

# OFFICIAL GAZETTE

OF THE

HIGH COMMISSIONER FOR BASUTOLAND, THE BECHUANALAND PROTECTORATE, AND SWAZILAND

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#### PROCLAMATION

By His Excellency the High Commissioner

Whereas it is expedient to consolidate and amend the laws in force in Swaziland (hereinafter referred to as "the Territory") relating to the raising of revenue by the imposition of a tax on incomes:

Now therefore under and by virtue of the powers, authorities and jurisdiction conferred upon and committed to me by His Majesty under the Swaziland Order-in-Council, 1903, as amended by the Swaziland Order-in-Council, 1906, and the Swaziland Order-in-Council, 1909, I do hereby declare, proclaim and make known as follows:—

Proclamation not applicable shall not apply to any person who is subject to persons subject to the tax imposed by the Swaziland Native Native Tax. Tax Proclamation, 1916, or any law amending the same.

#### CHAPTER I.

#### Administration.

Appointments of officers.

- 2. (1) For the administration of this Proclamation the High Commissioner may appoint a Collector of Income Tax (hereinafter referred to as "the Collector") and an Assistant Collector of Income Tax (hereinafter referred to as "the Assistant Collector").
- (2) The Assistant Collector shall, under the control of the Collector, perform such general official duties as he is required to perform by this Proclamation or by the Collector, and shall, in case of illness, absence or temporary incapacity of the Collector, act in his name and on his behalf, and while so acting shall have and may exercise all the powers conferred, and shall perform the duties imposed, upon the Collector under this Proclamation.

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- (3) Any office under this Proclamation may be held in conjunction with any other office in the Public Service.
- (4) A notification in the Gazette that any person appointed to an office herein named has been so appointed shall be conclusive evidence of such appointment without further proof.
- 3. The Collector may, with the approval Delegation of the Resident Commissioner, delegate to of functions, any officer in the Public Service any duties, powers, and functions by this Proclamation conferred or imposed upon him other than such power of delegation.
- 4. (1) Every person appointed under or Preservation of employed in the carrying out of the provisions of this Proclamation shall preserve, and aid in preserving, secrecy with regard to all matters that may come to his knowledge in his official capacity in the performance of his duties in connection with those provisions, and shall not communicate any such matter to any other person except in the performance of his duties under this Proclamation or by order of a competent Court of Justice.
- (2) Every person so appointed or employed shall, before acting under this Proclamation, take and subscribe before a District Commissioner or justice of the peace such oath of fidelity or secrecy as may be prescribed.
- (3) Every person who, in contravention of the true intent of the oath of fidelity or secrecy taken by him and without lawful excuse, reveals any matter or thing which has come to his knowledge in his official capacity shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to imprisonment for a period not exceeding two years with or without hard labour.

(4) If any person acts in the execution of his office before he has taken the prescribed oath he shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding ten pounds or, in default of payment, to imprisonment for a period not exceeding three months.

(5) Any person appointed by competent athority to audit the assessments and authority to audit the assessments and accounts of the Collector shall for the purposes of this section be deemed to be a person appointed under or employed in the carrying out of the provisions of this Proclamation.

#### CHAPTER II.

INCOME TAX.

#### PART I.

#### NORMAL TAX.

- 5. (1) Where any Proclamation enacts that income tax shall be charged for any year at any rate, there shall be charged, levied and collected throughout the Territory, subject to such conditions and to such exemptions and abatements as are hereinafter provided, an income tax (in this Proclamation referred to as "the normal tax") at that rate and calculated in the manner hereinafter specified in respect of any taxable income received by or accrued to or in favour of any person during that year.
- (2) The rate to be levied shall be fixed annually by Proclamation, but the rate so fixed for any year shall be deemed to continue in force until the next such annual determination if, owing to the distribution or cessation of the income prior to such determination. tion of the income prior to such determination, the collection of the tax leviable upon any income received or accrued during that period cannot be postponed.

Definitions.

6. (1) For the purposes of this Chapter-

"Gross income" means the total amount, other than receipts or accruals of a capital nature, received by or accrued to or in favour of any person in any year or period assessable under this Chapter from any source within the Territory or deemed to be within the Territory, and includes rents, interest, salaries, stipends, wages, allowances, the estimated annual value of any quarters or board or residence or any other benefit or advantage of any kind granted in respect of employment, whether in money or otherwise, and charge, stipend, pension, anv annuity;

An amount shall be deemed to be derived from a source within the Territory if it is received by or accrues to or in favour of any person ordinarily resident or carrying on business within the Territory, and is received or accrues from any country outside the Territory where, owing to the fact that such person is not domiciled or ordinarily resident therein, the amount is

not chargeable with income tax; "Income" means the amount remaining of the gross income of any person for any such year or period after deduct-ing therefrom any amounts exempt from income tax in the hands of such

person;

"Taxable income" means the amount remaining after deducting from the income of any person all the amounts, other than abatements, allowed as deductions under this Chapter;

- "Taxable amount" means the amount remaining after deducting from any taxable income any abatement allowed under this Chapter;
- amount shall be (2) The taxable amount upon which the tax to be paid by any person shall be calculated.
- 7. (1) The abatement to be deducted from Abatethe taxable income of any person, other than inents. a company, for the purpose of determining the taxable amount of such person, shall be calculated in the manner set out in this section.
- (2) Subject to the provisions of sub-sections (3) and (4) of this section, the abatement allowable in any case shall be the total of such of the following allowances as are applicable-
  - (a) a sum of four hundred pounds;
  - (b) any sum, not exceeding fifty pounds, paid by such person during the period in respect of which a return is made, as premiums upon policies under which he, his wife or his minor chil-dren are insured against death, accident or sickness;
  - (c) any fees or subscriptions, not exceeding ten pounds in the aggregate, paid by such person during the period in res-pect of which a return is made to any friendly or benefit society;
  - (d) the sum of one hundred pounds for each unmarried child or stepchild of such person maintained by him during any portion of the year of assessment or portion thereof in respect of which the assessment is made and was, or would have been if he had lived, under the age of twenty-one years on the last day of that year of assessment,
  - (e) a sum of thirty pounds for each dependant of such person.
- (3) In any case in which the period assessed is less than one year, the total of the allowances applicable to any such person under the last preceding sub-section shall be reduced proportionately.
- (4) The total of the allowances applicable to any person under the last two preceding sub-sections shall be subject to reduction as follows:-
  - (a) In the case of every such person—
    - (i) who during any portion of the period in respect of which the assessment is made was married;
    - (ii) who during the whole of the period in respect of which the assessment was made was divorced, but maintained during any por-tion of that period a child of his own or a stepchild who was, or would have been had he lived, under the age of twenty-one years on the last day of the year of assessment in respect of which, or portion of which, the assessment is made,

the reduction shall be by one pound for every completed ten pounds by which the taxable income of such person exceeds six hundred pounds, or, when the period assessed is less than twelve months, by which it exceeds so much of six hundred pounds as is proportionate to the period assessed:

Provided that, for the purposes of this paragraph, any person who was a widower or widow during the whole of the period in respect of which the assessment is made shall be assessed as though he had been married throughout that period, and any person who has been separated under a judicial order or written agreement throughout that period shall be assessed as though he had been divorced throughout that period:

(b) In the case of all other persons to whom paragraph (a) of this sub-section does not apply, the reduction shall be by one pound for every completed pound by which the taxable income of any such person exceeds three hundred pounds, or, when the period assessed is less than twelve months, by which it exceeds so much of three hundred pounds as is proportionate to the period, assessed,

and the amount as so reduced shall be the abatement to be deducted for normal tax

(5) The term "dependant" in relation to any taxpayer shall mean any person incapacitated by old age or infirmity from maintaining himself, or any child (other than the child or stepchild of such taxpayer) under the age of twenty-one years on the last day of the year of assessment: Provided that such person or child, as the case may be, has been maintained throughout the year of assessment at the expense of such taxpayer and that during such year of assessment the taxpayer has contributed whether in cash or otherwise an amount of not less than thirty pounds to such maintenance.

(6) There shall be deducted from amount of income tax assessed in any year the amount of poll tax paid for that year by any person under the Swaziland Poll Tax Proclamation, 1921, on production to the Collector of the relative Poll Tax receipts or

duplicates thereof.

8. (1) Income shall be deemed to have accrued to a person notwithstanding that such income has been invested, accumulated or otherwise capitalized by him or that such income has not been actually paid over to him but has been credited in account or reinvested or accumulated or capitalized or otherwise dealt with in his name or on his behalf, and a complete statement of all such income shall be included by any person in the returns rendered by him under this Proclamation.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Proclamation the provisions of the following sub-sections shall apply to the determination of the taxable income derived by any person from pastoral, agricultural or other farming operations (hereinafter referred to as a "farmer").

(3) Every farmer shall be entitled to the exercise of an option whether the values of livestock and produce held by him and not disposed of at the beginning and end of each year of assessment shall or shall not be taken into account in the determination of the taxable income derived by him from such operations.

(4) Subject to such adjustment as to the Collector may seem to be fair and reasonable in respect of the value of any livestock or produce held by any farmer on the thirtieth day of June, 1920, or the date upon which he commenced farming operations whichever date

into account the values of such livestock and produce shall be chargeable in each such year of assessment in respect of all amounts whatsoever for which livestock or produce have been disposed of by him or on his behalf

during that year of assessment.

(5) Every farmer making his election as in sub-section (4) provided shall furnish to the Collector at any time when the Collector so requires a statement setting out to the best of his knowledge and belief the value of the livestock and produce held by him on the date specified in that sub-section which is applic-

able to his case.

(6) The decision as to the basis upon which a farmer elects to be assessed shall be notified by him in writing to the Collector when rendering his first return under this Proclamation and the decision so notified shall be binding upon him in respect of all subsequent returns: Provided that the Collector may for good and sufficient reasons and upon such terms as he may consider necessary for the protection of revenue permit any farmer, who has so notified his election, to adopt the alternative method in respect of any subsequent years of assessment.

(7) Every farmer who elects to continue to take into account the values of his livestock and produce shall include in the return rendered by him for income tax purposes the values of all livestock and produce held by him and not disposed of at the beginning and end of each year of assessment: Provided that the Collector shall allow such reduction to be made from the values of livestock held by any farmer at the end of any year of assessment as may seem to him to be fair and reasonable, having regard to the risks of mortality

attaching to such livestock.

(8) The value to be placed upon such live-stock (other than livestock acquired by purchase for stud purposes) shall be-

(a) in the case of livestock acquired by the farmer by purchase, either the purchase price paid or such standard value as is applicable to such livestock;

(b) in the case of livestock acquired by the farmer otherwise than by purchase, the standard value applicable to such live-

stock.

(9) The standard value applicable to any class of livestock shall be, at the option of the farmer, either-

(a) such standard value as may have been or may be fixed by the High Commissioner by regulation under this Proclamation for that class of livestock; or

- (b) such standard value as may have been adopted by the farmer in respect of that class of livestock in the first return (rendered by him in terms of this section) in which livestock of that class is included.
- (10) The exercise of the option under the last preceding sub-section shall be binding upon the farmer in respect of all subsequent returns for income tax purposes, and a standard value fixed by him in accordance with paragraph (b) of that sub-section may not be varied by him in any subsequent return save with the consent and approval of Collector, and upon such terms as the Collector may require.

(11) The value to be placed upon livestock acquired by purchase for stud purposes shall

be the purchase price paid for that livestock.

(12) The value to be placed upon produce included in any return shall be such fair and is the later, every farmer who elects not to take reasonable value as the Collector may fix.

Capitalized or credited incomes and incomes derived from pastoral, agricultural or other farming operations.

(13) There shall be admissible as deductions in the determination of the taxable income derived by any farmer any expenditure incurred by him during the year of assessment in respect of-

(a) dipping tanks;(b) dams, water-furrows, pumping plants; boreholes and

(c) fences;

(d) the eradication of noxious plants;

(e) the prevention of soil erosion;

(f) the erection of buildings used in connection with farming operations other than those used for domestic purposes;

(g) the establishment of orchards and vineyards.

(14) Any decision of the Collector under this section shall be subject to objection and appeal as provided by this Proclamation.

9. (1) Income received or accrued-

(a) by virtue of any contract made within the Territory for the sale of goods, whether such goods have been delivered or are to be delivered in or out of the

Territory; or

- (b) from any service rendered or work or labour done in the carrying on in the Territory of any business, trade, profession or occupation, whether the payment for such service or work or labour is made, or is to be made, by a person resident in or out of the Territory, and wherever payment for such service or work or labour is made or is to be made; and
- (2) Income which would have been received by or accrued to any person, but which by reason of any donation or settlement or other disposition made by that person—
  - (a) has been received by or accrued to or in favour of any minor child or children of that person or has been expended for the maintenance, education or bene-

fit of such minor child or children; or

(b) has been accumulated for the future
benefit of any minor child or children

of such person,

shall be deemed to be income received or accrued from a source within the Territory.

10. (1) There shall be exempt from the tax-

(a) the revenues of building and friendly societies and life assurance companies;

(b) the receipts of companies or societies carrying on business but not for the purpose of profit or gain which is to be divided amongst or credited to the shareholders or members thereof, except as regards the receipts from investments of such societies;

(c) the revenue of all ecclesiastical, charitable and educational institutions of a

public character;

(d) the salaries and emoluments payable in respect of their offices to Consuls of foreign countries and members of their staffs who are not British subjects nor permanently resident in the Territory;

(e) the salaries and emoluments payable to all persons in the service of His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom (otherwise than under the Swaziland Government) His Majesty's Government in the Union of South Africa in respect of their offices, whether the service be naval, military, or other service;

(f) war pensions or gratuities, whether granted from United Kingdom funds or by the Government of any British Dominion, Possession or Protectorate;

(g) dividends and interest on debentures or debenture stock received or accrued from any company in respect of which normal tax has been paid by such com-

(h) income on which normal tax has been paid in the Territory;
(i) interest on sums deposited in the Post Office Savings Bank of the Territory; (j) interest received by or accruing to or in favour of any person from stock or securities (including Treasury bills) issued by His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom or His Majesty's Government in the Union of South Africa subject to a condition that such

interest shall be exempt from income

Provided that, notwithstanding these exemptions, all amounts which fall under paragraphs (g) and (h) shall be set out by the taxpayer in the return rendered by him.

(2) The exemptions provided by paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of sub-section (1) shall not extend to the salaries, wages, allowances, or pensions of persons employed by any such society, institution or company, although the same may be paid wholly or in part out of the income, revenue or funds thereof.

11. In the case of persons whose business Person extends to any other country, the taxable business income shall be the sum which shall bear the which same proportion to the whole net profits as beyond the the assets in the Territory bear to the total assets of such persons. Provided that assets of such person: Provided that where the Collector on the one hand, or the taxpayer on the other hand, deems such method of estimating the income for taxation to be inequitable or inexpedient, the Collector or taxpayer may claim the right to an assessment on the actual profits derived from sources in the Territory.

12. (1) For the purpose of ascertaining the Determination of taxable income of any person there shall be taxable deducted from the income of such person—income.

(a) losses and outgoings actually incurred in the Territory by the taxpayer in the production of his income, including incurred outside the he production of the such expenses Territory in the production of the taxable income as the Collector may allow, provided that such losses or outgoings are not of a capital nature;

(b) sums expended for the repairs of pro-perty occupied for the purpose of trade or in respect of which income is receivable, and sums expended for the repair of machinery, implements, utensils, and articles employed by the tax-payer for the purposes of his trade; such sums shall be the actual expenditure incurred by the taxpayer during

the year of assessment;

(c) such sum as the Collector may think just and reasonable as representing the diminished value by reason of wear and tear during the year of assessment of any machinery, implements, utensils and articles used by the taxpayer for the purposes of his trade: Provided that where a deduction has been allowed under paragraph (b) of this sub-section the Collector shall take into consideration, the sum allowed under consideration the sum allowed under that paragraph in determining the sum

Income deemed to have been received or to have accrued

within the Territory.

to be allowed under this paragraph and provided also that in no case shall any allowance be made for the depreciation of buildings or other structures or works of a permanent nature;

- (d) in respect of income from mining operations, an allowance for the redemption of capital expenditure in lieu of the allowance in paragraph (c) of this subsection to be determined in accordance with the provisions of the Profits Tax (Gold Mines) Proclamation, 1902, of the Transvaal as in force in Swaziland;
- (e) any sum contributed during the year of assessment by way of current contribution to any duly established superannuation, pension, widows', or orphans' fund by any person holding any office or employment where the making of such a contribution is a condition of the holding of such office or employment;
  - (f) an allowance in respect of any machinery, implements, utensils and articles used by the taxpayer for the purpose of his trade which have been scrapped by such taxpayer during the year of assessment, such allowance to be the difference between the original cost to such taxpayer of such machinery, implements, utensils or articles and the total amount arrived at by adding all the allowances made in respect thereof under paragraph (c) of this sub-section to any amount or the value of any advantage accruing to the taxpayer in respect of the sale or other disposal of such machinery, implements, utensils and articles.
- (g) in the case of a company such amount as may be paid by the taxpayer to the Swaziland Administration in respect of mining taxation under the laws of Swaziland for the period of assessment.
- (2) There shall be set off any balance of assessed loss incurred by the taxpayer in any previous year which has been carried forward from the preceding year of assessment. For the purposes of this sub-section "assessed loss" means any amount, as established to loss " means any amount, as established to the satisfaction of the Collector, by which the deductions admissible under this section and section thirteen exceeded the income in respect of which they are so admissible.

