immediately upon termination of employment, and where this is not done the employee shall also be entitled to his normal wages for any period up to the time at which payment is made.

(3) *Wage envelopes.*—All wages must be handed to employees in sealed envelopes which shall bear the name of the employee, his factory number, the name of the employer, the number of hours worked by the employee, his prescribed weekly wage rate, deductions made in terms of subclause (4) and of clause 12 (i.e. short-time), and the period in respect of which payment is made.

(4) No deduction of any description, other than the following, shall be made from the amount due to an employee:

(a) Except where otherwise provided in this Agreement, whenever an employee is absent from work and such absence is not at the request or on the instructions of his employer, a pro rata deduction for actual time lost;

(b) with the written consent of the employee, deductions for savings and/or holiday funds: Provided that the commencement or continuance of a savings and/or holiday fund is subject to the approval of the Council, after the employer has agreed to deposit such moneys deducted from his employee's wages in a trust fund under the supervision of the Council;

(c) levies in terms of clause 22 and sick fund contributions in terms of clause 26 of this Agreement;

(d) any amount paid by an employer compelled by law, ordinance or legal process to make payment on behalf of an employee;

(e) waar 'n werkgever 'n skêr aan sy werknemer verskaf het, kan 'n weeklike paaiemnt van hoogstens 30c afgetrek word totdat die koste wat die werkgever aangegaan het, terugbetaal is, maar ingeval die werknemer die skêr aan sy werkgever terugbesorg, is hy geregtig op terugbetaling van die totale bedrag wat hy betaal het;

(f) aftrekkings ten opsigte van tee (of ander drank) ooreenkomsdig klousule 13 van hierdie Ooreenkoms;

(g) waar daar weens 'n onklaarraking van masjinerie of weens 'n ander oorsaak buite beheer van die bestuur geen werk vir 'n werknemer beskikbaar is nie, kan 'n werkgever 'n pro rata-bedrag aftrek vir tyd van meer as twee uur wat velore gegaan het;

(h) met die skriftelike toestemming van sy werknemer, aftrekkings vir bydraes tot die fondse van die vakvereniging ingevolge klousule 27 van die Ooreenkoms;

(i) bedrae ten opsigte van geld wat teen die werknemer se loon voorgeskei is;

(j) bedrae ten opsigte van terugbetalings op behuisingslenings waarvoor voorsiening gemaak word in klousule 8 (5) van die Voorsorgfondsooreenkoms van die Raad;

(k) indien 'n werkgever op versoek van sy werknemer aan sodanige werknemer 'n oorpak verskaf het, kan 'n bedrag van hoogstens 50c per week afgetrek word totdat die koste van die oorpak aan die werkgever terugbetaal is;

(l) bedrae ten opsigte van bydraes tot pensioenfondse goedkeur deur die Registrateur van Pensioenfondse.

(5) Werkgewers wat hul werknemers van goedere van welke aard ook al voorsien, mag nie die bedrae wat daarop veruskuldig is van die besoldiging van dié werknemers aftrek nie. Besoldiging moet te alle tye ten volle betaal word, uitgesonder soos bepaal in subklousule (4) en klousule 12, en geen aftrekkings mag gedoen word ten opsigte van goedere wat gedurende die vervaardigingsproses per ongeluk beskadig mag word nie.

(6) Waar werk van welke aard ook al in 'n bedryfsinrigting verrig word deur werknemers wat in spanne georganiseer is, moet elke individuele werknemer in genoemde span sy besoldiging deur die werkgever of sy veerteenwoordiger betaal word in die bedryfsinrigting waar die werk verrig word.

(7) Geen werkgever mag 'n premie, geldelike of ander vergoeding vra of aanneem vir die opleiding van 'n werknemer nie: Met dien verstande dat hierdie subklousule nie van toepassing is op 'n opleidingskema ten opsigte waarvan daar regtens van die werkgever vereis word om by te dra nie.

(8) Wanneer werk tot 'n stilstand kom of onderbreek word in die hele of 'n gedeelte van 'n bedryfsinrigting weens veroorsaak deur 'n brand, storm of oorstroming, moet 'n werkgever aan alle werknemers wat daardeur geraak word, lone tot 'n maksimum van twee weke betaal: Met dien verstande dat sodanige betaling betaling moet insluit ten opsigte van diensopseggings wat ingevolge klousule 18 van hierdie Ooreenkoms veruskuldig mag wees: Voorts met dien verstande dat waar werk in 'n gedeelte van of in die hele bedryfsinrigting hervat word binne twee weke vanaf die datum waarop werk aldus tot stilstand gekom het of onderbreek is, die veruskuldigde betaling slegs moet wees ten opsigte van die werklike tyd wat verlore gegaan het vir die werknemers wat daardeur geraak word. Hierdie subklousule is ook van toepassing op 'n werknemer wat op die datum van sodanige brand, storm of oorstroming ingevolge klousule 18 (8) van hierdie Ooreenkoms op proef in diens was.

6. TYDREGISTERS

(1) Elke werkgever moet tot tevredenheid van die Raad 'n halfautomatiese tydregistreerklok of 'n ander tydregistreerstelsel verskaf, en moet bo redelike tyfelf die werklike tyd vasstel waarin elke individuele werknemer in die bedryfsinrigting aanwesig was.

(2) Elke werknemer moet, tensy hy deur siekte of ander onvermydelike oorsaak verhinder is, dag vir dag die werklike tydperke van sy aanwesigheid in die bedryfsinrigting registrer.

(3) Elke werknemer moet persoonlik registreer ooreenkomsdig die metode wat in die bedryfsinrigting gevolg word, en geen werknemer mag vir 'n ander werknemer in dié bedryfsinrigting registrer nie.

(4) Alle tydkaarte of ander soorte registers moet ooreenkomsdig die vereistes van artikel 57 (4) van die Wet op Nywerheidsversoening, 1956, vir 'n tydperk van drie jaar gehou word ná die datum van die registrering en moet op versoek beskikbaar wees vir inspeksie deur die aangewese agent van dié Raad.

7. LOONAANSPORING, STUKWERK EN TAAKWERK

(1) Taakwerk is verbode en werknemers van wie vereis word om 'n bepaalde aantal produksie-eenhede te lever, moet werk volgens 'n stukwerk- of aansporingstelsel, soos in hierdie klousule bepaal.

(e) where scissors have been provided by an employer to his employee, a weekly instalment not exceeding 30c may be deducted until the cost incurred by the employer has been repaid, but in the event of the employee returning the scissors to his employer he shall be entitled to a refund of the total amount he has paid;

(f) deductions in respect of tea (or other beverage) in terms of clause 13 of this Agreement;

(g) where no work is available to an employee on account of a breakdown of machinery or other cause beyond the control of the management, the employer may make a pro rata deduction for any time lost in excess of two hours;

(h) with the written consent of his employee, deductions for contributions to the funds of the trade union in terms of clause 27 of the Agreement;

(i) deductions for cash advanced against wages;

(j) deductions in respect of repayments on housing loans provided for in clause 8 (5) of the Provident Fund Agreement of the Council;

(k) where overalls have been provided by an employer to his employee at his request, a weekly instalment not exceeding 50c may be deducted until the cost thereof has been repaid;

(l) deductions for contributions to pension funds approved by the Registrar of Pension Funds.

(5) Employers who supply their employees with goods of any kind whatsoever, shall not deduct the amounts owing thereon from the remuneration of such employees. Remuneration must at all times be paid in full except as is provided in subclause (4), and clause 12 and no deduction shall be made in respect of goods that may have been accidentally spoilt during the manufacturing process.

(6) Where work of any nature whatsoever is performed in an establishment by employees organised in sets or teams, each individual employee in the said sets or teams shall be paid his remuneration by the employer or his representative in the establishment where the work is performed.

(7) No employer shall charge, nor shall he accept, any premium, monetary or other compensation for the training of an employee: Provided that this subclause shall not apply in respect of a training scheme to which the employer is legally required to contribute.

(8) Whenever work ceases or is interrupted in the whole or part of an establishment owing to damage caused by fire, storm or flooding an employer shall pay to all employees affected thereby wages up to a maximum of two weeks: Provided that such payment shall include any payment in respect of notice of termination of service which may be due in terms of clause 18 of this Agreement: Provided further that where work in a part or the whole of the establishment is resumed within two weeks from the date on which work was so ceased or interrupted, the payment due shall be only in respect of the actual time lost by the employees affected. The provisions of this subclause shall also apply to any employee who as at the date of such fire, storm or flood is employed on trial in terms of clause 18 (8) of this Agreement.

6. TIME RECORDS

(1) Every employer shall provide, to the satisfaction of the Council, a semi-automatic time recording clock, or other recording system and shall establish beyond reasonable doubt the actual time each individual employee has attended at the establishment.

(2) Every employee shall, unless prevented by sickness or other unavoidable cause, register day by day the actual periods of his attendance at the establishment.

(3) Every employee shall register in person, in accordance with the method employed in the establishment, and no employee may register for any other employee in such establishment.

(4) All time cards, or other types of records, shall in accordance with the requirements of section 57 (4) of the Industrial Conciliation Act, 1956, be kept for a period of three years subsequent to the date of the record and on request shall be available for inspection by the designated agent of the Council.

7. WAGE INCENTIVES, PIECE-WORK AND TASK WORK

(1) Task work is prohibited and employees, who are required to produce a given number of units of production shall be placed under piece-work or incentive system as provided for in this clause.

(2) Geen werkewer mag 'n werknemer vir stukwerk of 'n ander vorm van loonaansporing in diens neem nie, uitgesonderd op ondergenoemde voorwaardes:

(a) Geen werknemer mag in 'n week minder betaal word nie as die minimum loon waarop hy ooreenkomsdig klosule 4 van hierdie Ooreenkoms geregtig sou gewees het as hy bloot as tydwerker in diens was;

(b) die Sekretaris van die Raad moet binne sewe dae vanaf die invoering van stukwerk of 'n ander vorm van loonaansporing, in kennis gestel word van die invoering daarvan;

(c) 'n lys van die stukwerksskale en, in die geval van 'n ander vorm van loonaansporing, 'n staat wat duidelik uiteensit hoe bonusbetalings bereken sal word, moet onverwyld vertoon en opgeplak gehou word op 'n opvallende plek waartoe die werknemers geredelik toegang het en dié lys en/of staat moet op die plek deur 'n agent van die Raad onderteken word;

(d) die werknemers wat deur 'n loonaansporingskema, uitgesonderd gewone stukwerk, geraak word, het die reg om 'n werkkomitee van twee te kies (of dié addisionele getal waartoe die werkewer instem) en ingeval 'n werkkomitee aangestel word, moet volle besonderhede van die werklike werking van die skema aan die komitee beskikbaar gestel word;

(e) volle besonderhede van die loonaansporingskema, met vermelding van die werksaamhede wat geraak word, die werkwaardes en die punte waarmee daar by die berekening van die werkwaardes rekening gehou word, moet deur die werkewer bygehou word, en waar veranderings aangebring word, moet die registers van die vorige stelsel vir 'n tydperk van een jaar ná sodanige verandering bewaar word;

(f) geen besonderhede van die loonaansporingskema mag verander word met die doel om die verdienste van die betrokke werknemers sonder toestemming van die werkkomitee (as daar een is) te verminder nie, en ingeval daar 'n geskil ontstaan, moet die saak na die Raad verwys word: Met dien verstande dat dit nie van toepassing is op veranderings wat gedurende 'n proefydt van drie maande ná die inwerkingtreding van die skema aangebring word nie.

Stukwerksskale mag nie sonder die toestemming van die Raad verminder word nie;

(g) geen loonaansporingskema mag vir 'n tydperk van meer as een maand ná 'n proefydt van drie maande voortgesit word sonder dat 'n vergunningssertifikaat eers van die Raad verkry is nie.

8. GETALSVERHOUDING

(1) *Breiers*.—'n Werkewer mag nie 'n ongekwalifiseerde breier in diens neem nie tensy hy 'n gekwalifiseerde breier in sy diens het, en vir elke gekwalifiseerde breier mag daar hoogstens drie ongekwalifiseerde breiers in diens wees.

(2) *Breisters*.—'n Werkewer mag nie 'n ongekwalifiseerde breister in diens neem nie tensy hy 'n gekwalifiseerde breister in sy diens het, en vir elke gekwalifiseerde breister mag daar hoogstens twee ongekwalifiseerde breisters in diens wees.

(3) *Breier se assistent*.—'n Werkewer mag nie 'n breier se assistent in diens hê nie, tensy hy 'n gekwalifiseerde breier of breister in sy diens het.

(4) Vir die toepassing van subklousules (1) en (2), moet 'n ongekwalifiseerde breier/breister wat minstens die loon van 'n gekwalifiseerde breier/breister ontvang, as 'n gekwalifiseerde breier/breister geag word.

(5) Vir die toepassing van subklousules (1) en (2), kan 'n werkewer wat uitsluitlik of hoofsaaklik die werk van 'n breier doen, as 'n gekwalifiseerde breier geag word: Met dien verstande dat 'n werkewer nie in meer as een bedryfsinrigting aldus geag mag word nie.

(6) *Vroulike werknemers (uitgesonderd breisters)*.—'n Werkewer moet ten opsigte van die vroulike werknemers in sy bedryfsinrigting vir wie lone in hierdie Ooreenkoms voor geskryf word (uitgesonderd breisters)—

(a) vanaf die datum van inwerkingtreding van hierdie Ooreenkoms tot 12 Desember 1979—

(i) minstens 30 persent van dié werknemers 'n loon van R26 of meer per week betaal;

(ii) minstens 25 persent van dié werknemers 'n loon van R19,20 of meer per week betaal; en

(iii) hoogstens 45 persent van dié werknemers 'n loon van minder as R19,20 per week betaal;

(b) vanaf 13 Desember 1979 tot 12 Desember 1980—

(i) minstens 30 persent van dié werknemers 'n loon van R28,50 of meer per week betaal;

(ii) minstens 25 persent van dié werknemers 'n loon van R20,95 of meer per week betaal; en

(iii) hoogstens 45 persent van dié werknemers 'n loon van minder as R20,95 per week betaal;

(2) No employer shall employ any employees on piece-work or any other form of wage incentive except in accordance with the following conditions:

(a) No employee shall be paid in any week less than the minimum wage to which he would have been entitled in terms of clause 4 of this Agreement if he had been employed purely as a time worker;

(b) the Secretary of the Council must within seven days of the introduction of any piece-work or other form of wage incentive be notified of the introduction thereof;

(c) a schedule of the piece-work rates and, in the case of any other form of wage incentive, a statement clearly illustrating how bonus payments will be calculated, must forthwith be exhibited and kept posted in a conspicuous place readily accessible to the employees and such schedule and/or statement shall be signed *in situ* by an agent of the Council;

(d) the employees affected by any wage incentive scheme other than straight piece-work shall have the right to elect a works committee of two (or such additional numbers as may be agreed to by the employer), and in the event of a works committee being appointed, full details of the actual operation of the scheme shall be made available to the committee;

(e) full details of the wage incentive scheme showing the operations covered, work values and allowances made in calculating work values, must be maintained by the employer and where any changes are effected the records of the previous system must be retained for a period of one year after such change;

(f) no details of the wage incentive scheme may be changed to reduce the earnings of the employees affected without the consent of the works committee (if any), and in the event of any dispute arising, the matter shall be referred to the Council: Provided that this shall not apply to any changes effected during the trial period of three months after the coming into operation of the scheme.

Piece-work rates shall not be reduced without the consent of the Council;

(g) no wage incentive system may be continued for a period exceeding one month after a trial period of three months without a certificate of permission having been obtained from the Council.

8. RATIO OF EMPLOYEES

(1) *Male knitters*.—An employer shall not employ an unqualified male knitter unless he has in his employ a qualified male knitter and for each qualified male knitter not more than three unqualified male knitters shall be employed.

(2) *Female knitters*.—An employer shall not employ an unqualified female knitter unless he has in his employ a qualified female knitter and for each qualified female knitter not more than two unqualified female knitters shall be employed.

(3) *Knitter's assistant*.—An employer shall not employ a knitter's assistant unless he has in his employ a qualified knitter (male or female).

(4) For the purposes of subclauses (1) and (2), an unqualified knitter receiving not less than the wage of a qualified knitter shall be deemed to be a qualified knitter.

(5) For the purposes of subclauses (1) and (2), an employer who is wholly or mainly engaged in the work of a knitter may be deemed to be a qualified knitter: Provided that an employer may not be so deemed in more than one establishment.

