



Government Gazette Staatskoerant

REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA
REPUBLIEK VAN SUID AFRIKA

Regulation Gazette

No. 11335

Regulasiekoerant

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AIDS HELPLINE: 0800-0123-22 Prevention is the cure

IMPORTANT NOTICE:

THE GOVERNMENT PRINTING WORKS WILL NOT BE HELD RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY ERRORS THAT MIGHT OCCUR DUE TO THE SUBMISSION OF INCOMPLETE / INCORRECT / ILLEGIBLE COPY.

No FUTURE QUERIES WILL BE HANDLED IN CONNECTION WITH THE ABOVE.

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government
printing

Department:
Government Printing Works
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

HIGH ALERT: SCAM WARNING!!!

TO ALL SUPPLIERS AND SERVICE PROVIDERS OF THE GOVERNMENT PRINTING WORKS

It has come to the attention of the *GOVERNMENT PRINTING WORKS* that there are certain unscrupulous companies and individuals who are defrauding unsuspecting businesses disguised as representatives of the *Government Printing Works (GPW)*.

The scam involves the fraudsters using the letterhead of *GPW* to send out fake tender bids to companies and requests to supply equipment and goods.

Although the contact person's name on the letter may be of an existing official, the contact details on the letter are not the same as the *Government Printing Works*. When searching on the Internet for the address of the company that has sent the fake tender document, the address does not exist.

The banking details are in a private name and not company name. Government will never ask you to deposit any funds for any business transaction. *GPW* has alerted the relevant law enforcement authorities to investigate this scam to protect legitimate businesses as well as the name of the organisation.

Example of e-mails these fraudsters are using:

PROCUREMENT@GPW-GOV.ORG

Should you suspect that you are a victim of a scam, you must urgently contact the police and inform the *GPW*.

GPW has an official email with the domain as [@gpw.gov.za](mailto:gpw@gpw.gov.za)

Government e-mails DO NOT have org in their e-mail addresses. All of these fraudsters also use the same or very similar telephone numbers. Although such number with an area code 012 looks like a landline, it is not fixed to any property.

GPW will never send you an e-mail asking you to supply equipment and goods without a purchase/order number. *GPW* does not procure goods for another level of Government. The organisation will not be liable for actions that result in companies or individuals being resultant victims of such a scam.

Government Printing Works gives businesses the opportunity to supply goods and services through RFQ / Tendering process. In order to be eligible to bid to provide goods and services, suppliers must be registered on the National Treasury's Central Supplier Database (CSD). To be registered, they must meet all current legislative requirements (e.g. have a valid tax clearance certificate and be in good standing with the South African Revenue Services - SARS).

The tender process is managed through the Supply Chain Management (SCM) system of the department. SCM is highly regulated to minimise the risk of fraud, and to meet objectives which include value for money, open and effective competition, equitability, accountability, fair dealing, transparency and an ethical approach. Relevant legislation, regulations, policies, guidelines and instructions can be found on the tender's website.

Fake Tenders

National Treasury's CSD has launched the Government Order Scam campaign to combat fraudulent requests for quotes (RFQs). Such fraudulent requests have resulted in innocent companies losing money. We work hard at preventing and fighting fraud, but criminal activity is always a risk.

How tender scams work

There are many types of tender scams. Here are some of the more frequent scenarios:

Fraudsters use what appears to be government department stationery with fictitious logos and contact details to send a fake RFQ to a company to invite it to urgently supply goods. Shortly after the company has submitted its quote, it receives notification that it has won the tender. The company delivers the goods to someone who poses as an official or at a fake site. The Department has no idea of this transaction made in its name. The company is then never paid and suffers a loss.

OR

Fraudsters use what appears to be government department stationery with fictitious logos and contact details to send a fake RFQ to Company A to invite it to urgently supply goods. Typically, the tender specification is so unique that only Company B (a fictitious company created by the fraudster) can supply the goods in question.

Shortly after Company A has submitted its quote it receives notification that it has won the tender. Company A orders the goods and pays a deposit to the fictitious Company B. Once Company B receives the money, it disappears. Company A's money is stolen in the process.

Protect yourself from being scammed

- If you are registered on the supplier databases and you receive a request to tender or quote that seems to be from a government department, contact the department to confirm that the request is legitimate. Do not use the contact details on the tender document as these might be fraudulent.
- Compare tender details with those that appear in the Tender Bulletin, available online at www.gpwonline.co.za
- Make sure you familiarise yourself with how government procures goods and services. Visit the tender website for more information on how to tender.
- If you are uncomfortable about the request received, consider visiting the government department and/or the place of delivery and/or the service provider from whom you will be sourcing the goods.
- In the unlikely event that you are asked for a deposit to make a bid, contact the SCM unit of the department in question to ask whether this is in fact correct.

Any incidents of corruption, fraud, theft and misuse of government property in the *Government Printing Works* can be reported to:

Supply Chain Management: Ms. Anna Marie Du Toit, Tel. (012) 748 6292.
Email: Annamarie.DuToit@gpw.gov.za

Marketing and Stakeholder Relations: Ms Bonakele Mbhele, at Tel. (012) 748 6193.
Email: Bonakele.Mbhele@gpw.gov.za

Security Services: Mr Daniel Legoabe, at tel. (012) 748 6176.
Email: Daniel.Legoabe@gpw.gov.za

Closing times for **ORDINARY WEEKLY** **2021** **GOVERNMENT GAZETTE**

The closing time is **15:00** sharp on the following days:

- **24 December 2020**, Thursday for the issue of Thursday **31 December 2020**
- **31 December 2020**, Thursday for the issue of Friday **08 January 2021**
- **08 January**, Friday for the issue of Friday **15 January 2021**
- **15 January**, Friday for the issue of Friday **22 January 2021**
- **22 January**, Friday for the issue of Friday **29 January 2021**
- **29 January**, Friday for the issue of Friday **05 February 2021**
- **05 February**, Friday for the issue of Friday **12 February 2021**
- **12 February**, Friday for the issue of Friday **19 February 2021**
- **19 February**, Friday for the issue of Friday **26 February 2021**
- **26 February**, Friday for the issue of Friday **05 March 2021**
- **05 March**, Friday for the issue of Friday **12 March 2021**
- **12 March**, Friday for the issue of Friday **19 March 2021**
- **18 March**, Thursday for the issue of Friday **26 March 2021**
- **25 March**, Thursday for the issue of Thursday **01 April 2021**
- **31 March**, Wednesday for the issue of Friday **09 April 2021**
- **09 April**, Friday for the issue of Friday **16 April 2021**
- **16 April**, Friday for the issue of Friday **23 April 2021**
- **22 April**, Thursday for the issue of Friday **30 April 2021**
- **30 April**, Friday for the issue of Friday **07 May 2021**
- **07 May**, Friday for the issue of Friday **14 May 2021**
- **14 May**, Friday for the issue of Friday **21 May 2021**
- **21 May**, Friday for the issue of Friday **28 May 2021**
- **28 May**, Friday for the issue of Friday **04 June 2021**
- **04 June**, Friday for the issue of Friday **11 June 2021**
- **10 June**, Thursday for the issue of Friday **18 June 2021**
- **18 June**, Friday for the issue of Friday **25 June 2021**
- **25 June**, Friday for the issue of Friday **02 July 2021**
- **02 July**, Friday for the issue of Friday **09 July 2021**
- **09 July**, Friday for the issue of Friday **16 July 2021**
- **16 July**, Friday for the issue of Friday **23 July 2021**
- **23 July**, Friday for the issue of Friday **30 July 2021**
- **30 July**, Friday for the issue of Friday **06 August 2021**
- **05 August**, Thursday for the issue of Friday **13 August 2021**
- **13 August**, Friday for the issue of Friday **20 August 2021**
- **20 August**, Friday for the issue of Friday **27 August 2021**
- **27 August**, Friday for the issue of Friday **03 September 2021**
- **03 September**, Friday for the issue of Friday **10 September 2021**
- **10 September**, Friday for the issue of Friday **17 September 2021**
- **16 September**, Thursday for the issue of Thursday **23 September 2021**
- **23 September**, Thursday for the issue of Friday **01 October 2021**
- **01 October**, Friday for the issue of Friday **08 October 2021**
- **08 October**, Friday for the issue of Friday **15 October 2021**
- **15 October**, Friday for the issue of Friday **22 October 2021**
- **22 October**, Friday for the issue of Friday **29 October 2021**
- **29 October**, Friday for the issue of Friday **05 November 2021**
- **05 November**, Friday for the issue of Friday **12 November 2021**
- **12 November**, Friday for the issue of Friday **19 November 2021**
- **19 November**, Friday for the issue of Friday **26 November 2021**
- **26 November**, Friday for the issue of Friday **03 December 2021**
- **03 December**, Friday for the issue of Friday **10 December 2021**
- **09 December**, Thursday for the issue of Friday **17 December 2021**
- **17 December**, Friday for the issue of Friday **24 December 2021**
- **23 December**, Thursday for the issue of Friday **31 December 2021**

LIST OF TARIFF RATES FOR PUBLICATION OF NOTICES

COMMENCEMENT: 1 APRIL 2018

NATIONAL AND PROVINCIAL

Notice sizes for National, Provincial & Tender gazettes 1/4, 2/4, 3/4, 4/4 per page. Notices submitted will be charged at R1008.80 per full page, pro-rated based on the above categories.

Pricing for National, Provincial - Variable Priced Notices		
Notice Type	Page Space	New Price (R)
Ordinary National, Provincial	1/4 - Quarter Page	252.20
Ordinary National, Provincial	2/4 - Half Page	504.40
Ordinary National, Provincial	3/4 - Three Quarter Page	756.60
Ordinary National, Provincial	4/4 - Full Page	1008.80

EXTRA-ORDINARY

All Extra-ordinary National and Provincial gazette notices are non-standard notices and attract a variable price based on the number of pages submitted.

The pricing structure for National and Provincial notices which are submitted as **Extra ordinary submissions** will be charged at **R3026.32** per page.

GOVERNMENT PRINTING WORKS - BUSINESS RULES

The **Government Printing Works (GPW)** has established rules for submitting notices in line with its electronic notice processing system, which requires the use of electronic *Adobe Forms*. Please ensure that you adhere to these guidelines when completing and submitting your notice submission.

CLOSING TIMES FOR ACCEPTANCE OF NOTICES

1. The *Government Gazette* and *Government Tender Bulletin* are weekly publications that are published on Fridays and the closing time for the acceptance of notices is strictly applied according to the scheduled time for each gazette.
2. Please refer to the Submission Notice Deadline schedule in the table below. This schedule is also published online on the Government Printing works website www.gpwonline.co.za

All re-submissions will be subject to the standard cut-off times.

All notices received after the closing time will be rejected.

Government Gazette Type	Publication Frequency	Publication Date	Submission Deadline	Cancellations Deadline
National Gazette	Weekly	Friday	Friday 15h00 for next Friday	Tuesday, 15h00 - 3 working days prior to publication
Regulation Gazette	Weekly	Friday	Friday 15h00 for next Friday	Tuesday, 15h00 - 3 working days prior to publication
Petrol Price Gazette	Monthly	Tuesday before 1st Wednesday of the month	One day before publication	1 working day prior to publication
Road Carrier Permits	Weekly	Friday	Thursday 15h00 for next Friday	3 working days prior to publication
Unclaimed Monies (Justice, Labour or Lawyers)	January / September 2 per year	Last Friday	One week before publication	3 working days prior to publication
Parliament (Acts, White Paper, Green Paper)	As required	Any day of the week	None	3 working days prior to publication
Manuals	Bi- Monthly	2nd and last Thursday of the month	One week before publication	3 working days prior to publication
State of Budget (National Treasury)	Monthly	30th or last Friday of the month	One week before publication	3 working days prior to publication
<i>Extraordinary Gazettes</i>	As required	Any day of the week	<i>Before 10h00 on publication date</i>	<i>Before 10h00 on publication date</i>
Legal Gazettes A, B and C	Weekly	Friday	One week before publication	Tuesday, 15h00 - 3 working days prior to publication
Tender Bulletin	Weekly	Friday	Friday 15h00 for next Friday	Tuesday, 15h00 - 3 working days prior to publication
Gauteng	Weekly	Wednesday	Two weeks before publication	3 days after submission deadline
Eastern Cape	Weekly	Monday	One week before publication	3 working days prior to publication
Northern Cape	Weekly	Monday	One week before publication	3 working days prior to publication
North West	Weekly	Tuesday	One week before publication	3 working days prior to publication
KwaZulu-Natal	Weekly	Thursday	One week before publication	3 working days prior to publication
Limpopo	Weekly	Friday	One week before publication	3 working days prior to publication
Mpumalanga	Weekly	Friday	One week before publication	3 working days prior to publication

GOVERNMENT PRINTING WORKS - BUSINESS RULES

Government Gazette Type	Publication Frequency	Publication Date	Submission Deadline	Cancellations Deadline
Gauteng Liquor License Gazette	Monthly	Wednesday before the First Friday of the month	Two weeks before publication	3 working days after submission deadline
Northern Cape Liquor License Gazette	Monthly	First Friday of the month	Two weeks before publication	3 working days after submission deadline
National Liquor License Gazette	Monthly	First Friday of the month	Two weeks before publication	3 working days after submission deadline
Mpumalanga Liquor License Gazette	Bi-Monthly	Second & Fourth Friday	One week before publication	3 working days prior to publication

EXTRAORDINARY GAZETTES

3. *Extraordinary Gazettes* can have only one publication date. If multiple publications of an *Extraordinary Gazette* are required, a separate Z95/Z95Prov *Adobe* Forms for each publication date must be submitted.