Net profit in case of more than one trade.

13. Where a taxpayer, either alone or with other persons, carries on or is interested as a partner (otherwise than as a member of a company the capital whereof is divided into shares) in more than one trade in the Territory, and makes a profit in one or more of such trades and a loss other than a loss of a capital nature in another or others during the same year of assessment, such taxpayer shall be entitled to deduct the sum of the losses from that of the profits.

Deductions allowable.

- 14. (1) No deduction shall in any case be made in respect of any of the following matters:
  - (a) The cost incurred in the maintenance of any taxpayer, his family or establishment;

(b) domestic or private expenses;(c) any loss or expense which is recoverable under any insurance contract or indemnity;

(d) normal tax or supertax;

(e) income carried to any reserve fund or capitalized in any way;

- (f) any expenses incurred in respect of any amounts received or accrued which are not included in the term "income" as defined in this Chapter.
- (2) No deduction shall, as regards income derived from any trade, be made in respect of any of the following matters:-

(a) Any moneys not wholly or exclusively laid out or expended for the purposes of trade;

(b) the rent or value or cost of repairs to any premises not occupied for the purposes of trade, or of any dwellinghouse or domestic premises except such part thereof as may be occupied for those purposes;

(c) interest which might have been made on

any capital employed in trade; (d) any debts owed to the taxpayer, except such as are proved to the satisfaction of the Collector to be bad or doubtful, deductions for doubtful debts being made according to a value estimated by the Collector;

(e) debenture interest.

15. (1) Every company which is subject to Deductions income tax and which pays interest upon or in respect in respect of debentures or debenture stock on debentures shall be entitled to deduct from each care, etc. shall be entitled to deduct from each amount of interest paid to the holder of any such debenture or debenture stock the proportionate amount of income tax paid by such company in respect of the total of such interest.

- (2) The Collector shall on the receipt of a claim from the holder of any debenture or debenture stock, resident in the Territory, refund to such holder such amount of any income tax deducted under this section as such holder would not have been chargeable with if such deduction had not been made, provided that the claim for refund shall have been received from such holder within two years from the end of the year of assessment in respect of which the interest is set out in the taxpayer's return as required by section ten of this Proclamation, or within such further time as the Collector may for good cause allow.
- (3) For the purposes of this section "interest upon or in respect of debentures or debenture stock" shall include any interest payable under and by virtue of a debenture or debenture trust deed whether in the form of a mortgage or any other instrument or document acknowledging indebtedness.
- 16. For the purposes of this Chapter, the Definition expression "trade" shall include every pro-of "trade". shall include every profession, trade, business, employment, or calling.

#### PART II.

#### SUPERTAX.

- any Proclamation enacts Levy of supertax 17. (1) Where that supertax shall be charged for any year and at any rate, then in addition to the normal thereof. tax chargeable under this or any subsequent Proclamation there shall be charged, levied, and collected throughout the Territory, in accordance with the provisions of this Proclamation, an additional tax (in this Proclamation referred to as "the supertax") in respect of such incomes as are hereinafter declared to be subject to supertax.
- (2) The supertax shall be calculated in the manner specified hereunder, subject to the conditions and abatements in this Part provided.

(3) The rate to be levied shall be fixed annually by Proclamation, but the rate so fixed for any year shall be deemed to continue in force until the next such annual determination if, owing to the distribution or cessation of the income prior to such determination, the collection of the tax leviable upon any income received or accrued during that period cannot be postponed.

Definitions.

- 18. (1) For the purposes of this Part the expression "income subject to supertax" means an amount as determined in section twenty-one received by or accrued to or in favour of any person other than a public company and exceeding in the aggregate two thousand five hundred pounds in any year of assessment.
  - (2) In this section—
  - "public company" means any company
  - other than a private company; "private company" means any company wherein-
    - (a) shares representing not less than ninety per centum of the share capital of the company are held or controlled by not more than any five shareholders:

Provided that where shares in a company are registered in the name of a partnership each partner shall be deemed to be a shareholder having a holding in the company in proportion to his

interest in that partnership; or (b) shares representing not less than fifty-one per centum of the share capital are held or controlled by

one person; or
(c) not less than seventy-five per centum of the working capital been supplied by person:

Provided that a company shall not be deemed to be a private company

(i) if shares therein representing not less than eighty per centum of the share capital are held or controlled by a public company; or
(ii) if it has district

it has distributed as dividends during the year of assessment a sum not less than seventy-five per centum of the income subject to supertax accrued to or received by it during the year of assessment.

For the purposes of this sub-section-

'share capital' means subscribed capital and includes vendors', promoters' and founders' shares.

19. (1) Where it appears to the Collector that any one person other than a public company controls more than one private company, the Collector shall assess such private companies for supertax jointly as a single company.

- (2) Any assessment in terms of this section shall be apportioned amongst the several companies assessed jointly in proportion to each company's share in the massed income subject to supertax of all such companies jointly, and a separate notice of assessment shall be issued to each such company notifying the portion payable by it of the supertax chargeable under the joint assessment.
- (3) Each such notice of assessment shall disclose to the company concerned the names of the other companies with which it has been assessed jointly as aforesaid.

- (4) Any such company may object to its assessment jointly with other companies as aforesaid or to the apportionment of its share in the supertax and may appeal against any decision of the Collector in respect of any such objection: Provided that if two or more companies appeal against such joint assessment, such appeals may, if the companies so desire, be taken as one appeal.
- (5) If such joint assessment is modified in any way, whether by the Collector or by the Court on appeal, a corresponding amendment shall be made in all the assessment notices issued to the several companies concerned.
- 20. The amount of tax payable by any Limitation private company (as defined in section of supertax eighteen), as normal tax and supertax concompanies. jointly, shall not exceed the amount which would be payable as normal tax and supertax conjointly by a person other than a company on a like taxable amount and amount subject to supertax:

Provided however that the amount so payable by such company shall not be less than the amount payable by such company as normal tax on such taxable amount.

21. (1) To determine the amount of any Method of income subject to supertax there shall be amount of taken the aggregate of—

(a) the taxable income of the taxpayer as supertax. determined for normal tax purposes;

- (b) any dividends and interest on debentures or debenture stock excluded in the calculation of that taxable income under the provisions of paragraph (g) of subsection (1) of section ten of this Proclamation;
- (c) an amount equal to the nominal value of any bonus shares, debentures or other securities awarded to the taxpayer by way of capitalizing the profits of a company of which such taxpayer was a shareholder or member, where such profits have not already been added or allocated to the income of the shareholder under the provisions of sub-section (3) of this section;
- (d) any amount allocated by the Collector to the taxpayer from the undistributed profits of any company under the provisions of sub-section (3) of this section:
- any deduction made for supertax purposes in respect of the last preceding year of assessment under the provisions of paragraph (b) of sub-section (2) of this section;
- (f) any dividends or other payments received by the taxpayer on the winding up of a company in which he was a shareholder, in so far as such dividends or other payments represent a share of profits earned by such company whether before or after the commencement of such winding up.
- (2) There shall be set off against the aggregate determined under the provisions of subsection (1) of this section-
  - (a) any expenditure or losses, other than expenditure or losses of a capital nature, incurred by the taxpayer within the Territory, in the production of any amounts included in his income subject to supertax under the provisions of paragraphs (b) and (c) of sub-section (1) of this section;

Joint assessment of private companies. (b) any balance of loss as at the close of the year of assessment under charge which the taxpayer would be entitled under the provisions of sub-section (2) of section twelve and section thirteen of this Proclamation to carry forward and set off for normal tax purposes against his taxable income for the next succeeding year of assessment:

Provided that in the event of the balance of loss so ranking for deduction exceeding an amount sufficient to relieve the taxpayer from liability to supertax in respect of the year of assessment under charge, the amount deducted shall be limited to a sum sufficient to give such relief.

(3) (a) Whenever the dividends distributed during any period covered by its annual accounts by any private company are not in the opinion of the Collector a fair and reasonable distribution of the accumulated profits available for that purpose, or whenever during such a period no distribution has been made by such a company from the accumulated profits so available, the Collector may, for the purpose of determining the income subject to supertax of any shareholder in the said company, allocate to such shareholder such sum, proportionate to the amount of his shareholding in the company, as may seem to the Collector to be fair and reasonable, having regard to the circumstances of the company. Any decision of the Collector under this sub-section shall be subject to objection and appeal.

(b) Any amount so added or allocated by the Collector shall be deemed to have accrued to the shareholder on the last day of the accounting period the accounts of which dis-close the accumulated profits in respect of which the Collector's allocation is made.

(c) For the purposes of this sub-section "private company" means any company wherein-

- (i) not more than ten of the largest shareholders hold ninety per centum of the shares; and
- (ii) restrictions are imposed upon the right to transfer shares; or (iii) no invitation has been issued to the
- public to subscribe for any shares or debentures:

Provided that there shall not be included within the term "private company" any company wherein not less than ninety per centum of the shares are held by a company or companies, wheresoever registered or carrying on business which do not fall within the terms of this definition.

(d) The provisions of this sub-section shall not apply to any profits of a private company as defined in section eighteen.

Assessment Assessment for normal tax to be final for supertax

22. When the taxable income of any person has been finally determined for normal tax purposes, the amount so determined shall be final for the purpose of any supertax assessment upon such person.

Abatement.

23. (1) The abatement to be allowed in respect of any income subject to supertax shall be the sum of two thousand five hundred pounds, which sum shall be diminished by one pound for every pound by which the aggregate income subject to supertax, after making allowance for any amounts to be set off against that income under the provisions of section twenty-one of this Proclamation, exceeds two thousand five hundred pounds.

- (2) The amount remaining after the deduction of any abatement allowable shall be the amount subject to supertax.
- 24. Dividends received by or accruing to or Dividends in favour of any person chargeable with nonsupertax, not ordinarily resident nor carry-residents ing on business in the Territory, shall be exempt from the supertax, provided such dividends are not paid nor payable within the Territory.

(a) pays interest upon or in respect of tompanies to furnish debentures or debenture stock; or
(b) pays any dividend upon short.

company.

shall, within thirty days after the thirtieth day of June in each year, furnish in the prescribed form to the Collector a return giving the full name and address of each holder of such debentures or shares and the amount of interest or dividend paid to each such holder during the twelve months ending such thirtieth day of June.

26. Every bank carrying on business in the Return of Territory or company dealing in or negotiating payments in greater warrants shall keep a record of all of bearer warrants. payments in respect of interest or dividends made to any person by means of bearer warrants, and shall, in such manner and form and at such times as may be prescribed or as the Collector may require, furnish particulars of such payments.

27. It shall be the duty of every person Personal chargeable with the supertax to give notice return. in writing to the Collector that he is so chargeable.

#### CHAPTER III.

#### GENERAL PROVISIONS.

#### PART I.

RETURNS AND ASSESSMENTS.

28. (1) The Collector shall annually give Notice by public notice in the prescribed manner that collector all persons liable to taxation, whether per-returns and sonally or in any representative capacity, furnishing under the provisions of this or any sub-returns. sequent Proclamation, are required to furnish within thirty down of the latest of furnish within thirty days after the date of such notice, or within such further time as the Collector may for good cause allow, returns for the assessment of the tax. Such notice shall state the places at which the prescribed forms may be obtained, and it shall be the duty of all such persons, and of all persons required by this Proclamation to furnish such returns to apply for the prefurnish such returns, to apply for the prescribed forms of returns. Any such person failing to furnish such return shall not be relieved from any penalty by reason only of his having received no notice to furnish the same, or of the prescribed form not having been delivered to him; but the Collector may, if he deem it so advisable, cause forms to be delivered or sent by post to any person.

(2) If in any particular case the Collector has reason to believe that any tax payable may not be recovered, he may, prior to the issue of any such annual notice, require any person by notice in writing to render interim accounts for any period he may designate in such notice, and may proceed to make an assessment in respect of that period.

(3) Every person shall, on publication of the annual notice, or on receipt of such written notice, prepare and deliver in the prescribed manner, within the period mentioned in such notice, to the person appointed to receive the same, a return in the form pre-scribed, giving the particulars required and all other details in relation thereto which may be prescribed. Such return shall be signed by the taxpayer, or by his agent duly authorised in that behalf.

(4) Any person signing any such return shall be deemed for all purposes in connection with this Proclamation to be cognizant of all

statements made therein.

(5) Any return made or purporting to be made or signed by or on behalf of any person for the purposes of this Proclamation shall be deemed to be duly made and signed by the person affected, unless such person proves that such return was not made or signed by him or on his behalf.

(6) If any person fails to make such a return, the Collector may appoint a person to make a return on behalf of such person, and the return made by the person so appointed shall be, for all the purposes of this Proclama-tion, the return of the person liable to make the same.

(7) The returns furnished by or on behalf of every person required to furnish returns under this Proclamation shall contain such particulars, be in such form, and be furnished to the Collector at such time as may be pre-scribed or publicly notified.

(8) The Collector may, when and so often

as he thinks necessary, require any person to make fuller or further returns respecting any matter of which a return is required or prescribed by this Proclamation.

(9) All returns required to be furnished under this Proclamation shall be delivered at, or sent by post to, the prescribed address. Any such return shall if marked with the words "Income Tax" and "On His Majesty's Service" be carried and delivered free of postal or other charges by the postal depart-

(10) The return of income to be made by any person shall be based on the amount of gross income which was received by or accrued to or in favour of such person in respect of any year of assessment chargeable under this or any subsequent Proclamation, and shall be a full and true return for the whole period of twelve months ending upon the last

day of the year of assessment under charge:
Provided that where it is established to the satisfaction of the Collector that the income of a person cannot be conveniently returned for that period, the Collector may accept returns made up to a date agreed by him, but any such return shall be deemed for all purposes of this Proclamation to be a return for the period covered by the year of assessment under charge.

(11) If any person, when called upon to furnish a return of income under this Proclamation, is unable to furnish such return, the Collector may accept a return of estimated income for assessment, and such assessment shall be adjusted by the Collector when an

actual return of income is furnished.

(12) Persons carrying on any business in partnership shall be liable to make a joint return as partners in respect of such business, together with such particulars as may from time to time be prescribed, and each such partner shall be separately and individually liable for the rendering of the joint return, but they shall be liable to tax only in their separate individual capacities.

(13) Every person carrying on any trade or business in the Territory shall keep a proper record of his transactions, and for the purposes of this sub-section a proper record shall include books containing all such entries relating to and exhibiting the nature of his transactions as (regard being had to the occupation of the person concerned and the scale on which his trade or business is carried on) might reasonably be expected or required to be kept. Every person who fails to keep a proper record of his transactions as required by this sub-section shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds or, in default of payment, to imprisonment with or without hard labour for a period not exceeding one

29. (1) For the purpose of obtaining full Production information in respect of any income of any documents taxpayer or of any part thereof, the Collector evidence may require any person to produce for examination by the Collector or by any person appointed by him for that purpose, at such time and place as may be appointed by the Collector in that behalf, any deeds, plans, instruments, books accounts trade lists stock instruments, books, accounts, trade lists, stock lists, or documents that may be deemed necessary for the purpose of this Proclamation.

(2) The Collector may, by notice in writing, require any person entitled to or in receipt of any income (whether on his own behalf or as a public officer of a company or as an agent or trustee of any person), or any person whom the Collector may deem able to furnish information, to attend at a time and place to be named by the Collector for the purpose of being examined on oath respecting the income of any person, or any transactions or matters affecting the same or any of them or any part thereof.