(6) *Female employees (other than knitters)*.—An employer shall pay in respect of the female employees in his establishment for whom wages are prescribed in this Agreement (other than female knitters)—

(a) from the date of coming into operation of this Agreement to 12 December 1979—

(i) not less than 30 per cent of such employees a wage of R26 per week or more;

(ii) not less than 25 per cent of such employees a wage of R19,20 per week or more;

(iii) not more than 45 per cent of such employees a wage lower than R19,20 per week;

(b) from 13 December 1979 to 12 December 1980—

(i) not less than 30 per cent of such employees a wage of R28,50 per week or more;

(ii) not less than 25 per cent of such employees a wage of R20,95 per week or more;

(iii) not more than 45 per cent of such employees a wage lower than R20,95 per week;

(c) vanaf 13 Desember 1980—

- (i) minstens 30 persent van dié werknemers 'n loon van R30 of meer per week betaal;
- (ii) minstens 25 persent van dié werknemers 'n loon van R22,15 of meer per week betaal; en
- (iii) hoogstens 45 persent van dié werknemers 'n loon van minder as R22,15 per week betaal.

(7) Ingeval die getalsverhouding van werknemers in 'n bedryfsinrigting te eniger tyd nie aan die bepalings van sub-klosule (6) voldoen nie, moet die werkgever onmiddellik ander werknemers teen die vereiste voorgeskrewe loon in diens neem of, indien sodanige werknemers nie beskikbaar is nie—

(a) die voorgeskrewe lone van genoeg werknemers in die geledere van sy laer besoldigde werknemers permanent en in volgorde van hul ondervinding verhoog ten einde die getalsverhouding van die werknemers wat ingevolge sub-klosule (6) vereis word, te verkry en te handhaaf; en

(b) as alternatief en as 'n tydelike maatreel, die lone van genoeg werknemers in die geledere van sy laer besoldigde werknemers in volgorde van hul ondervinding verhoog, en sodanige werknemers moet teen die hoër lone in diens gehou word solank hy dit nodig vind om die voorgeskrewe getalsverhouding van sy werknemers te verkry en te handhaaf, en sodanige tydelike verhoging moet aan elke betrokke werknemer verduidelik word.

(8) Vir die toepassing van hierdie klosule word algemene werkers, handelsreisigers, klerke graad A en B, drywers van motorvoertuie en werktuigkundiges uitgesluit.

9. GEWONE WERKURE, RUSPOUSES EN ETENSPOUSES

(1) *Gewone werkure.*—'n Werkgever mag nie van 'n werknemer vereis of hom toelaat om meer gewone werkure te werk nie as—

(a) in die geval van 'n werknemer, uitgesonderd 'n skofwerker, 'n algemene werker wat as 'n ketelbediener en 'n wag of oppasser in diens is:

(i) $42\frac{1}{2}$ uur, uitgesonderd etenspouses, maar met inbegrip van rusposes, in 'n week vanaf Maandag tot en met Vrydag;

(ii) agt en 'n half uur op 'n dag tussen die ure 07h30 en 18h00;

(b) in die geval van 'n skofwerker:

(i) $42\frac{1}{2}$ uur, uitgesonderd etenspouses, maar met inbegrip van rusposes, in 'n week vanaf Sondag tot en met Saterdag;

(ii) nege uur op 'n dag waar twee skofte daagliks, en agt uur op 'n dag waar drie skofte daagliks in 'n bedryfsinrigting gwerk word;

(c) in die geval van 'n algemene werker wat as 'n ketelbediener in diens is:

(i) 46 uur, uitgesonderd etenspouses, maar met inbegrip van rusposes, in 'n week vanaf Maandag tot en met Vrydag;

(ii) nege en 'n kwart uur op 'n dag;

(d) in die geval van 'n algemene werker wat as 'n wag of oppasser in diens is:

(i) 72 uur in 'n week;

(ii) 12 uur op 'n dag.

(2) *Werkure moet agtereenvolgend wees.*—Alle werkure op 'n dag, uitgesonderd etenspouses en rusposes soos in hierdie klosule bepaal, moet agtereenvolgend wees.

(3) *Rusposes.*—'n Werkgever moet aan elkeen van sy werknemers 'n ruspose toestaan van minstens—

(a) 15 minute so na doenlik aan die middel van elke werktydperk in die voormiddag;

(b) 10 minute so na doenlik aan die middel van elke werktydperk in die namiddag;

waarin daar nie van sodanige werknemer vereis of hy nie toegelaat mag word om enige werk te verrig nie, en dié pose word geag deel van die gewone werkure te wees: Met dien verstande dat hierdie klosule nie van toepassing is op 'n handelsreisiger, 'n algemene werker wat 'n handelsreisiger bystaan, 'n drywer van 'n motorvoertuig, 'n algemene werker wat as 'n wag of oppasser in diens is en 'n algemene werker wat goedere of boodskappe buitekant die bedryfsinrigting van sy werkgever aflewer nie: Voorts met dien verstande dat waar daar daagliks drie skofte in 'n bedryfsinrigting gwerk word, sodanige rusposes nie aan 'n skofwerker toegestaan hoef te word nie, mits hy gratis voorsien word van 'n koppie tee so na doenlik aan die middel van elke skof, en dié tee genuttig word terwyl hy op sy pos is.

(c) from 13 December 1980—

- (i) not less than 30 per cent of such employees a wage of R30 per week or more;
- (ii) not less than 25 per cent of such employees a wage of R22,15 per week or more;
- (iii) not more than 45 per cent of such employees a wage lower than R22,15 per week.

(7) In the event of the ratio of employees in terms of sub-clause (6) being defective in any establishment at any time, then the employer shall immediately engage other employees at the necessary prescribed wage or if such employees are not available—

(a) raise permanently and in priority of experience, the prescribed wages of a sufficient number of his lower-paid employees to establish and maintain the ratio of employees required in terms of subclause (6); and

(b) alternatively, and as a temporary measure, raise the wages of a sufficient number of his lower-paid employees in priority of experience, who shall be retained at such higher wages for so long as he may find it necessary to establish and maintain his prescribed ratio of employees, and such temporary advancement must be explained to each employee concerned.

(8) For the purposes of this clause, general workers, travellers, Grade A and B clerks, motor vehicle drivers and mechanics shall be excluded.

9. ORDINARY HOURS OF WORK, REST INTERVALS AND MEAL BREAKS

(1) *Ordinary hours of work.*—An employer shall not require or permit an employee to work more ordinary hours of work than—

(a) in the case of an employee other than a shift worker, a general worker engaged as a boiler attendant and a watchman or caretaker:

(i) $42\frac{1}{2}$ hours, excluding meal breaks, but including rest intervals, in any week from Monday to Friday inclusive;

(ii) eight and a half hours on any day between the hours 07h30 and 18h00;

(b) in the case of a shift worker:

(i) $42\frac{1}{2}$ hours, excluding meal breaks, but including rest intervals, in any week from Sunday to Saturday inclusive;

(ii) nine hours on any day where two shifts are employed daily and eight hours on any day where three shifts are employed daily in any establishment;

(c) in the case of a general worker engaged as a boilet attendant:

(i) 46 hours, excluding meal breaks, but including rest intervals, in any week from Monday to Friday, inclusivie;

(ii) nine and one quarter hours on any day;

(d) in the case of a general worker engaged as a watchman or caretaker:

(i) 72 hours in any week;

(ii) 12 hours on any day.

(2) *Hours of work to be consecutive.*—All working hours in any day shall, except for meal breaks and rest intervals as provided for in this clause, be consecutive.

(3) *Rest intervals.*—An employer shall grant to each of his employees a rest interval of not less than—

(a) 15 minutes as near as practicable to the middle of each morning work period;

(b) 10 minutes as near as practicable to the middle of each afternoon work period;

during which such employee shall not be required or permitted to perform any work, and such interval shall be deemed to be part of the ordinary hours of work: Provided that this clause shall not apply to a traveller, a general worker assisting a traveller, a motor vehicle driver, a general worker engaged as a watchman or caretaker and a general worker engaged in delivering goods or messages outside the establishment of his employer: Provided further that where three shifts are employed daily in any establishment, such rest intervals need not be granted to a shift worker, provided he is supplied free-of-charge with one cup of tea as near as practicable to the middle of each shift, such tea to be taken while at his post.

(4) *Etenspouses.*—'n Werkewer mag nie van 'n werknemer vereis of hom toelaat om langer as vyf uur aanen te werk sonder 'n etenspouse van minstens een uur nie, en in die pouse mag nie van dié werknemer vereis of mag hy nie toegelaat word om te werk nie: Met dien verstande dat—

(i) werktydperke wat deur pouses van minder as een uur onderbreek word, geag word aanen te loop;

(ii) as sodanige pouse langer as een uur duur, die tydperk langer as een uur geag word werkure te wees;

(iii) waar twee of drie skofte daagliks in 'n bedryfsinrigting gwerk word, 'n skofwerker twee etenspouses van minstens 15 minute per skof toegestaan moet word of een etenspouse van minstens 30 minute per skof en daar gedurende dié pouses nie van die werknemer vereis of hy nie toegelaat mag word om te werk nie.

(5) *Voorbehoudbepalings.*—Hierdie klosule is nie van toepassing op handelsreisigers en algemene werkers wat handelsreisigers bystaan nie: Met dien verstande dat in die geval van 'n algemene werker wat as 'n wag of oppasser in diens is daar nie van hom vereis of hy nie toegelaat mag word om meer as ses dae aanen te werk sonder 'n diensvrye dag met volle besoldiging nie: Voorts met dien verstande dat die werkewer, in plaas van sy algemene werker wat as 'n wag of oppasser in diens is so 'n dag vry van diens toe te staan, die betrokke werknemer die loon kan betaal wat hy sou ontvang het indien hy nie op so 'n dag gwerk het nie, plus 'n bedrag minstens gelyk aan sy dagloon ten opsigte van so 'n dag wat nie toegestaan was nie. Subklousules (2), (3) en (4) is nie van toepassing op 'n werknemer wat noodwerk verrig of masjinerie opknap en herstel wat nie gedurende die gewone werkure gedoen kan word nie.

10. OORTYDWERK

(1) *Oortydwerk.*—(a) *Werknemers, uitgesonderd skofwers.*—Alle tyd gwerk wat meer is as die gewone daagliksse of weeklikse ure voorgeskryf in klosule (9) (1) (a), (c) en (d) of voor 07h30 en na 18h00 op Maandag tot Vrydag, uitgesonderd in die geval van 'n algemene werker wat as 'n ketelbediener of as 'n wag of oppasser in diens is, word geag oortydwerk te wees.

(b) *Skofwers.*—Alle tyd gwerk wat meer is as die gewone daagliksse of weeklikse werkure in klosule 9 (1) (b) voor geskryf, word geag oortydwerk te wees.

(2) *Beperking van oortydwerk.*—(a) *Manlike werknemers.*—Geen werkewer mag van 'n manlike werknemer vereis of hom toelaat om langer as 10 uur in 'n week oortyd te werk nie.

(b) *Vroulike werknemers:*

(i) *Daagliksse, weeklikse en jaarlikse beperkings.*—Geen werkewer mag van 'n vroulike werknemer vereis of haar toelaat om vóór 06h00 of na 18h00 op 'n dag te werk nie; ook mag hy nie van so 'n werknemer vereis of haar toelaat om langer oortyd te werk nie as—

(aa) 10 uur in 'n week;

(ab) twee uur op 'n dag;

(ac) drie agtereenvolgende dae;

(ad) 60 dae in 'n jaar.

(ii) *Kennis van oortydwerk moet aan werknemers gegee word.*—Geen oortydwerk van meer as 'n uur op 'n dag mag van 'n werknemer vereis word nie en sy mag nie toegelaat word om dit te verrig nie, tensy die werkewer—

(aa) die vorige dag kennis daarvan aan sodanige werknemer gee; of

(ab) sodanige werknemer van 'n voldoende ete voorsien voordat sy met oortydwerk moet begin; of

(ac) sodanige werknemer 'n toelae van 50c betaal om haar in staat te stel om 'n ete te bekom voordat die oortydwerk begin.

(3) 'n Werknemer word geag in die diens van 'n werkewer te werk bo en behalwe enige tydperk waarin hy werklik werk—

(a) gedurende 'n tydperk waarin hy ooreenkomsdig die vereistes van sy werkewer aanwesig is op of in 'n perseel waarin die Nywerheid uitgeoefen word;

(b) gedurende 'n tydperk waarin hy op of in sodanige persele aanwesig is; en

(c) gedurende 'n tydperk waarin hy verantwoordelik is vir 'n voertuig wat in die Nywerheid gebruik word, of dit gedryf word al dan nie:

Met dien verstande dat indien daar bewys word sodanige werknemer in enige gedeelte van sodanige tydperk in paraagraaf (b) of (c) bedoel nie werklik in sy diens gwerk het nie, die veronderstelling by hierdie subklousule vasgestel nie van toepassing is ten opsigte van daardie werknemer met betrekking tot daardie tydperk nie.

(4) *Meal intervals.*—An employer shall not require or permit an employee to work for more than five hours continuously without a meal interval of not less than one hour during which interval such employee shall not be required or permitted to perform any work: Provided that—

(i) periods of work interrupted by intervals of less than one hour shall be deemed to be continuous;

(ii) if such interval be for longer than one hour, the period in excess of one hour shall be deemed to be hours of work;

(iii) where two or three shifts are employed daily in any establishment, a shift worker shall be granted two meal intervals of not less than 15 minutes per shift or one meals interval of not less than 30 minutes per shift during which intervals such employee shall not be required or permitted to perform any work.

(5) *Savings.*—The provisions of this clause shall not apply to travellers and general workers assisting travellers: Provided that in the case of a general worker engaged as a watchman or caretaker, he shall not be required or permitted to work for more than six days consecutively without being granted a day off duty on full pay: Provided further that the employer may, in lieu of granting his general worker engaged as a watchman or caretaker any such day off, pay the employee concerned the wage which he would have received if he had not worked on such day plus an amount of not less than his daily wage in respect of such day not granted. The provisions of subclauses (2), (3) and (4) shall not apply to an employee engaged on emergency work or in the overhauling and repair of machinery which cannot be performed during the regular working hours.

10. OVERTIME

(1) *Overtime.*—(a) *Employees other than shift workers.*—All time worked in excess of the ordinary daily or weekly hours prescribed in clause 9 (1) (a), (c) and (d) or before 07h30 and after 18h00 on Monday to Friday, except in the case of a general worker engaged as a boiler attendant or as a watchman or caretaker, shall be deemed to be overtime.

(b) *Shift workers.*—All time worked in excess of the ordinary daily or weekly hours prescribed in clause 9 (1) (b) shall be deemed to be overtime.

(2) *Limitation of overtime.*—(a) *Male employees.*—No employer shall require or permit a male employee to work more than 10 hours overtime in any week.

(b) *Female employees:*

(i) *Daily, weekly and annual limits.*—No employer shall require or permit a female employee to work before 06h00 or later than 18h00 on any day, nor shall he require or permit such employee to work overtime for more than—

(aa) 10 hours in any week;

(ab) two hours on any day;

(ac) three consecutive days;

(ad) 60 days in any year.

(ii) *Notice of working of overtime to be given to employees.*—No overtime in excess of one hour in any day may be required or permitted of an employee unless the employer—

(aa) has given notice thereof to such employee the previous day; or

(ab) provides such employee with an adequate meal before she has to commence overtime; or

(ac) pays such employee an allowance of 50c to enable the employee to obtain a meal before the overtime is due to commence.

(3) An employee shall be deemed to be working in the employment of an employer in addition to any period during which he is actually working—

(a) during any period during which, in accordance with the requirements of his employer, he is present upon or in any premises in which the Industry is being carried on;

(b) during any period during which he is present upon or in any such premises; and

(c) during any period during which he is in charge of any vehicle used in the Industry, whether or not it is being driven:

Provided that if it is proved that during any portion of any such period as is referred to in paragraph (b) or (c) any such employee did not actually work in his employment, the presumption established by this subclause shall not apply in respect of that employee in relation to that period.

(4) Oortyd loop daagliks op en moet dag vir dag bereken word as tyd gewerk ná voltooiing van die gewone daagliks werkure van 'n bedryfsinrigting. Vir alle oortydwerk van korter duur as 15 minute wat 'n werknemer moet werk, moet as 'n kwartier se oortydwerk betaal word.

