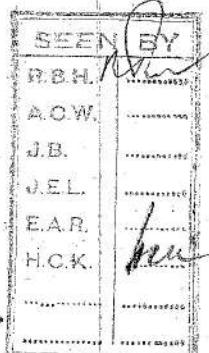


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Staatskooerant VAN DIE UNIE VAN SUID-AFRIKA

THE UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA Government Gazette

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VOL. CXXV.]

PRYS 6d.

PRETORIA, 31 JULIE 1941

31 JULY 1941

PRICE 6d.

[No. 2927]

Alle Proklamasies, Goewerments- en Algemene Kennisgewings, wat vir die eerste maal gepubliseer word, is in die linkerbohoek met 'n * gemerk.

All Proclamations, Government and General Notices published for the first time, are indicated by a * in the left-hand upper corner.

PROKLAMASIE

VAN SY EKSELLENSIE DIE HOOGEDELAGBARE SIR PATRICK DUNCAN, LID VAN DIE MEES EERVOLLE GEHEIME RAAD VAN SY MAJESTEIT, GROOTKRUISRIDER VAN DIE MEES ONDERSKEIE ORDE VAN SINT MICHAEL EN SINT JORIS, EEN VAN SY MAJESTEIT SE ADVOKATE BELESE IN DIE REG, DOKTOR IN DIE REGTE, GOEWERNEUR-GENERAAL VAN DIE UNIE VAN SUID-AFRIKA.

* No. 132, 1941.]

Kragtens die bevoegdheid my verleen by artikel een bis van die Wet op Oorlogsmatreëls, 1940 (Wet No. 13 van 1940), soos ingevoeg deur artikel een van die Oorlogsmatreëls-Wysigingswet, 1940 (Wet No. 32 van 1940), vaardig ek hierby die regulasies uit wat in die aanhangsel hiervan uiteengesit is.

Hierdie proklamasie staan bekend as Oorlogsmatreël No. 28 van 1941.

GOD BEHOEDE DIE KONING.

Gegee onder my Hand en die Grootseel van die Unie van Suid-Afrika te Pretoria, op hede die Dertigste dag van Julie Eenduisend Negehonderd Een-en-veertig.

PATRICK DUNCAN,
Goewerneur-generaal.

Op las van Sy Eksellensie die
Goewerneur-generaal-inrade.

JAN H. HOFMEYR.

AANHANGSEL.

REGULASIES.

LEWENSKOSTE-TOELAE.

1. In hierdie regulasies, tensy dit in stryd is met die samehang, beteken—

„werknaem”, enige persoon (met inbegrip van 'n vakleerling, maar nie met inbegrip van enige werknaem van die Staat, enige huisbediende wat in 'n private huishouding as sulks in diens is, of enige arbeider in diens in land- of mynbou nie) wat in diens is by of werk verrig vir enige ander persoon en ten opsigte van sodanige diens of werk enige beloning ontvang of geregting is op sodanige beloning, met dien verstande dat sy gewone weeklikse beloning hoogstens vier-en-sentwintig sjellings is; en het „diens” en „werknaem” ooreenkomslike betekenis;

Minister”, die Minister van Arbeid of enige ander Staatsminister wat namens hom optree;

BY HIS EXCELLENCE THE RIGHT HONOURABLE SIR PATRICK DUNCAN, A MEMBER OF HIS MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL, KNIGHT GRAND CROSS OF THE MOST DISTINGUISHED ORDER OF SAINT MICHAEL AND SAINT GEORGE, ONE OF HIS MAJESTY'S COUNSEL LEARNED IN THE LAW, DOCTOR OF LAWS, GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF THE UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA.

* No. 132, 1941.]

Under the powers vested in me by section one bis of the War Measures Act, 1940 (Act No. 13 of 1940), as inserted by section one of the War Measures (Amendment) Act, 1940 (Act No. 32 of 1940), I hereby make the regulations set forth in the Annexure to this Proclamation.

This Proclamation shall be called War Measure No. 28 of 1941.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Given under my Hand and the Great Seal of the Union of South Africa at Pretoria this Thirtieth day of July One thousand Nine hundred and Forty-one.

PATRICK DUNCAN,
Governor-General.

By Command of His Excellency the
Governor-General-in-Council.

JAN H. HOFMEYR.

ANNEXURE.

REGULATIONS.

COST OF LIVING ALLOWANCE.