NOTICE SUBMISSION PROCESS

4. Download the latest *Adobe* form, for the relevant notice to be placed, from the **Government Printing Works** website www.gpwonline.co.za.
5. The *Adobe* form needs to be completed electronically using *Adobe Acrobat / Acrobat Reader*. Only electronically completed *Adobe* forms will be accepted. No printed, handwritten and/or scanned *Adobe* forms will be accepted.
6. The completed electronic *Adobe* form has to be submitted via email to submit.egazette@gpw.gov.za. The form needs to be submitted in its original electronic *Adobe* format to enable the system to extract the completed information from the form for placement in the publication.
7. Every notice submitted **must** be accompanied by an official **GPW** quotation. This must be obtained from the *eGazette* Contact Centre.
8. Each notice submission should be sent as a single email. The email **must** contain **all documentation relating to a particular notice submission**.
 - 8.1. Each of the following documents must be attached to the email as a separate attachment:
 - 8.1.1. An electronically completed *Adobe* form, specific to the type of notice that is to be placed.
 - 8.1.1.1. For *National Government Gazette* or *Provincial Gazette* notices, the notices must be accompanied by an electronic Z95 or Z95Prov *Adobe* form
 - 8.1.1.2. The notice content (body copy) **MUST** be a separate attachment.
 - 8.1.2. A copy of the official **Government Printing Works** quotation you received for your notice. (*Please see Quotation section below for further details*)
 - 8.1.3. A valid and legible Proof of Payment / Purchase Order: **Government Printing Works** account customer must include a copy of their Purchase Order. **Non-Government Printing Works** account customer needs to submit the proof of payment for the notice
 - 8.1.4. Where separate notice content is applicable (Z95, Z95 Prov and TForm 3, it should **also** be attached as a separate attachment. (*Please see the Copy Section below, for the specifications*).
 - 8.1.5. Any additional notice information if applicable.

GOVERNMENT PRINTING WORKS - BUSINESS RULES

9. The electronic *Adobe* form will be taken as the primary source for the notice information to be published. Instructions that are on the email body or covering letter that contradicts the notice form content will not be considered. The information submitted on the electronic *Adobe* form will be published as-is.
10. To avoid duplicated publication of the same notice and double billing, Please submit your notice **ONLY ONCE**.
11. Notices brought to **GPW** by “walk-in” customers on electronic media can only be submitted in *Adobe* electronic form format. All “walk-in” customers with notices that are not on electronic *Adobe* forms will be routed to the Contact Centre where they will be assisted to complete the forms in the required format.
12. Should a customer submit a bulk submission of hard copy notices delivered by a messenger on behalf of any organisation e.g. newspaper publisher, the messenger will be referred back to the sender as the submission does not adhere to the submission rules.

QUOTATIONS

13. Quotations are valid until the next tariff change.
 - 13.1. **Take note:** **GPW**'s annual tariff increase takes place on **1 April** therefore any quotations issued, accepted and submitted for publication up to **31 March** will keep the old tariff. For notices to be published from 1 April, a quotation must be obtained from **GPW** with the new tariffs. Where a tariff increase is implemented during the year, **GPW** endeavours to provide customers with 30 days' notice of such changes.
14. Each quotation has a unique number.
15. Form Content notices must be emailed to the *eGazette* Contact Centre for a quotation.
 - 15.1. The *Adobe* form supplied is uploaded by the Contact Centre Agent and the system automatically calculates the cost of your notice based on the layout/format of the content supplied.
 - 15.2. It is critical that these *Adobe* Forms are completed correctly and adhere to the guidelines as stipulated by **GPW**.
16. **APPLICABLE ONLY TO GPW ACCOUNT HOLDERS:**
 - 16.1. **GPW** Account Customers must provide a valid **GPW** account number to obtain a quotation.
 - 16.2. Accounts for **GPW** account customers **must** be active with sufficient credit to transact with **GPW** to submit notices.
 - 16.2.1. If you are unsure about or need to resolve the status of your account, please contact the **GPW** Finance Department prior to submitting your notices. (If the account status is not resolved prior to submission of your notice, the notice will be failed during the process).
17. **APPLICABLE ONLY TO CASH CUSTOMERS:**
 - 17.1. Cash customers doing **bulk payments** must use a **single email address** in order to use the **same proof of payment** for submitting multiple notices.
18. The responsibility lies with you, the customer, to ensure that the payment made for your notice(s) to be published is sufficient to cover the cost of the notice(s).
19. Each quotation will be associated with one proof of payment / purchase order / cash receipt.
 - 19.1. This means that **the quotation number can only be used once to make a payment.**

GOVERNMENT PRINTING WORKS - BUSINESS RULES**COPY (SEPARATE NOTICE CONTENT DOCUMENT)**

20. Where the copy is part of a separate attachment document for Z95, Z95Prov and TForm03
- 20.1. Copy of notices must be supplied in a separate document and may not constitute part of any covering letter, purchase order, proof of payment or other attached documents.
- The content document should contain only one notice. (You may include the different translations of the same notice in the same document).
- 20.2. The notice should be set on an A4 page, with margins and fonts set as follows:
- Page size = A4 Portrait with page margins: Top = 40mm, LH/RH = 16mm, Bottom = 40mm;
Use font size: Arial or Helvetica 10pt with 11pt line spacing;
- Page size = A4 Landscape with page margins: Top = 16mm, LH/RH = 40mm, Bottom = 16mm;
Use font size: Arial or Helvetica 10pt with 11pt line spacing;

CANCELLATIONS

21. Cancellation of notice submissions are accepted by **GPW** according to the deadlines stated in the table above in point 2. Non-compliance to these deadlines will result in your request being failed. Please pay special attention to the different deadlines for each gazette. Please note that any notices cancelled after the cancellation deadline will be published and charged at full cost.
22. Requests for cancellation must be sent by the original sender of the notice and must be accompanied by the relevant notice reference number (N-) in the email body.