(5) *Rusdag.*—'n Werkewer moet aan elkeen van sy skofwerkers een volle rusdag in 'n week toestaan: Met dien verstande dat as 'n werkewer van 'n werknemer vereis of hom toelaat om op sy rusdag te werk, die ure aldus gewerk geag word nie deel van die gewone werkure te wees wat in klousule 9 (1) (b) voorgeskryf word nie.

(6) Oortydwerk is van toepassing op alle werknemers in 'n bedryfsinrigting, uitgesonder handelsreisigers en algemene werkers wat handelsreisigers bystaan.

11. BETALING VIR OORTYDWERK EN WERK OP SATERDAE, SONDAE EN OPENBARE VAKANSIEDAE

(1) *Oortydwerk.*—'n Werkewer moet sy werknemer wat 'n loon van minder as R3 600 per jaar ontvang ten opsigte van alle oortyd wat hy gewerk het, minstens die volgende betaal:

(a) As hy 'n tydwerker is, een en 'n half maal sy minimum weekloon soos in klousule 4 (1) voorgeskryf, gedeel deur 42½, vir elke uur of gedeelte van 'n uur aldus gewerk;

(b) as hy 'n stukwerker is, een en 'n half maal sy stukwerkloon;

(c) as hy 'n algemene werker is wat as 'n ketelbediener in diens is, een en 'n half maal sy minimum weekloon, gedeel deur 46, vir elke uur of gedeelte van 'n uur aldus gewerk;

(d) as hy 'n algemene werker is wat as 'n wag of oppasser in diens is, een en 'n half maal sy minimum weekloon, gedeel deur 72, vir elke uur of gedeelte van 'n uur aldus gewerk:

Met dien verstande dat waar 'n werknemer 'n loon van R3 600 per jaar of meer ontvang, sy werkewer hom ten opsigte van alle oortyd wat hy gewerk het, moet betaal teen 'n skaal van een en 'n derde maal sy minimum voorgeskrewe uurloon vir elke uur of gedeelte van 'n uur aldus gewerk en, in die geval van 'n stukwerker teen 'n skaal van een en 'n derde maal sy stukwerkloon.

(2) *Werk op Saterdae.*—(a) Geen werk mag op Saterdae verrig word sonder dat die toestemming van die Raad vooraf verkry is nie. Die Raad kan dié voorwaardes neerlaat wat hy goeddingk.

(b) Behoudens paragraaf (c) van hierdie subklousule, moet alle tyd wat op Saterdae gewerk word geag word oortydwerk te wees waarvoor daar ooreenkomsdig subklousule (1) betaal moet word.

(c) In die geval van onderhoudspersoneel moet vir oortyd wat op Saterdae gewerk word soos volg betaal word:

Werknemers wat minder as R3 600 per jaar verdien.—Een en 'n half maal die werknemer se voorgeskrewe minimum uurloon vir elke uur of gedeelte van 'n uur aldus gewerk tot 12h00 en dubbel 'n werknemer se voorgeskrewe minimum uurloon vir elke uur of gedeelte van 'n uur aldus gewerk na 12h00.

Werknemers wat R3 600 en meer per jaar verdien.—Een en 'n derde maal die werknemer se voorgeskrewe minimum uurloon vir elke uur of gedeelte van 'n uur aldus gewerk.

(d) Waar daar van 'n werknemer vereis of hy toegelaat word om op 'n Saterdag te werk, moet die werkewer die betrokke werknemer 'n reistroelie van minstens 40c betaal.

Hierdie subklousule is nie van toepassing op skofwerkers nie.

(3) *Werk op Sonde.*—Geen werk mag sonder die toestemming van die Raad op 'n Sondag verrig word nie en wanneer daar van 'n werknemer, uitgesonder 'n skofwerker, vereis of hy toegelaat word om op 'n Sondag te werk, moet sy werkewer hom soos volg betaal:

(a) (i) As hy vir 'n tydperk van hoogstens vier uur aldus werk, minstens die gewone besoldiging wat betaalbaar is ten opsigte van die tydperk wat hy gewoonlik op 'n weekdag werk; of

(ii) as hy vir 'n tydperk van langer as vier uur aldus werk, minstens dubbel sy gewone besoldiging ten opsigte van die totale tydperk op sodanige Sondag gewerk, of minstens dubbel die gewone besoldiging wat betaalbaar is ten opsigte van die tydperk wat hy gewoonlik op 'n weekdag werk, naamlik die grootste bedrag; of

(b) minstens een en 'n half maal sy gewone uurloon ten opsigte van elke uur op sodanige Sondag gewerk, en hom dan binne sewe dae vanaf sodanige Sondag een werkdag, en wel 'n ander dag as 'n Saterdag of 'n Sondag, as 'n vakansiedag toe-

(4) Overtime accrues daily and shall be reckoned day by day as time worked after the completion of the ordinary daily working hours of an establishment. All overtime of a lesser period than 15 minutes which an employee may be required to work shall be paid for as one quarter of any hour overtime.

(5) *Day of rest.*—An employer shall grant to each of his shift workers one full day of rest in any week: Provided that if an employer requires or permits such an employee to work on his day of rest, the hours so worked shall be deemed not to be part of the ordinary hours of work prescribed in clause 9 (1) (b).

(6) Overtime shall apply to all employees in an establishment, except travellers and general workers assisting travellers.

11. PAYMENT FOR OVERTIME AND WORK ON SATURDAYS, SUNDAYS AND PUBLIC HOLIDAYS

(1) *Overtime.*—An employer shall pay to his employee in receipt of a wage of less than R3 600 per annum in respect of all overtime worked by him not less than—

(a) if a time worker, one and one-half times his minimum weekly wage as prescribed in clause (4) (1) divided by 42½ for each hour or part of an hour so worked;

(b) if a piece-worker, one and one-half times his piece-work rates;

(c) if a general worker employed as a boiler attendant, one and one-half times his minimum weekly wage divided by 46 for each hour or part of an hour so worked;

(d) if a general worker employed as a watchman or caretaker, one and one-half times his minimum weekly wage divided by 72 for each hour or part of an hour so worked:

Provided that where an employee is in receipt of a wage of R3 600 per annum or more, his employer shall pay him in respect of all overtime worked by him at the rate of one and one-third times his minimum prescribed hourly wage for each hour or part of an hour so worked and in the case of a piece-worker at the rate of one and one-third times his piece-work rate.

(2) *Saturday work.*—(a) No work shall be performed on any Saturday without the prior permission of the Council which may impose such conditions as it may deem fit.

(b) Subject to paragraph (c) of this subclause, any time worked on a Saturday shall be deemed to be overtime and paid for in accordance with subclause (1).

(c) In the case of maintenance personnel, overtime worked on a Saturday shall be paid for as follows:

Employees earning less than R3 600 per annum.—One and one-half times the employee's prescribed minimum hourly wage for each hour or part of an hour so worked up to 12h00 and double the employee's prescribed minimum hourly wage for each hour or part of an hour so worked after 12h00.

Employees earning R3 600 per annum and over.—One and one-third times the employee's prescribed minimum hourly wage for each hour or part of an hour so worked.

(d) Where an employee is required or permitted to work on a Saturday, his employer shall pay the employee concerned a travelling allowance of not less than 40c.

The provisions of this subclause shall not apply to shift-workers.

(3) *Sunday work.*—No work shall be performed on a Sunday without the permission of the Council and whenever an employee, other than a shift worker, is required or permitted to work on a Sunday, his employer shall either—

(a) pay to the employee—

(i) if he so works for a period not exceeding four hours, not less than the ordinary remuneration payable in respect of the period ordinarily worked by him on a week-day; or

(ii) if he so works for a period exceeding four hours, remuneration, at a rate not less than double his ordinary rate of remuneration, in respect of the total period worked on such Sunday, or the remuneration which is not less than double the ordinary remuneration payable in respect of the period ordinarily worked by him on a week-day, whichever is the greater; or

(b) pay the employee not less than one and one-half times his ordinary hourly wage in respect of each hour worked on such Sunday and grant him within seven days of such Sunday, one work day, i.e. a day other than a Saturday or Sunday as a holiday, and pay him in respect

staan en hom ten opsigte daarvan minstens agt en 'n half uur se besoldiging betaal: Met dien verstande dat, vir die toepassing van hierdie subklousule, 'n stukwerker minstens die ekwivalente bedrag moet word waarop hy geregtig sou gewees het as hy as 'n tydwerker werksaam was.

(4) *Openbare vakansiedae.*—'n Werknemer is ten opsigte van ondergenoemde openbare vakansiedae geregtig op verlof met volle besoldiging, en waar daar van hom vereis word of hy toegelaat word om op sodanige vakansiedae te werk, moet hy, benewens die loon wat hy gewoonlik ten opsigte van sodanige vakansiedag ontvang, ook sy gewone loon ten opsigte van die ure aldus gwerk, betaal word:

Goeie Vrydag, Paasmaandag, Republiekdag, Hemelvaartsdag, Geloftedag, Kersdag, Gesinsdag, Nuwejaarsdag, Setlaarsdag en Krugerdag.

(5) Die besoldiging wat ingevolge hierdie klousule betaalbaar is, moet aan die betrokke werknemer betaal word voor of op die eersvolgende betaaldag na die tydperk ten opsigte waarvan sodanige besoldiging betaalbaar word.

(6) *Paasnaweek.*—Geen werk mag ná 13h00 op die dag onmiddellik voor Goeie Vrydag verrig word nie, en die werknemers moet die namiddag vry gegee word as 'n vakansiehalfdag met besoldiging.

Die werknemer moet vir sodanige namiddag volle betaling ontvang ten opsigte van die ure wat gewoonlik op Donderdagmiddae gwerk word. Waar daar op sodanige vakansiehalfdag met besoldiging gwerk word, moet die werknemers, benewens betaling vir sodanige vakansiehalfdag, ook oortydbetaling ontvang vir tyd ná 13h00 gwerk.

(7) Subklousule (3) is *mutatis mutandis* van toepassing op 'n skofwerker wat op sy rusdag werk.

(8) Die bepalings ten opsigte van oortydwerk is van toepassing op alle werknemers in 'n bedryfsinrigting, uitgesonderd handelsreisigers en algemene werkers wat handelsreisigers bystaan.

12. KORTTYD

(1) 'n Werkewer moet voor die dag waarop en met ingang waarvan hy voornemens is om korttyd te laat werk al die betrokke werknemers daarvan in kennis stel deur 'n kennisgewing of kennisgewings op te plak op 'n opvallende plek wat aan werkers in alle sekseës of afdelings van die betrokke bedryfsinrigting goed bekend en geredelik vir hulle toeganklik is.

(2) 'n Werknemer wat nie kennis ooreenkomsdig subklousule (1) ontvang het nie, is, wanneer hy hom by die bedryfsinrigting aanmeld, daarop geregtig om vir 'n volle dag te werk of om 'n volle dag se loon in plaas daarvan te ontvang.

(3) 'n Werknemer, afgesien daarvan of hy op 'n tyd- of stukwerkgrondslag werksaam is, wat hom op 'n bepaalde dag by die bedryfsinrigting aanmeld, op las van die werkewer of sy verteenwoordiger, is daarop geregtig om minstens vier uur op sodanige dag te werk of om vier uur se loon teen sy gewone besoldiging ooreenkomsdig klosule 4 (1) te ontvang.

13. VERSKAFFING VAN TEE EN ANDER DRANKE

(1) Waar tee (of ander drank) deur die werkewer verskaf word, kan hoogstens een sent per koppie van die loon van die werknemers afgetrek word: Met dien verstande dat die meerderheid van die werknemers in enige bedryfsinrigting ingestem het om tee (of ander drank) te neem.

Waar daar in hierdie subklousule van "tee" melding gemaak word, word ook die verskaffing van melk en suiker wat met sodanige tee (of ander drank) gebruik word, bedoel.

(2) Waar tee of ander drank nie verskaf word nie, moet die werkewer op sy koste 'n toereikende voorraad kookwater en die nodige gerei vir die maak van tee verskaf en dit vir sy werknemers beskikbaar stel reg aan die begin van elke ruspose en ook gedurende die etenspouse.

14. INDIENSNEMING VAN SEKERE PERSONE

VERBODE

(1) *Personne onder die ouderdom van 15 jaar.*—Geen werkewer mag iemand onder die ouderdom van 15 jaar in diens neem nie.

(2) *Vroue in sekere beroepe.*—(a) Van 'n vroulike algemene werknemer mag nie vereis word of sy mag nie toegelaat word om 'n pakket of baal met 'n massa van meer as 10 kg te verskuif nie.

(b) Van 'n vrou mag nie vereis word en sy mag nie toegelaat word om 'n strykyster met 'n massa van meer as 4 kg te gebruik nie.

thereof not less than eight and one-half hours' remuneration: Provided that for the purposes of this subclause, a piece worker shall be paid not less than the equivalent amount to which he would have been entitled had he been employed as a time-worker.

(4) *Public holidays.*—An employee shall be entitled to leave on full pay in respect of the following public holiday, and where he is required or permitted to work on such holiday he shall be paid in addition to his normal wage in respect of such holiday wages at straight time in respect of the hours so worked:

Good Friday, Easter Monday, Republic Day, Ascension Day, Day of the Covenant, Christmas Day, Boxing Day, New Year's Day, Settlers' Day and Kruger Day.

(5) Remuneration payable in terms of any of the provisions of this clause shall be paid to the employee concerned not later than the pay-day next succeeding the period in respect of which such remuneration becomes payable.

(6) *Easter week-end.*—No work shall be performed after 13h00 on the day immediately preceding Good Friday and the employees shall be granted the afternoon off as a paid half-holiday.

The employee shall receive for such afternoon full pay in respect of the hours normally worked on Thursday afternoons. Where work is performed on such paid half-holiday, the employee shall, in addition to payment for such half-holiday, receive payment for time worked after 13h00 at overtime rates.

(7) The provisions of subclause (3) shall *mutatis mutandis* apply to a shift worker who works on his day of rest.

(8) Overtime shall apply to all employees in an establishment, except travellers and general workers assisting travellers.

12. SHORT-TIME

(1) An employer shall, prior to the day on and from which he intends to work short-time, notify all employees concerned by posting up a notice, or notices, in a prominent position well known and easily accessible to employees in any section or department of the establishment concerned.

(2) Any employee who has not been given notice in terms of subclause (1) shall, on attending at the establishment, be entitled to be employed for a full working day, or be paid full wages in lieu thereof.

(3) An employee whether on time or piece-work, who on any day attends at the establishment on the instructions of the employer or his representative shall be entitled to be employed for at least four hours on such day or to receive four hours' pay at his ordinary rate of remuneration in terms of clause 4 (1).

13. PROVISION OF TEA AND OTHER BEVERAGES

(1) Where tea (or other beverage) is provided by the employer, a deduction of not more than one cent per cup may be made from the wages of the employees: Provided that the majority of employees in any establishment has agreed to accept tea (or other beverage).

Reference to "tea" in this subclause shall include the provision of milk and sugar for mixing with such tea (or other beverage).

(2) Where tea or other beverage is not provided, the employer shall, at his own expense provide and have immediately available to his employees at the commencement of each rest interval, and also at lunch time, a sufficient supply of boiling water and the necessary utensils for the making of tea.

14. EMPLOYMENT OF CERTAIN PERSONS PROHIBITED

(1) *Persons under the age of 15 years.*—No employer shall employ any person under the age of 15 years.

(2) *Females in certain occupation.*—(a) A female general worker shall not be required or permitted to move any parcel or bale of more than 10 kg in mass.

(b) A female shall not be required or permitted to use an iron of more than 4 kg in mass.

(3) *Nie-lede van vakvereniging.*—'n Werknemer wat nie 'n lid van die vakvereniging is nie, mag nie langer as een maand deur 'n lid van die werkgewersorganisasies in diens geneem word nie: Met dien verstande dat hierdie subklousule nie van toepassing is nie op—

(a) klerke; of

(b) 'n werknemer aan wie, na die mening van die Raad, lidmaatskap van die vakvereniging sonder 'n afdoende rede geweier is en wat binne 30 dae ná sodanige weierung by die Raad aansoek gedoen het om vrystelling van hierdie klousule;

(c) 'n werknemer wat, na die mening van die Minister, grondige rede het om nie lid van die vakvereniging te word of te bly nie;

(d) 'n immigrant gedurende die eerste jaar ná die datum van sy aankoms in die Republiek van Suid-Afrika: Met dien verstande dat as 'n immigrant te eniger tyd ná die eerste drie maande nadat hy in die Nywerheid begin werk het, 'n uitnodiging van die betrokke vakvereniging om 'n lid daarvan te word, van die hand gewys het, hierdie klousule onmiddellik in werking tree.