1. In these regulations, unless inconsistent with the context—

“employee” means any person (including an apprentice, but not including any employee of the State, any domestic servant employed as such in a private household, or any labourer employed in agriculture or mining) employed by or working for any other person and receiving or being entitled to receive in respect of such employment or work any remuneration provided his ordinary weekly remuneration does not exceed seventy-four shillings; and “employ” and “employer” have corresponding meanings;
“Minister” means the Minister of Labour or any Minister of State acting in his stead;

„gewone weeklikse beloning”, die beloning bereken of volgens tyd gwerk, hoeveelheid of hoedanigheid van verrigte werk, of volgens enige ander metode, wat gewoonlik aan 'n werknemer betaal word of betaalbaar is ten opsigte van die werk van een week: Met dien verstaande dat—

- (a) as 'n werknemer se beloning per uur of dag bereken word, sy gewone weeklikse beloning die beloning is wat ten opsigte van een uur of een dag betaal word of betaalbaar is, vermenigvuldig met die getal ure of dae wanneer hy gewoonlik in enige afsonderlike week werk;
- (b) as 'n werknemer se beloning per maand bereken word is sy gewone weeklikse beloning dié beloning wat ten opsigte van een maand betaal word of betaalbaar is, gedeel deur vier-en-een-derde;
- (c) as 'n werknemer se beloning anders bereken word as volgens tyd gwerk, is sy gewone weeklikse beloning sy totale verdienste gedurende sy diens-tydperk by die betrokke werkewer, of gedurende die twaalf weke wat die week onmiddellik voorafgaan ten opsigte waarvan die berekening gedoen word (na gelang van die kortste tydperk), gedeel deur die getal weke binne sodanige tydperk wanneer die werknemer enige werk vir sy werkewer verrig het;
- (d) as 'n werknemer se beloning gedeeltelik bereken word volgens tyd gwerk en gedeeltelik op een of ander wyse, is paragrawe (a) en (b) van toepassing ten opsigte van soveel van sy gewone weeklikse beloning as wat bereken is volgens tyd gwerk en is paragraaf (c) van toepassing ten opsigte van soveel van sy gewone weeklikse beloning as wat op 'n ander wyse as volgens tyd gwerk, bereken is;

„beloning”, enige betaling in kontant gemaak of verskuldig aan enige persoon wat op enige wyse hoege-naamd uit diens ontstaan, maar waarby enige toelae betaal of betaalbaar ingevolge regulasie 2 nie inbegrepe is nie, en sluit, in die geval van 'n werknemer wie se loon bereken word op tyd gwerk, nie beloning vir oortyd in nie;

„loonreërende maatreël”, 'n ooreenkoms, kennisgewing, of uitspraak wat bekendgemaak of gedoen is of beskou word bekendgemaak of gedoen te gewees het ingevolge die Nywerheid-versoenoingswet, 1937 (Wet No. 36 van 1937), of 'n vasstelling wat gemaak is of beskou word gemaak te gewees het ingevolge die Loonwet, 1937 (Wet No. 44 van 1937).

2. (1) Behoudens die bepalings van subregulasie (2) van regulasie 7 moet elke werkewer met ingang vanaf die vierde dag van Augustus 1941 elk van sy werknemers, behalwe enige ander beloning waarop die werknemer geregtig is, 'n lewens-koste-toelae betaal wat as volg bereken is:—

- (a) As die gewone weeklikse beloning van die werknemer gelyk is aan meer as sewentig sjellings per week, 'n toelae gelyk aan die verskil tussen sy gewone weeklikse beloning en vier-en-sewentig sjellings per week;
- (b) in alle ander gevalle, 'n toelae van minstens een sjeling per week vermeerder met ses pennies ten opsigte van elke tien sjellings of deel daarvan waarby die werknemer se gewone weeklikse beloning meer as tien sjellings per week is.

(2) Die toelae waarna in subregulasie (1) verwys word, moet kontant betaal word met dieselfde geleenthede as die werknemer se gewone beloning.

(3) As 'n werknemer maandeliks betaal word, moet die toelae ingevolge hierdie regulasie betaalbaar, bereken word deur die weeklikse toelae met vier-en-een-derde te vermenigvuldig.