AMENDMENTS TO NOTICES

23. With effect from 01 October 2015, **GPW** will not longer accept amendments to notices. The cancellation process will need to be followed according to the deadline and a new notice submitted thereafter for the next available publication date.

REJECTIONS

24. All notices not meeting the submission rules will be rejected to the customer to be corrected and resubmitted. Assistance will be available through the Contact Centre should help be required when completing the forms. (012-748 6200 or email info.egazette@gpw.gov.za). Reasons for rejections include the following:
- 24.1. Incorrectly completed forms and notices submitted in the wrong format, will be rejected.
- 24.2. Any notice submissions not on the correct *Adobe* electronic form, will be rejected.
- 24.3. Any notice submissions not accompanied by the proof of payment / purchase order will be rejected and the notice will not be processed.
- 24.4. Any submissions or re-submissions that miss the submission cut-off times will be rejected to the customer. The Notice needs to be re-submitted with a new publication date.

GOVERNMENT PRINTING WORKS - BUSINESS RULES**APPROVAL OF NOTICES**

25. Any notices other than legal notices are subject to the approval of the Government Printer, who may refuse acceptance or further publication of any notice.
26. No amendments will be accepted in respect to separate notice content that was sent with a Z95 or Z95Prov notice submissions. The copy of notice in layout format (previously known as proof-out) is only provided where requested, for Advertiser to see the notice in final Gazette layout. Should they find that the information submitted was incorrect, they should request for a notice cancellation and resubmit the corrected notice, subject to standard submission deadlines. The cancellation is also subject to the stages in the publishing process, i.e. If cancellation is received when production (printing process) has commenced, then the notice cannot be cancelled.

GOVERNMENT PRINTER INDEMNIFIED AGAINST LIABILITY

27. The Government Printer will assume no liability in respect of—
 - 27.1. any delay in the publication of a notice or publication of such notice on any date other than that stipulated by the advertiser;
 - 27.2. erroneous classification of a notice, or the placement of such notice in any section or under any heading other than the section or heading stipulated by the advertiser;
 - 27.3. any editing, revision, omission, typographical errors or errors resulting from faint or indistinct copy.

LIABILITY OF ADVERTISER

28. Advertisers will be held liable for any compensation and costs arising from any action which may be instituted against the Government Printer in consequence of the publication of any notice.

CUSTOMER INQUIRIES

Many of our customers request immediate feedback/confirmation of notice placement in the gazette from our Contact Centre once they have submitted their notice – While **GPW** deems it one of their highest priorities and responsibilities to provide customers with this requested feedback and the best service at all times, we are only able to do so once we have started processing your notice submission.

GPW has a 2-working day turnaround time for processing notices received according to the business rules and deadline submissions.

Please keep this in mind when making inquiries about your notice submission at the Contact Centre.

29. Requests for information, quotations and inquiries must be sent to the Contact Centre **ONLY**.
30. Requests for Quotations (RFQs) should be received by the Contact Centre at least **2 working days** before the submission deadline for that specific publication.

GOVERNMENT PRINTING WORKS - BUSINESS RULES

PAYMENT OF COST

31. The Request for Quotation for placement of the notice should be sent to the Gazette Contact Centre as indicated above, prior to submission of notice for advertising.
32. Payment should then be made, or Purchase Order prepared based on the received quotation, prior to the submission of the notice for advertising as these documents i.e. proof of payment or Purchase order will be required as part of the notice submission, as indicated earlier.
33. Every proof of payment must have a valid **GPW** quotation number as a reference on the proof of payment document.
34. Where there is any doubt about the cost of publication of a notice, and in the case of copy, an enquiry, accompanied by the relevant copy, should be addressed to the Gazette Contact Centre, **Government Printing Works**, Private Bag X85, Pretoria, 0001 email: info.egazette@gpw.gov.za before publication.
35. Overpayment resulting from miscalculation on the part of the advertiser of the cost of publication of a notice will not be refunded, unless the advertiser furnishes adequate reasons why such miscalculation occurred. In the event of underpayments, the difference will be recovered from the advertiser, and future notice(s) will not be published until such time as the full cost of such publication has been duly paid in cash or electronic funds transfer into the **Government Printing Works** banking account.
36. In the event of a notice being cancelled, a refund will be made only if no cost regarding the placing of the notice has been incurred by the **Government Printing Works**.
37. The **Government Printing Works** reserves the right to levy an additional charge in cases where notices, the cost of which has been calculated in accordance with the List of Fixed Tariff Rates, are subsequently found to be excessively lengthy or to contain overmuch or complicated tabulation.

PROOF OF PUBLICATION

38. Copies of any of the *Government Gazette* or *Provincial Gazette* can be downloaded from the **Government Printing Works** website www.gpwonline.co.za free of charge, should a proof of publication be required.
39. Printed copies may be ordered from the Publications department at the ruling price. The **Government Printing Works** will assume no liability for any failure to post or for any delay in despatching of such *Government Gazette*(s)

GOVERNMENT PRINTING WORKS CONTACT INFORMATION

Physical Address:
Government Printing Works

149 Bosman Street

Pretoria

Postal Address:

Private Bag X85

Pretoria

0001

GPW Banking Details:
Bank: ABSA Bosman Street

Account No.: 405 7114 016

Branch Code: 632-005

For Gazette and Notice submissions: Gazette Submissions:

For queries and quotations, contact: Gazette Contact Centre:

E-mail: submit.egazette@gpw.gov.za
E-mail: info.egazette@gpw.gov.za
Tel: 012-748 6200

Contact person for subscribers: Mrs M. Toka:

E-mail: subscriptions@gpw.gov.za
Tel: 012-748-6066 / 6060 / 6058

Fax: 012-323-9574

GOVERNMENT NOTICES • GOEWERMENTSKENNISGEWINGS

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, LAND REFORM AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT**NO. R. 831****10 September 2021****MARKETING OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS ACT, 1996
(ACT No. 47 OF 1996)****WINE INDUSTRY: CONTINUATION AND ESTABLISHMENT OF STATUTORY MEASURES
AND DETERMINATION OF GUIDELINE PRICES**

I, Angela Thoko Didiza, Minister of Agriculture, Land Reform and Rural Development, acting under sections 13, 15, 18 and 19 of the Marketing of Agricultural Products Act, 1996 (Act No. 47 of 1996), hereby –

- (a) continue and establish the statutory measures set out in the Schedule;
- (b) determine that the guideline price for –
 - (i) grapes intended for the production of wine shall be R5 885.00 per ton;
 - (ii) grape juice concentrate intended for use in wine shall be 720.42 cents per litre at 17.4 degrees Balling;
 - (iii) drinking wine shall be 748.86 cents per litre;
 - (iv) distilling wine and wine spirit shall be 238.10 cents per litre at 10 per cent alcohol by volume; and
 - (v) export wine shall be 748.86 cents per litre.