15. JAARLIKSE VERLOF EN OPENBARE VAKANSIEDAE MET BESOLDIGING

(1) *Jaarlikse verlof.*—Behoudens subklousule (7) moet elke werknemer tussen 15 Desember elke jaar en 14 Januarie die volgende jaar, minstens drie agtereenvolgende weke en een werkdag jaarlikse verlof toegestaan word wat uit onderstaande bestaan en moet hy ten opsigte van sodanige verlof soos volg betaal word:

(a) In die geval van 'n werknemer wat op die laaste dag waarop sy verlof kan begin, minstens een jaar ononderbroke diens by sy werkgever voltooi het—

(i) 13 gewone werkdae teen volle besoldiging;

(ii) Kersdag, Gesinsdag en Nuwejaarsdag as openbare vakansiedae met besoldiging ooreenkomsdig klosule 11 (4) van hierdie Ooreenkoms;

(iii) wanneer Geloftedag binne die jaarlikse verloftydperk val moet dit ingevolge klosule 11 (4) van hierdie Ooreenkoms ook as 'n openbare vakansiedag met besoldiging gevier word, wat die jaarlikse verloftydperk aldus met een dag verleng;

(b) in die geval van 'n werknemer wat op die sluitingsdatum van die bedryfsinrigting vir die voorgeskrewe jaarlikse verloftydperk nie een jaar ononderbroke diens by sy werkgever voltooi het nie en wie se diens nie beëindig is nie—

(i) vir elke voltooide maand diens in daardie jaar 'n bedrag gelyk aan een dag se loon; plus

(ii) vir enigeen van die volgende openbare vakansiedae wat binne die tydperk val waarin die bedryfsinrigting vir die jaarlikse verloftydperk gesluit is—Geloftedag, Kersdag, Gesinsdag en Nuwejaarsdag—'n bedrag gelyk aan een dag se loon ten opsigte van elke sodanige vakansiedag:

Met dien verstande dat by diensbeëindiging 'n werknemer besoldiging in plaas van verlof moet ontvang wat soos volg bereken word:

Een dag se loon ten opsigte van elke voltooide maand diens bereken vanaf 15 Desember in die vorige jaar of vanaf die datum van indiensneming, naamlik die kortste tydperk: Voorts met dien verstande dat 'n werkgever nie enige dag verlof met besoldiging wat aan sodanige werknemer toegestaan is bo en behalwe die getal dae verlof met besoldiging wat hy ingevolge hierdie subklousule aan die werknemer moes betaal, van sodanige dae verlof met besoldiging mag aftrek nie.

(2) *Openbare vakansiedae met besoldiging.*—(a) Benewens die openbare vakansiedae met besoldiging wat gewoonlik binne die jaarlikse verloftydperk val; naamlik Kersdag, Gesinsdag en Nuwejaarsdag, is elke werknemer geregtig op en moet verlof met vollebesoldiging en moet dit aan hom toegestaan word op Geloftedag, Goeie Vrydag, Paasmaandag, Republiekdag, Hemevaartsdag, Setlaarsdag en Krugerdag.

(b) Waar 'n werknemer se diens eindig onmiddellik voor enigeen van die openbare vakansiedae met besoldiging wat in subklousule (2) (a) genoem word, is hy geregtig op besoldiging vir sodanige openbare vakansiedag mits dit binne 'n verlengde tydperk val wat soos volg bereken word:

Een werkdag ten opsigte van elke voltooide maand diens (bereken vanaf die dag waarop die werknemer laas op verlof geregtig geword het of vanaf die datum van indiensneming, naamlik die kortste tydperk) moet gevoeg word by die datum

(3) *Non-members of trade union.*—No members of the employers' organisations shall give employment for a period of longer than one month to any employee who is not a member of the trade union: Provided that the provisions of this subclause shall not apply to—

(a) clerical employees; or

(b) any employee to whom, in the opinion of the Council, membership of the union has been refused without good and sufficient cause and the applicant has applied to the Council within 30 days of such refusal for exemption from the operation of this clause;

(c) any employee who in the opinion of the Minister has good cause for objecting to becoming or remaining a member of the union;

(d) an immigrant during the first year after the date of his entry into the Republic of South Africa: Provided that if any immigrant has at any time after the first three months of commencement of his employment in the Industry refused any invitation from the trade union concerned to become a member of it, the provisions of this clause shall immediately come into operation.

15. ANNUAL LEAVE AND PAID PUBLIC HOLIDAYS

(1) *Annual leave.*—Subject to the provisions of subclause (7), every employee shall between 15 December of each year and 14 January of the following year be granted at least three consecutive weeks' and one working day's annual leave made up as follows and shall in respect of such leave be paid:

(a) In the case of an employee who on the latest day on which he can commence leave has completed at least one year's continuous employment with his employer—

(i) 13 ordinary working days at full wage;

(ii) Christmas Day, Boxing Day and New Year's Day as paid public holidays in accordance with clause 11 (4) of this Agreement;

(iii) when the day of the Covenant falls within the period of annual leave it shall in accordance with clause 11 (4) of this Agreement also be observed as a paid public holiday thus extending the annual leave period by one day.

(b) in the case of an employee who on the date of closing of the establishment for the prescribed annual leave period has not completed one year's continuous employment with his employer and whose employment has not been terminated—

(i) for each completed month of employment in that year an amount equal to one day's pay; plus

(ii) for any of the following public holidays falling within the period during which the establishment is closed for the annual holiday period—Day of the Covenant, Christmas Day, Boxing Day and New Year's Day—an amount equal to one day's pay in respect of each such holiday:

Provided that upon termination of employment an employee shall receive payment in lieu of leave calculated as follows:

One day's pay in respect of each completed month of employment calculated from 15 December of the previous year or from the date of engagement, whichever is the shorter period: Provided further that an employer shall not set off against such days of paid leave any days of paid leave granted such employee in excess of the number of days' paid leave he was required to pay the employee in terms of this subclause.

(2) *Paid public holidays.*—(a) In addition to the paid public holidays normally falling within the period of annual leave, i.e. Christmas Day, Boxing Day and New Year's Day, each employee shall be entitled to and be granted leave on full pay on the Day of the Covenant, Good Friday, Easter Monday, Republic Day, Ascension Day, Settlers' Day and Kruger Day.

(b) Where an employee's employment terminates immediately before any of the paid public holidays mentioned in subclause (2) (a), he shall be entitled to payment for such public holidays, provided they fall within an extended period calculated as follows:

One working day in respect of each completed month of employment (calculated from the day on which the employee last became entitled to leave or from date of engagement, whichever is the shorter period) shall be added to the date on

waarop die werknemer se diens eindig, en indien 'n openbare vakansiedag met besoldiging binne sodanige bygevoegde tydperk val, moet daarvoor betaal word: Met dien verstande dat—

(i) waar die diens van 'n werknemer op 'n tydstip gedurende Desember in 'n jaar deur sy werkgever beëindig word om redes uitgesonderd ontslag sonder kennisgewing, om 'n regsgeldige rede soos in klausule 18 (1) (a) bedoel, sodanige werknemer een dag se loon betaal moet word ten opsigte van elkeen van die openbare vakansiedae in subklausule (1) (a) bedoel wat na die datum van diensbeëindiging val;

(ii) waar 'n werknemer sy werkgever kennis gee dat hy voornemens is om sy diens te eniger tyd gedurende Desember in 'n jaar te beëindig, dié werknemer nie geregtig is op betaling ten opsigte van die openbare vakansiedae met besoldiging in subklausule (1) (a) genoem nie, tensy dié openbare vakansiedae met besoldiging binne 'n verlengde tydperk val wat bereken is op die wyse hierin uiteengesit.

(c) Wanneer 'n werknemer op Goeie Vrydag, Paasmaandag, Republiekdag, Hemelvaartsdag, Setlaarsdag, Krugerdag, Geloftedag, Kersdag, Gesinsdag of Nuwejaarsdag werk, moet sy werkgever hom minstens sy gewone urloon betaal ten opsigte van die totale tydperk op sodanige dag gewerk, benewens die besoldiging waarop hy geregtig sou gewees het as hy nie aldus gewerk het nie.

(d) Ingeval 'n openbare vakansiedag met besoldiging op 'n Sondag val, moet dit die volgende dag gevier word.

(e) Ingeval enigeen van die vakansiedae met besoldiging in subklausule (1) (a) (ii) en in paragraaf (a) hiervan bedoel, op 'n Saterdag val, moet 'n werkgever sy werknemer wat nie op sodanige dag werk nie, vyf en 'n half uur se loon betaal, benewens die besoldiging wat aan hom verskuldig is vir tyd gewerk vanaf die Maandag tot die Vrydag wat sodanige Saterdag onmiddellik voorafgaan.

(f) Wanneer 'n werknemer werk op 'n openbare vakansiedag met besoldiging wat op 'n Saterdag val, moet betaling vir sodanige dag ooreenkomsdig subklausule (2) (e) geskied, plus, daarbenewens, een en 'n half maal sy urloon vir elke uur op sodanige Saterdag gewerk.

(3) *Verlofbesoldiging.*—Die werkgever moet aan sy werknemer aan wie verlof ooreenkomsdig subklausule (1) toegestaan word, sy loon ten opsigte van verlof voor of op die laaste werkdag voor die aanvang van genoemde tydperk betaal en 'n bedrag wat ingevolge subklausule (1) of subklausule (2) aan 'n werknemer betaal word, moet bereken word teen die skaal van besoldiging wat die werknemer ontvang het onmiddellik voor die datum waarop die verlof verskuldig, geword het of sy diens geëindig het, na gelang van die geval; en wanneer 'n werknemer besoldig word op 'n grondslag uitgesonderd ooreenkomsdig die tyd werklik deur hom gewerk, moet sy gewone skaal van besoldiging, vir die toepassing van hierdie klausule, bereken word asof hy per uur besoldig is, en moet dit op 'n bepaalde datum bereken word deur sy totale besoldiging gedurende die drie maande onmiddellik voor daardie datum, of gedurende die totale tydperk van sy diens by die betrokke werkgever, naamlik die kortste tydperk, te deel deur die getal ure gewerk gedurende die tydperk ten opsigte waarvan sodanige besoldiging betaal is.

(4) Vir die toepassing van hierdie klausule word diens geag te begin vanaf—

(a) die datum waarop die werknemer in sy werkgever se diens getree het; of

(b) die datum waarop 'n werknemer wat ooreenkomsdig die vorige Ooreenkoms verlof met volle besoldiging toegestaan is, op sodanige verlof ooreenkomsdig sodanige Ooreenkoms geregtig geword het, naamlik die jongste datum.

(5) 'n Werkgever mag nie korttyd aftrek wanneer hy die tydperk van diens bereken wat 'n werknemer vir jaarlike verlof ooreenkomsdig subklausule (1) in aanmerking laat kom nie.

(6) Waar 'n werknemer van die werk weggebly het om 'n ander rede as dié in subklausule (9) bedoel, moet sodanige tydperk van afwesigheid nie as diens ingevolge subklausule (1) geag word nie.

(7) *Klerke, graad A en B, onderhoudspersoneel en algemene werkers wat as wagte of oppassers in diens is.*—'n Werkgever kan onderling met sy klerke graad A en B, onderhoudspersoneel en algemene werkers wat as wagte of oppassers in diens is reëlings tref om hul jaarlike verlof te neem gedurende 'n ander tydperk as dié tussen 15 Desember en die daaropvolgende 14 Januarie, soos in subklausule (1) in hierdie klausule bepaal, en in so geval is sodanige werknemer geregtig op minstens drie agtereenvolgende weke verlof wat toegestaan moet word binne drie maande na die einde van die jaar diens waarop dit betrekking het.

which the employee's employment terminates and if any paid public holiday falls within such added period it shall be paid for: Provided that—

(i) where the employment of an employee is terminated by his employer at any time during December of any year for reasons other than dismissal without notice for any good cause recognised by law as sufficient, as referred to in clause 18 (1) (a), such employee shall be paid one day's pay in respect of each of the public holidays referred to in sub-clause (1) (a) which falls after the date of termination of employment;

(ii) where an employee gives notice to his employer of his intention to terminate employment at any time during December of any year, such employee shall not be entitled to payment in respect of the paid public holidays mentioned in subclause (1) (a) unless such paid public holidays fall within an extended period calculated in the manner set out herein.

(c) Whenever an employee works on Good Friday, Easter Monday, Republic Day, Ascension Day, Settlers' Day, Kruger Day, the Day of the Covenant, Christmas Day, Boxing Day or New Year's Day, his employer shall pay him not less than his ordinary hourly wage in respect of the total period worked on such day, in addition to the remuneration to which he would have been entitled had he not so worked.

(d) In the event of a paid holiday falling upon a Sunday it shall be observed the following day.

(e) In the event of any of the paid holidays referred to in subclause (1) (a) (ii) and in paragraph (a) hereof falling on Saturday, an employer shall pay his employee who does not work on such day five and one-half hours' wage in addition to the remuneration which is due to him for time worked from the Monday to the Friday immediately preceding such Saturday.

(f) Whenever an employee works upon a paid holiday falling upon a Saturday, payment for any such day shall be in terms of subclause (2) (e), plus, in addition, one and one-half times his hourly rate of wage for each hour worked on such Saturday.

(3) *Payment for leave.*—The employer shall pay to his employee to whom leave is granted in terms of subclause (1) hereof, his pay in respect of leave not later than the last working day before the commencement of the said period and any amount paid to an employee in terms of subclause (1) or subclause (2) shall be calculated at the rate of remuneration which the employee was receiving immediately prior to the date upon which the leave became due or his employment terminated, as the case may be; and whenever an employee is remunerated on a basis other than in accordance with the time actually worked by him, his ordinary rate of remuneration shall, for the purposes of this clause, be calculated as though he were paid by the hour and shall be ascertained at any date by dividing his total remuneration during the three months immediately preceding that date, or during the total period of this employment by the employer concerned, whichever is the shorter, by the number of hours worked during the period in respect of which such remuneration was paid.

(4) For the purposes of this clause, employment shall be deemed to commence from—

(a) the date on which the employee entered the employer's services; or

(b) the date on which an employee who has, in accordance with the previous Agreement been granted leave of absence on full pay, became entitled to such leave in terms of such Agreement, whichever may be the later.

(5) Short-time shall not be deducted by an employer when computing the period of employment qualifying an employee for annual leave in terms of subclause (1).

(6) Where an employee has absented himself from work for any reason other than that referred to in subclause (9), such period of absence shall not be considered as employment in terms of subclause (1).

(7) *Grade A and B clerks, maintenance personnel and general workers engaged as watchmen or caretakers.*—An employer may make mutual arrangements with his Grade A and B clerks, maintenance personnel and general workers engaged as watchmen or caretakers to take their annual leave at a period other than between 15 December and the ensuing 14 January, as provided for in subclause (1) of this clause, and in that event such employee shall be entitled to not less than three consecutive weeks' leave to be granted not later than within three months of the year of employment to which it relates.

(8) *Verlof en diensopsegging mag nie saamval nie.*—Behalwe in die geval van maandeliks besoldigde werknemers gedurende die maande Desember en Januarie, mag die tydperk van jaarlike verlof van 'n werknemer nie saamval met 'n tydperk waarin 'n werknemer onder diensopsegging is of hy militêre diens verrig nie.