Any person so attending may be allowed by the Collector any reasonable expenses neces-sarily incurred by such person in so attending.

(3) Every person to whom a form of return is sent by the Collector shall complete the same in accordance with the requirements of the Collector and shall return it to the Collector at such time and place as the Collector may direct.

30. (1) The income of a woman married Income of with or without community of property, and woman, not separated from her husband under a judicial order or written agreement, shall, for the purposes of this Proclamation, be deemed to be income accrued to her husband, and shall be included by him in returns of income required to be rendered by him under this Proclamation: Provided that in the event of the death or insolvency of the husband during any year in respect of which such income is chargeable, the income of the wife for the period elapsing between the date of such death or insolvency and the last day of the year of assessment shall be taxable as the separate income of such wife: Provided further that if either the husband or the wife makes written application to the Collector, returns of income may be rendered by such husband and wife separately, and assessments may be levied upon each separately of an amount of tax proportionate to the share of the combined incomes returned by each: Provided also that the total amount so assessed upon the husband and the wife together shall

not be less than the total amount which would have been assessed upon the husband alone if the income of both husband and wife had been included in one return, as required by this section.

(2) Any amount payable by way of alimony or allowance by one spouse to the other under any judicial order or written agreement of separation shall be returned as the separate income of the spouse to whom the payment is made, and shall be assessable only in the hands of such spouse.

Duty to furnish returns of persons

- 31. (1) Every person shall, if required by the Collector, furnish to him, in such form and at such time as may be prescribed or as the Collector may require, returns of all or. any particular class of persons employed by him, and the earnings, salary, wages, allow-ances, or pensions, whether in money or other-wise, paid or allowed to each person so employed.
  - (2) Every person carrying on business in the Territory shall, in such manner and form and at such times as may be prescribed or as the Collector may require, furnish to the Collector returns showing-
    - (a) all payments made to any person in respect of any share or interest in such business:
    - (b) all moneys received by him from any person on deposit for any fixed time or period with or without interest;
    - (c) all such other information in his possession with regard to the income received by or accruing to or in favour of such person as may be prescribed or as may be required by the Collector.

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Duty to 32. Any person, whether liable for taxation information under this Proclamation or not, to whom any notice or request for information is sent by the Collector or by any officer acting under the authority of the Collector, shall comply with the terms of that notice or furnish the information so requested under pain of the penalties for default under the next succeeding section.

Offences.

- 33. Any person who-
- (a) fails or neglects to furnish any return as and when required by this Proclamation or the regulations or by the Collector under the powers conferred by this Proclamation or by the regulations; or
- (b) without just cause shown by him. refuses or neglects to attend and give evidence as and when required by the Collector or any officer duly authorised by him, or to answer truly and fully any questions put to him, or to produce any books or papers required of him by the Collector or any such officer; or
  - (c) obstructs or hinders any officer in the discharge of his duties under this Proclamation.

shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds or, in default of payment, to imprisonment with or without hard labour for a period not exceeding one year, and may be further sentenced to a fine not exceeding ten pounds in respect of each day during which any such default continues after the conviction.

- 34. (1) In every case in which any tax-Estimated payer makes default in furnishing any return, ments, or if the Collector is not satisfied with the return furnished by any taxpayer, the Collector may make an assessment in such sum as in the Collector's judgment ought to be charged in accordance with this Proclamation, and thereupon shall give notice thereof to the taxpayer to be charged, and such tax-payer shall be liable to pay the tax upon the same.
- (2) Any such assessment shall be subject to objection and appeal as provided by this Proclamation, but the taxpayer, if he has made default, shall not be entitled to any costs on such objection or appeal: Provided that if it appears to the Collector that any person is unable from any cause to furnish an accurate return of his income, the Collector may agree with such person what shall be the taxable amount of such income.
- 35. (1) Any taxpayer who makes default Additional tax in the in rendering a return in respect of any year event of of assessment shall be chargeable in respect omission. of his taxable income for such year of assessment with a double rate of tax, and any taxpayer who omits from his return any amount which should have been included therein shall be chargeable with an amount equal to the difference between the tax as calculated in respect of the taxable income returned by him and the tax properly chargeable in respect of his taxable income as finally determined after including the amounts omitted and he shall be required to pay this amount in addition to the tax properly chargeable in respect of his true taxable income.
- (2) The additional rates and amounts of tax for which provision is made under this section shall be chargeable in cases where the taxable income or any part thereof is estimated by the Collector in terms of section thirty-four as well as in cases where such taxable income or any part thereof is deter-mined from accounts rendered by the taxpaver.
- (3) If the Collector is satisfied that the default in rendering the return was not due to any intent either to defraud the revenue or to postpone the payment by the taxpayer of the tax chargeable, or that any such omission was not due to any intent to evade taxation on the part of the taxpayer, he may remit such part or all of the said double rate or additional charge as he may think fit.
- (4) The powers conferred upon the Collector by this section shall be in addition to any right conferred upon him by this Proclama-tion to take proceedings for the recovery of any penalties for evading or avoiding assessment or the payment of tax or attempting to do so.
- 36. (1) If at any time the Collector is Additional satisfied that any amounts which should have ments. been subject to tax have not been assessed to tax under this Proclamation or any previous Income Tax Proclamation, he shall raise assessments in respect of such amounts, notwithstanding that assessments may have been made upon the person concerned in respect of the year or years of assessment in respect of which the amounts in question are assessable.
- (2) The provisions of sections thirty-four and thirty-five of this Proclamation shall apply to any assessments or additional assessments made by the Collector under the powers conferred by this section.

ments and the ecording rhereof.

- 37. (1) The particulars of every assessment and the amount of tax payable thereon, shall be entered in an assessment register, which shall be kept in the office of the Collector.
- (2) Upon entering any assessment in any assessment register, the Collector shall give notice of the assessment to the taxpayer whose income has been assessed.
- (3) Such notice shall be in the form pre-scribed, and shall be sent to such person by post in a registered letter or envelope, or delivered to such person in such other manner as the Collector may consider necessary or convenient.
- (4) The Collector shall, in the notice of assessment, give notice to the taxpayer that any objection to the assessment made must be sent to him within twenty-one days after the date of such notice or within such further time as the Collector or the Court may for good cause allow.

Inspection registers.

38. The register of income tax assessments shall not be open to public inspection, but every taxpayer shall be entitled to copies, certified by or on behalf of the Collector, of such entries therein as relate to the assessment of his own income.

#### PART II.

#### REPRESENTATIVE TAXPAYERS.

Represen-tative taxpayers.

- 39. For the purposes of this Proclamation representative taxpayer " means—
- (a) in respect of the income of any company, the public officer thereof;
- (b) in respect of the income of every person permanently or temporarily absent from or resident out of the Territory, the agent of such person; and for the purposes of this Proclamation every person in the Territory having the receipt, management or control of income on behalf of any person absent or resident as aforesaid, or remitting or paying income to or receiving moneys for such person, shall be deemed to be the agent of such person;
- (c) in respect of the income of any trust, or any minor, or mentally disordered and defective person, or any other person under legal disability, the trustee, guardian, curator or other person entitled for the time being to the receipt, management, disposal or control of such income, or remitting or paying to, or receiving moneys on behalf of, such person under disability;
- (d) in respect of income paid under the decree or order of any Court to any receiver or other person, such receiver or person, whoever may be entitled to the benefit of such income, and whether or not it accrues to any person on a contingency or an uncertain event;
- (e) in respect of any person who dies during any year of assessment, or who dies after the close of any year of assessment but before rendering a return of his income for such year of assessment, the of such person;

but nothing herein contained shall be construed as relieving any person from any liability, responsibility or duty imposed upon him by this Proclamation.

representative taxpayer, 40. Every 40. Every representative taxpayer, as Lability regards the income to which he is entitled in representative capacity, or of which in taxpayer, such capacity he has the management, receipt, disposal, remittance, payment or control, shall be chargeable with the taxation imposed by this or any subsequent Proclamation and shall be subject in all respects to the tion and shall be subject in all respects to the same duties, responsibilities and liabilities as if the income were income received by or accruing to or in favour of him beneficially, except that no representative taxpayer (not being a public officer of a company) shall, save as provided by section forty-two, be personally liable for the payment of any tax beyond the amount of the income of which he has in such capacity aforesaid the management, receipt, disposal or control: Provided that nothing herein contained shall, in any case where the representative taxpayer acts as an agent or trustee or in any other capacity for several persons, prevent him from claiming that each agency or trust or other capacity shall be treated separately for the purpose of claiming any exemption or deduction provided by this Proclamation.

41. Every representative taxpayer who, as Right of such, pays any tax shall be entitled to recover tative from the person on whose behalf it is paid, taxpayer to indemnity. or to retain out of any moneys that may be in his possession or may come to him in his representative capacity, so much as is re-quired to indemnify him in respect of pay-

42. Every representative taxpayer shall be Personal personally liable for any tax payable in res- represenpect of any assessment made upon him in his tative representative capacity if, while it remains taxpayer. unpaid-

- (1) he alienates, charges, or disposes of the income in respect of which the tax is chargeable; or
- (2) he disposes of or parts with any fund or money which is in his possession or comes to him after the tax is payable, when from or out of such fund or money the tax could legally have been

43. (1) Where a shareholder or a member of Absent a company is absent from the Territory, such holder. company shall, for the purposes of this Pro-clamation, be deemed to be the agent for such shareholder or member, and shall, as regards such shareholder or member and in respect of any income received by or accruing to him or in his favour as shareholder or member, have and exercise all the powers, duties and responsibilities of an agent for a taxpayer absent from the Territory.

(2) Every company assessed for any tax shall be entitled to deduct from any dividends becoming payable within twelve months after the payment of such tax an amount calculated at the same rate per pound as the rate at which the company has been assessed:
Provided that nothing in this sub-section
contained shall be construed as affecting the validity of any agreement or contract containing an express stipulation to the contrary.

44. The Collector may, if he thinks neces-Collector's sary, declare any person to be the agent of appoint any other person, and the person so declared agent. executor or administrator of the estate an agent shall be the agent for the purposes of such person;

to make payment of any tax due from any moneys, including pensions, salary, wages or any other remuneration, which may be held by him for or due by him to the person whose agent he has been declared to be.

Remedy against all property.

45. The Collector or any person empowered under this Proclamation shall have such and the like remedies against all property of any kind vested in or under the control or management of any agent or trustee as he would have against the property of any person liable to pay any tax and in as full and ample a manner.

Public officers of companies.

- 46. Every company carrying on business or having an office in the Territory shall at all times be represented by an individual residing That individual shall be appointed by the company or by an agent or attorney who has authority to appoint such a representative for the purpose of this Proclamation, and the following provisions shall have effect:
- (a) The representative shall be called the public officer of the company, and shall be appointed, in the case of a company which at the commencement of this Proclamation so carries on business or has an office in the Territory, within two months after such commencement and, in the case of a company which thereafter begins to carry on business or has an office in the Territory, within one month after so beginning to carry on business or acquiring the office. In default of any such appoint-ment, the public officer of any company shall be such managing director, director, secretary, or other officer of the company as the Collector may designate for that purpose;
  - (b) every company shall also, within the period prescribed by paragraph (a), appoint a place within the Territory at which any notices or other instruments under this Proclamation affect-ing the company may be served or delivered, or to which any such notices

or documents may be sent;

(c) no appointment shall be deemed to have been made under paragraph (a) or paragraph (b) until notice thereof, specifying the name of the public officer and an address for service or delivery of notices and documents, has been given to the Collector;

(d) every company shall keep the office of public officer constantly filled and shall at all times maintain a place for the service or delivery of notices in accordance with paragraph (b) of this section; and every change of public officer or of the place for the service or delivery of notices shall be notified to the Collector within fourteen days of such change taking effect;

(e) any company which makes default in appointing a public officer or appoint-ing a place for the service or delivery of notices in accordance with this Proclamation, or in keeping the office of public officer constantly filled, or in maintaining a place for the service or delivery of notices, or which fails to notify to the Collector any change of public officer or of the place for the service or delivery of notices, and every person who acts within the Territory of such company, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds for every day during which the default continues:

(f) every notice, process or proceeding which under this Proclamation may be given to, served upon, or taken against any company, may be given to, served upon, or taken against its public officer; and if at any time there is no public officer then any such notice, process or proceeding may be given to, served upon, or taken against any officer or person acting or appearing to act in the management of the business or affairs of such company or as agent for such company;

(g) every public officer shall be answerable for the doing of all such acts, matters or things as are required to be done under this Proclamation by a taxpayer, and, in case of default, shall be liable to the penalties provided in respect of

defaults by a taxpayer;

(h) everything done by any public officer which he is required to do in his representative capacity shall be deemed to have been done by the company which he represents;

(i) the absence or non-appointment of a public officer shall not exonerate any company from the necessity of complying with the provisions of this Procla-mation; but the company shall in all respects be subject to and liable to comply with the provisions of this Proclamation, as if there were no requirement to appoint such officer.

#### PART III.

#### OBJECTIONS AND APPEALS.

47. (1) Objections to any assessment made Time and manner of under this Proclamation may be made within man lodger twenty-one days after the date of the assess- objections. ment notice or within such further time as the Collector or the Court may for good cause allow, in the prescribed manner and under the prescribed terms, by any taxpayer who is aggrieved by any assessment in which he is

(2) Subject to the provisions of the last preceding sub-section, no objection shall be entertained by the Collector which is not delivered at his office or posted to him in sufficient time to reach him on or before the last day appointed for lodging objections, unless the taxpayer satisfies the Collector that reasonable grounds exist for delay in lodging his objection.

(3) Every objection shall be in writing, and shall specify in detail the grounds upon which such objection is made.

(4) On receipt of a notice of objection to an assessment, the Collector may reduce or alter the assessment or may disallow the objection, and shall send the taxpayer notice of such alteration, reduction or disallowance, and shall record in the assessment register any alteration or reduction made in the assessment.

(5) Where no objections are made to any assessment, or where objections have been allowed or withdrawn, such assessment or altered or reduced assessment, as the case may be, shall, subject to the right of appeal as agent or manager or representative hereinafter provided, be final and conclusive.

48. The burden of proof that any income Onus of 48. The burden of proof that any inceproof as to exempt from or not liable to any chargeable under this or any subsequent Proclamation, or is subject or entitled to any deduction, abatement or set-off, shall be on the person claiming such exemption, non-liability, deduction, abatement or set-off.

Appeal against Collector's decision.

49. (1) Any taxpayer who is dissatisfied with any decision of the Collector as notified in the notice of alteration or reduction of an assessment or disallowance of an objection, or with any other decision which is subject to objection or appeal as provided by this Proclamation, may appeal therefrom to the Court: Provided that unless the taxpayer gives notice of such appeal within the period prescribed by sub-section (2) his objection shall be deemed to be determined.

(2) Notice of such appeal shall be in writing and shall be lodged with the Collector within twenty-one days after the date of the notice mentioned in sub-section (4) of section forty-seven, or within such further time as the Collector or the Court may for

good cause allow.

(3) At any such appeal the taxpayer shall be limited to the grounds stated in his notice

of objection. (4) If the assessment has been altered or reduced, the assessment as altered or reduced shall be deemed to be the assessment against

which the appeal is made.

(5) At least ten days before the date fixed for the hearing of an appeal the Collector shall send to the taxpayer, or to his duly authorised attorney or representative, written notice of the time and place appointed for the hearing of such appeal.

(6) The hearing of an appeal may be adjourned by the Court from time to time to any time and place that may seem convenient.

(7) The sittings of the Court for the hearing of such appeals shall not be public, and the Court shall, at any time on the applica-tion of the appellant, exclude from such sitting, or require to withdraw therefrom, all or any persons whomsoever whose attendance shall not be necessary for the hearing of the appeal under consideration: Provided, how-ever, that the Court may authorise the publication of the legal considerations on which any judgment is based.
(8) The Collector, or any person authorised

by him, may appear in support of the assessment on the hearing of any appeal, and the appellant and any person who is interested in such appeal may appear in person or by his counsel, solicitor or agent.