3. Geen ooreenkoms, uitdruklik of stilswygend, met inbedrip van 'n plakker-dienskontrak of dienskontrak ingevolge die Naturelle-Dienskontrak-Wet, 1932 (Wet No. 24 van 1932), aangegaan vóór of nadat hierdie regulasies in enige gebied in werkung tree, stel 'n werknemer kwyt van die toepassing op hom van enige bepaling van hierdie regulasies nie, ook mag dit nie so toegepas word om die betaling van enige toelae wat minder is as die voorgeskryf by regulasie 2 aan enige werknemer toe te laat nie.

4. (1) Die Minister kan deur skriftelike kennisgewing aan die betrokke werkewer, of deur middel van kennisgewing in die Staatskoerant, en onderhewig aan sodanige voorwaarde as wat hy in sodanige geskrif of kennisgewing mag vasstel, die werking van hierdie regulasies skors ten opsigte van enige geneoemde werknemer, of alle werknemers wat by 'n geneoemde werkewer in diens is, of enige bepaalde kategorie werknemers, as hy daarvan oortuig is dat enige wet, loonreërende maatreël, kontrak of reëling bestaan wat voorsiening maak vir die betaling van 'n redelike lewenskoste-toelae aan daardie werknemer of die werknemers van daardie werkewer of daardie kategorie werknemers.

(2) Vir die toepassing van hierdie regulasie beteken „kategorie werknemers” sodanige groep of afdeling of soort werknemers as wat die Minister mag bepaal, en die Minister kan by sodanige bepaling enige onderskeidingsmetode toepas wat hy raadsaam ag.

(3) Die Minister kan van tyd tot tyd deur 'n geskrif wat hy onderteken en onderhewig aan sodanige voorwaarde as wat hy gepas vind, al of enigeen van die bevoegdhede wat by subregulasie (1) aan hom verleen is, aan enige staats-amptenaar oordra, en kan enige sodanige oordrag intrek.

“ordinary weekly remuneration” means the remuneration whether calculated according to time worked, quantity or quality of work performed or any other method, ordinarily paid or payable to an employee in respect of one week's work: Provided that—

- (a) if an employee's remuneration is calculated by the hour or the day, his ordinary weekly remuneration shall be the remuneration paid or payable in respect of one hour or one day, multiplied by the number of hours or days on which he ordinarily works in any one week;
- (b) if an employee's remuneration is calculated by the month, his ordinary weekly remuneration shall be the remuneration paid or payable in respect of one month divided by four and one-third;
- (c) if an employee's remuneration is calculated otherwise than according to time worked, his ordinary weekly remuneration shall be his total earnings during his period of employment with the employer concerned, or during the twelve weeks immediately preceding the week in respect of which the calculation is being made (whichever is the shorter period) divided by the number of weeks within such period, during which the employee performed any work for the employer;
- (d) if an employee's remuneration is calculated partly according to time worked and partly in some other manner, paragraphs (a) and (b) shall apply in respect of so much of his ordinary weekly remuneration as is calculated according to time worked and paragraph (c) shall apply in respect of so much of his ordinary weekly remuneration as is calculated otherwise than according to time worked;

“remuneration” means any payment in money made or owing to any person which arises in any manner whatever out of employment, but does not include any allowance paid or payable in terms of Regulation 2, and, in the case of an employee whose remuneration is calculated according to time worked, does not include remuneration for overtime;

“wage regulating measure” means an agreement, notice, or award, published or made or deemed to have been published or made under the Industrial Conciliation Act, 1937 (Act No. 36 of 1937), or a determination made or deemed to have been made under the Wage Act, 1937 (Act No. 44 of 1937).

2. (1) Subject to the provisions of sub-regulation (2) of Regulation 7, every employer shall, with effect from the fourth day of August, 1941, pay to each of his employees, in addition to any other remuneration to which the employee is entitled, a cost of living allowance, calculated as follows:—

- (a) If the ordinary weekly remuneration of the employee is equivalent to more than seventy shillings per week, an allowance equivalent to the difference between his ordinary weekly remuneration and seventy-four shillings per week.
- (b) In all other cases, an allowance of not less than one shilling per week, increased by sixpence in respect of every ten shillings or fraction thereof by which the employee's ordinary weekly remuneration exceeds ten shillings per week.

(2) The allowance referred to in sub-regulation (1) shall be paid in money at the same intervals as the employee's ordinary remuneration.

(3) If an employee is paid monthly, the allowance payable under this regulation shall be calculated by multiplying the weekly allowance by four and one-third.