(9) 'n Tydperk waarin 'n werknemer—

(a) ingevolge subklousule (1) met verlof is; of

(b) afwesig is vir militêre diens van hoogstens vier maande, wat in daardie jaar verrig word;

(c) van die werk afwesig is op las of op versoek van die werkgever; of

(d) van die werk afwesig is weens siekte, of weens die feit dat geen vrou in 'n bedryfsinrigting mag werk en geen werkgever van 'n vrou mag vereis of haar mag toelaat om in sy bedryfsinrigting te werk gedurende die tydperk wat vier weke voor die verwagte datum van haar bevalling begin en agt weke ná geboorte eindig nie (indien die kind doodgebore word of sterf vóór die verstrikking van agt weke ná die geboorte hou hierdie subklousule op om van toepassing te wees vanaf 'n datum wat deur die Raad vastgestel word);

word vir die toepassing van subklousules (1) en (2) geag diens te wees: Met dien verstande dat—

(i) paragraaf (d) nie van toepassing is nie ten opsigte van 'n tydperk van afwesigheid weens siekte van meer as drie agtereenvolgende dae, as die werknemer wat nie 'n werknemer is soos in subparagraph (ii) bedoel nie, versuim om op versoek van die werkgever aan die werkgever 'n sertifikaat van 'n mediese praktisyen voor te lê met die strekking dat hy weens siekte verbinder is om sy werk te verrig, of nie van toepassing is nie ten opsigte van daardie gedeelte van 'n totale tydperk van afwesigheid gedurende enige 12 maande diens wat meer as 30 dae is;

(ii) van 'n werknemer van wie se werkgever ingevolge 'n wet van die Parlement vereis word om voorsiening te maak vir die sorg en behandeling van sodanige werknemer wanneer hyiek of beseer is, nie vereis mag word om 'n sertifikaat van 'n mediese praktisyen voor te lê ten opsigte van 'n tydperk van afwesigheid in subparagraph (i) bedoel nie.

(10) *Jaarlike verloftydperk moet vooraf bekend gemaak word.*—Minstens een kalendermaand kennis van die werklike datum waarop die jaarlike verloftydperk aan die einde van die jaar begin, moet deur die werkgever gegee word deur 'n toepaslike kennisgiving in die fabriek op te plak op 'n opvallende plek wat geredelik vir sy werknemers toeganklik is.

(11) *Verlenging van jaarlike verloftydperk.*—'n Werkgever is nie daarop geregtig om die jaarlike verloftydperk in subklousule (1) van hierdie klousule bedoel te verleng sonder dat die toestemming van die Raad vooraf verkry is nie en die Raad kan dié voorwaarde neerlaai wat hy goeddink.

16. INDIENSNEMING, OORPLASING EN DIENSBEEËINDIGING

(1) *Dienskaarte moet by indiensneming getoon word.*—Behoudens subklousule (7), moet 'n werkgever, voordat hy iemand wat om werk aansoek doen in diens neem, van die aansoeker vereis om 'n dienskaart te toon wat deur die Raad uitgereik is in die vorm voorgeskryf in Aanhangel A van hierdie Ooreenkoms.

Die werkgever moet by indiensneming die naam van sy fabriek, die datum van indiensneming, die beroep en die loon by indiensneming dadelik inskryf in die ruimte wat verskaf word vir "latere ondervinding", en hy moet die kaart veilig bewaar sodat daarvan te bestemder tyd ooreenkomsdig subklousule (2) gehandel kan word wanneer die diens van die werknemer beëindig word.

Geen werkgever mag 'n werknemer wat kragtens hierdie Ooreenkoms daarop geregtig is om 'n siekefondskaart te besit nie in diens neem nie, tensy sodanige werknemer aan die werkgever dié lidmaatskapkaart toon wat deur die Siekefonds van die Kaapse Klerasiensywerheid uitgereik is, as bewys dat sodanige werknemer lid van daardie Fonds is.

By die ondiensneming van sodanige werknemer moet die werkgever onverwyld die naam van die fabriek en die datum van indiensneming inskryf in die ruimte wat daarvoor in sodanige kaart verskaf word en die kaart onmiddellik daarna aan die werknemer terugbesorg.

By die beëindiging van sodanige werknemer se diens moet die werknemer op die dag van sodanige beëindiging genoemde lidmaatskapkaart wat deur die Siekefonds uitgereik is, aan die werkgever oorhandig, en die werkgever moet in die ruimte wat daarvoor verskaf word, die datum van diensbeëindiging inskryf en sodanige datum parafeer.

Indien die dienskaart toon dat die werknemer weer tot die Nywerheid toetree na 'n bevalling, mag die werkgever nie die werknemer toelaat om te begin werk voordat 'n niegebore sertifikaat ingevolge subklousule (7) ingedien is nie.

(8) *Leave and notice not to be concurrent.*—Except in the case of monthly-paid employees during the months of December and January, the period of annual leave of an employee shall not be concurrent with any period during which an employee is under notice of termination of employment or is undergoing military service.

(9) Any period during which an employee—

(a) is on leave in terms of subclause (1); or

(b) is absent on military service not exceeding four months, undergone in that year;

(c) is absent from work on the instructions or at the request of the employer; or

(d) is absent from work owing to illness, or by reason of the fact that no female shall work in an establishment and no employer shall require or permit any female to work in his establishment during the period commencing four weeks prior to the expected date of her confinement and ending eight weeks after birth (if the child is stillborn or dies before the expiration of eight weeks after the birth, the provisions of this subclause shall cease to apply as from the date fixed by the Council)—

shall be deemed to be employment for the purposes of subclauses (1) and (2): Provided that—

(i) the provisions of paragraph (d) shall not apply in respect of any period of absence owing to illness of more than three consecutive days, if the employee, not being an employee referred to in subparagraph (ii) fails, after a request for such certificate by the employer, to submit to the employer a certificate by a medical practitioner that he was prevented by illness from doing his work, or in respect of that portion of any total period of absence during any 12 months of employment which is in excess of 30 days;

(ii) an employee whose employer is required in terms of any Act of Parliament to provide for the care and treatment of such employee when sick or injured, shall not be required to submit a certificate by a medical practitioner in respect of any period of absence referred to in subparagraph (i).

(10) *Advance notice of annual leave period.*—At least one calendar month's notice of the actual date of the end of the year leave period shall be given by the employer by exhibition of an appropriate notice in the factory in a conspicuous place readily accessible to his employees.

(11) *Extension of annual leave period.*—An employer shall not be entitled to extend the period of annual leave referred to in subclause (1) of this clause without the prior permission of the Council which may impose such conditions as it may deem fit.

16. ENGAGEMENTS, TRANSFERS AND TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT

(1) *Service cards to be produced on engagement.*—Subject to the provisions of subclause (7), an employer shall, before engaging an applicant for work, require an applicant to produce a service card issued by the Council in the form of Annexure A to this Agreement.

The employer shall forthwith upon engagement enter in the space provided for "subsequent experience" the name of his factory, the date of engagement, occupation and wage on engagement and shall retain the card in safe-keeping so that it can in due course be dealt with in terms of subclause (2) upon termination of service of the employee.

No employer shall engage any employee who is in terms of this Agreement entitled to possess a Sick Fund card unless such employee has produced to the employer such membership card issued by the Cape Clothing Industry Sick Fund in proof of membership of that Fund by such employee.

The employer shall forthwith upon engagement of such employee enter in the space provided on such card the name of the factory and the date of engagement, and shall immediately thereafter hand the card back to the employee.

Upon termination of such employee's services the employee shall on the day such termination takes place produce to the employer the said membership card issued by the Sick Fund and the employer shall in the space provided enter the date of termination and shall initial such date in the space provided.

If the service card shows that the employee is re-entering the Industry after confinement, the employer shall not permit the employee to commence work until a post-natal certificate has been produced in terms of subclause (7).

(2) *Dienskaart moet by diensbeëindiging aan die werknemer terugbesorg word.*—By die diensbeëindiging van 'n werknemer moet die werkgever die res van die besonderhede, d.w.s. die datum van sy vertrek, sy loon op die datum van sy vertrek en die lengte van sy diens op die werknemer se dienskaart invul. Die ingevulde kaart moet daarna geparafeer en by diensbeëindiging aan die werknemer oorhandig word. As die werknemer ophou werk weens 'n bevalling, moet die woorde "Weens bevalling" ingeskryf word op die reël onderkant dié waarop die datum van diensbeëindiging aangeteken word.

(3) *Prosedure wanneer werknemer nie 'n dienskaart indien nie.*—Die werkgever moet onmiddellik by indiensneming 'n aansoek vorm soos in Aanhangel B van hierdie Ooreenkoms voorgeskryf, deur die voorname werknemer laat invul en dit heg aan die weeklikse opgawe van indiensneming soos in subklousule (4) hieronder bedoel.

(4) *Weeklikse opgawe van indiensnemings en diensbeëindigings.*—Die werkgever moet elke week voor of op Vrydag 'n opgawe, in tweevoed en in die vorm soos in Aanhangel C van hierdie Ooreenkoms voorgeskryf, van alle indiensnemings en diensbeëindigings ten opsigte van daardie week invul en dit aan die Raad stuur: Met dien verstande dat waar daar geen personeelveranderings in 'n week plaasgevind het nie, 'n "Nil"-opgawe ingedien moet word.

(5) *Kennis van oorplasings moet gegee word.*—Elke werkgever moet die Raad binne vyf dae na die einde van elke kalendermaand in kennis stel van alle gevalle waar werknemers van die een beroep na 'n ander oorgeplaas is, en die kennisgewings moet wees in die vorm voorgeskryf in Aanhangel D van hierdie Ooreenkoms. As daar geen oorplasings was nie, moet 'n "Nil"-opgawe ingedien word.

Die werkgever moet ingeslyks oorplasings aanteken op die onderskeie diensverslagkaarte van alle werknemers wat daardeur geraak word.

(6) *Skriftelike kennis van diensbeëindiging van 'n werknemer moet gegee word.*—Die werkgever moet, wanneer hy kennis gee van sy voorname om 'n werknemer te ontslaan, so 'n werknemer skriftelik kennis gee in die vorm van Aanhangel E van hierdie Ooreenkoms (kyk klousule 18).

(7) *Prosedure wanneer werknemer diens verlaat weens 'n bevalling en daarna diens hervat.*—Waar 'n werknemer se dienste beëindig word weens 'n bevalling, moet hierdie feit op haar dienskaart aangeteken word soos in subklousule (2) hierboven bepaal.

Waar 'n werknemer se dienste nie beëindig word nie, moet die werkgever nogtans die datum aanteken waarop sy weens haar bevalling ophou het om te werk.

Die werkgever moet voor of op die datum waarop sodanige werknemer se diens beëindig word of die datum waarop sy ophou om te werk, na gelang van die geval, sodanige werknemer voorsien van 'n oninge vulde "na-geboorte-ondersoeksertifikaat", en nog dieselfde werkgever nog 'n nuwe werkgever mag die werknemer toelaat om weer te begin werk of om nuwe werk te aanvaar, tensy die werknemer 'n behoorlike ingevulde "na-geboorte-ondersoeksertifikaat" van geskiktheid vir diens indien.

Waar sodanige sertikaat toon dat die werknemer verdere behandeling nodig het, moet die Sekretaris van die Siekfonds daarvan verwittig en die sertikaat per geregistreerde pos aan hom gestuur word.

Voorrade oninge vulde "na-geboorte-ondersoeksertifikate" kan van die Sekretaris van die Fonds verkry word.

(8) *Prosedure waar 'n werknemer kennis terugtrek.*—Waar 'n werknemer kennis van sy voorname om sy dienskontrak te beëindig, terugtrek nadat hy sodanige kennis ingedien het, moet die werkgever die betrokke werknemer verplig om sodanige terugtrekking te erken en te bevestig in die vorm van Aanhangel F van hierdie Ooreenkoms.

17. REGISTERKAARTE EN OOREENKOMS

(1) *Registerkaarte.*—Elke werkgever moet 'n registerkaart wat ondergenoemde besonderhede bevat, ten opsigte van elkeen van sy werknemers byhou:

- (a) Fabrieksnommer van werknemer.
- (b) Naam.
- (c) Geslag.
- (d) Adres.
- (e) Ouderdom.
- (f) Beroep.
- (g) Datum van diensaanvaarding.
- (h) Vorige ondervinding.
- (i) Nommer van dienssertifikaat of diensverslagkaart.
- (j) Aanvangsloon.
- (k) Verhogingsdatums.

(2) *Service card to be returned to employee on termination of service.*—Upon termination of service of an employee, the employer shall complete the remaining details on the employee's service card, i.e. date of leaving, wage at date of leaving and length of employment. The completed card shall thereafter be initialled and handed to the employee on termination of service. If the employee is ceasing employment due to confinement this shall be endorsed on the card by the words "Due to Confinement" being written on the line below that on which the date of termination is recorded.

(3) *Procedure when employee does not produce a service card.*—The employer shall forthwith upon engagement cause an application in the form of Annexure B to this Agreement to be completed by the prospective employee and shall attach same to the weekly return of engagements referred to in sub-clause (4) hereunder.

(4) *Weekly return of engagements and terminations of service.*—Not later than on Friday of each week the employer shall complete and transmit to the Council in duplicate a record in the form of Annexure C to this Agreement of all engagements and terminations of service of employees in respect of that week: Provided that where in any week no staff changes have been effected, a "Nil" return shall be submitted.

(5) *Transfer to be notified.*—Every employer shall within five days of the end of each calendar month, notify the Council of all transfers in occupation of his employees in the form prescribed in Annexure D of this Agreement. In the event of no transfers having occurred a "Nil" return shall be submitted.

The employer shall likewise record transfers on the respective service record cards of each employee affected.

(6) *Notice of termination of an employee's services to be given in writing.*—The employer shall when giving notice of intention to dismiss an employee, give his employee written notice in the form of Annexure E to this Agreement (vide clause 18).

(7) *Procedure where employee leaves employment due to confinement and on re-employment thereafter.*—Where an employee's services are terminated due to confinement this fact must be recorded on her service card as provided for in subclause (2) above.

Where an employee's services are not terminated the employer must still record the date of ceasing work due to confinement.

Not later than on the date of such termination or ceasing of work, as the case may be, the employer shall provide the employee with a blank "post-natal examination certificate" and neither the same employer nor any new employer shall permit the employee to recommence employment or to start fresh employment unless the employee produces a properly completed "post-natal examination certificate" of fitness for employment.

Where such certificate shows that the employee requires further treatment the Secretary of the Sick Fund must be notified thereof and the certificate forwarded to him by registered post.

Supplies of the blank "post-natal examiner certificates" may be obtained from the Secretary of the Fund.

(8) *Procedure where an employee withdraws notice.*—Where an employee withdraws notice of his intention to terminate his contract of employment after having tendered such notice, the employer shall require the employee concerned to acknowledge and confirm such withdrawal in the form of Annexure F to this Agreement.

17. RECORD CARDS AND AGREEMENT

(1) *Record cards.*—Every employer shall maintain a record card in respect of each of his employees showing the following particulars:

- (a) Factory number of employee.
- (b) Name.
- (c) Sex.
- (d) Address.
- (e) Age.
- (f) Occupation.
- (g) Starting date.
- (h) Previous experience.
- (i) Number of certificate of service or service card.
- (j) Commencing wage.
- (k) Dates of increments.

(2) *Vertoning van Ooreenkoms.*—Elke werkewer moet 'n leesbare kopie van hierdie Ooreenkoms in albei amptelike tale en in die vorm voorgeskryf in die regulasies wat kragtens die Wet uitgevaardig is, in sy bedryfsinrigting opplak en opgeplak hou op 'n opvallende plek wat geredelik vir sy werkemers toeganklik is.

(3) *Administrasie van Ooreenkoms.*—Die Raad is die liggaam wat vir die administrasie van hierdie Ooreenkoms verantwoordelik is, en hy kan menings wat nie met die bepalings hiervan onbestaanbaar is nie, vir die leiding van die werkewers en die werkemers uitspreek.

18. DIENSBEEËINDIGING

(1) Kennisgewingstermyn.—Behoudens—

(a) die reg van 'n werkewer of 'n werkemmer om 'n dienskontrak om 'n regsgeldige rede sonder kennisgewing te beëindig;

(b) 'n skriftelike ooreenkoms tussen die werkewer en sy werkemers waarin voorsiening gemaak word vir 'n kennisgewingstermyn van gelyke duur aan albei kante en langer as een week of een maand, na gelang van die geval; en

(c) subklousule (8);

moet 'n werkewer en sy werkemmer, in die geval van 'n weekliks besoldigde werkemmer, minstens een week kennis, en in die geval van 'n maandeliks besoldigde werkemmer, minstens een maand kennis gee van sy voorneme om die dienskontrak te beëindig.

(2) *Betaling of verbeuring in plaas van kennisgewing.*—Ingeval 'n werkewer of 'n werkemmer versuim om kennis te gee soos in subklousule (1) hiervan bepaal, moet hy onderskeidelik die volgende betaal of verbeur:

(a) In die geval van 'n weekliks besoldigde werkemmer, een week se loon;

(b) in die geval van 'n maandeliks besoldigde werkemmer, een maand se loon;
bereken teen die loonskaal wat sodanige werkemmer onmiddellik vóór die datum van sodanige beëindiging ontvang het.