(9) The Court may alter, or order the alteration of the assessment register in accordance

ation of, the assessment register in accordance with the decision given on any appeal, but may only make an order as to costs when the claim of the Collector is held to be unreasonable or the grounds of appeal therefrom to be

50. The obligation to pay and the right to receive and recover any tax chargeable under this Proclamation shall not, unless the Collector shall so direct, be suspended by any appeal or pending the decision of the Court under the next succeeding section; but if any assessment is altered on appeal or in conformity with any such decision, a due adjust-ment shall be made, for which purpose amounts paid in excess shall be refunded and amounts short paid shall be recoverable.

Questions of law.

Obligation to pay not suspended pending appeal.

51. Whenever a question of law arises with regard to any assessment or altered or reduced assessment under this Proclamation, the Collector may, within thirty days after receipt of the person by whom such tax is due.

of any notice of objection or any notice of appeal under this Proclamation, of his own motion or at the request of the taxpayer concerned, state a case for the determination of such question by the Court.

52. In this Proclamation, unless inconsis- Definition tent with the context, the expression "the "the Court" shall mean the High Court of Swazi- Court".

Provided that when the High Court shall not be in session any application for extension of time under sub-section (4) of section thirtyseven or sub-section (1) of section forty-seven or sub-section (2) of section forty-nine or subsection (3) of section sixty-one may be made to the Resident Commissioner or the Deputy Resident Commissioner exercising jurisdiction under section eleven of the Swaziland High Court Proclamation, 1938.

#### PART IV.

PAYMENT AND RECOVERY OF TAX.

53. (1) Any tax chargeable under this or Appointance any subsequent Proclamation shall be paid for on such days and at such places as may be payment of notified by the Collector: Provided that nothing herein contained shall take away the right of any taxpayer to pay his tax either through the post or personally at the chief office of the Collector.

(2) Interest at seven per centum per annum shall be payable on any amount not paid by the taxpayer on or before the due date fixed

in the Collector's notification.

54. Subject to the provisions of this Pro-Persons by clamation the taxes leviable shall be pay-tax is payable.

(a) by the representative taxpayer respect of any income received or con-trolled by him in such representative

capacity;

(b) in respect of every other income and in all other cases, by the person by whom the income is received or to whom or in whose favour it accrues or is deemed to accrue or who is legally entitled to the receipt thereof: Provided that any person who is required under the provisions of this Proclama-tion to include in his income any income which has been received by or accrued to or in favour of his minor child or children shall be entitled to recover from the funds held by or on behalf of such child or children such proportion of the taxation paid by him under this Proclamation as is due to the inclusion in his income of the income of such child or children.

55. Any tax shall, when it becomes due or Recovery is payable, be deemed to be a debt due to the Government and shall be payable to the Collector in the manner and at the time and place prescribed, and may be sued for and recovered by action in any Court of competent jurisdiction by the Collector suing on behalf of the Government.

56. (1) Proceedings in any Court for the Tax to be a liquid debt. recovery of any tax shall be deemed to be

proceedings for the recovery of a liquid debt.
(2) In any action or proceedings for the recovery of any tax it shall not be competent for the defendant to question the correctness of the assessment register or any certified extract therefrom.

57. Any tax due and payable under the Tax a first provisions of this or any subsequent Procla-charge upon mation shall be a first charge upon the assets.

Conclusive 58. The production of any assessment the hand assessment of the Collector purporting to be a copy of or extract from any assessment register, shall be conclusive evidence of the making of the assessment and, except in the case of proceedings on appeal against the assessment, shall be conclusive evidence that the amount and all the particulars of such assessment appearing in such register or document are

#### PART V.

#### MISCELLANEOUS.

Refunds.

59. If it is proved to the satisfaction of the Collector that the amount paid by any person is in excess of the amount properly chargeable under this or any subsequent Proclamation, the Collector may authorise a refund to such person of any tax overpaid: Provided however that no such refund may be authorised unless the claim therefor is made within two years after the date when the payment was made.

Offences.

- 60. Any person-
- (a) who knowingly and wilfully makes any false statement in any return, or makes any false answer, whether ver-bally or in writing, for the purpose of evading, or enabling any other person to evade, assessment or taxation; or

(b) who by any falsehood, wilful neglect, fraud, art, or contrivance whatsoever, evades or attempts to evade assessment

or taxation,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds or, in default of payment, to imprisonment with or without hard labour for a period not exceeding one year. Where the offence was as described in paragraph (b) of this section, the offender shall be liable, in addition to the punishment imposed, to be assessed and charged twice the amount of the tax to which he would otherwise be liable.

Form of sentences.

- 61. (1) Where a person is convicted of such an offence as is described in paragraph (b) of the last preceding section, there shall be two sentences imposed: the first in the usual form of adjudging the accused to pay the penalty imposed, and the second adjudging the accused to pay twice the amount of the tax of which he has sought to evade or avoid the payment.
- (2) The first sentence shall forthwith be enforceable, but the second sentence shall not be formally recorded until the amount of the tax of which the accused has attempted to evade or avoid payment has been ascertained by the Collector, who shall, as soon as practi-cable, proceed to ascertain and fix the same.
- (3) The Collector shall give notice to the accused of the amount so ascertained, and if the accused within fourteen days after such notice, or within such further time as the Collector or the Court may for good cause allow, gives the Collector notice of objection to such amount, he shall be entitled to have such objection heard and determined by the Court.
- (4) At any time after such amount has been ascertained by the Collector, or, upon the accused's objection, by the Court, the second sentence may be formally recorded, adjudging the accused to pay twice the amount so ascertained or determined, and shall be forthwith enforceable.

62. (1) Every form, notice, demand or Authenti-other document issued or given by or on service of behalf of the Collector or other officer under documents. ticated if the name of the Collector or officer by whom the same is issued or given is stamped or printed thereon.

(2) Any notice required or authorised under this Proclamation to be served upon any person shall be sufficiently and effectively

(a) if personally served upon him; or (b) if left at his usual or last place of abode or office or place of business in

the Territory; or

(c) if sent in a registered letter addressed to such place of abode, office or place of business, or to his usual or last known postal address in the Territory;

and, in the case of a company, shall be sufficiently and effectively served if personally served on the public officer of the company or delivered to him or left at the company's address for service under this Proclamation, or, if the company has lodged no address for service as required by this Proclamation, then if the notice is left at or sent in a registered letter by the post addressed to any office of the company in the Territory or any premises therein where it carries on business.

63. For the purposes of income tax payable Tax under this or any subsequent Proclamation without income shall be assessable without any deduction for income tax (including supertax) paykingdom able in the United Kingdom.

64. (1) Any person who has paid by deduc- Relief in tion or otherwise or is liable to pay income fax under this or any subsequent Proclama paid in the tion for any year of assessment on any part Kingdom. of his income, and who proves to the satisfaction of the Collector that he has paid income tax in the United Kingdom for that year in respect of the same part of his income, shall be entitled to relief from income tax under this or any such other subsequent Proclamation paid or payable by him on that part of his income at a rate equal to the amount by which the rate of tax appropriate to his case under this or such other Proclamation exceeds half the appropriate rate of United Kingdom tax. If, however, the rate of tax appropriate to his case under this or such other Proclamation exceeds the appropriate rate of United Kingdom tax he shall be entitled to relief at a rate equal to half the appropriate rate of United Kingdom tax.

(2) For the purposes of this section a certificate issued by or on behalf of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue in the United Kingdom shall be receivable in evidence to show what is the appropriate rate of United Kingdom tax in any particular

case.

(3) For the purposes of this section the expression "rate of tax", when applied to income tax paid or payable in the Territory, means the rate determined by dividing the amount of the income tax paid or payable for the year (before the deduction of the relief granted under this section) by the amount of the income in respect of which the tax paid or payable in the Territory has been charged for that year, except that where the income tax paid or payable in the Territory is charged on an amount other than the ascertained amount of the actual profits the rate of tax shall be determined by the Collector.

(4) Every claim for relief under this section shall be made to the Collector within two years of the date of the assessment to

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which the claim relates or within such further time as the Collector may for good cause

Regula-tions.

- 65. The High Commissioner may make regulations not inconsistent with the provisions of this Proclamation for all or any of the following purposes, that is to say:
  - (a) prescribing the duties of all persons engaged or employed in the adminis-tration of this Proclamation;

(b) defining the limits of areas within

which such persons are to act;
(c) prescribing the forms of returns to be furnished to the Collector and by whom the same shall be made and the time and mode of making and furnishing the same

(d) providing that, to avoid duplicate payment in the Territory in any case in respect of the same year or period, the Collector may make such allowance or refund as he shall deem just and in such manner as may be prescribed;

(e) prescribing the procedure to be observed in the conduct and hearing of objec-tions and appeals before the Court;

and generally for giving effect to the objects and purposes of this Proclamation. The regulations may prescribe penalties to which any person convicted of any contravention thereof or failure to comply therewith shall be liable, not exceeding a fine of twenty pounds or, in default of payment, imprisonment with or without hard labour for a period not exceeding three months. not exceeding three months.

- 66. In this Proclamation, unless inconsistent with the context-
  - "agent" includes any partnership, com-pany, or any other body of persons, whether incorporated or not, which is
  - "company" includes any association in-corporated or registered under any law in force in the Territory relating to companies, banking companies, banking companies or special law; and further includes any such association which, though incorporated or registered outside the Terri-

porated or registered outside the Territory, carries on business or has an office or place of business therein;

"person" includes any partnership, any company, and any body of persons whether incorporated or not;

"mining" and "mining operations" include every method or process by which any mineral is won from the soil or from any substance or constituent or from any substance or constituent

thereof; "prescribed" means prescribed by or under the authority of this Proclamation, and, in the case of a prescribed form, means a form substantially as pre-

scribed or to the effect thereof; "regulation" means a regulation lawfully made and in force under this Procla-

mation;
"tax" or "taxation" means any tax or
duty leviable under this or any subse-

quent Proclamation;
"taxpayer" means any person chargeable
with any tax or duty leviable under this or any subsequent Proclamation, and, for the purposes of any provision relating to any return, includes every person required by this Proclamation to furnish such return;

"trustee", in addition to every person appointed or constituted as such by act parties, by will, by order or declaration of Court, or by operation of law, includes an executor or administrator, tutor or curator, and any having the administration or control of any property subject to a trust, usu-fruct fidei commissum or other limited interest, or acting in any fiduciary capacity, or having, either in a private or an official capacity, the possession, direction, control or management of any property of any person

under legal disability; "this Proclamation" incl includes the regula-

tions: "year of assessment" means any period in respect of which any tax or duty leviable under this or any subsequent Proclamation is chargeable.

67. The Proclamations mentioned in the Repeal of laws. Schedule to this Proclamation are hereby repealed: Provided that notwithstanding such repeal any tax which would have been leviable under any such Proclamation and which has not been collected at the commencement of this Proclamation may be collected in accordance with and subject to the provins of such repealed Proclamation.

68. This Proclamation may be cited as the Short title Swaziland Income Tax (Consolidation) Pro-mencement. clamation, 1939, and shall have force and take effect as from the first day of July, 1939.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Given under my Hand and Seal at Pretoria this twenty-fourth day of November, One thousand Nine hundred and Thirty-nine.

W. H. CLARK High Commissioner.

By Command of His Excellency the High Commissioner.

> H. E. PRIESTMAN, Administrative Secretary.

SCHEDULE.

LAWS REPEALED.

No. and Year of Law	Title or Subject of Law.
Proclamation No. 31 of 1921	Swaziland Income Tax Proclamation, 1921.
Proclamation No. 5 of 1922	clamation, 1922.
Proclamation No. 52 of 1922	Proclamation, 1922.
Proclamation No. 27 of 1923	
Proclamation No. 18 of 1924	3 4 3.3 5 4 2
Proclamation No. 26 of 1924	clamation, 1924.
Proclamation No. 2' of 1925	
Proclamation No. 24 of 1926	DO DEFENDEN IN METER ELECTRICAL AFFINANCE AND ALL
Proclamation No. 33 of 1927	The second secon
Proclamation No. 10 of 1928	EL SEC DE DE TRESSE MADE MENT UN LASET MEZARRONO
Proclamation No. 46 of 1929	- CON CONT. TO THE PARTY
Proclamation No. 1 of 1930	clamation, 1930.
Proclamation No. 2 of 1930	T
Proclamation No. 3 of 1931	TO SOMEOPEN CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE
Proclamation No. 5 of 1932	The second secon
Proclamation No. 4 of 1933	
Proclamation No. 3 of 1934	
Proclamation No. 5 of 1935	
Proclamation No. 5 of 1936	
Proclamation No. 5 of 1937	clamation, 1937.
Proclamation No. 3 of 1938	Swaziland Income Tax Proclamation, 1938.

No. 64 of 1939.]

#### PROCLAMATION

By HIS EXCELLENCY THE HIGH COMMISSIONER.

Whereas it is expedient to amend the Basutoland Firearms and Explosives Proclamation, 1934 (hereinafter referred to as "the principal law"), in order to give effect to certain Articles of a Convention for the Control of the Trade in Arms and Ammunition signed at Saint Germain-en-Laye on the tenth day of September, 1919:

Now therefore under and by virtue of the powers in me vested I do hereby declare, proclaim and make known as follows:

Insertion of 1. The following new section, numbered 4A, new section is hereby inserted immediately after section Proclamation No. 33 four of the principal law:—
of 1934.

"4A. The provisions of Articles 6, 7 and 8 of the Convention for the Control of the Trade in Arms and Ammunition signed at Saint Germain-en-Laye on the tenth day of September, 1919, shall be observed in Basutoland in accordance with regulations which may from time to time be framed and published by the High Commissioner by Notice in the Gazette. The aforesaid Articles are set forth in the Schedule to this Proclama-

Insertion of Schedule in Proclama-tion No. 33 of 1934.

2. The following is hereby inserted as the Schedule to the principal law:-

#### "SCHEDULE."

#### ARTICLE 6.

The High Contracting Parties undertake, each as far as the territory under its jurisdiction is concerned, to prohibit the importation of the arms and ammunition specified in Articles 1 and 2 into the following territorial areas, and also to prevent their importation and transportation in the maritime zone defined below:

1. The whole of the continent of Africa with the exception of Algeria, Libya and the Union of South Africa.

Within this area are included all islands situated within a hundred nautical miles of the coast, together with Prince's Island, St. Thomas Island, and the Islands of Annobon and Socotra.

- 2. Transcaucasia, Persia, Gwadar, the Arabian Peninsula, Arabian Peninsula, and such continental parts of Asia as were included in the Turkish Empire on August 4th, 1914.
- 3. A maritime zone, including the Red Sea, the Gulf of Aden, the Persian Gulf and the Sea of Oman, and bounded by a line drawn from Cape Guardafui, following the latitude of that Cape to its intersection with longitude 57° east of Greenwich, and proceeding thence direct to the eastern frontier of Persia in the Gulf of Oman.

Special licences for the import of arms or ammunition into the areas defined above may In the African area they shall be be issued. subject to the regulations specified in Articles 7 and 8 or to any local regulations of a stricter nature which may be in force. In the other areas specified in the present Article, shall take place without a special licence.

these licences shall be subject to similar regulations put into effect by the Governments exercising authority there.

#### ARTICLE 7.

and ammunition imported under special licence into the prohibited areas shall be admitted only at ports designated for this purpose by the Authorities of the State, Colony, Protectorate, or territory under mandate concerned.

arms and ammunition must be Such deposited by the importer at his own risk and expense in a public warehouse under the exclusive custody and permanent control of the Authority and of its agents, of whom one at least must be a civil official or a military officer. No arms or ammunition shall be deposited or withdrawn without the previous authorisation of the Administration of the State, Colony, Protectorate, or territory under mandate, unless the arms and ammunition to be deposited or withdrawn are intended for the forces of the Government or the defence of the national territory.

The withdrawal of arms or ammunition deposited in these warehouses shall authorised only in the following cases:

- 1. For despatch to places designated by the Government where the inhabitants are allowed to possess arms, under the control and responsibility of the local Authorities, for the purpose of defence against robbers or rebels.
- 2. For despatch to places designated by the Government as warehouses and placed under the supervision and responsibility of the local Authorities.
- 3. For individuals who can show that they require them for their legitimate personal use.

#### ARTICLE 8.

In the prohibited areas specified in Article trade in arms and ammunition shall be placed under the control of officials of the Government and shall be subject to the following regulations:

- 1. No person may keep a warehouse for arms or ammunition without a licence.
- 2. Any person licensed to keep a warehouse for arms or ammunition must reserve for that special purpose enclosed premises having only one entry, provided with two locks, one of which can be opened only by the officers of the Government.