3. No agreement, express or implied, including a labour-tenant contract or service contract in terms of the Native Service Contract Act, 1932 (Act No. 24 of 1932), whether entered into before or after these regulations are put into operation in any area, shall effect any waiver by any employee of the application to him of any provision of these regulations, nor shall it operate to permit of the payment to any employee of any allowance less than that prescribed by Regulation 2.

4. (1) The Minister may, by notice in writing to the employer concerned, or by notice in the Gazette, and subject to such conditions as he may specify in such writing or notice, suspend the operation of these regulations in respect of any named employee, or all employees employed by a named employer, or any specified class of employees, if he is satisfied that any law, wage regulating measure, contract or arrangement exists which provides for the payment of a reasonable cost of living allowance to that employee or the employees of that employer or that class of employees.

(2) For the purpose of this regulation “class of employees” means such group or section or type of employees as may be specified by the Minister, and the Minister may, in specifying, apply any method of discrimination or differentiation he may deem advisable.

(3) The Minister may from time to time by writing under his hand, and subject to such conditions as he may deem fit, delegate all or any of the powers conferred upon him by sub-regulation (1) to any officer in the public service, and may withdraw any such delegation.

5. As die beloning aan enige werknemer betaalbaar deur enige loonreëlende maatreel beheer word—

- (a) word die toelae aan daardie werknemer betaalbaar ingevolge regulasie 2 vir die toepassing van daardie loonreëlende maatreel beskou as deel te wees van die beloning betaalbaar aan daardie werknemer ingevolge daardie maatreel; en
- (b) is die bepalings van die Nywerheid-versoeningswet, 1937 (Wet No. 36 van 1937), of die Loonwet, 1937 (Wet No. 44 van 1937), wat volgens die loonreëlende maatreel ingevolge een of ander van hierdie wette bekendgemaak of gemaak is, ten opsigte van genoemde toelae van toepassing; en
- (c) is die bepalings van regulasie 6 [behalwe subregulasie 1 (b) daarvan] ten opsigte van genoemde toelae nie van toepassing nie.

6. (1) Enige werkewer wat—

- (a) die bepalings van regulasie 2 oortree of in gebreke bly om daarau te voldoen, of
- (b) sonder goeie rede die beloning van enige werknemer verminder of enige werknemer ontslaan en hom weer in diens neem teen 'n verminderde loon, of
- (c) van enige werknemer verlang of hom toelaat om aan hom die hele of enige gedeelte van enige toelae te betaal of terug te betaal wat ingevolge regulasie 2 betaal of betaalbaar is, of enige daad doen of toelaat om gedaan te word as 'n regstreekse of onregstreekse gevolg waarvan 'n werknemer ontstoke is van die bystand of van enige gedeelte van die bystand van enige sodanige toelae,

is skuldig aan 'n oortreding en staan by skuldigbevinding bloot aan 'n boete van hoogstens eenhonderd pond of gevangenistraf vir 'n tydperk van hoogstens een jaar, of sodanige gevangenistraf sonder die keuse van boete, of heide sodanige boete en sodanige gevangenistraf.

(2) As 'n werkewer ingevolge hierdie regulasies skuldig bevind word aan 'n misdryf, moet die hof wat hom skuldig bevind hom gelas om aan 'n aangewese amptenaar in die Staatsdiens binne 'n tydperk deur die hof vasgestel, by wyse van paaiemende of andersins, soos deur die hof vasgestel word. 'n Bedrag te betaal wat deur die hof beraam is as gelyk te wees aan die totale bedrag wat verloor is as gevolg van die misdryf deur die werknemers ten opsigte van wie die werkewer skuldig bevind is. Sodaanige amptenaar moet enige bedrag wat hy ontvang na aanleiding van enige sodanige bevel aan die betrokke werknemers betaal in verhouding met die totale bedrag wat aan hulle verskuldig is. Enige bevel wat kragtens hierdie subregulasie uitgevaardig is, het die volle uitwerking van en kan ten uitvoer gelê word asof dit 'n siviele vonnis ten gunste van die Unieregering is.

(3) By enige geregtelike stappe op 'n aanklag ingevolge paragraaf (b) van subregulasie (1), rus die bewyslas om enige handelswyse te regverdig wat om goeie redes gedaan is en wat die grondslag van die aanklag uitmaak op die beskuldigde en die voorname om die ekstra uitgawe te ontdruk of te verminder wat nodig is om te voldoen aan die bepalings van hierdie regulasies, mag nie as 'n sodanige rede beskou word nie.