MRS ANGELA THOKOZILE DIDIZA**MINISTER FOR AGRICULTURE, LAND REFORM AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT**

SCHEDULE**Definitions**

1. In this Schedule any word or expression to which a meaning has been assigned in the Act shall have that meaning, and unless the context otherwise indicates –

"brandy levy" means the statutory measure referred to in clause 10;

"bottler" means any person who renders services in respect of bottling, stabilising, blending, filtering, labelling or storage on behalf of wine producers or wine traders, but is not registered as such;

"certified" means granted authorization in terms of a scheme for the use of particulars referred to in section 11(3)(a) of the Liquor Products Act, 1989 (Act No. 60 of 1989);

"Department" means the Department of Agriculture, Land Reform and Rural Development;

"drinking wine" includes grape juice used in the production of drinking wine, wine spirit added to drinking wine for fortification or other purposes, wine used in the production of other alcoholic products, low alcohol wine, de-alcoholised wine and alcohol-free wine;

"ethical trade levy" means the statutory measure referred to in clause 11;

"export levy" means the statutory measure referred to in clause 8;

"export wine" means drinking wine exported from the Republic of South Africa;

"grapes" means grapes intended for the production of drinking wine or distilling wine;

"grape juice" means grape juice and grape juice concentrate intended for use in drinking wine or other alcoholic products;

"grape producer" means any producer of grapes intended for the production of drinking wine, industrial or distilling wine;

"in bulk" means a container of more than five litres;

"information levy" means the statutory measure referred to in clause 9;

"industrial wine" is wine not incorporated or transformed into other alcoholic beverages, such as wine used for vinegar, food, medical products, hand sanitizers, food sauces and household and vehicle cleaning products;

"registration measure" means the statutory measure referred to in clause 5;

"research levy" means the statutory measure referred to in clause 7;

"returns measure" means the statutory measure referred to in clause 6;

"SAWIS" means the S A Wine Industry Information and Systems, a non-profit company in terms of the Companies Act, 2008 (Act No. 71 of 2008);

"SABF" means the South African Brandy Foundation (SABF), a non-profit organization, registration number 089-993-NPO;

"statutory measure" means –

- (a) brandy levy;
- (b) information levy;
- (c) ethical trade levy;
- (d) export levy;
- (e) registration measure;
- (f) research levy;
- (g) returns measure; and
- (h) transformation levy;

"the Act" means the Marketing of Agricultural Products Act, 1996 (Act No. 47 of 1996);

"transformation levy" means the statutory measure referred to in clause 12;

"Transformation Unit" means the South African Wine Industry Transformation Unit, a non-profit company in terms of the Companies Act, 2008 (Act No. 71 of 2008);

"uncertified" means not granted authorization in terms of a scheme for the use of particulars referred to in section 11(3)(a) of the Liquor Products Act, 1989 (Act No. 60 of 1989);

“vines” means vines intended for the production of grapes;

“WIETA” means The Wine and Agricultural Ethical Trading Association, a not for profit organisation, registration number 034-510-NPO;

“wine exporter” means any person who exports drinking wine who is not registered as a wine producer or wine trader;

“wine producer” means any person who crushes grapes and who is not registered as a wine trader;

“wine spirit” means any spirit derived from wine, wine lees or husks;

“WINETECH” means the Wine Industry Network of Expertise and Technology, a non-profit company in terms of the Companies Act, 2008 (Act No.71 of 2008);

“wine trader” means any person not registered as a wine producer who purchases or otherwise acquires -

- (a) grapes; or
- (b) drinking wine, industrial wine, distilling wine or wine spirit, in bulk from a wine producer;

“WOSA” means Wines of South Africa Export Marketing, a non-profit company in terms of the Companies Act, 2008 (Act No.71 of 2008).

Purpose and aims of continuation and establishment of statutory measures and the relation thereof to the objectives of the Act

2. (1) (a) The purpose and aims of the registration measure are to compel the parties set out herein to register with SAWIS. Registration is necessary to assist SAWIS in ensuring that continuous, timeous and accurate information relating to the products defined, is available to all role players. Market information is deemed essential for all role players in order for them to make informed decisions. By combining compulsory registration with the keeping of information and the rendering of returns on an individual basis, market information for the whole of the industry can be processed and disseminated and will form the basis for the collection of levies.
- (b) The continuation of the registration measure will assist in promoting the efficiency of the marketing of products. The viability of the wine industry will, thus, be

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enhanced. The registration measure will not be detrimental to the number of employment opportunities or fair labour practice.

- (c) The registration measure will be administered by SAWIS. SAWIS will continue to implement and administer the registration measure as set out in the Schedule.
- (2) (a) The purpose and aims of the returns measure is to compel the parties set out herein to keep records and render returns to SAWIS. This is necessary to ensure that continuous, timeous and accurate information relating to the products defined, is available to all role players. Market information is deemed essential for all role players in order for them to make informed decisions. By prescribing the keeping of records with the rendering of returns on an individual basis, market information for the whole of the industry can be processed and disseminated.
- (b) The continuation of the returns measure will assist in promoting the efficiency of the marketing of products. The viability of the wine industry will, thus, be enhanced. The returns measure will not be detrimental to the number of employment opportunities or fair labour practice. Any information obtained will be dealt with in a confidential manner and no sensitive or potentially sensitive client-specific information will be made available to any party without the prior approval of the party whose rights are affected.
- (c) The returns measure will be administered by SAWIS. SAWIS will continue to implement and administer the returns measure as set out in the Schedule.
- (3) (a) The objectives of the research levy are –
- (i) to support the wine industry with expertise, enabling it to be cost effective while producing quality wines and other grape based products through the application of environmentally friendly technologies;
 - (ii) to support the training and education of individuals for the industry – at all levels in terms of skills, knowledge and insight development – in order to ensure the practical implementation of the best knowledge and most advanced technologies in viticulture, wine making and other grape based products;
 - (iii) to establish a culture of technological innovation, to ensure the ongoing utilisation of the best technology within the industry, and to facilitate its dissemination to all the sectors of the industry;
 - (iv) to facilitate the development of resource poor and previously disadvantaged producers and to improve their access to the industry by making leading edge appropriate technology available to such producers;
 - (v) to establish world leadership in selected niche areas of the wine industry through WINETECH's network of scientific and technological expertise;