The person in charge of a warehouse shall be responsible for all arms or ammunition deposited therein and must account for them on demand. For this purpose all deposits or withdrawals shall be entered in a special register, numbered and initialled. Each entry shall be supported by references to the official documents authorising such deposits or withdrawals.

3. No transport of arms or ammunition

- 4. No withdrawal from a private warehouse shall take place except under licence issued by the local Authority on an application stating the purpose for which the arms or ammunition are required, and supported by a licence to carry arms or by a special permit for the purchase of ammunition. Every arm shall be registered and stamped; the Authority in charge of the control shall enter on the licence to carry arms the mark stamped on the weapon.
- 5. No one shall without authority transfer to another person either by gift or for any consideration any weapon or ammunition which he is licensed to possess.

Short title and commence ment. 3. This Proclamation may be cited as the Basutoland Firearms and Explosives (Amendment) Proclamation, 1939, and shall have force and take effect from the date of its publication in the Gazette.

#### GOD SAVE THE KING.

Given under my Hand and Seal at Pretoria this Twenty-seventh day of November One thousand Nine hundred and Thirty-nine.

> W. H. CLARK, High Commissioner.

By Command of His Excellency the High Commissioner.

> H. E. PRIESTMAN, Administrative Secretary.

(Printed by the Government Printer, Pretoria.)

### BECHUANALAND PROTECTORATE.

HIGH COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE No. 216 of 1939.

It is hereby notified for general information that under section two of Proclamation No. 33 of 1933, as amended, His Excellency the High Commissioner has been pleased to appoint James Thomas Darlington Quigley, Esquire, to be Assistant Master of the High Court of the Bechuanaland Protectorate, in addition to his other duties, with effect from the 19th October, 1939.

By Command of His Excellency the High Commissioner.

H. E. PRIESTMAN,
Administrative Secretary.

High Commissioner's Office, Pretoria, 25th November, 1939.

#### BECHUANALAND PROTECTORATE.

HIGH COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE No. 217 of 1939.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section two of Proclamation No. 70 of 1922, as amended, His Excellency the High Commissioner has been pleased to appoint James Thomas Darlington Quigley, Esquire, to be Assistant Collector of Income Tax for the Bechuanaland Protectorate, in addition

to his other duties, with effect from the 19th October, 1939.

By Command of His Excellency the High Commissioner.

> H. E. PRIESTMAN, Administrative Secretary.

High Commissioner's Office, Pretoria, 25th November, 1939.

#### BECHUANALAND PROTECTORATE.

#### HIGH COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE No. 218 of 1939.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section three of Act No. 19 of 1891 of the Colony of the Cape of Good Hope, as applied to the Bechuanaland Protectorate by Proclamation of the 4th July, 1893, as amended, His Excellency the High Commissioner has been pleased to appoint James Thomas Darlington Quigley, Esquire, to be Assistant Registrar of Deeds in the Bechuanaland Protectorate, in addition to his other duties, with effect from the 19th October, 1939.

By Command of His Excellency the High Commissioner.

> H. E. PRIESTMAN, Administrative Secretary.

High Commissioner's Office, Pretoria, 25th November, 1939.

#### BASUTOLAND.

#### HIGH COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE No. 219 of 1939.

It is hereby notified for general information that His Excellency the High Commissioner has been pleased to appoint Robert Everitt King Murray, Esquire, Assistant District Commissioner, to act as District Commissioner, Mafeteng, Basutoland, from the 18th November to the 10th December, 1939, inclusive, during the absence on leave pending retirement of Geoffrey Thomas Stanley Clarke, Esquire, District Commissioner.

By Command of His Excellency the High Commissioner.

> H. E. PRIESTMAN, Administrative Secretary.

High Commissioner's Office, Pretoria, 25th November, 1939.

#### BASUTOLAND.

#### HIGH COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE No. 220 of 1939.

It is hereby notified for general information that His Excellency the High Commissioner has been pleased to appoint Robert Everitt King Murray, Esquire, to be a District Commissioner in Basutoland with effect from the 11th December, 1939, inclusive.

> By Command of His Excellency the High Commissioner.

> > H. E. PRIESTMAN, Administrative Secretary.

High Commissioner's Office, Pretoria, 25th November, 1939.

#### SWAZILAND.

#### HIGH COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE No. 221 of 1939.

#### SWAZILAND INCOME TAX.

It is hereby notified for general information that under the powers conferred on him by section sixty-five of the Swaziland Income Tax (Consolidation) Proclamation, 1939, His Excellency the High Commissioner has been pleased to make the subjoined regulations.

By Command of His Excellency the High Commissioner.

> H. E. PRIESTMAN, Administrative Secretary.

High Commissioner's Office, Pretoria, 1st December, 1939.

REGULATIONS UNDER THE SWAZILAND INCOME TAX (CONSOLIDATION) PROCLAMATION, 1939.

#### PRELIMINARY.

In construing these regulations and the forms contained in the Schedule, the expressions therein shall have the same meaning as in the Swaziland Income Tax (Consolidation) Proclamation, 1939, and the following further definitions shall have effect:—

- 1. "Receiver" means any person appointed by the Collector, with the approval of the Resident Commissioner, as Receiver of Revenue in any district and includes the Assistant Collector, if acting as Receiver.
  - 2. "Court" means the High Court.
- 3. "Return" includes all returns, lists, declarations, statements, accounts, and information which may be required to be furnished under the provisions of the Proclamation or under these regulations.
- 4. "Schedule" means the schedule or schedules to these regulations, and wherever a reference is made to a schedule or a form or forms, such reference shall be deemed to be followed by the words "or to the like effect".
- 5. "The Proclamation" means the Swaziland Income Tax (Consolidation) Proclamation, 1939, and shall be deemed to include any Proclamation amending the same.

#### OFFICERS.

- 6. Every receiver, clerk, and other officer appointed for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of the Proclamation shall be under the direction and control of the Collector, and shall perform such duties as may be required by the Collector or as may be prescribed.
- 7. The various districts defined for the purposes of the Proclamation and the receivers appointed to act therein, respectively, shall be notified by the Collector in the *Gazette*.
- 8. Any receiver so appointed may exercise within the limits of the district specified all powers conferred upon the Collector by the Proclamation in regard to the requiring and obtaining returns of income, including the institution of proceedings against any person in default, but any person wishing to do so may deliver his return to the receiver in a sealed envelope addressed to the Collector, or may forward his return direct to the Collector, provided that at the same time he shall give notice in writing to the receiver of his district that his return has been sent to the Collector.
- 9. Any receiver so appointed may demand and receive on behalf of the Collector payment of any tax duly assessed.

#### FORMS AND NOTICES.

- 10. Forms in the Schedules to these regulations shall be the forms to be used for the purposes of the Proclamation: Provided that the Collector may require a special form of return in any case where in his opinion special circumstances render it desirable.
- 11. Notices to be given by the Collector may be signed by any officer authorised by him on his behalf, and any notices purporting to be so signed by order of the Collector shall be as valid and effectual as if signed by himself.

#### RETURNS.

- 12. A return in the forms C, D and E shown in the Schedule containing the information and particulars mentioned or referred to in such form, verified as therein set forth and accompanied by such accounts, balance-sheets, statements and other documents as may be mentioned in such form or as may be required, shall be furnished respectively by—
  - (1) every person residing in the Territory whose taxable income arising or accrued from sources within the Territory and from sources deemed to be within the Territory in terms of the Proclamation exceeded during the twelve months ended the preceding 30th June the sum of four hundred pounds;
  - (2) the agent, trustee, executor, administrator, tutor, curator, receiver, or person acting in any fiduciary capacity having the management, care, or control of any income of any person whose taxable income arisen or accrued from sources within the Territory and from sources deemed to be within the Territory in terms of the Proclamation exceeded during the twelve months ended the preceding 30th June, the sum of four hundred pounds;

(3) every person to whom notice requiring a particular return in respect of any period shall be given by the Collector or a receiver.

- 13. Any individual partner in any partnership or the manager of any firm may be required to state the name and address of each of the partners in such partnership or of the person or persons interested in such firm, and may further be required to furnish any such other returns in connection with the transactions of the partnership or firm as the Collector or the receiver of the district may require.
- 14. Every person entitled to or beneficially interested in any income in partnership or jointly with any other person shall furnish a separate return of his income in which he shall include and specify the proportion or amount of the partnership or joint income received by him, or to which he is entitled, or in which he is beneficially interested, in addition to any other income received by or accrued to him or in his favour.
- 15. Every return shall be signed by the person making the same, or, if he is unable to write, his signature made by his mark shall be attested by a witness, who shall sign as such, and such return shall be sent by post to or delivered at the office of the proper officer.
- 16. Subject to the Proclamation, returns may be required from any person at any time in any manner and within such period as may be required by or under a notice given by the Collector for that purpose.
- 17. The returns to be furnished under sub-section (1) of section thirty-one of the Proclamation shall be in the Form F shown in the Schedule.
- 18. The returns to be furnished under sub-section (2) (b) of section thirty-one of the Proclamation shall be in the Form G shown in the Schedule.
- 19. The returns to be furnished under section twenty-five of the Proclamation shall be in the Form H shown in the Schedule.
- 20. Every person shall give his postal address upon every return furnished by him.

#### Notice of Assessment.

21. The notice of assessment to be given by the Collector under section thirty-seven (3) of the Proclamation shall be in the Form I shown in the Schedule.

#### APPEALS.

22. In any case in which notice of appeal has been lodged, all papers in connection therewith shall be transmitted to the Court at least twenty-one days before the date set apart for the hearing of the appeal.

23. Every appeal shall be heard and determined by the Court at a date to be notified to the appellant.

24. The general practice and procedure of the Court shall be that of the High Court, and the burden of proof that the assessment is excessive shall lie on the appellant.

- 25. It shall be permitted to the appellant to appear and conduct his case by means of any person authorised by special power of attorney in writing under his hand, which shall be filed with the Registrar of the Court, and when it shall appear to the satisfaction of the Court that, by reason of the absence from home of any appellant, such written authority could not be obtained, then it shall be permitted to anyone having a general authority to manage his affairs in his absence and willing to conduct the case to appear for the appellant and conduct the same.
- 26. In any case in which an appeal is set down for hearing at a place within a district other than that in which the appellant resides, the Court may admit a written statement of the appellant's case in lieu of an appearance by the appellant or any person on his behalf; provided that the Court is satisfied that attendance at the sitting of the Court would impose upon the appellant inconvenience and expense out of proportion to the amount involved in the appeal. Any such statement must be forwarded by the appellant to the Registrar of the Court within the period prescribed by Regulation No. 22.
- 27. Proceedings before the Court shall be commenced by the production by the Collector of a certified copy or extract of the assessment register in so far as it relates to the assessment made upon the appellant or other document under his hand, and the production of the notice of objection lodged and of appeal noted by the appellant, together with any material correspondence relating thereto.
- 28. The appellant or person appearing on his behalf shall then produce and exhibit to the Court any documents or writings whereon his objection may be founded, and shall also produce any witnesses he may require to have examined in support of the same.
- 29. The case on the part of the appellant having been heard, the Collector, or some one on his behalf, shall in like manner produce any further writings or documents he may desire to have read to the Court and any witnesses he may require to be examined in support of his assessment.
- 30. After argument on behalf of the appellant and the Collector, respectively, and the appellant having been heard in reply to any points raised on behalf of the Collector and not dealt with in the argument on behalf of the appellant, the Court shall determine the matter in dispute. The Court may reserve its decision until a later stage of the sitting or until a sitting at a later date.
- 31. If neither the appellant nor any one authorised to appear on his behalf appear before the Court at the time and place appointed for the purpose, and no written statement as provided in Regulation No. 26 has been furnished to the Registrar of the Court, then the Court, upon the request of the Collector and upon proof that the prescribed notice of the sitting of the Court has been given to the appellant, shall confirm the assessment objected to unless any question of law arise, in which case the Court may, before giving its decision, call upon the Collector for argument in support of the assessment.

- 32. In case the appellant shall have failed to state the grounds of his objections or appeal in definite terms, the Court may, upon the opening of proceedings (as provided in Regulation No. 27), decide what shall be considered the grounds of objection or appeal.
- 33. In any case in which a taxpayer has made default in furnishing any return or any information required by the Collector, or if any return or any information furnished by such taxpayer shall have been defective or misleading, such taxpayer shall not be entitled to any costs on the hearing of his appeal.
- 34. The Collector or the appellant shall be entitled to call expert or other witnesses in support of any assessment or any appeal against an assessment, and the Court shall, in respect of the summoning, swearing, and examination of witnesses, the payment of their expenses, the ordering of the production of accounts and documents, the postponement of cases or partly heard cases, have and exercise all and singular the powers and authorities conferred by law upon the High Court for the hearing and determining of civil actions.
- 35. In any case in which the Court shall make an order as to costs, under the provisions of sub-section (9) of section forty-nine of the Proclamation, the bill of such costs shall be taxed by the Registrar of the Court: Provided that the Collector or the appellant may apply to the Resident Commissioner or Deputy Resident Commissioner for reconsideration of any items or portions of items in such bill, and the decision of the Resident Commissioner or Deputy Resident Commissioner, as the case may be, as to whether such items or portions of items shall be allowed, reduced or disallowed, shall be final.
- 36. The fees, charges, and rates to be allowed in such bills of costs shall as far as applicable be those fixed by the tariff of fees and charges in cases heard before the High Court.

#### PAYMENTS.

- 37. Before proceedings are taken for the recovery of any tax, a notification to pay shall be forwarded by post to the taxpayer addressed to his place of business or his usual or last-known place of abode.
- 38. Such notification shall set forth the amount of tax assessed and give particulars of the time and place at which it should be paid.

#### MISCELLANEOUS.

- 39. Subject to the provisions of sub-section (10) of section twenty-eight of the Proclamation, the return rendered by any taxpayer in respect of any year of assessment shall cover the same accounting period as that covered by the taxpayer's own annual accounts.
  - 40. Whenever as to any particular income-
  - (1) more than one person appears or claims to be liable or qualified to pay any tax; or
  - (2) a question arises as to the person liable to pay any tax; or
  - (3) a question arises as to whether a person is liable to pay or is chargeable with any tax, and whether on his own behalf or in a representative capacity,
- the Collector may decide the matter in question subject to objection and appeal as provided by the Proclamation.
- 41. Pending final decision of the matter, all the persons appearing to be liable to pay any tax in respect of any particular income shall be jointly and severally responsible for the proper discharge of the duties imposed by the Proclamation on taxpayers.
- 42. The Collector may make such arrangements and adjustments as he may deem fit for the purpose of avoiding repayments due to any duplicate taxation in the Territory.

- 43. The Collector may, for any purpose in connection with the assessment or collection of any tax under the Proclamation or in connection with the hearing of appeals, make use of or produce in evidence any returns, correspondence, accounts, plans, statements, or other documents to which he has had or may have lawful access for the purpose of Income Tax.
- 44. Any person applying for any information as to the particulars of an entry in the assessment register shall produce such evidence as will satisfy the Collector that he is entitled to be supplied with such information.
- 45. Any person who contravenes any of these regulations or fails to comply therewith shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding twenty pounds or in default of payment to imprisonment with or without hard labour for a period not exceeding three months.
- 46. The standard values of live stock referred to in paragraph (a) of sub-section (9) of section eight of the Proclamation shall be as follows:—

Description of Live Stock.		Class 1. Pedigree Stock of any Breed.		Class 2. Grade Horned Cattle.		Class 3. Stock not included in Classes 1 or 2.			
ing in the contract of		1.			2.			3.	
Cattle—	£	2000	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Bulls	50	0	0	12	0	0	8	0	0
Oxen		_		8	0	0	6	0	0
Cows	30	0	0	8	0	0	4	0	0
Tollies and Heifers (two years	Na.								
and under)	15	0	0	3	10	0	1	10	0
Calves (under one year)	3	15	0	0	15	0	0	10	0
Sheep—						3.	5-40-57		
Rams	50	0	0			90	75	_	
Ewes	25	0	0		-	2.0		-	- 4
Lambs (under one year)	5	0	0	- 3			0	5	0
Goats	5	0	0		_		0	10	0
Kids (under one year)	1	10	0		_		0	5	0
Horses—							- 100		
Stallions (four years and over)	100	0	0		-		30	0	0
Mares (four years and over)	75	0	0			55.5	20	0	0
Geldings (three years and over)	20000	_	0.500	Ø.			15	0	0
Colts and Fillies (three years)	50	0	0		=		15	0	0
Colts and Fillies (two years)	40	0	0		_		10	0	0
Colts and Fillies (one year)	30	0	0				7	10	0
Foals (under one year)	10	0	0	110	_		3	0	ŏ
Donkeys-									
Jacks (three years and over)	50	0	0		_		5	0	0
Jacks (under three years)	30	o	0		_		3	0	ŏ
Jennies (three years and over)	40	ŏ	0		_		4	ő	0
Jennies (under three years)	30	ŏ	ŏ				3	0	0
Foals (under three years)	10	0	ŏ				ı	0	ő
Mules—	10	v					1	U	U
Four years and over	1	_					15	0	0
Three years	1	A - A	14				10	0	0
Two years	-	lavene					-	10	0
One year	1				_		5	0	0
Under one year	l'i	1			_		3	0	200
Pigs	10	0	0		_		2	- 157	0
	10	U	U		_		0	10 10	
Under one year	1 14.	21			_		, v	10	0

#### SCHEDULE OF FORMS.

A.—FORM OF OATH UNDER SECTION FOUR OF THE PROCLAMATION.