7. (1) Behoudens die bepalings van subregulasie (2) is hierdie regulasies in ondervermelde magistraatsdistrikte van krag: Pretoria, Krugersdorp, Roodepoort, Johannesburg, Germiston, Boksburg, Benoni, Brakpan, Springs, Nigel, Durban, Pietermaritzburg, Oos-Londen, Port Elizabeth, Kimberley, die Kaap, Wynberg, Simonstad, Bellville en Bloemfontein.

(2) Die Minister kan van tyd tot tyd by kennisgewing in die Staatskoerant hierdie regulasies in werking stel in ander gebiede in die Unie wat in sodanige kennisgewing bepaal is met ingang vanaf 'n datum wat daarin vasgestel word.

5. If the remuneration payable to any employee is governed by any wage regulating measure—

- (a) the allowance payable under Regulation 2 to that employee shall, for the purposes of that wage regulating measure, be deemed to be a part of the remuneration payable to that employee in terms of that measure; and
- (b) the provisions of the Industrial Conciliation Act, 1937 (Act No. 36 of 1937), or the Wage Act, 1937 (Act No. 44 of 1937), according as the wage regulating measure was published or made under the one or the other of these Acts, shall be applicable in respect of the said allowance; and
- (c) the provisions of Regulation 6 [except sub-regulation 1 (b) thereof] shall not be applicable in respect of the said allowance.

6. (1) Any employer who—

- (a) contravenes or fails to comply with the provisions of Regulation 2; or
- (b) without good reason reduces the remuneration of any employee or dismisses any employee and re-employs him at a reduced remuneration; or
- (c) requires or permits any employee to pay or repay to him the whole or any portion of any allowance paid or payable under Regulation 2, or does any act or permits any act to be done as a direct or indirect result of which any employee is deprived of the benefit or of any portion of the benefit of any such allowance,

shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds or imprisonment for a period not exceeding one year, or such imprisonment without the option of a fine, or both such fine and such imprisonment,

(2) Whenever an employer is convicted of an offence under these regulations, the court convicting him shall order him to pay to a specified officer in the public service, within a period fixed by the court, in instalments or otherwise as determined by the court, an amount estimated by the court to be equivalent to the total amount lost, as a result of the offence, by the employees in respect of whom the employer has been convicted. Such officer shall pay any amount received by him in pursuance of any such order to the employees concerned, in proportion to the total amounts due to them. Any order made under this sub-regulation shall have all the effects of, and may be executed as if it were a civil judgment in favour of the Government of the Union.

(3) In any proceedings on a charge under paragraph (b) of sub-regulation (1), the onus of proving good reason for any action forming the basis of the charge shall rest upon the accused, and intention to avoid or mitigate the additional expenditure necessary to comply with the provisions of these regulations shall not be deemed to be such a reason.

7. (1) Subject to the provisions of sub-regulation (2), these regulations shall be in force in the Magisterial Districts of Pretoria, Krugersdorp, Roodepoort, Johannesburg, Germiston, Boksburg, Benoni, Brakpan, Springs, Nigel, Durban, Pietermaritzburg, East London, Port Elizabeth, Kimberley, the Cape, Wynberg, Simonstown, Bellville and Bloemfontein.

(2) The Minister may from time to time by notice in the Gazette put these regulations into operation in other areas in the Union, defined in such notice, with effect from a date specified therein.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE

DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR.

The following Government Notices are published for general information:—

* No. 1075.]

[31 July 1941.

WET OP OORLOGSMAATREELS, 1940.—SKORSING VAN BETALING VAN LEWENSKOSTE-TOELAE BETAALBAAR INGEVOLGE OORLOGSMAATREEL NO. 28 VAN 1941.

Ek, JAN HENDRIK HOFMEYR, waarnemende Minister van Arbeid, handelende ooreenkomsdig die bepalings van subregulasie (1) van regulasie 4, van die regulasies bekendgemaak onder Oorlogsmaatreel No. 28 van 1941 (Proklamasie No. 132 van 1941), skors hierby die werking van genoemde regulasies ten opsigte van alle werknemers wat geregtig is op 'n lewenskostotoelae of oorlogsbonus ingevolge die loonreëlende maatreels bekendgemaak by Goewermentskennisgewings uiteengesit in die aanhangsel van hierdie kennisgewing.