Met betrekking tot bostaande beteken afwesigheid van werk, sonder dat verlof vooraf verkry is, vir 'n tydperk van ses agtereenvolgende kalenderdae, beëindiging van die dienskontrak, tensy die werkemmer binne sodanige ses dae die werkewer voorsien het van 'n doktersertifikaat wat sy onvermoë bevestig, om sy gewone werk te verrig, en in dié geval moet die werkewer binne drie dae na ontvangoen van sodanige sertifikaat die werkemmer in kennis stel dat hy sy betrekking oop sal hou totdat die werkemmer in staat is om te werk of aan sodanige werkemmer skriftelik kennis gee van diensbeëindiging. Van 'n werkewer wat versuim om die werkemmer se betrekking oop te hou of om binne sodanige drie dae kennis van diensbeëindiging te gee, word vereis dat hy die werkemmer, in plaas van sodanige kennisgewing, moet betaal.

Vir die toepassing van hierdie subklousule begin die tydperk van afwesigheid van sy werk in die geval van 'n werkemmer wat op 'n Vrydag by sy werk aanwesig is, vanaf die eersvolgende Maandag, d.w.s. die Saterdag en Sondag tussenin word buite rekening gelaat by die berekening van die tydperk van afwesigheid van ses agtereenvolgende kalenderdae.

(3) Indien die geld wat 'n werkewer aan 'n werkemmer by wyse van lone skuld onvoldoende is om die volle bedrag te betaal van die verbeuring in subklousule (2), bedoel, is die werkewer daarop geregtig om, ondanks andersluidende bepalings in hierdie Ooreenkoms, sodanige bedrag af te trek van ander voordele (as daar is) wat vir sodanige werkemmer ten tyde van die beëindiging van sy dienskontrak aan die ophoop was.

Vir die toepassing van hierdie subklousule word besoldiging wat ingevolge klousule 15 (1), (2) en (3) van hierdie Ooreenkoms aan 'n werkemmer verskuldig is, ook beskou as 'n voordeel wat aan die ophoop is.

(4) Wanneer 'n ooreenkoms kragtens subklousule (1) aangegaan word, moet die betaling of verbeuring in plaas van kennisgewing eweredig wees aan die kennisgewingstermyn waaroor daar ooreengekom is.

(5) Datum van inwerkingtreding van kennisgewing:

(a) *Weekliks besoldigde werkemers.*—Kennis moet gegee word voor of op die dag waarop die werkweek van die bedryfsinrigting eindig, en sodanige kennisgewing loop vanaf sodanige dag, afgesien daarvan of sodanige dag die gereelde betaaldag van die bedryfsinrigting is of nie.

(b) *Maandeliks besoldigde werkemers.*—Kennis moet gegee word te eniger tyd vóór die gewone sluitingstyd van die bedryfsinrigting op die laaste werkdag van die kalendermaand en sodanige kennis loop vanaf die eerste dag van die daaropvolgende maand.

(2) *Exhibition of Agreement.*—Every employer shall affix and keep affixed in his establishment in a conspicuous place readily accessible to his employees, in the form prescribed in the regulations under the Act, a legible copy of this Agreement, in both official languages.

(3) *Administration of Agreement.*—The Council shall be the body responsible for the administration of this Agreement, and may issue expressions of opinion not inconsistent with its provisions for the guidance of employers and employees.

18. TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT

(1) Period of notice.—Subject to—

(a) the right of an employer or an employee to terminate a contract of employment without notice for any cause recognised by law as sufficient;

(b) the provisions of any written agreement between the employer and his employees which provides for a period of notice of equal duration on both sides and for longer than one week or one month, as the case may be; and

(c) the provisions of subclause (8);

an employer and his employee shall, in the case of a weekly paid employee, give not less than one week's notice and in the case of a monthly paid employee, not less than one month's notice, of his intention to terminate the contract of employment.

(2) *Payment of forfeiture in lieu of notice.*—In the event of an employer or an employee failing to give notice as provided in subclause (1) hereof, he shall pay or forfeit respectively—

(a) in the case of a weekly paid employee, one week's pay;

(b) in the case of a monthly paid employee, one month's pay;

calculated at the rate of pay which such employee was receiving immediately before the date of such termination.

In the above regard absence from work, without prior permission, for a period of six consecutive calendar days shall constitute a termination of contract of service unless within such six days the employee has furnished to his employer a medical certificate certifying his inability to perform his usual work, in which case the employer must, within three days of receipt of such certificate, advise the employee that he will keep his employment open until the employee is able to work or tender to such employee written notice of termination of service. Any employer who fails to keep the employee's employment open or to tender notice within such three days shall be required to pay the employee in lieu of such notice.

For the purposes of this subclause, where an employee attends work on a Friday, the period of absence from work shall commence from the next succeeding Monday, i.e. the intervening Saturday and Sunday shall be ignored in calculating the six consecutive calendar days' period of absence.

(3) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, should any money owing by an employer to an employee by way of wages be sufficient to meet the full amount of forfeiture referred to in subclause (2) the employer shall be entitled to retain such amount from other benefits (if any) which were in the process of accrual to such employee at the time of termination of his contract of employment.

For the purposes of this subclause any payment which may be due to an employee in terms of clause 15 (1), (2) and (3) of this Agreement shall also be regarded as a benefit in the process of accrual.

(4) When an agreement is entered into in terms of subclause (1), the payment or forfeiture in lieu of notice shall be proportionate to the period of notice agreed upon.

(5) Date of coming into operation of notice:

(a) *Weekly paid employees.*—Notice shall be given not later than and shall take effect from the day which concludes the working week of the establishment notwithstanding that such day may not be the regular pay-day of the establishment.

(b) *Monthly paid employees.*—Notice shall be given at any time prior to the usual closing time of the establishment on the last working day of the calendar month and shall operate from the first day of the succeeding month.

(6) Vir die toepassing van hierdie klousule beteken 'n week kennisgewing 'n werkweek van 46 uur in die geval van 'n ketelbediener, 72 uur in die geval van 'n wag of oppasser, en 42½ uur in die geval van alle ander werknemers, of 'n volle week se loon in plaas daarvan, en dieselfde voorbeholdsbepligting is van toepassing op die tydperk van kennisgewing soos voorgeskryf of waaroor onderling ooreengekom is ingevolge subklousule (4).

(7) Waar korttyd in 'n bedryfsinrigting gewerk word, moet kennis van diensbeëindiging ooreenkomsdig (a) of (b) hiervan gegee word:

(a) 'n Werknemer kan sy dienskontrak beëindig deur aan sy werkgever dieselfde getal dae kennis te gee as wat in die week voor die kennisgewingweek gewerk is; en

(b) 'n werkgever wat korttyd werk, moet insgelyks kennis aan 'n werknemer gee om sy dienskontrak te beëindig.

(8) Proeftyelperk:

(a) *Weeklikse werknemers*.—Hierdie klousule is nie van toepassing ten opsigte van die eerste week nadat diens aanvaar is nie. Sodanige week word geag 'n proeftyelperk te wees waarin die diens deur die werkgever of die werknemer beëindig kan word deur vier uur kennis te gee.

(b) *Maandelikse werknemers*.—Hierdie klousule is nie gedurende die eerste vier weke diens van toepassing nie. Sodanige vier weke word geag 'n proeftyelperk te wees waarin die diens deur die werkgever of die werknemer beëindig kan word deur 24 uur kennis te gee.

19. VRYSTELLINGS

(1) Behoudens die voorbeholdsbepligting van artikel 51 (3) van die Wet en subklousule (2), kan die Raad om 'n afdoende rede aan of ten opsigte van enige persoon vrystelling verleen van enige van die bepalings van hierdie Ooreenkoms.

(2) Die Raad moet ten opsigte van enige aan wie 'n vrystellingsertifikaat verleen word, die voorwaardes vasstel waarop dié vrystelling verleen word en die tydperk waarvoor sodanige vrystelling van krag bly: Met dien verstande dat die Raad na goeddunke, nadat aan die betrokke persoon een week skriftelik kennis gegee is, 'n vrystellingsertifikaat kan intrek.

(3) Die Sekretaris van die Raad moet aan elkeen aan wie vrystelling verleen word 'n sertifikaat, deur hom onderteken, uitreik waarin vermeld word—

- (a) die volle naam van die betrokke persoon;
- (b) die bepalings van die Ooreenkoms waarvan vrystelling verleen word;
- (c) die voorwaardes waarop dié vrystelling verleen word; en
- (d) die tydperk waarvoor die vrystelling van krag is.

(4) Die Sekretaris van die Raad moet 'n kopie van elke uitgereikte sertifikaat bewaar en waar vrystelling aan 'n werknemer verleen word, 'n kopie van die sertifikaat aan die betrokke werkgever stuur.

(5) 'n Werknemer wat werk kragtens vrystelling van een of meer van die bepalings van klousule 4 (1), word vir die doel van getalsverhouding van werknemers wat in klousule 8 van hierdie Ooreenkoms bepaal word, as 'n "leerling"-werknemer geag.

20. SITPLEKKIE

Sitplekke met geskikte rugleunings wat deur die Raad goedgekeur is, moet vir alle vroulike werknemers verskaf word.

21. GEREEDSKAP EN MATERIAAL

Die werkgever moet alle gereedskap (uitgesonderd skere), materiaal en benodigdhede vir die maak van klerasie gratis aan werknemers verskaf.

22. UITGAWES VAN DIE RAAD

(1) Ten einde die uitgawes van die Raad te bestry, moet elke werkgever weekliks drie sent aftrek van die verdienste van elkeen van sy werknemers vir wie minimum lone in klousule 4 van hierdie Ooreenkoms voorgeskryf word. By die bedrag aldus afggetrek, moet die werkgever 'n gelyke bedrag voeg en die totale bedrag maandeliks en voor of op die 14de dag van elke maand aan die Sekretaris van die Raad, Posbus 1536, Kaapstad, 8000, stuur.

(2) Elke werkgever moet 'n opgawe van die getal werknemers wat hy elke week van elke kalendermaand in diens het, aan die Raad stuur op die vorm wat deur die Raad verskaf word soos in Aanhangsel G van hierdie Ooreenkoms voorgeskryf.

23. VAKVERENIGINGVERTEENWOORDIGERS IN DIE RAAD

Elke werkgever moet aan dié werknemers van hom wat verteenwoordigers in die Raad is, alle redelike faciliteite verskaf om hul pligte in verband met die werk van die Raad na te kom.

(6) For the purposes of this clause, a week's notice shall mean a working week of 46 hours in the case of boiler attendants, 72 hours in the case of watchmen or caretakers and 42½ hours in the case of all other employees, or a full week's pay in lieu thereof, and the same proviso shall apply to the period of notice prescribed or mutually agreed upon in terms of subclause (4).

(7) Where short-time is worked in an establishment notice to terminate employment shall be in terms of (a) and (b) hereof:

(a) An employee may terminate his contract of employment by giving his employer notice equivalent to the number of days worked in the week preceding the notice week; and

(b) an employer working short-time shall give like notice to an employee to terminate his contract of employment.

(8) Trial periods:

(a) *Weekly employees*.—The provisions of this clause shall not apply in respect of the first week after commencing employment. Such week shall be deemed to be a period of trial during which the employment may be terminated by the employer or the employee at four hours' notice.

(b) *Monthly employees*.—The provisions of this clause shall not apply during the first four weeks of employment. Such four weeks shall be deemed to be a period of trial during which the employment may be terminated by the employer or the employee at 24 hours' notice.

19. EXEMPTIONS

(1) Subject to the proviso to section 51 (3) of the Act and the provisions of subclause (2), the Council may grant exemption from any of the provisions of this Agreement to or in respect of any person for any good or sufficient reason.

(2) The Council shall fix, in respect of any person granted a licence of exemption, the conditions subject to which such exemption is granted and the period during which such exemption shall operate: Provided that the Council may, if it deems fit, after one week's notice in writing has been given to the person concerned, withdraw any exemption licence.

(3) The Secretary of the Council shall issue to every person granted exemption a licence, signed by him, setting out—

- (a) the full name of the person concerned;
- (b) the provisions of the Agreement from which exemption is granted;
- (c) the conditions subject to which such exemption is granted; and
- (d) the period during which the exemption shall operate.

(4) The Secretary of the Council shall retain a copy of each licence issued and where exemption is granted to an employee, forward a copy of the licence to the employer concerned.

(5) Any employee working under an exemption from one or more of the provisions of clause 4 (1), shall be deemed to be a "learner" employee for the purpose of the ratio of employees provided for under clause 8 of this Agreement.

20. SEATING ACCOMMODATION

Seats with suitable back rests, approved by the Council, shall be provided for all female employees.

21. TOOLS AND MATERIALS

The employer shall, free of any charge, supply to the employees all tools (other than scissors), materials and requisites for making clothing.

22. EXPENSES OF THE COUNCIL

(1) For the purpose of meeting the expenses of the Council, every employer shall deduct three cents per week from the earnings of each of his employees for whom minimum wages are prescribed in clause 4 of this Agreement. To the amount so deducted, the employer shall add a like amount and forward month by month, and not later than the 14th day of each month, the total sum to the Secretary of the Council, P.O. Box 1536, Cape Town, 8000.

(2) Every employer shall make a return to the Council of the number of employees employed by him for each week of each calendar month on the form supplied by the Council in the form of Annexure G to this Agreement.

23. TRADE UNION REPRESENTATIVES ON THE COUNCIL

Every employer shall give to any of his employees who are representatives on the Council, every reasonable facility to attend to their duties in connection with the work of the Council.

24. AGENTE

(1) Die Raad moet een of meer aangewese persone aanstel as sy agent of agents om met die uitvoering van die bepalings van hierdie Ooreenkoms behulpzaam te wees. 'n Agent het die reg om—

(a) 'n perseel of plek waar die Klerasiénywerheid uitgeoefen word, te eniger tyd te betree, te inspekteer en te ondersoek, wanneer hy redelike gronde het om te glo dat iemand daarin in diens is;

(b) elke werkgever of werknemer wat hy in of by die perseel of plek aantref, na goedunke, of alleen of in teenwoordigheid van ander persone, mondeling te ondervra met betrekking tot aangeleenthede aangaande hierdie Ooreenkoms, en hulle moet die vroeë beantwoord wat deur genoemde agent gestel word;

(c) te eis dat 'n kennisgewing, boek, lys of ander dokumente wat gehou, vertoon of gemaak moet word vir doelendes van registers wat nodig is vir die nakoming van die bepalings van hierdie Ooreenkoms, getoon word en om dit te ondersoek, na te gaan en afskrifte daarvan te maak op 'n wyse wat hy ter uitvoering van sy pligte nodig mag ag;

(d) te eis dat alle betaalstate, stukwerkregisters of 'n ander boek of boeke waarin aantekening gehou word van die werklike lone wat betaal is aan 'n werknemer wie se lone in hierdie Ooreenkoms bepaal word, getoon moet word en om dit te ondersoek, na te gaan en 'n afskrif daarvan te maak.

(2) Wanneer die agent sodanige plek betree of so 'n plek of boeke ondersoek of nagaan, soos hierbo in hierdie klousule bedoel, kan hy 'n tolk of 'n assistent, deur die Raad aangestel, met hom saamneem.

(3) Elkeen vir wie die bepalings van hierdie Ooreenkoms bindend is, moet die agent al die faciliteite verleen wat in hierdie klousule voorgeskryf word.

25. VERBOD OP BUIТЕWERK EN OPENBAARMAKING VAN WERKGEWERS SE PATRONE, ENS.

(1) Geen werkgever in die Nywerheid mag werk uitbestee om vervaardig te word nie, uitgesonderd in 'n fabriek soos omskryf in die Wet op Fabrieke, Masjinerie en Bouwerk, 1941, en hy mag ook van niemand vereis of hom toelaat om werk in die Nywerheid ten behoeve van homself te verrig nie, uitgesonderd of—

(a) as 'n werknemer van daardie werkgever, in welke geval alle werk wat deur die werknemer verrig moet word, in die bedryfsinrigting van die werkgever verrig moet word; of

(b) as 'n werknemer van 'n ander werkgever in die Nywerheid aan wie werk ooreenkomsdig klousule 28 van hierdie Ooreenkoms uitbestee is in verband met die sny, maak en afwerk van klere.