#### OATH OF SECRECY.

	1200000000000 100000 100000000000000000
	I, of
•	hereby swear that
J	will not either directly or indirectly divulge or
4	lisclose to any one or be a party to the divulging or
(	lisclosing to or obtaining by any one any particular
1	natter or thing relating to the affairs or income of,
(	r Income Tax payable by, any person or body, or
8	my other information which has been in any way
	equired by me in connection with the discharge of
8	my duties imposed upon or entrusted to me under

the Swaziland Income Tax (Consolidation) Proclamation, 1939, or any subsequent Swaziland Income Tax Proclamations and any regulations thereunder, or in any office, place, or position that I may at any time hold or occupy under the said Proclamation except I shall be required to do so in the course of my duty, or by order of a competent Court of Justice; and that I will in all things observe secrecy with regard to all such particulars, matters, and information. So help me God.

Made	and s	ubscribed	at		 	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
this			. day	of .	 • • • • • • • • •	
19	by the	above-na	med		 	
before 1	ne.					
_\$II		34 	5 55			

District Commissioner or Justice of the Peace.

B.—PUBLIC NOTICE TO FURNISH RETURNS UNDER THE SWAZILAND INCOME TAX (CONSOLIDATION) PROCLAMATION, 1939, FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30TH JUNE, 19...

Notice is hereby given that all persons liable to taxation, personally or in any representative capacity, under the provisions of the Swaziland Income Tax (Consolidation) Proclamation, 1939, are required to furnish within thirty days from the date of this notice, returns for the assessment of the tax. Returns are also required within thirty days from the date of this notice from any other person, whether a taxpayer or not, to whom paragraph (a), (b), (c) or (d) of this notice applies.

Returns are required from-

- (a) every person (other than a company) whose income for the year ended 30th June, 19..., exceeded £400;
- (b) the public officer of every company which carried on business in the Territory during the year ended 30th June, 19...;
- (c) every person to whom a form of return shall be issued even though the income of such person may not have amounted to £400;
- (d) every person who is the representative of any person described above.

#### Forms.

The forms prescribed under the Proclamation can be obtained at the Office of the Collector of Income Tax, Mbabane.

#### FORWARDING THE RETURNS.

Every return is required to be forwarded by post or to be delivered at the Office of the Collector of Income Tax, Mbabane.

Note.—Any envelope marked with the words "Income Tax—On His Majesty's Service" will be carried post free.

#### PENALTIES.

Any person required to render a return who fails to do so within the period of thirty days from the date of this notice is liable to a penalty not exceeding £100, or, in default of payment thereof, to imprisonment with or without hard labour for a period not exceeding one year, and, further, to a fine not exceeding £10 for each day during which default continues after conviction, and to an estimated assessment at double the ordinary rate.

82 OFFICIAL GAZETTE OF THE HIGH COMMISSIONER FOR BASUTO	man, ind pater and man in the control of the contro
Any person who knowingly and wilfully makes any false statement in any return, or evades, or attempts to evade, assessment or taxation, is liable to a penalty not exceeding £100, or, in default of payment thereof, to imprisonment with or without hard labour for a period not exceeding one year, and, in addition, is liable to be assessed and charged twice the amount of tax which he has sought to evade.  Note.—No person is exempted from penalty by reason merely of the fact that he may not have been called upon individually to make a return.  C.—RETURN FOR NORMAL AND SUPER TAX PURPOSES BY A PERSON ON HIS OWN BEHALF OR BY A REPRESENTATIVE TAXPAYER ON BEHALF OF THE PERSON FOR WHOM HE ACTS.  STATEMENT OF INCOME.  FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE, 19.  Amount of Income.	Amount of Income.  Source of Income.  If Nil state "Nil."  E  Total from employment— Self£  Wife£  TOTAL£  NOTE.—Current pension or Superannuation contributions may be deducted, provided that the making of such contributions is a condition of the employment (state name of fund)  NET TOTAL£  3. From farming, supported by Form D in this Schedule.  4. From Rents of Property:—
Source of Income. If Nil state "Nil".	4. From Rents of Property:— Gross Rentals:
£	Self£
1. From Business, Trade, or Profession of (state	Wife £ Total £
nature of business)	Less expenses, as detailed in state-
carried on under the name of	ment* £
at	Net Rentals:
	Self £
(a) Of Self£	Wife £ Total £
of any personal salary or drawings in cash or kind must be furnished, also a statement showing to whom any interest or rent is paid.  2. From Employment:—  As	(b) rent received from each tenant; (c) expenditure (shown separately) in respect of (i) Rates, (ii) Repairs (giving details), (iii) Insurance, (iv) Interest (showing names and addresses of all persons to whom interest is paid and amount paid to each person). No expenses should be included in respect of any property occupied or used by you.
	Amount of
employed by at	Source of Income.  Income.  If Nil state
Details of income to be specified hereunder:—	Source of Income. If Nil state "Nil."
(1) In Money.	5. From Interest: Self£
	The second secon
$egin{array}{lll} \emph{Of} & \emph{Of} & \emph{Of} & \emph{Of} & \emph{Self.} & \emph{Wife.} & \emph{Self.} & \emph{Wife.} \end{array}$	Wife £ Total £ Statement to be attached giving names and
£ £ £ £  Salary or Commis-	addresses of persons from whom interest received and amount received from each person.
Wages sion	6. From Dividends and Debenture Interest:
House Allow-	Self, £ Wife, £ Total £
ance Bonus.	Statement to be attached giving names of com- panies from which received, the number of
Ration Allow-	shares held, and amount received from each
ance Fees	company.
Other Allow-	7. From income derived from any country out-
ance (specify) Pension Pension	side the Territory in respect of which no income tax is chargeable in the country of origin owing to the fact that the taxpayer is not domiciled or ordinarily resident in that country:
(2) In Kind.	Self, £ Wife, £ Total £
Of Of	Statement to be attached giving full particulars.
Self. Wife.  Quarters, valued at £	8. From any other source of income whatever:  Self, £ Wife, £ Total £
Board and lodging, valued at £  Servants, valued at £	Statement to be attached giving full particulars.
Rations, valued at £	Total for the year ended 30th June, 19£

Other, valued at..... £

#### ALLOWANCES

In order that any abatement to which you may be entitled may be determined, full details must be given under the respective heads shown on this page.

Note.—The allowances claimed under Sections I, II, III, and IV hereunder are subject to reduction in terms of the Income Tax Proclamation.

1.—Return of Life, Accident, or Sickness Insurance Premiums paid by the taxpayer during the year ended 30th June, 19......, in respect of his own or his wife's life or the lives of his minor children.

Note.—The allowance is restricted to £50.

Name of Person Insured (allowable only as regards taxpayer, his wife, and his minor children).	Name of Insurance Company.	Description of Insurance.	Premium Paid.
			£ s. d.
••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	176	Marie Frances	***************************************
Receipts must be produced.)		TOTAL£	

II.—Return of Friendly or Benefit Society Fees or Subscriptions paid by the taxpayer during the year ended 30th June, 19.......

Note.—The allowance is restricted to £10. Receipts must be produced.

Name of Friendly or Benefit Society.	Description of Benefit	Fees or Subscriptions Paid.
strator of the stratogram of t	X	£ s. d.
	TOTAL£	

III.—Return of Unmarried Children or Step-children of the Taxpayer, maintained by him during any portion of the year ended 30th June, 19\_\_\_\_\_, who were or would have been, if they had lived, under the age of twenty-one years on that date.

Note.—An allowance of £100 is made for each child.

Christian Names and Surname of each	Date of	f Birth.	Place	Where Residing	
Child or Stepchild.	Month.	Year.	of Birth.	on 30th June,	
ensiland a P			14		
	er en effektionen			-4	
		Oliminik i-	100.000		
2 149	CA PLAC	es (1) to 12	7- 7132 N	Entradado -	
				and the second	

IV.—Return of Dependants.

An allowance of £30 for each dependant. Such dependant must be a person who is-

- (a) incapacitated by infirmity or old age or
- (b) a child, not being child of taxpayer, under the age of twenty-one on 30th June, 19\_\_\_\_\_

The allowance is granted only-

- (1) if the support afforded constitutes actual maintenance;
- (2) if the maintenance covers the whole year ended 30th June, 19\_\_\_\_\_;
- (3) if the person is actually incapable of earning a livelihood.

1.0	or .	77.5	Q #	of e.	6	uo.
Full Name of Dependant.	State Ground of Claim:  (a) Infirmity of Old Age.  (b) Infancy.	Age of Dependant.	Relationship to Taxpayer.	State value of Maintenance.	Period of Maintenance.	Address of Dependant 30th June, 19
				£		
***************************************						•••••
State her who contribut	e: Names ted to the r	and a	ddress nance	es of of abo	any ot	her persons
(2)	***************************************	. Vai	ue of	assist	ance £	
(b) State separated u If returns explain full your income form is no	full name. whether me he have not y your rea	and to be Tax the 30th was a lithe ints and control of control of the control of	my (hi within (Conso h Junesent to nforma and ann rrect.  single art or ously for not the face	s) wife the folidation of the I the	Ferritorion) Pro- (b). Income iven in and in Bignature Postal Resider wed, day agreementing from the condensation of the conde	ry in terms oclamation, Tax Office this return in the claim are. Address. Ince. It ivorced, or ement. It d by you, them. If eccived no
Names of Farm	uly, 19 as and Dist					
1. Live stock stock recei Total as	sold (incluived in exc per detail	ding v hange ed list	alue of	ale no	ive	(Omit shillings nd pence.)
2. Produce sol	ld (includin	g valu	e of an	y prod	uce	75.75 \$48.
cludes woo hay, lucern timber, pol	ol, skins, h e, fruit, pot	ides, atoes, c.:—	cotton	s, whe tobac	at, co,	Serbiaosi PRO
cludes woo hay, lucern timber, pol Total as 3. Miscellaneo (a) From s implem	ol, skins, he, fruit, pot es, bark, et per detaile ous Farming tock, thres ents, etc.,	ides, atoes, c.:— d list g Rece hing n hired	mealier cotton attach ipts:— nachine out	s, when $tobac$ $toba$	at, co, £	eridani
cludes woo hay, lucern timber, pol Total as 3. Miscellaneo (a) From s implem (b) From o	ol, skins, he, fruit, pot es, bark, et per detaile ous Farming tock, thres ents, etc., contracts (c, etc.)	ides, atoes, atoes, c.:— d list g Rece hing n hired (such	mealier cotton attach ipts:— nachine out as ros	ed	at, co, £	Pi

	(Omit	(Omit
1	Statemen of Incomings. (Omit shillings and pence.)	Statement of Outgoings shillings and pence.)
	Other receipts (details should be given on a separate sheet):—	SUMMARY (to be completed or not at the option of the taxpayer):—
	(a) From trade, including speculation as	Total incomings as above £
	per detailed accounts attached £	Total value of produce and live stock on
	(b) From rents, including grazing:	hand. 30th June 19£
	From of £	
	From of £	Total value of produce and live stock on
		hand, 1st July, 19£
	(c) From interest:—	Total outgoings as above £  Balance, being income from all sources £
	From of £	Datance, being income from air sources
	From £	£
	From of £	
9	(d) Other sources, such as salaries, fees, etc. £	Mortality allowance will be made by the collector in the
6.	Wife's income (if any). (Give full particu-	assessment of the taxpayer in terms of the Proclamation.
٠.	lars on separate sheet) £	51 ®
		ALLOWANCES.
	TOTAL INCOMINGS£	(Information required to support a claim for Abatement.)
	(Omit Statement of Outgoings. shillings	1. Insurance premiums paid during year (only £50 in all
	Statement of Outgoings. shillings and pence.)	is allowed, and it is only claimable in respect of life, accident,
7	Live stock purchased (including value of	or sickness insurance of the taxpayer, or his wife, or minor
	any live stock given in exchange):-	children). (Receipts to be produced):-
	Total as per detailed list attached £	£paid toCompany to insure
8.	Produce purchased (including value of any	£ paid to Company to insure
	produce given in exchange):—	£ paid to Company to insure
	Names and addresses of persons from	2. Subscriptions to friendly or benefit societies paid during
	whom purchased, and the amounts paid	year (only £10 in all is allowed):—
	to each.  Total as per detailed list attached£	Mining Mining and Control of the Con
9.	Rent :-	£ paid to Society. £ paid to Society.
	To of £	to the contract of the contrac
	Toof£	3. List of unmarried children or stepchildren of the tax-
0.	Interest (give full addresses of persons	payer maintained by him who were, or would have been if
	concerned on separate sheet):  ToAmount of loan £	they had lived, under the age of 21 years on 30th June, 19(An allowance of £100 is made for each child):
	Interest, rate per cent. £	
	ToAmount of loan £	Name born 19
	Interest, rate per cent. £	Name born 19 born 19
	ToAmount of loan £	1 57
	Interest, rate per cent. £	Name born 19
	ToAmount of loan £ Interest, rate per cent. £	h 10
	Interest, rate per cent. £	Name
	Interest, rate per cent. £	Name born 19
	To Amount of loan £	4. Return of Dependants. An allowance of £30 for each
	Interest, rate per cent. £	dependant. Such dependant must be a person who is-
	P	(a) incapacitated by infirmity or old age; or
1.	Farm expenses:—  (a) Rates and taxes paid (give	(b) a child, not being child of taxpayer, under the age
	details)£	of 21 on 30th June, 19
	(b) Seed bought £	The allowance is granted only—
	(c) Fertilizer bought £	(1) if the support afforded constitutes actual main-
	(d) Wages paid: Cash (not to include wages of domestic ser-	tenance;
	vants), £ Rations (in value)	(9) if the maintenance covers the whole year ended
	£	30th June, 19;
36	(Note.—Value of rations not to in-	(3) if the person is actually incapable of earning a liveli-
325	clude value of produce or live stock of	hood.
	own farm.)	(Name) incapable by reason of
	(e) Allowance for wear and tear of	
	machinery and implements, valued at £	Address
	(Depreciation is not allowed on	(Name) incapable by reason of
	buildings, fencing, or dams.)	
	(f) Repairs: Actual cash paid (give	Address
	details) £	(Name) incapable by reason of
	(g) Other expenses (not to include	(None)
	household expenditure, cost of	Address
	erection of fencing, buildings, dams, machinery or implements).	0
	Give details on separate sheet. £	State here names and addresses of all other persons who contributed to the maintenance of the above dependants:—
	££	- Note that the second
	A CONTRACTOR OF THE SERVICE OF THE S	Value of assistance, £  Value of assistance, £
200	TOTAL OUTGOINGS £	Value of assistance, £

SCHEDULES OF PRODUCE AND LIVE STOCK ON HAND AND NOT SOLD ON 30TH JUNE, 19...