- (vi) to commission relevant and thoroughly planned research, technology development and technology transfer in the promotion of the industry's technological capabilities and in the attainment of the other objectives.
- (b) The research levy will not be detrimental to food security, the number of employment opportunities within the economy or to fair labour practice. It is aimed at growing the competitiveness and capacity of the industry concerned.
- (c) The research levy will be administered by WINETECH. WINETECH will continue to implement and administer the research levy as set out in the Schedule.
- (d) The research levy will be collected by SAWIS, who will act on behalf of WINETECH in this regard. WINETECH is the actual beneficiary of the levy who will utilise it in accordance with their business plan.
- (4) (a) The objective of the export levy aims at increasing the profit margin for the industry for each focus market. This promotion will enhance the image of South Africa as a quality wine producer and increase opportunities for growth in new markets. It will assist South Africa to remain competitive in the global market place. In addition, it will assist in capacity building among all exporters, in particular SMME's and BEE's, and in improving the efficiency of the export process. To last-mentioned end a portion of the levy is used to fund, maintain and further develop the Wine-on-Line system, a free, user friendly, automated export certification process.
- (b) The export levy will not be detrimental to food security, the number of employment opportunities within the economy or to fair labour practice. It is aimed at growing the competitiveness and capacity of the industry concerned.
- (c) The export levy will be administered by WOSA. WOSA will continue to implement and administer the export levy as set out in the Schedule.
- (d) The export levy will be collected by SAWIS, who will act on behalf of WOSA in this regard. WOSA is the actual beneficiary of the levy who will utilise it in accordance with their business plan.
- (5) (a) The information levy is needed by SAWIS to fund the registration of industry role players, and ensure the collection and dissemination of information. These measures are necessary to ensure that continuous, timeous and accurate information relating to various products in the wine industry, is available to all role players in order for them to make informed decisions.
- (b) The information levy will not be detrimental to food security, the number of employment opportunities within the economy or to fair labour practice. It is aimed at growing the competitiveness and capacity of the industry concerned. It is also a necessity in view of the registration and returns measures.

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- (c) The information levy will be administered by SAWIS. SAWIS will continue to implement and administer the information levy as set out in the Schedule.
- (6) (a) The objective of the ethical trade levy is to fund, maintain and further develop an ethical trade system. It will ensure rapid transitioning to a transformed, ethical, just and sustainable environment, which is a key global sourcing requirement to ensure that impacts on workers are positive and developmental rather than negative, contributing to violations, and worker abuse. South Africa's international markets are having an increased focus on addressing their South African suppliers' readiness to address the protection of workers and their human rights.
- (b) The requirement for exported products such as wine to trade ethically and to participate in the monitoring of labour practices, progress made in development indicators such as skills development leading to transformation through leadership and ownership, harms reduction and identification of potential transgressions, has become a global commercial imperative.
- (c) The successful and continuous implementation of ethical labour best practices that both empowers workers to exercise their labour rights and allows for opportunities to create social dialogue between owners and workers to address disputes and remedy abuses is key to the transformation of wine enterprises into successful and sustainable wine business ventures.
- (d) The ethical trade levy will not be detrimental to food security, the number of employment opportunities within the economy or to fair labour practice. It is aimed at growing the competitiveness and capacity of the industry concerned, increasing market access by means of meeting ethical trade requirements of importing buyers and retailers.
- (e) The ethical trade levy will be administered by WIETA. WIETA will implement and administer the ethical trade levy as set out in the Schedule.
- (f) The ethical trade levy will be collected by SAWIS, who will act on behalf of WIETA in this regard. WIETA is the actual beneficiary of the levy who will utilise it in accordance with their business plan.
- (7) (a) The objective of the brandy levy, brandy being an integral part of the wine industry, is to contribute in creating a transformed and responsible value chain and focus market. An integrated approach in collaboration with the wine industry will create a larger impact on the entire value chain. This is important to empower new entrants into the category and offer support/mentorship to ensure successful launches.
- (b) By utilising innovation within the brandy category as well as a strong drive to create relevance to a new consumer base will substantially stimulate the category to

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ensure market growth and to contribute to the long-term viability and sustainability of the wine and brandy industry as a whole.

- (c) The brandy levy will not be detrimental to food security, the number of employment opportunities within the economy or to fair labour practice. It is aimed at growing the competitiveness and capacity of the industry concerned.
 - (d) The brandy levy will be administered by SABF. SABF will implement and administer the brandy levy as set out in the Schedule.
 - (e) The brandy levy will be collected by SAWIS, who will act on behalf of SABF in this regard. SABF is the actual beneficiary of the levy who will utilise it in accordance with their business plan.
- (8)
- (a) The objective of the transformation levy is to facilitate economic and social development and transformation in the wine industry through programmes such as economic empowerment and development, social development and upliftment and human resources development and training.
 - (b) The transformation levy will not be detrimental to the number of employment opportunities or fair labour practice.
 - (c) The transformation levy will be administered by the Transformation Unit. The Transformation Unit will continue to implement and administer the transformation funds as set out in the Schedule.
 - (d) The transformation levy will be collected by SAWIS, who will act on behalf of the Transformation Unit in this regard. The Transformation Unit is the actual beneficiary of the transformation funds who will utilise it in accordance with their business plan.

Products to which statutory measures apply

- 3.
- (1) The registration measure shall apply to grapes, grape juice, drinking wine, industrial wine, distilling wine and wine spirit.
 - (2) The returns measure shall apply to vines, grapes, grape juice, grape juice concentrate, drinking wine, industrial wine, distilling wine and wine spirit.
 - (3) The brandy levy shall apply to distilling wine and wine spirit.
 - (4) The information, research and ethical trade levy shall apply to grapes, grape juice concentrate and drinking wine.
 - (5) The export levy shall apply to export wine.
 - (6) The transformation levy shall apply to all the products mentioned in this clause as it will consist of 20 % (twenty per cent) of the other levies referred to in this clause.

Area in which statutory measures shall apply

4. The statutory measures shall apply in the geographical area of the Republic of South Africa.

Registration measure

5. (1) (a) All bottlers, grape producers, grape juice producers, wine exporters, wine producers and wine traders shall register with SAWIS.
- (b) A person shall have a choice to register as either a wine producer or wine trader, but not both.
- (c) A person who is a grape producer as well as a wine producer or wine trader shall register as a grape producer and as a wine producer or wine trader.
- (d) Application for registration shall –
- (i) be made within 30 days of becoming a party as contemplated in subclause (1);
 - (ii) be made on the application form obtainable free of charge from SAWIS;
 - (iii) be submitted, when forwarded by post, to –
SAWIS, P.O. Box 238, Paarl, 7620;
 - (iv) when delivered by hand, be delivered to –
SAWIS, Main Road 312, Paarl;
 - (v) when submitted electronically, be sent to the address and in the format obtainable from SAWIS or done on sawisonline.co.za.