(2) Vir die toepassing van hierdie klousule beteken 'n "werkgever in die Nywerheid" ook 'n persoon wat nie self 'n vervaardiger is nie maar wat werk uitbestee aan ander wat, as dit verrig word op die perseel van die persoon wat die werk uitbestee, werk binne die Klerasiénywerheid soos omskryf sou uitmaak. Vir die toepassing van hierdie sub-klousule omvat "werk uitbestee" die uitreiking van materiaal met die doel om dié materiaal in kledingstukke of gedeeltes van kledingstukke te verwerk.

(3) Geen werknemer in diens van 'n werkgever mag snypatrone of leipatrone wat deur sy werkgever gebruik word, aan 'n ander werkgever of persoon openbaar maak nie.

(4) Geen werkgever mag 'n werknemer van 'n ander werkgever oorreed om snypatrone of leipatrone wat deur dié werknemer se werkgever gebruik word, openbaar te maak nie.

26. SIEKEFONDS

Klousule 26 van die Hoofooreenkoms van die Raad of die ooreenstemmende bepalings van 'n ooreenkoms wat laasgenoemde Ooreenkoms vervang, is *mutatis mutandis* op die werkgewers en die werknemers van toepassing.

27. VAKVERENIGINGLEDEGELD

'n Werkgever moet op die skriftelike versoek van sy werknemer 'n bedrag of bedrae soos in genoemde skriftelike versoek gemeld, weekliks van die werknemer se besoldiging aftrek as ledegeld van die vakvereniging en moet sodanige bedrag of bedrae wat aldus afgetrek is, aan die sekretaris van genoemde vakvereniging stuur voor of op die 14de dag van elke maand wat onmiddellik volg op die maand waarin sodanige bedrae afgetrek is.

24. AGENTS

(1) The Council shall appoint one or more specified persons as its agent or agents to assist in giving effect to the terms of this Agreement. An agent shall have the right to—

(a) enter, inspect and examine any premises of place in which the Clothing Industry is carried on, at any time when he has cause to believe that any person is employed therein;

(b) orally examine either along or in the presence of any other person, as he deems fit, in respect of matters relating to this Agreement, every employer or employee whom he finds in or about the premises or place, and these persons shall answer the questions put to them by the said agent;

(c) require the production of any notice, book, list or other documents which is required to be kept, exhibited or made for the purpose of record necessary to the observance of the terms of this Agreement, and inspect, examine and copy it in any way he may deem to be necessary in the discharge of his duties;

(d) require the production of, and inspect, examine and copy all paysheets, piece-work books, or any other book or books wherein is kept an account of the actual wages paid to any employee for whom wages are prescribed in this Agreement.

(2) The agent, when entering, inspecting or examining any such place or books afore-mentioned in this clause, may take with him an interpreter or assistant appointed by the Council.

(3) Every person upon whom the terms of this Agreement are binding shall afford the agent all the facilities prescribed in this clause.

25. PROHIBITION OF OUTWORK AND DISCLOSURE OF EMPLOYERS' PATTERNS, ETC.

(1) No employer in the Industry shall give out any work to be manufactured except in a factory as defined in terms of the Factories, Machinery and Building Works Act, 1941, nor shall he require or permit any person to perform any work in the Industry on his behalf other than either—

(a) as an employee of that employer, in which event all work to be performed by such employee shall be performed in the establishment of the employer; or

(b) as an employee of another employer in the Industry to whom work has been given out in accordance with clause 28 of this Agreement relating to cut, make and trim.

(2) For the purposes of this clause an "employer in the Industry" shall include a person who is not himself a manufacturer but who gives out work to others which, if performed on the premises of the person giving out the work, would constitute work within the Clothing Industry as defined. For the purposes of this subclause "giving out work" shall include the issue of materials for the purpose of having such materials made up into garments or portions of garments.

(3) No employee in the employ of an employer shall disclose to any other employer or person any patterns or templates used by his employer.

(4) No employer shall induce any employee of another employer to disclose any patterns or templates used by such employee's employer.

26. SICK FUND

The provisions of clause 26 of the Main Agreement of the Council, or the corresponding provisions of an agreement superseding the latter Agreement, shall *mutatis mutandis* apply to the employers and the employees.

27. TRADE UNION SUBSCRIPTIONS

An employer shall, at the written request of his employee, make deductions weekly from the employee's remuneration of any amount or amounts of subscription, specified in the said written request, to the funds of the trade union, and shall forward the amount or amounts so deducted to the secretary of the said trade union not later than the 14th day of each month immediately succeeding the month during which such deductionss were made.

28. SNY, MAAK EN AFWERK

Die skaal waarteen, die grondslag waarop die beginsels waarvolgens betaling moet geskied vir werk wat op kontrak uitbestee word

(1) As materiaal uitbestee word om tot kledingstukke verwerk te word deur iemand wat werksaam is in die gebied wat deur hierdie Ooreenkoms gedek word, is die minimum skaal en voorwaardes voorgeskryf in hierdie klousule bindend vir die prinsipaal of aannemer.

(2) Vir die toepassing van hierdie klousule beteken—

(a) "prinsipaal" of "aannemer" 'n persoon, firma, maatskappy of vereniging van individue wat in die Klerasienywerheid, soos in hierdie Ooreenkoms omskryf, werk op kontrak uitbestee, of dié persoon, firma, maatskappy of vereniging van persone 'n werkgever is al dan nie; die kort benaming "prinsipaal" moet in onderstaande subklousule geag word "prinsipaal" of "aannemer" te beteken;

(b) "verwerker" 'n persoon, firma, maatskappy of vereniging van individue wat onderneem om materiaal wat aan hom of hulle uitbestee is deur 'n prinsipaal of aannemer, soos in hierdie klousule omskryf, tot kledingstukke te verwerk.

(3) Betaling vir die verwerking van kledingstukke uit materiaal teen die minimum voorgeskrewe skaal, is verskuldig en moet by voltooiing van elke bestelling gedoen word.

(4) Die uitdrukking "verwerking" word vir die toepassing van hierdie Ooreenkoms geag "sny, maak en die verskaffing van tooisels", "slegs sny en verwerking", "slegs maak en die verskaffing van tooisels" in te sluit.

(5) Die skaale wat hierin voorgeskryf word, is vir materiaal wat op kontrak uitbestee word vir die verwerking van kledingstukke van standaardgroottes deur enige wat werksaam is in die gebied waarin hierdie Ooreenkoms van toepassing is.

(6) Hierdie klousule is nie van toepassing op die verwerking van kledingstukke op kontrak vir 'n staatsdepartement of provinsiale administrasie, die Suid-Afrikaanse Spoorweg- en Hawens-administrasie of plaaslike owerheid nie.

(7) Elke prinsipaal of aannemer en enige aan wie werk op kontrak uitbestee word, moet die registers byhou wat voorgeskryf is in artikel 57 van die Wet op Nywerheidsversoening, 1956, en in regulasie 8 ingevolge daardie Wet.

(8) Die minimum skaale waarteen die prinsipaal die verwerker moet betaal vir die verwerking van klere, is dié gemeld in Aanhengsel I van die Ooreenkoms wat by Goewermentskennisgewing 429 van 9 Maart 1956 gepubliseer is, en hoegenaamd geen verminderings word toegeleant nie.

29. REGISTRASIE VAN WERKGEWERS

(1) Elke werkgever vir wie hierdie Ooreenkoms bindend is en wat dit nie alreeds ingevolge 'n vorige ooreenkoms gedoen het nie, moet binne sewe dae na die datum waarop hierdie Ooreenkoms vir hom bindend word, die Sekretaris van die Raad voorsien van die besonderhede in Aanhengsel H van hierdie Ooreenkoms gemeld.

(2) In geval van 'n verandering in die naam waaronder of die adres of adresse waar die sakeonderneming gedryf word, of wat die vennote betref, of as die werkgever 'n maatskappy is, in die naam van sy sekretaris of sy direkteure of bestuurders of, in geval van die sekwestrasie van die werkgever se boedel of, as die werkgever 'n maatskappy is, van die likwidiasie van die maatskappy of as die sakeonderneming oorgedra of laat daar word of as 'n ander sakeonderneming verkry of begin word wat aan hierdie Ooreenkoms onderworpe is, moet elke werkgever die Sekretaris van die Raad binne sewe dae na sodanige verandering, sekwestrasie, likwidiasie, oordrag, prysgewing, verkryging of begin daarvan in kennis stel deur middel van 'n skriftelike verklaring waarin volledige besonderhede van die verandering, sekwestrasie, likwidiasie, oordrag, prysgewing, verkryging of begin, na gelang van die geval, verstrek moet word.

30. LOONWAARBORG

(1) Elke werkgever wat tot die Nywerheid toetree na die datum waarop hierdie Ooreenkoms in werking tree, moet binne sewe dae vanaf die datum waarop sodanige werkgever met werksaamhede in die Nywerheid begin, aan die Raad 'n waarborg verskaaf, wat vir die Raad aanneemlik is, om die betaling vir sy werknemers soos volg te dek:

(a) Vier weke se lone soos voorgeskryf in klousule 4 (1);
(b) vier weke se heffings en bydraes ten opsigte van—

(i) heffings aan die Raad ingevolge klousule 22;
(ii) Siekfondsbydraes ingevolge klousule 26;

28. CUT, MAKE AND TRIM

The rates at which the basis of, or the principles upon which, payment shall be made for work given out on contract.

(1) Where any material is given out to be made up into garments by any person operating in the area covered by this Agreement, the minimum rates and conditions prescribed in this clause shall be binding upon the principal or contractor.

(2) For the purposes of this clause—

(a) "principal" or "contractor" shall mean any person, firm, company or association of individuals who gives out work on contract in the Clothing Industry as defined in this Agreement, whether or not such person, firm, company or association of individuals is an employer; the short term "principal" in the following subclause shall be deemed to imply "principal" or "contractor";

(b) "maker-up" shall mean any person, firm, company into garments, material issued to him or them by a principal or contractor as defined in this clause.

(3) Payment for the making up of material into garments at the minimum rates prescribed shall be due and shall be made upon the completion of each order.

(4) The term "making-up" shall, for the purposes of this Agreement, include "cutting, making and the supply of trimmings", "cutting and making up only", "making, and supply of trimmings only".

(5) Rates herein prescribed are for material given out on contract to be made up into stock sizes of garments by any person operating in the area covered by this Agreement.

(6) This clause shall not apply to the making up of garments under contract for any Department of State or Provincial Administration, the South African Railways and Harbours Administration or local authorities.

(7) Every principal or contractor and every person to whom work is given out on contract shall keep the records prescribed in section 57 of the Industrial Conciliation Act, 1956, and in regulation 8 under that Act.

(8) The minimum rates which shall be paid for making up by the principal to the maker-up without abatement whatsoever shall be as shown in Annexure I to the Agreement published under Government Notice 429 of 9 March 1956.

29. REGISTRATION OF EMPLOYERS

(1) Every employer on whom this Agreement is binding and who has not already done so in terms of a previous agreement shall within seven days of the date on which this Agreement becomes binding on him furnish to the Secretary of the Council the particulars set out in Annexure H to this Agreement.

(2) In the event of any change in the name under which or the address or addresses at which business is carried on, or among the partners, or, if the employer is a company, in the name of its secretary or among its directors or managers, or in the event of the sequestration of the employer's estate or, if the employer is a company, of the winding up of the company, or in the event of the transfer or abandonment of the business carried on, or the acquisition or commencement of any other business which is subject to this Agreement, every employer shall furnish to the Secretary of the Council within seven days notice of the change, sequestration, winding up, transfer, abandonment, acquisition or commencement by means of a written statement setting forth full particulars of the change, sequestration, winding up transfer, abandonment, acquisition or commencement, as the case may be.

30. WAGE GUARANTEE

(1) Every employer who enters the Industry after the date of coming into operation of this Agreement shall, within seven days of the date on which such employer commences operations in the Industry, lodge with the Council a guarantee acceptable to the Council to cover the payment in respect of his employees as follows:

(a) Four weeks' wages as prescribed in clause 4 (1);
(b) four weeks' levies and contributions in respect of—

(i) levies to the Council in terms of clause 22;
(ii) Sick Fund contributions in terms of clause 26;

- (iii) Opleidingsfondsbydraes ingevolge klousule 6 van die Opleidingsfondsooreenkoms, indien van toepassing;
- (iv) Gebeurlikheidsfondsbydraes ingevolge klousule 6 van die Gebeurlikheidsfondsooreenkoms, indien van toepassing;
- (v) Voorsorgfondsbydraes ingevolge klousule 6 van die Voorsorgfondsooreenkoms, indien van toepassing:

Met dien verstande dat die waarborg vir 'n bedrag van minstens R500 moet wees.

(2) Indien die waarborg wat deur 'n werkewer ingedien word ontoereikend is om die betaling te dek van lone en heffings/bydraes in subklousule (1) bedoel, moet die werkewer, wanneer die Raad dit versoek, die bedrag van sodanige waarborg verhoog tot 'n bedrag wat voldoende is om sodanige betaling te dek.

'n Werkewer kan toegelaat word om die bedrag van sodanige waarborg te verminder wanneer 'n vermindering van die getal werknemers in diens van die werkewer so 'n vermindering regverdig is: Met dien verstande dat geen aanpassing (d.w.s. verhoging of vermindering) van die bedrag van die waarborg met tussenposes van minder as ses maande vereis of toegelaat mag word nie.

(3) Die Raad is daarop geregtig om enige waarborg wat 'n werkewer ooreenkostig subklousule (1) by hom indien, te gebruik om enige bedrag te betaal wat sodanige werkewer aan die Raad verskuldig is ten opsigte van heffings en bydraes of om lone te betaal wat aan een of meer werknemers van sodanige werkewer verskuldig is, indien die Raad daarvan oortuig is dat sodanige lone deur die betrokke werkewer aan sodanige werknemers verskuldig en betaalbaar is: Met dien verstande dat die totale eis ten opsigte van een of meer werknemers hoogstens die totale bedrag mag bedra van die waarborg wat by die Raad ingedien is.

Namens die partye op hede die 24ste dag van November 1978 te Soutrivié onderteken.

A. M. ROSENBERG, Voorsitter van die Raad.

L. A. PETERSEN, Ondervorsitter van die Raad.

G. J. NEL, Sekretaris van die Raad.

(iii) Training Fund contributions in terms of clause 6 of the Training Fund Agreement, where applicable;

(iv) Contingency Fund contributions in terms of clause 6 of the Contingency Fund Agreement, where applicable;

(v) Provident Fund contributions in terms of clause 6 of the Provident Fund Agreement, where applicable:

Provided that the minimum guarantee shall be for an amount of R500.

(2) Where the guarantee lodged by any employer is insufficient to cover the payment of wages and levies/contributions referred to in subclause (1), the employer shall on demand by the Council increase the amount of such guarantee to an amount sufficient to cover such payment.

An employer shall be permitted to reduce the amount of his guarantee where a reduction in the number of employees engaged by such employer warrants a reduction: Provided that no increase or reduction of the amount of any guarantee shall be required or permitted at intervals of less than six months.

(3) The Council shall be entitled to utilise any guarantee lodged by an employer with the Council in terms of subclause (1), to pay any amount which may be due to the Council by such employer in respect of levies and contributions or to pay any wages which may be due to any one or more employees of such employer, where the Council is satisfied that such wages are due and payable to the employees concerned by the employer involved: Provided that the total claim in respect of any one or more employees shall not exceed the total amount of the guarantee lodged with the Council.

Signed at Salt River on behalf of the parties this 24th day of November 1978.

A. M. ROSENBERG, Chairman of the Council.

L. A. PETERSEN, Vice-Chairman of the Council.

G. J. NEL, Secretary of the Council.

AANHANGSEL A

VERSLAG VAN ONDERVINDING

Fabrieksnommer..... (i) Soos op..... No.

Hierby word gesertifiseer dat volgens die registers van die Raad,

....., van.....

ondergemelde ondervinding vir verhogingsdoeleindes opgedoen het:

Beroepe:

(a) Klerk in die Nywerheid.....	j.....	m.....	d.....
Klerk buite die Nywerheid.....	j.....	m.....	d.....
(b) Sowel Klerasie- as Breiseksies.....	j.....	m.....	d.....
(c) Uitsluitlik Klerasieseeksie.....	j.....	m.....	d.....
(d) Uitsluitlik Breiseksie.....	j.....	m.....	d.....
(e) Ander.....	j.....	m.....	d.....

en in diens geneem kan word teen 'n loon van..... indien as 'n.....

in die..... seksie in diens geneem.