#### Schedule A.

Produce (gathered and marketable) valued at or about average cost of production or market value, whichever is the lower :-

Description.	On hand at 30th June, 19		
#	Quantity.	Value.	
TO 19		£	
WoolGrain			
Нау			
Lucerne			
CottonKaffir Corn			

Schedule B

Description	Loss of Live Stock during the tax	Class (1). Pedigree Stock of any breed.	Class (2). Grade Horned Cattle.	Class (3). Stock not included in Classes (1) (2).  Number on hand.	
Description.	period by death, etc. Numbers	Number on hand.	Number on hand.		
	only.	30th June, 19	30th June, 19	30th June 19	
Cattle—			-		
Bulls	. 1 5				
Oxen	* 75				
Tollies and Heifers				-	
(two years and	20 PAS	(* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	i se iliy		
under)	altr 5,000 /c	it skinder at	AMEN E FR. E	PAST THE	
Calves (under one					
year)					
Sheep—		4	447	- 5	
Rams					
Ewes					
Lambs (under one					
year)Goats					
Kids (under one					
year)		( a.e.			
Horses— Stallions (four years	***************************************				
Mares (four years and over)					
Geldings (three years and over)					
Colts and Fillies—		4.51	10 11 40		
Three years					
Two years		1			
One year Foals under one	- 1				
year					
Donkeys— Jacks—	571X * *		enter o		
Three years and					
Under three years		***************************************	-	-	
Jennies—					
Three years and	-	10			
over					
Under three years					
Foals under one				7	
vear Mules—					
Four years and over		1.0			
Three years					
Two years					
One year					
Under one year					
Pigs					
Under one year					
Any other class of	10 m				
animal			777		
	7				
TOTALS			are a final and an	A. M. M	
55 DECEMBER 1					

#### Schedule C.

Bloodstock purchased for Stud purposes. Give particulars and purchase price of each anima!:—

(Note.—The taxpayer who has no bloodstock used for stud

Description. (Bulls, Stallion, Ram, etc.)	Loss of Live Stock during the tax period by death,		urcha Price		Nun on h	and. June,
	etc.				19	
		£	s.	d.		
				-	-	
					ļ	
Total						
4			-	-		
or Written Agreement of to 30th June, 19, s I DECLARE that this return whole income derived wife (from all sources deem Swaziland) during the twelver and that all the information of the companying schedules, in	during the p state date curn contain by *me/t ned to be v e months en ion contain	erio as a axpa vithi aded ed l	full ayer n th 30th	t Jul sta and ae To I Jur n, a	tement *my erritor ne, 19	t of
cicular. Signature Postal Address Residence Date	3 434445 <u>5</u>				17512	1298
ticular. Signature Postal Address Residence Date  * Delete which  E.—RETURN BY TH	hever is ina	pplic	èable	,	1. a.e.	1237 1237 <b>A</b>
* Delete which  * Delete which	hever is inage of the PUBLIC MPANY.  TE RECEIVE ENDED 30	pplio D B	eable FFI(	CER AC	OF DUTE OF STATE OF S	TO TO
ticular. Signature Postal Address Residence Date  * Delete which  E.—RETURN BY TH  CO  STATEMENT OF THE INCOMOR IN FAVOUR OF	hever is inage.  E PUBLIC MPANY.  TE RECEIVE ENDED 30	pplio D B	eable FFI(	CER Ac	OF DU 9 Amoun ncome uch Sor	t of from
* Delete which  * Delete which	hever is inage.  E PUBLIC MPANY.  TE RECEIVE ENDED 30	pplio D B	eable FFI(	CER Ac	OF DU 9 Amoun ncome uch Sor f Nil s "Nil	o TO RINO  t of fron urce. state
* Delete which  * Delete which	bever is may E PUBLIC MPANY. E RECEIVE ENDED 30 Income.	ppplic C OI D B	eable	CER Ac	OF  OCRUE  DU  9  Amoun  ncome  uch Soi  f Nil s	o TO RINO  t of fron urce. state
* Delete which  * Delete which	hever is may E PUBLIC MPANY. E RECEIVE ENDED 30 Income.	ppplio D B OTH	en in	E, 1	OF DU 9 Amoun ncome uch Sor f Nil s "Nil	o TO RINO  t of fron urce. state
* Delete which  * COO  * STATEMENT OF THE INCOME  OR IN FAVOUR OF  THE TWELVE MONTHS  * Sources of Income the Trade or Busing carried on at the based on the carried on at the based on the curred the accounts in furnished.)	hever is ina E PUBLIC MPANY. E RECEIVE ENDED 30 Income.  a loss has sust nevert	ppplio D B OTH	en in	E, 1	OF DU 9 Amoun ncome uch Sor f Nil s "Nil	t of from urce.
* Delete which  * Delete which	hever is ina E PUBLIC MPANY. TE RECEIVE ENDED 30 Income.  a loss has sust nevert	ppilio	Jun in inss b	DER Ac Ac I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	OF DU 9 Amoun ncome uch Sor f Nil s "Nil	o TO RINO  t of fron urce. state

\*Statement to be attached specifying—

(a) properties let and (except in case of properties let for under £100 a year) names and addresses of tenants;
(b) rent received from each tenant;
(c) expenditure on each property (shown separately) in respect of—(i) Rates, (ii) Repairs, (iii) Insurance, (iv) Interest (showing names and addresses of all persons to whom interest is paid and amount paid to each person).

Amount of Income.  Source of Income.  If Nil state "Nil." £  From Dividends and Interest, to be specified separately (as per statement attached), show-	Source of Income.  Source of Income.  If Nil state "Nil."  The amount of loss, if any, carried forward from the return for the year ended 30th June,
ing Companies from which dividends received, and names and addresses of persons from whom interest received, and amount received from each Company and person	If debentures have been redeemed or mort- gage charges have been repaid or the capital value of assets has been reduced during the accounting period, state the amount: £
E. From income derived from any country outside the Territory in respect of which no income tax is chargeable in the country of origin owing to the fact that the Company is not domiciled nor ordinarily resident in that country£  Statement to be attached giving full particulars.	If the business of the Company extends to any other country, state:  Total assets of the Company£  Assets of the Company in the Territory£  I hereby declare that all the information called for has been fully and truly stated, and that the above statement supplies a full and true account of the income of deemed to have accrued, in terms of the Income Tax Proclamation, from a source within the Territory during the twelve months covered by this return.
5. From any other source£  Statement to be attached giving full particulars.  Total for the year ended 30th June, 19£	Signature of the Public Officer of the Company.  Address for Service of Notices, etc.  Date
F.—RETURN OF GEN	VERAL INFORMATION.
	ate; was the live first that has been all the water.

(c) single persons to £250 or more, in the aggregate.

Names of Persons Employed (see Note I above).	Married or Single (state M. or S).	Address.	Period Employed,	Amount of Salary or Wages Paid during Period.	Pension.	Fees and Commission.	Bonus.	House or Quarters (state value per annum).	Board or Rations (state value per annum).	Servants (state value).	Fuel, Light, and Washing (state value).	Insurance (life) and Income Tax (paid by employer).	Other	(specify).	
				£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£			2
	1.010			1				1	1			1. 69 . 62			
					Distriction of the party of the	A transmission areas and the		the second second	Source and a store of		A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	la company of the company			
•••••	.'		I					l		***********	1				

II.—Return of persons employed by you during part only of the above year, who received any such payment, as is detailed above, at the rate per annum, in the case of—

(a) married men at the rate of £300 per annum or upwards, in the aggregate;
(b) married women, irrespective of rate of pay;
(c) single persons at the rate of £250 per annum or upwards, in the aggregate.

Names of Persons Employed (see Note I above).	Married or Single (state M. or S).	Address.	Period Employed.	Amount of Salary or Wages Paid during Period.	Pension.	Fees and Commission.	Bonus.	House or Quarters (state value per annum).	Board or Rations (state value per annum).	Servants (state value).	Fuel, Light, and Washing (state value).	Insurance (life) and Income Tax (paid by employer).	Other (specify).
				£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
						200000000000000000000000000000000000000			,				
	ļ										111		
						1			3			1	***************************************
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1		1	·			1	1	***************************************

B.

RETURN of Directors, Auditors, Accountants, Agents, or other persons who are not full-time employees, to whom fees, commission, or allowances exceeding £5 have been paid or are due for the Income Tax year.

If payment is made to a nominee on behalf of a principal or third party, the name of the latter should be stated. In the case of married women all amounts should be shown, and the initials of the husband stated.

	1 2 2	# TE	Total
3f	2 W	803 6 4	Remuneration.
Name of Person.	Address.	In what Capacity Remuneration Earned.	Fees, Wages, Allowances. Commission, etc., Paid or Due for the above
4.5		e" .	Year.
	1	ti ti	£
*	1 - t	0.00	

C

Return of Rents paid out for premises for the Income Tax year, including branches.

Name of Person (Landlord).	Address.	Amount.
		£ s. d.
- 4		

D,

Returns of Interest paid out or credited for the Income Tax year.

Name of Person (Recipient).	Address.	Amount.
	4	£ s. d.
***************************************	***************************************	•
***************************************		
		*****
=		

I hereby declare that the particulars required are in every respect fully and truly stated, and that no information called for has been omitted.

***************************************	0 % 12		_Signature
		+-:	1340
		 	Address.

#### G. - RETURN OF INTEREST PAID OR CREDITED.

Name of Creditor. (Person or Company.)	Address.	Interest (including Savings Bank Interest) amounting to £10 or upwards Paid or Credited during the above Tax Year on Money whether on Fixed Deposit or Current Account.
		£ s. d.
***************************************	***************************************	••
	1,12	

I hereby declare that the required particulars are in every respect fully and truly stated, and that no information called for has been omitted.

60		A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	
200	 	Signat	ure.
		Postal	Addres
	11 - 04 7 18	The driving same of the same	TIGUE

### H. RETURN OF DEBENTURE INTEREST AND DIVIDENDS.

	D.	LVI	DEND	S.,		
Name of Debenture or Shareholder, (Person or Company.)	Address		of De Intere or Cr during t	ount benture st Paid redited he Twelve	Divider or Cr during t Month	unt of ids Paid redited he Twelves ended ne, 19
Company.)		Months ended 30th June, 19		Cash.	In any other Form.	
	0" -		£	s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	······		······		······	
***************************************	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••					
V 10	5 885					
	NOTICE	C O	F ASS	ESSMEN	T.	
[on your ow	n behalf	or	as age	nt (or p	ublic o	ficer) o
I have to infe upon you in resp above tax year:-	orm you ect of tl	tha	at an as	sessment entioned	has be	en mede
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COLLECTOR OF INCOME T X MBABANE, SWAZILAND. Objections.—Notice of objection must be in writing and must reach the undermentioned assessment office within twenty-

one days from the date of this notice.

The taxpayer must state in detail in such notice the grounds of his objection. It should be noted that at the hearing of any appeal the taxpayer is limited, under the Income Tax Proclamation, to the grounds stated in his notice of objection. It should also be noted that the obligation to pay the amount of tax assessed is not necessarily suspended by an objection or appeal and that interest is chargeable from due date on whatever amount of tax is ultimately payable.

Note.—Interest at 6 per cent. per annum is chargeable on unpaid tax as from the expiry of the period allowed for payment.

Office Date-stamp.

Collector of Income Tax.

Assessment Office at Mbabane.

(Printed by the Government Printer, Pretoria.)

#### BECHUANALAND PROTECTORATE.

#### HIGH COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE No. 222 of 1939.

It is hereby notified for general information that His Excellency the High Commissioner has been pleased to appoint James Thomas Darlington Quigley, Esquire, Grade I Clerk, to be Accountant in the Bechuanaland Protectorate with effect from the 19th October, 1939.

By Command of His Excellency the High Commissioner.

> H. E. PRIESTMAN, Administrative Secretary.

High Commissioner's Office, Pretoria, 27th November, 1939.

#### BECHUANALAND PROTECTORATE.

#### HIGH COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE No. 223 of 1939.

It is hereby notified for general information that His Excellency the High Commissioner has been pleased to appoint Robert Fleming Rankin, Esquire, Grade II Clerk, to be a Grade I Clerk in the Bechuanaland Protectorate, with effect from the 19th October, 1939.

By Command of His Excellency the High Commissioner.

H. E. PRIESTMAN, Administrative Secretary.

High Commissioner's Office, Pretoria, 27th November, 1939.

### BASUTOLAND, BECHUANALAND PROTECTORATE, SWAZILAND.

#### HIGH COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE No. 224 of 1939.

The following Order of His Majesty in Council, dated the 25th July, 1939, applying, as from the 15th September, 1939, the Extradition Acts, 1870 to 1935, in the case of Iceland under and in accordance with a supplementary Convention with Iceland and Denmark signed on the 25th October, 1938, is hereby published for general information.

By Command of His Excellency the High Commissioner.

H. E. PRIESTMAN,
Administrative Secretary.

High Commissioner's Office, Pretoria, 28th November, 1939.

#### STATUTORY RULES AND ORDERS 1939 No. 825

#### FUGITIVE CRIMINAL

THE ICELAND (EXTRADITION) ORDER IN COUNCIL, 1939. At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 25th day of July, 1939.

#### PRESENT,

The King's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

Whereas by the Extradition Acts, 1870 to 1935, it was, amongst other things, enacted that, where an arrangement has been made with any foreign State with respect to the surrender to such State of any fugitive criminals, His Majesty may, by Order in Council, direct that the said Acts shall apply in the case of such foreign State; and that His Majesty may, by the same or any subsequent Order, limit the operation of the Order, and restrict the same to fugitive criminals who are in or suspected of being in the part of His Majesty's dominions specified in the Order, and render the operation thereof subject to such conditions, exceptions and qualifications as may be deemed expedient:

And whereas a Treaty was signed on the 31st day of March, 1873, between Her late Majesty Queen Victoria and His late Majesty the King of Denmark for the mutual extradition of fugitive criminals which Treaty applies to Iceland:

And whereas the said Treaty was duly ratified.

And whereas a supplementary Convention was signed on the 25th day of October, 1938, between His Majesty and His Majesty the King of Iceland and Denmark, which Convention is in the terms following:—

His Majesty The King of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, Emperor of India (hereinafter referred to as His Majesty The King and Emperor), and His Majesty The King of Iceland and Denmark.

Desiring to make further provision for the reciprocal extradition of fugitive criminals, have resolved to conclude a Supplementary Convention to this end, and for this purpose have appointed as their plenipotentiaries:

His Majesty The King of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, Emperor of India:

For Great Britain and Northern Ireland:

The Rt. Hon. the Viscount Halifax, K.G., G.C.S.I., G.C.I.E., T.D., His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs;

His Majesty The King of Iceland and Denmark: For Iceland:

Count Eduard Reventlow, His Majesty's Envoy. Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary in London;

Who, having communicated to each other their full powers found in good and due form, have agreed as follows:—

#### ARTICLE 1.

From the date of the coming into force of the present Convention Article 1 of the Extradition Treaty signed at Copenhagen on the 31st March, 1873, shall be amended by the addition of the following clause:—

"Extradition may also be granted at the discretion of the High Contracting Party applied to in respect of any other crime or offence for which, according to the laws of both of the High Contracting Parties for the time being in force, the grant may be made."

#### ARTICLE 2.

The foregoing amendment shall apply to extradition proceedings between Iceland on the one hand, and, on the other hand, the following territories of His Majesty The King and Emperor, that is to say, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, the Channel Islands, the Isle of Man, Newfoundland, British Colonies, British Protectorates to which the Extradition Treaty of the 31st March, 1873, applies, and mandated territories to which the said Treaty has been or may be extended, and in respect of which the mandate is exercised by His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.

#### ARTICLE 3.

The High Contracting Parties agree that His Majesty The King and Emperor may accede to the present Convention in respect of any other Member of the British Commonwealth of Nations, whose Government may desire that such accession be effected, by a notice given to that effect by the approprite diplomatic representative of His Majesty The King and Emperor at Copenhagen. From the date that such notice comes into force the amendment set forth in Article 1 shall apply to extradition proceedings between Iceland on the one hand, and, on the other, the territory of the Member of the Commonwealth concerned.

Any notice given under the first paragraph of this Article in respect of any Member of the British Commonwealth of Nations may include any territory in respect of which a mandate on behalf of the League of Nations has been accepted by His Majesty The King and Emperor and is exercised by the Government of the Member concerned.

#### ARTICLE 4.

The present Convention shall be ratified. The ratifications shall be exchanged at London as soon as possible.

#### ARTICLE 5.

The present Convention shall enter into force three months after the exchange of ratifications, and shall have the same duration as the Extradition Treaty of the 31st March, 1873.

In faith whereof the above-named plenipotentiaries have signed the present Convention and have affixed thereto their seals.

Done in duplicate in English and Icelandic at London the 25th day of October, 1938.

(L.S.) HALIFAX. (L.S.) E. REVENTLOW.