Returns measure

6. (1) All bottlers, grape producers, wine exporters, wine producers and wine traders shall keep such records and render the returns as may be required by SAWIS relating to –
- (a) vines;
 - (b) grapes;
 - (c) grape juice, grape juice concentrate, drinking wine, industrial wine, distilling wine and wine spirit produced, received, stored, sold, exported or otherwise utilised.
- (2) The Department shall render a copy of all export documents required by SAWIS or furnish information required by SAWIS regarding exports within the period specified in subclause (4).
- (3) The records referred to in subclause (1) shall –
- (a) be recorded on a computer or with ink in a book;

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- (b) be kept at the registered premises of the person required to keep it for a period of at least three years.
- (4) The returns referred to in subclause (1) shall be rendered on forms obtainable free of charge for this purpose from SAWIS within 15 days after the end of each calendar month and shall –
 - (a) be submitted, when forwarded by post, to –
SAWIS, P.O. Box 238, Paarl, 7620;
 - (b) when delivered by hand, be delivered to –
SAWIS, Main Road 312, Paarl;
 - (c) when submitted electronically, be sent to the address and in the format obtainable from SAWIS or done on sawisonline.co.za.

Research levy

- 7. (1) A research and development levy is hereby continued to be imposed on –
 - (a) grapes;
 - (b) grape juice concentrate; and
 - (c) drinking wine;
- (2) The amount of the research and development levy shall –
 - a) in the case of grapes, be –
 - (i) R28.21 per ton for the period 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022;
 - (ii) R29.47 per ton for the period 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023;
 - (iii) R30.80 per ton for the period 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024; and
 - (iv) R32.20 per ton for the period 1 January 2025 to 31 December 2025;
 - (b) in the case of grape juice concentrate, be –
 - (i) 4.03 cent per litre at 17,4 degrees Balling for the period 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022;
 - (ii) 4.21 cent per litre at 17,4 degrees Balling for the period 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023;
 - (iii) 4.40 cent per litre at 17,4 degrees Balling for the period 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024; and
 - (iv) 4.60 cent per litre at 17,4 degrees Balling for the period 1 January 2025 to 31 December 2025; and
 - (c) in the case of drinking wine, be –
 - (i) 4.03 cent per litre for the period 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022;
 - (ii) 4.21 cent per litre for the period 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023;

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- (iii) 4.40 cent per litre for the period 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024;
and
 - (iv) 4.60 cent per litre for the period 1 January 2025 to 31 December 2025.
- (3) The research and development levy shall –
- (a) be payable by a wine producer in respect of drinking wine packaged in containers of 5 litres or less;
 - (b) be payable by a wine trader in respect of -
 - (i) grapes;
 - (ii) grape juice concentrate in containers of more than 5 litres, acquired from a wine producer; and
 - (iii) drinking wine in containers of more than 5 litres, acquired from a wine producer.
- (4) The research and development levy shall be payable to SAWIS, acting on behalf of WINETECH, in accordance with subclause (5).
- (5) (a) Payment of the research and development levy shall be made not later than sixty days following the month of delivery of a quantity of grapes, grape juice concentrate or drinking wine, sold, purchased or otherwise acquired.
- (b) Payment shall be made by means of an electronic transfer to the bank account obtainable from SAWIS.

Export levy

8. (1) A wine export generic promotion levy is hereby continued to be imposed on export wine.
- (2) The amount of the wine export generic promotion levy shall –
- (a) in the case of certified bulk export wine, be -
 - (i) 14.62 cent per litre for the period 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022, of which 0.62 cent per litre shall be used to fund, maintain and further develop the Wine-on-Line system;
 - (ii) 15.28 cent per litre for the period 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023, of which 0.65 cent per litre shall be used to fund, maintain and further develop the Wine-on-Line system;
 - (iii) 15.97 cent per litre for the period 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024, of which 0.68 cent per litre shall be used to fund, maintain and further develop the Wine-on-Line system; and

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- (iv) 16.69 cent per litre for the period 1 January 2025 to 31 December 2025, of which 0.71 cent per litre shall be used to fund, maintain and further develop the Wine-on-Line system;
- (b) in the case of certified packaged export wine, be –
 - (i) 17.56 cent per litre for the period 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022, of which 0.62 cent per litre shall be used to fund, maintain and further develop the Wine-on-Line system;
 - (ii) 18.35 cent per litre for the period 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023, of which 0.65 cent per litre shall be used to fund, maintain and further develop the Wine-on-Line system;
 - (iii) 19.18 cent per litre for the period 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024, of which 0.68 cent per litre shall be used to fund, maintain and further develop the Wine-on-Line system; and
 - (iv) 20.04 cent per litre for the period 1 January 2025 to 31 December 2025, of which 0.71 cent per litre shall be used to fund, maintain and further develop the Wine-on-Line system; and
- (c) in the case of uncertified export wine, be –
 - (i) 13.92 cent per litre for the period 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022, of which 0.62 cent per litre shall be used to fund, maintain and further develop the Wine-on-Line system;
 - (ii) 14.55 cent per litre for the period 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023, of which 0.65 cent per litre shall be used to fund, maintain and further develop the Wine-on-Line system;
 - (iii) 15.21 cent per litre for the period 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024, of which 0.68 cent per litre shall be used to fund, maintain and further develop the Wine-on-Line system; and
 - (iv) 15.89 cent per litre for the period 1 January 2025 to 31 December 2025, of which 0.71 cent per litre shall be used to fund, maintain and further develop the Wine-on-Line system.
- (3) The wine export generic promotion levy shall be paid by the exporter.
- (4) The wine export generic promotion levy shall be payable to SAWIS, acting on behalf of WOSA, in accordance with subclause (5).
- (5) (a) Payment of the wine export generic promotion levy shall be made not later than 60 days following the month of export.
- (b) Payment shall be made by means of an electronic transfer to the bank account obtainable from SAWIS.

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- (6) WOSA may, in accordance with criteria determined by it, grant exemption from the payment of the wine export generic promotion levy for a consignment of wine exported if satisfied that such exemption will not frustrate the purpose and aims of this statutory measure.