Medeondertekening van werknemer wat bostaande aanvaar.....

Voorsorgfondsbesonderhede

Datum.....

Namens Sekretaris

Benoemde.....

Vormnommer.....

Datum.....

(ii) LATERE ONDERVINDING

Fabriek	Datum van indiens-neming of oorplasing	Loon	Beroep	Datum van vertrek	Loon	Beroep	Duur van diens			Paraaf van werkewer
							Jaar	Maande	Dae	
.....
.....
.....

Opmerking.—By diensaanvaarding moet hierdie kaart oorhandig word aan die werkewer wat die eerste vier kolomme moet invul en die kaart moet bewaar. By vertrek moet die werkewer die oorblywende vyf kolomme invul en die kaart aan die werknemer teruggee.

AANHANGSEL B

NYWERHEIDSRAAD VIR DIE KLERASIENYWERHEID (KAAP)

Aan:

Die Sekretaris
Nywerheidsraad vir die Klerasienywerheid (Kaap)
Posbus 142
Soutriviervier
7925

L.W.—Hierdie vorm moet ingevul word deur alle nuwelinge in die Nywerheid, d.w.s. deur persone wat nie voorheen in die Klerasienywerheid (Kaap) in diens was nie.

AANSOEK OM DIENSKAART VIR WERKNEMER

Familienaam van aansoeker.....
Voornaam (voluit).....
Voorheen bekend as.....
Woonadres.....
Huidige werkgever.....

VERKLARING

Ek, die ondergetekende..... verklaar hierby dat ek 'n (ras).....
is en gebore is op (datum).....

Voorts verklaar ek dat onderstaande my totale ondervinding is vir doeleindes van die Klerasienywerheid (Kaap), met inbegrip van die Breiseksie.

(i) Ondervinding in die Klerasiénywerheid (in die Raad se regsgebied opgedoen al dan nie): Skryf "NUL" as geen vorige ondervinding van toepassing is nie.

Naam van fabriek	Beroep	Tydperk		Totaal
		Van	Tot	
.....
.....
.....
.....

(ii) Ondervinding buite die Klerasienywerheid opgedoen in die volgende hoedanighede:

- (a) jaar..... maande..... dae as kleinhandel- of private snyer.
 (b) jaar..... maande..... dae as kleinhandel- of private kleremaakster.
 (c) jaar..... maande..... dae as stryker en/of opvouer in die Wasserybedryf.
 (d) jaar..... maande..... dae as klerk.

(Dokumentêre bewys van ondervinding buite die Klerasienywerheid opgedoen, moet aangeheg word.)

Na my beste wete is hierdie verklaring waar en korrek en weet en verstaan ek dat 'n onjuiste verklaring 'n misdryf is.

Getuje

Datum

Handtekening van aansoeker

(Slegs vir kantoorgebruik van die Raad)

Berekening van totale ondervinding.....jaar.....maande.....dae.
Nagesien deur.....
No. van diensverslagkaart uitgereik..... Datum.....

AANHANGSEL C

NYWERHEIDSRAAD VIR DIE KLERASIENYWERHEID (KAAP)

WEEKLIKSE OPGawe VAN INDIENSNEMINGS EN DIENSBEËINDIGINGS

Week geëindig

Die Sekretaris

Nywerheidsraad vir die Klerasienywerheid (Kaap)
Posbus 142
Soutrivier
7925

Werkgewer.

Adres

DEEL I.—INDIENSNEMINGS

DEEL II.—DIENSBEEËINDIGINGS

Familie-naam (nooiens-van moet tussen hakies gemeld word)	Voornaam (voluit)	Adres	* Ras	† Geslag	‡ Volwas-sene of jeugdige	Datum waarop diens beëindig is	Ambag of beroep	Loon	Diens-verslag-kaart-nommer	Naam van vorige werkgever (as daar is)	Sieke-fonds-nommer (as daar is)	Opmer-kings

(Hierdie opgawe moet in tweevoud voorgelê word)

* B=Blanke, K=Kleurling, A=Asiërs, S=Swarte; †M=Manlik, V=Vroulik; ‡V=Volwassene, J=Jeugdige.

Indien werkneuter nie 'n dienskaart kan voorlê wat deur die Raad uitgereik is nie, moet 'n aansoekvorm vir die uitreiking daarvan aangeheg word. Indien daar gedurende die week geen indiensnemings of diensbeëindigings was nie, moet 'n "NUL"-opgawe voorgelê word.

Ek sertifiseer hierby dat bogenoemde persone in diens geneem is en/of ontslaan is met ingang van die gespesifieerde datums.

Handtekening van werkgever of gemagtige agent

AANHANGSEL D

NYWERHEIDSRAAD VIR DIE KLERASIENYWERHEID (KAAP)

Die Sekretaris
Nywerheidsraad vir die Klerasienywerheid (Kaap)
Posbus 142
Soutriviervier
7925

Naam van fabriek.....

MAANDELIKSE OPGawe VAN OORPLASINGS IN BEROEP

Hieronder volg besonderhede van werkneuters wat gedurende die maand 19 van een beroep na 'n ander oorgeplaas is.

Diens-verslag-kaart-nommer	Familienaam (in blokletters)	Voornaam (eerste naam voluit)	Geslag	Nooiens-van	Vorige beroep	Loon	Datum van oorplasing	Nuwe beroep	Loon	Opmer-kings

Datum..... 19

Handtekening van werkgever.....

AANHANGSEL E

KENNISGEWING OM DIENS TE BEËINDIG

Werkgever se naam.....
Adres.....

Werkneuter se volle naam.....

Fabrieksnommer

U word hierby in kennis gestel dat u een week/een maand kennis gegee word om u diens te beëindig, met ingang van:

Datum..... Handtekening van werkgever

Ontvangs erken deur.....

Handtekening van werkneuter

Datum ontvang.....

Registrasirenommer indien kennisgewing per pos gegee word.....

Datum gepos.....

L.W.—Kyk klousule 18 van die Nywerheidsraadooreenkoms. Kennisgewing word van krag met ingang van die dag waarop die werkweek eindig of, in die geval van maandelikse werkneuters, met ingang van die eerste dag van die eersvolgende maand.

WERKNEMER SE KOPIE

AANHANGSEL F

ERKENNING—TERUGTREKKING VAN KENNISGEWING

Naam van werkewer.....
Adres.....

Werknemer se volle naam.....

Ek, die ondergetekende, erken en bevestig hierby dat ek die kennisgewing van my voorneme om my dienskontrak op.....
19..... te beëindig, teruggetrek het.

Datum.....

Handtekening van werknemer

AANHANGSEL G

NYWERHEIDSRAAD VIR DIÉ KLERASIENYWERHEID (KAAP)

OPGAWE VIR DIE MAAND..... 19.....

Aan:

Die Sekretaris
Nywerheidsraad vir die Klerasienywerheid (Kaap)
Posbus 142
Soutrvier
7925
Telefoon: 47-2000

Naam van firma.....
Adres.....

Werkewers se bydraes	Getal werknemers gedurende week geëindig					Totaal	Tarief	Bedrag
Nywerheidsraadhettings.....								
Siekefondsbydraes.....								
Voorsorgfondsbydraes.....								
Gebeurlikheidsfondsbydraes, waarvan toepassing.....								
Opleidingsfondsbydraes, waarvan toepassing.....								
Werknemers se bydraes								
Nywerheidsraadhettings.....								
Siekefondsbydraes.....								
Voorsorgfondsbydraes.....								
Terugbetelings van behuisingslenings soos per aangehangte gegewens.....								
Vrywillige Voorsorgfondsbydraes soos per aangehegte bylae.....								
Ons sluit hierby ons tjet in vir die totale bedrag verskuldig..... R								

Hierdie vorm moet voor of op die 14de dag van elke maand aan die Raad gestuur word

AANHANGSEL H

NYWERHEIDSRAAD VIR DIÉ KLERASIENYWERHEID (KAAP)

REGISTRASIE VAN BESIGHEID

Die Sekretaris
Nywerheidsraad vir die Klerasienywerheid (Kaap)
Posbus 142
Soutrvier
7925

Meneer,

Ooreenkomstig klousule 29 (1) van die Nywerheidsraadooreenkoms, verstrek ek hierby onderstaande besonderhede in verband met hierdie sakeonderneming:

- (1) Naam waaronder onderneming gedryf word.....
- (2) Adres waar onderneming gedryf word.....
- (3) Aard van onderneming (kort beskrywing, bv. "mansklere", is voldoende).
- (4) Beskrywing, name en adresse van bestuur:

Name

Adres

Meld: Eienaar, direkteur, bestuurder of sekretaris

(5) Datum waarop onderneming begin is.....

Handtekening van werkewer

ANNEXURE A
RECORD OF EXPERIENCE

Factory No.....(i) As at..... No.

This is to certify that according to the records of the Council.....
.....of.....has had the following experience for incremental purposes: | Provident Fund particulars

Occupations.

- Occupations:**

(a) Clerical.....within Industry.....outside Industry	y.....	m.....	d.....
(b) Common to Clothing and Knitting Sections.....	y.....	m.....	d.....
(c) Exclusive to Clothing Section.....	y.....	m.....	d.....
(d) Exclusive to Knitting Section.....	y.....	m.....	d.....
(e) Other.....	y.....	m.....	d.....

and may be employed at a wage of..... if employed as a
in the..... Section.

Counter-signature of employee accepting the above

Date.....

Provident Fund particulars

Nominee.....
Form No.....
Date.....

(ii) SUBSEQUENT EXPERIENCE

Note.—On engagement this card must be handed to the employer who must fill in the first four columns and retain the card. On date of leaving, the employer must fill in the last five columns and return the card to the employee.

ANNEXURE B

To:

The Secretary
Industrial Council for the Clothing Industry (Cape)
P.O. Box 142
Salt River
7925

Note.—This form must be completed by all new entrants to the Industry, i.e. by persons who have not previously been employed in the Clothing Industry (Cape).

APPLICATION FOR EMPLOYEE'S SERVICE CARD

Surname of applicant.....
First names (in full).....
Formerly known as.....
Residential address.....
Present employer.....

DECLARATION

I, the undersigned..... hereby declare that I am a.....(race)
and was born on.....

I further declare that the following is my total experience for the purpose of the Clothing Industry (Cape), including the Knitting Section:

(i) Experience in the Clothing Industry (whether gained in Council area of jurisdiction or not): State "NIL" if no previous experience applicable.

(ii) Experience gained outside the Clothing Industry: In the following capacities:

- (a) years..... months..... days as a retail or private tailor.
 (b) years..... months..... days as a retail or private dressmaker.
 (c) years..... months..... days as an ironer and/or folder in the Laundry Trade.
 (d) years..... months..... days as a clerk.

(Documentary proof of experience gained outside the Clothing Industry to be attached.)

This statement is, to the best of my knowledge, true and correct and I know and understand that any incorrect declaration constitutes an offence.

Witness

Date

Signature of applicant

(For use of Council office only)

Total assessment of experience..... years..... months..... days.
 Checked by.....
 No. of Service Recored Card issued..... Date.....

ANNEXURE C

INDUSTRIAL COUNCIL FOR THE CLOTHING INDUSTRY (CAPE)
WEEKLY RETURN OF ENGAGEMENTS AND TERMINATIONS OF SERVICE

Week ended.....

The Secretary
 Industrial Council for the Clothing Industry (Cape)
 P.O. Box 142
 Salt River
 7925

Employer.....

Address.....

PART I.—ENGAGEMENTS

Surname (maiden name to be given in brackets)	First names (in full)	Address	*	†	‡ Adult or juvenile	Date engaged	Trade or occupation	Wages	Service Record Card No.	Name of previous employer (if any)	Sick Fund No. (if any)	Remarks

PART II.—TERMINATION OF SERVICE

Surname (maiden name to be given in brackets)	First names (in full)	Address	*	†	‡ Adult or juvenile	Date terminated	Trade or occupation	Wages	Service Record Card No.	Name of previous employer (if any)	Sick Fund No. (if any)	Remarks

(This return is required in DUPLICATE)

*W=White, C=Coloured, A=Asian, B=Black; †M=Male, F=Female, ‡A=Adult, J=Juvenile.

If employee is not able to produce a service card issued by the Council, and application form for issue thereof should be attached. If no engagements or terminations during week a "NIL" return must be submitted.

I hereby certify that the above persons have been engaged and/or discharged as from the dates specified.

Signature of employer or authorised agent

ANNEXURE D

INDUSTRIAL COUNCIL FOR THE CLOTHING INDUSTRY (CAPE)

Name of factory.....

The Secretary
 Industrial Council for the Clothing Industry (Cape)
 P.O. Box 142
 Salt River
 7925

MONTHLY RETURN OF TRANSFERS IN OCCUPATION

The following are particulars of employees who have been transferred in occupation during the month of.....

19.....

Service Record Card No.	Surname (in block letters)	First names (in full)	Sex	Maiden names	Previous occupation	Wage	Date of transfer	New occupation	Wage	Remarks

Date..... 19..... Signature of employer.....

ANNEXURE E

NOTICE TO TERMINATE EMPLOYMENT

Employer's name.....
Address.....

Employee's name in full.....
Factory No.....

You are hereby notified that one week's/one month's notice is given you to terminate your employment, taking effect from:
Date.....

Receipt acknowledged by..... Signature of employee
Date received.....

Registration No. if postal notice given.....
Date posted.....

N.B.—Vide clause 18 of Industrial Council Agreement. Notice must take effect from the day which concludes the working week or, in the case of monthly employees, from the first of the next succeeding month.

EMPLOYEE'S COPY

ANNEXURE F

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT—WITHDRAWAL OF NOTICE

Name of employer.....
Address.....

Full name of employee.....

I, the undersigned, hereby acknowledge and confirm that I have withdrawn my notice of intention to terminate my contract of employment on..... 19.....

Date..... Signature of employee

ANNEXURE G

INDUSTRIAL COUNCIL FOR THE CLOTHING INDUSTRY (CAPE)

RETURN FOR THE MONTH OF..... 19.....

To: The Secretary
Industrial Council for the Clothing Industry (Cape)
P.O. Box 142,
Salt River
7925
Telephone: 47-2000

Name of firm.....
Address.....

Employers' contributions	Number of employees during week ending					Total	Rate	Amount
Industrial Council levies.....								
Sick Fund contributions.....								
Provident Fund contributions.....								
Contingency Fund contributions, where applicable.....								
Training fund contributions, where applicable.....								
Employees' contributions								
Industrial Council levies.....								
Sick Fund contributions.....								
Provident Fund contributions.....								
Housing loan repayments as per attached details.....								
Voluntary Provident Fund contributions as per attached schedule.....								
We enclose our cheque for the total amount due.....							R	

This form must be returned to the Council not later than the 14th day of each month

ANNEXURE H

INDUSTRIAL COUNCIL FOR THE CLOTHING INDUSTRY (CAPE)

REGISTRATION OF BUSINESS

The Secretary
 Industrial Council for the Clothing Industry (Cape)
 P.O. Box 142
 Salt River
 1925

Dear Sir,

In accordance with clause 29 (1) of the Industrial Council Agreement, I hereby furnish you with the following particulars in connection with this business:

- (1) Name under which business is carried on.....
- (2) Address at which business is carried on.....
- (3) Nature of business (short description, e.g. "men's clothing", will suffice).....
- (4) Description, names and addresses of management:

<i>Names</i>	<i>Address</i>	<i>State whether proprietor, director, manager or secretary</i>
.....
.....
.....
.....
(5) Date of commencement.....	Signature of employer

THE ONDERSTEPOORT JOURNAL OF VETERINARY RESEARCH

Die "Onderstepoort Journal of Veterinary Research" word deur die Staatsdrukker, Pretoria, gedruk en is verkrybaar van die Direkteur, Afdeling Landbou-inligting, Departement van Landbou-tegniese Dienste, Privaatsak X144, Pretoria, 0001, aan wie ook alle navrae in verband met die tydskrif gerig moet word.

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No.	Bladsy No.	Staats- koerant No.
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R. 542 Wet op Nywerheidsversoening (28/1956): Klerasienywerheid, Kaap: Ooreenkoms vir die Brei-afdeling.....	1	6367

CONTENTS

No.	Page Gazette No.	No.
Labour, Department of <i>Government Notice:</i>		
R. 542 Industrial Conciliation Act (28/1956): Clothing Industry, Cape: Agreement of the Knitting Division.....	1	6367