And whereas the ratifications of the said supplementary Convention were exchanged at London on the 15th day of June, 1939:

And whereas His Majesty has ratified the said supplementary convention in respect of, and the said Convention thereby extends to, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, the Channel Islands, the Isle of Man, Newfoundland, and British Colonies:

Now, therefore, His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, and in virtue of the authority committed to Him by the said recited Acts, doth order, and it is hereby ordered, that from and after the 15th day of September, 1939, the said Acts shall apply in respect of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, the Channel Islands, the Isle of Man, Newfoundland, and British Colonies in the case of Iceland under and in accordance with the said Treaty of the 31st March, 1873, as modified by the supplementary Convention of the 25th October, 1938.

This Order may be cited as the Iceland (Extradition) Order in Council, 1939.

Rupert B. Howorth.

#### BECHUANALAND PROTECTORATE.

#### HIGH COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE No. 225 of 1939.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under and by virtue of the powers conferred upon him by section two of the Fugitive Criminals Surrender Proclamation, 1908 (No. 14 of 1908) by which provision is made for the surrender of fugitive criminals in the Bechuanaland Protectorate, His Excellency the High Commissioner has been pleased to direct that the said Proclamation shall apply in the case of Iceland during the continuance of the supplementary Convention made on the 25th October, 1938, between His Majesty King George VI and His Majesty The King of Iceland and Denmark under which the Bechuanaland Protectorate is to surrender fugitive criminals to Iceland in terms of Article one of the said supplementary Convention.

By Command of His Excellency the High Commissioner.

> H. E. PRIESTMAN, Administrative Secretary.

High Commissioner's Office, Pretoria, 28th November, 1939.

#### SWAZILAND.

#### HIGH COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE No. 226 of 1939.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under and by virtue of the powers conferred upon him by section two of the Fugitive Criminals Surrender Proclamation, 1908 (No. 15 of 1908) by which provision is made for the surrender of fugitive criminals in Swaziland, His Excellency the High Commissioner has been pleased to direct that the said Proclamation shall apply in the case of Iceland during the continuance of the supplementary Convention made on the 25th October, 1938, between His Majesty King George VI and His Majesty The King of Iceland and Denmark under which Swaziland is to surrender fugitive criminals to Iceland in terms of Article one of the said supplementary Convention.

By Command of His Excellency the High Commissioner.

H. E. PRIESTMAN,
Administrative Secretary.

High Commissioner's Office, Pretoria, 28th November, 1939.

#### BECHUANALAND PROTECTORATE.

#### HIGH COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE No. 228 of 1939.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under and by virtue of the powers vested in him by section two of the Bechuanaland Protectorate Prisons Proclamation, 1939 (No. 10 of 1939), His Excellency the High Commissioner has been pleased to cancel Regulation 103 of the Regulations published under

High Commissioner's Notice No. 45 of 1939 and to substitute the following Regulation therefor:-

"103. Hard labour gangs shall leave the prison for labour daily (weather permitting) in summer at 6 a.m. and in winter at 7.15 a.m., and shall return for the night in summer at 6 p.m. and in winter at 5 p.m. One hour shall be allowed at 8 a.m. and at 1 p.m. in winter, and one hour at 8 a.m. and two hours at 1 p.m. in summer, for food and rest."

By Command of His Excellency the High Commissioner.

H. E. PRIESTMAN, Administrative Secretary.

High Commissioner's Office, Pretoria, 28th November, 1939.

#### NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application by ARTHUR COMPLIN BIRCH of Devil's Reef for the transfer of general dealer and butchery licences at Mkomazana registered in the name of Messes. KEAY, ANDERSON AND BURNETT will be heard at the Office of the Assistant District Commissioner, Pigg's Peak, at 10 a.m., on Friday, 22nd December, 1939. Any objection must be lodged in writing at the Office of the undersigned as well as with the applicant not later than the 18th December, 1939.

H. W. BOAST, Assistant District Commissioner.

Pigg's Peak, Swaziland, 28th November, 1939.

#### NOTICE OF TRANSFER OF BUSINESS.

Notice is hereby given in terms of Section 4 (1) of Proclamation No. 42 of 1933, that the general dealer's business and the butchery business previously carried on by NORTH-COTE JAMES KEAY, LENNOX HOUGHTON ANDERSON and ANDREW MASSIE BURNETT, under the style or firm of GEAY, ANDERSON & BURNETT, as the MKOMAZANE STORE AND BUTCHERY, have been transferred to ARTHUR COMPLIN BIRCH, as and from the 1st day of September, 1939.

ALBERT MILLIN.

ALBERT MILLIN, Attorney for Parties.

P.O. Box 24, Mbabane.

1-8-15

Notice is hereby given that an application by LUCAS ABNER, of Mbabane, Swaziland, for a dealer or speculator in livestock or produce licence in the Mbabane District, will be heard at the Court\_house, Mbabane, at 10 a.m., on Wednesday, 27th December, 1939.

Any objections must be lodged in writing at the office of the undersigned, as well as with the applicant, not later than 10 a.m., on Friday the 22nd December, 1939.

H. B. A. McCARTER,

District Commissioner,

Mbabane, 22nd November, 1939.

Notice in the Estate of the late HERCULES CHRISTIAN VAN WIJK of De Rust district Labatsi.

Creditors and Debtors in the above Estate are hereby required to file their claims with and pay their debts to the undersigned within thirty (30) days of the date of publication

Dated at Mafeking, this 24th day of November, 1939.

MINCHIN & KELLY, Attorneys for the Executrix Testamentary.

Unless claimed the following animal will be sold by public auction on the 15th December, 1939, at 1 o'clock at the Hluti Pound kraal:—

1 Speckled Ox (Black & White), no brands.

C. R. DELPORT. Poundmaster.

Hluti, 20th November, 1939.

#### BECHUANALAND PROTECTORATE.

#### RESIDENT COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.

ADMISSION FREE OF CUSTOMS DUTY OF BACTERIAL CULTURES FOR SOIL AND SEED INOCULATION.

It is hereby notified for general information that in terms of Item 227 (2) of the First Schedule to the Bechuanaland Protectorate Customs Tariff Amendment Proclamation, 1935 (No. 43 of 1935), as amended, the admission to the Bechuanaland Protectorate free of duty under the aforesaid Item of the undermentioned bacterial cultures for seed inoculation is approved: -

UNI-CULTURE and KALO INOCULATION manufactured by Kalo Inoculant Company, United States of America.

C. N. A. CLARKE, Resident Commissioner.

Resident Commissioner's Office Mafeking, 25th November, 1939.

#### NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given in terms of sub-section 1 of section four of the Registration of Businesses (Swaziland) Proclamation No. 42/1933, that the tea-room business at Bremersdorp, formerly carried on by OTTO GOTTLIEB and MAX SONN, has been transferred to NORBERT GUTTMAN. 1-8-15

#### BASUTOLAND.

#### RESIDENT COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.

It is hereby notified for general information that in accordance with Item 227 (2) of the First Schedule of the Customs Tariff Amendment Proclamation, 1935 (No. 42 of 1935), I have approved of the undermentioned bacterial cultures for seed inoculation being admitted free of duty:—

UNI-CULTURE and KALO INOCULATION manufactured by the Kalo Inoculant Company, United States of America.

E. C. RICHARDS, Resident Commissioner.

Resident Commissioner's Office, Maseru, Basutoland, 27th November, 1939.

#### BECHUANALAND PROTECTORATE.

#### LICENSING COURT NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a Court, open to the public, will be held at the Office of the District Commissioner at Serowe, at 10 a.m. on Wednesday, the 6th December, 1939, for the consideration of applications for the granting, renewal, transfer or removal of any liquor licence in the Ngwato and Tuli Block Districts of the Bechuanaland Protectorate for the year 1940.

G. E. NETTELTUN, District Commissioner.

District Commissioner's Office, Serowe, 16th November, 1939.

In the Estate of the late LOUIS EDOUARD JACOT-GUILLARMOD married in community of property to SOPHIE EUGENIE JACOT-GUILLARMOD born KOHLER, of Mamathes, District Teyateyaneng, Basutoland.

Creditors and Debtors in the above Estate are requested to file their claims or pay their accounts to the undersigned within 30 days from the 1st December, 1939.

S. JACOT-GUILLARMOD, Executrix Testamentary.

Mamathes, via Teyace, Basutoland. Teyateyaneng,

#### NOTICE OF TRANSFER OF BUSINESS.

Notice is hereby given that the general dealer's business, previously carried on by Mrs. TONY FLEISCHER at Nomahache under the style or firm of NOMAHACHE TRADING STORE, has been transferred as from 7th August, 1939, to Mrs. TONY FLEISCHER and Mrs. HELEN GOLD-BLATT in partnership who will carry on the business under the former firm name at the same place of business.

Bremersdorp, this 16th November, 1939.

T. H. CHLLIERS,
Attorney for Parties.

Roy 23. Bremersdorp, Swaziland.

24-1-8

Box 23, Bremersdorp, Swaziland.

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# Government Gazette

### UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA (Published on Fridays.)

### ADVERTISEMENT RATES.

LEGAL MOTICES, Lost Deeds, Certificates, Policies, etc., Messengers' Notices, Trade Marks, Orders of Court, Surrenders, Tenders and Sales, Company Notices, etc.

Rates of advertising are as follows:

5s. per inch single column; repeats 3s. 10s. per inch double column; repeats 6s. 15s. per inch treble column; repeats 9s.

In order to arrive at the approximate space which an advertisement will occupy, advertisers should count the words in the body of the advertisement, and reckon—

For single column, 6 words to the line; For double column, 14 words to the line; For treble column, 21 words to the line; and 8 lines to the inch.

In each case an additional half-inch at top and bottom should be allowed for heading and signature respectively. Fractions of an inch to be reckened an inch.

#### DECEASED ESTATE NOTICES.

Notices to Creditors and Debtors in the Estates of Deceased Persons and Notices by Executors concerning Liquidation Accounts lying for inspection are published in schedule form at 8s. per Estate.

#### INSOLVENCY ACT NOTICES.

A fixed charge of 12s. per Estate is made for publishing notices in the schedule forms prescribed in the Regulations made under the Insolvency Act, 1916 and 1936.

N.B.—In the case of forms 3 and 4, advertisers should count the words in the advertisement and reckon: 12s. for the first 36 words (or portion thereof) and 2s. for every additional 12 words (or portion thereof).

Notices of acceptance of complete specifications in respect of Applications for Letters Patent are inserted in three consecutive issues for 10s.

#### NATURALIZATION NOTICES.

Applications for Naturalization are inserted for 13s. (which includes a copy of the Gazette).

#### CLOSING HOUR.

Advertisers should observe that the closing hour for the acceptance of "copy" for the *Union Gazette* is 4 p.m. on Wednesday of each week preceding publication. When Public Holidays affect publication, a special notice will appear in the *Gazette* notifying any change in the closing hour.

Only Legal Advertisements are accepted for publication in the Gazette, and are subject to the approval of the Government Printer, who can refuse to accept or decline further publication of any advertisement.

The Government Printer reserves to himself the right to dit "copy".

No responsibility can be accepted for losses arising from omissions or typographical errors.

Manuscript of advertisements should be written on one side of the paper only and not as part of the covering letter. All proper names must be plainly inscribed; in the event of any name being incorrectly printed as a result of indistinct writing, the advertisement can be republished only on payment of the cost of another insertion.

#### No Advertisement can be inserted unless it is Prepaid.

All cheques, bank drafts, postal orders, or money orders must be made payable to the Government Printer, Pretoria, and crossed "South African Reserve Bank". Cheques will only be accepted when initialed by the Bank.

#### SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

The subscription rates to the Union Gazette (including Official Gazette of the High Commissioner, Gazettes Extraordinary, and Supplements, with Quarterly Index) are as follows : -

£1 for six months (post free). £2 for twelve months (post free). Price per single copy, 6d.

Subscriptions are payable in advance to the Government Printer, Pretoria, and may commence from the 1st of any month, but cannot be accepted for a shorter period than

J. J. KRUGER, Government Printer.

## Staatskoerant

#### UNIE VAN SUID-AFRIKA

(Verskyn elke Vrydag.)

#### ADVERTENSIETARIEWE.

WETLIKE KENNISGEWINGS, Verlore Aktes, Sertifikate, Polisse, ens., Kennisgewings van Geregsbodes, en in verband met Handelsmerke, Orders van die Hof, Boedel-oorgawes, Tenders en Verkopings, Maatskappye, ens.

Die advertensietarief is as volg:-

5s. per duim, enkele kolom; herhalings, 3s.
10s. per duim, dubbele kolom; herhalings, 6s.
15s. per duim, driedubbele kolom; herhalings, 9s.
Om die ruimte wat 'n advertensie sal beslaan, by benadering bereken, moet adverteerders die woorde in die advertensie

tel en reken-

Vir enkele kolom, 6 woorde per reël; Vir dubbele kolom, 14 woorde per reël; Vir driedubbele kolom, 21 woorde per reël; en 8 reëls per daim.

In elke geval moet 'n ekstra half-duim aan die bo- en onderkant bereken word vir die titel en ondertekening respek-tiewelik. Gedeeltes van 'n duim moet as een volle duim gereken word.

#### KENNISGEWING IN SAKE UITGESTORWE BOEDELS.

Kennisgewings aan krediteure en debiteure in die boedels van oorlede persone en kennisgewings van eksekuteurs betreffende likwidasie-rekenings wat ter insae lê; word gepubliseer in skedulevorm teen 8s. per boedel.

#### KENNISGEWINGS IN SAKE DIE INSOLVENSIEWET.

'n Vaste bedrag van 12s. per boedel word bereken vir die publikasie in skedulevorm van kennisgewings voorgeskrewe deur die regulasies opgestel ingevolge die Insolvensiewet, 1916

Let Wel.—In die geval van vorms 3 en 4 moet adverteerders die woorde in die advertensie tel en reken: 12s, vir die eerste 36 woorde (of gedeelte daarvan) en 2s. vir elke addisionele 12 woorde (of gereelte daarvan).

#### KENNISGEWINGS IN SAKE PATENTE.

Kennisgewings van aanneming van volledige spesifikasies met betrekking tot aansoeke om oktrooibriewe word vir 10s. in drie agtereenvolgende uitgawes geplaas.

Aansoeke om naturalisasie word vir 13s. geplaas, watter bedrag 'n eksemplaar van die Staatskoerant insluit.

#### SLUITINGSUUR.

Adverteerders dien daarop te let dat die sluitingsuur vir die aanneming van kopie vir die Unie-Staatskoerant 4 uur n.m. op Woensdag van elke week voor verskyning is. Wanneer openbare feesdae verskyning raak, sal daar 'n spesiale kennisgewing in die Staatskoerant geplaas word wat eventuele veranderings van die sluitingsuur aankondig.

Aljeen wetlike advertensies word vir publikasie in die Staatskoerant aangeneem en is onderworpe aan die goedkeuring van die Staatsdrukker wat kan weier om advertensies aan te neem of verder te publiseer.

Die Staatsdrukker behou hom die reg voor om kopie te redigeer.

redigeer.
Geen aanspreeklikheid kan aanvaar word vir verliese wat deur uitlatinge of tipografiese of ander foute ontstaan nie.
Die manuskrip van advertensies moet slegs op een kant van die papier geskrywe word en nie op die begeleidende brief nie. Alle eiename moet duidelik geskrywe word; ingeval enige naam verkeerd gedruk word tengevolge van onduidelike skrif, kan die advertensie alleen na betaling van die koste van 'n tweede plasing weer gepubliseer word.

### Geen advertensie kan geplaas word nie, tensy dit vooruitbetaal is.

Alle tjeks, bankwissels, posorders of poswissels moet uitgemaak word op naam van die Staatsdrukker, Pretoria, en gekruis wees ,, Suid-Afrikaanse Reserwebank''. Alleen tjeks wat deur die Bank geparafeer is, sal aangeneem word.

#### INTEKENCELD.

Die intekengeld vir die *Unie-Staatskoerant* (insluitende die Offisiële Koerant van die Hoë Kommissaris, Buitengewone Staatskoerante en Byvoegsels, met Kwartaal-indeks) is as

£1 per ses maande (posyry). £2 per twaalf maande (posyry). Prys per los eksemplaar, 6d.

Intekengelde meet vooruitbetaal word aan die Staatsdrukker, Pretoria, en kan ingaan van die Iste van enige maand, maar kan nie vir 'n korter tydperk as ses maande aangeneem word nie.

J. J. KRUGER, Staatsdrukker.