Information levy

9. (1) An information levy is hereby continued to be imposed on –
- (a) grapes;
 - (b) grape juice concentrate; and
 - (c) drinking wine.
- (2) The amount of the information levy shall –
- a) in the case of grapes, be -
 - (i) R16.45 per ton for the period 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022;
 - (ii) R17.22 per ton for the period 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023;
 - (iii) R17.99 per ton for the period 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024; and
 - (iv) R18.83 per ton for the period 1 January 2025 to 31 December 2025;
 - (b) in the case of grape juice concentrate, be -
 - (i) 2.35 cent per litre at 17,4 degrees Balling for the period 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022;
 - (ii) 2.46 cent per litre at 17,4 degrees Balling for the period 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023;
 - (iii) 2.57 cent per litre at 17,4 degrees Balling for the period 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024; and
 - (iv) 2.69 cent per litre at 17,4 degrees Balling for the period 1 January 2025 to 31 December 2025; and
 - (c) in the case of drinking wine, be -
 - (i) 2.35 cent per litre for the period 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022;
 - (ii) 2.46 cent per litre for the period 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023;
 - (iii) 2.57 cent per litre for the period 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024; and
 - (iv) 2.69 cent per litre for the period 1 January 2025 to 31 December 2025.
- (3) The information levy shall –
- (a) be payable by a wine producer in respect of drinking wine packaged in containers of 5 litres or less;
 - (b) be payable by a wine trader in respect of -
 - (i) grapes;

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- (ii) grape juice concentrate in containers of more than 5 litres, acquired from a wine producer; and
 - (iii) drinking wine in containers of more than 5 litres, acquired from a wine producer.
- (4) The information levy shall be payable to SAWIS in accordance with subclause (5).
- (5) (a) Payment of the information levy shall be made not later than sixty days following the month of delivery of a quantity of grapes, grape juice concentrate or drinking wine sold, purchased or otherwise acquired.
- (b) Payment shall be made by means of an electronic transfer to the bank account obtainable from SAWIS.

Brandy levy

10. (1) A brandy levy is hereby imposed on –
- (a) distilling wine; and
 - (b) wine spirit.
- (2) The amount of the brandy levy shall –
- (a) in the case of distilling wine and wine spirit, be –
 - (i) 3.19 cent per litre at 10 per cent alcohol by volume for the period 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022;
 - (ii) 3.33 cent per litre at 10 per cent alcohol by volume for the period 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023;
 - (iii) 3.48 cent per litre at 10 per cent alcohol by volume for the period 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024; and
 - (iv) 3.64 cent per litre at 10 per cent alcohol by volume for the period 1 January 2025 to 31 December 2025.
- (3) The brandy levy shall –
- (a) be payable by a wine producer in respect of –
 - (i) wine spirit packaged in containers of 5 litres or less;
 - (ii) wine spirit sold to another wine producer;
 - (iii) wine spirit produced by a wine producer and used for fortification of that wine producer's own drinking wine.
 - (b) be payable by a wine trader in respect of –
 - (i) distilling wine and wine spirit, in containers of more than 5 litres, acquired from a wine producer.

- (4) The brandy levy shall be payable to SAWIS, acting on behalf of SABF, in accordance with subclause (5).
- (5) (a) Payment of the brandy levy shall be made not later than sixty days following the month of delivery of a quantity of distilling wine or wine spirit sold, purchased or otherwise acquired.
- (b) Payment shall be made by means of an electronic transfer to the bank account obtainable from SAWIS.

Ethical trade levy

11. (1) An ethical trade levy is hereby imposed on –
- (a) grapes;
 - (b) grape juice concentrate; and
 - (c) drinking wine.
- (2) The amount of the ethical trade levy shall –
- a) in the case of grapes, be -
 - (i) R1.82 per ton for the period 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022;
 - (ii) R1.89 per ton for the period 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023;
 - (iii) R1.96 per ton for the period 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024; and
 - (iv) R2.03 per ton for the period 1 January 2025 to 31 December 2025;
 - (b) in the case of grape juice concentrate, be -
 - (i) 0.26 cent per litre at 17,4 degrees Balling for the period 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022;
 - (ii) 0.27 cent per litre at 17,4 degrees Balling for the period 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023;
 - (iii) 0.28 cent per litre at 17,4 degrees Balling for the period 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024; and
 - (iv) 0.29 cent per litre at 17,4 degrees Balling for the period 1 January 2025 to 31 December 2025; and
 - (c) in the case of drinking wine, be -
 - (i) 0.26 cent per litre for the period 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022;
 - (ii) 0.27 cent per litre for the period 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023;
 - (iii) 0.28 cent per litre for the period 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024; and
 - (iv) 0.29 cent per litre for the period 1 January 2025 to 31 December 2025.
- (3) The ethical trade levy shall –

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- (a) be payable by a wine producer in respect of drinking wine packaged in containers of 5 litres or less; and
 - (b) be payable by a wine trader in respect of-
 - (i) grapes;
 - (ii) grape juice concentrate in containers of more than 5 litres, acquired from a wine producer; and
 - (iii) drinking wine in containers of more than 5 litres, acquired from a wine producer.
- (4) The ethical trade levy shall be payable to SAWIS, acting on behalf of WIETA, in accordance with subclause (5).
- (5) (a) Payment of the ethical trade levy shall be made not later than sixty days following the month of delivery of a quantity of grapes, grape juice concentrate or drinking wine sold, purchased or otherwise acquired.
- (b) Payment shall be made by means of an electronic transfer to the bank account obtainable from SAWIS.

Transformation levy

12. (1) An empowerment and transformation levy is hereby continued to be imposed on all the products referred to in clause 3.
- (2) The amount of the empowerment and transformation levy shall be 20 % (twenty per cent) of all the levies referred to in clauses 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11
- (3) The transformation levy shall –
- (a) be payable by a wine producer in respect of –
 - (i) drinking wine packaged in containers of 5 litres or less;
 - (ii) wine spirit packaged in containers of 5 litres or less;
 - (iii) wine spirit sold to another wine producer;
 - (iv) wine spirit produced by a wine producer and used for fortification of that wine producer's own drinking wine; and
 - (b) be payable by a wine trader in respect of-
 - (i) grapes;
 - (ii) grape juice concentrate in containers of more than 5 litres, acquired from a wine producer;
 - (iii) drinking wine in containers of more than 5 litres, acquired from a wine producer;
- and

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(iv) distilling wine and wine spirit, in containers of more than 5 litres, acquired from a wine producer.

- (4) The transformation levy shall be payable to SAWIS, acting on behalf of the Transformation Unit, in accordance with subclause (5).
- (5) Payment of the transformation levy shall be made not later than sixty days following the month of delivery of a quantity of grapes, grape juice concentrate, distilling wine or wine spirit or drinking wine sold, purchased or otherwise acquired.

Commencement and validity

13. The statutory measures shall be implemented on 1 January 2022 and lapse on 31 December 2025.

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