JAN H. HOFMEYR,
Waarnemende Minister van Arbeid.

WAR MEASURES ACT, 1940.—SUSPENSION OF PAYMENT OF COST OF LIVING ALLOWANCES PAYABLE UNDER WAR MEASURE NO. 28 OF 1941.

I, JAN HENDRIK HOFMEYR, Acting Minister of Labour, acting in terms of sub-regulation (1) of Regulation 4, of the regulations published under War Measure No. 28 of 1941 (Proclamation No. 132 of 1941), hereby suspend the operation of the said regulations in respect of all employees who are entitled to a cost of living allowance or war bonus under the wage regulating measures published under the Government Notices set forth in the Annexure to this notice.

JAN H. HOFMEYR,
Acting Minister of Labour.

AANHANGSEL.

Naam van Nywerheidsraad.	Gouvernements-kennisgeving No.	Datum van bekendmaking.
Industrial Council for the Baking and Confectionery Industry, Port Elizabeth and Uitenhage "	1255 780	2/ 8/40 6/ 6/41
Industrial Council for the Bespoke Tailoring Industry, Witwatersrand "	755	30/ 5/41
National Industrial Council of the Biscuit Manufacturing Industry of South Africa "	738	23/ 5/41
Industrial Council for the Building Industry, Cape Peninsula "	614	25/ 4/41
Industrial Council for the Building Industry, Witwatersrand and Pretoria "	401 474	14/ 3/41 28/ 3/41
Industrial Council for the Clothing Industry, Cape "	380	14/ 3/41
Industrial Council for the Clothing Industry, Natal "	987	11/ 7/41
Industrial Council for the General Engineering and Metal Industry, Cape "	1443 2012	6/ 9/40 13/12/40
Industrial Council for the General Engineering Industry, East London "	1535 1628 184	6/10/39 11/10/40 31/ 1/41
National Industrial Council for the Furniture Manufacturing Industry of the Union of South Africa "	1009 594 707 514	18/ 7/41 16/ 4/37 7/ 5/37 14/ 4/39
Industrial Council for the Iron and Steel Manufacturing and Engineering Industry, Transvaal "	1492 1599 59 748 882 1681	29/ 9/39 13/10/39 12/ 1/40 10/ 5/40 30/ 5/40 18/10/40
National Industrial Council of the Leather Industry of South Africa "	1895 82	29/11/40 17/ 1/41
Industrial Council for the Motor Industry, Cape "	764 689 1055	10/ 5/40 9/ 5/41 25/ 7/41
Industrial Council for the Motor Industry, Natal "	77	17/ 1/41
Industrial Council for the Motor Vehicle Driving Occupation (other than in connection with the transportation of passengers), Cape "	1006 1072	18/ 7/41 25/ 7/41
National Industrial Council of the Printing and Newspaper Industry of South Africa "	1076 1822 1992	21/ 7/39 15/11/40 13/12/40
Industrial Council for the Canvas and Ropeworking Industry, Witwatersrand and Pretoria "	2056 1093	27/12/40 1/ 8/41
Industrial Council for the Clothing Industry, Eastern Province "	1425	6/ 9/40

ANNEXURE.

Name of Industrial Council.	Govern-ment Notice No.	Date of Publication.
Industrial Council for the Baking and Confectionery Industry, Port Elizabeth and Uitenhage "	1255 780	2/ 8/40 6/ 6/41
Industrial Council for the Bespoke Tailoring Industry, Witwatersrand	755	30/ 5/41
National Industrial Council of the Biscuit Manufacturing Industry of South Africa	738	23/ 5/41
Industrial Council for the Building Industry, Cape Peninsula	614	25/ 4/41
Industrial Council for the Building Industry, Witwatersrand and Pretoria "	401 474	14/ 3/41 28/ 3/41
Industrial Council for the Clothing Industry, Cape Natal	380	14/ 3/41
Industrial Council for the Clothing Industry, Natal	987	11/ 7/41
Industrial Council for the General Engineering and Metal Industry, Cape "	1443 2012	6/ 9/40 13/12/40
Industrial Council for the General Engineering Industry, East London "	1535 1628 184	6/10/39 11/10/40 31/ 1/41
National Industrial Council for the Furniture Manufacturing Industry of the Union of South Africa	1009 594 707 514	18/ 7/41 16/ 4/37 7/ 5/37 14/ 4/39
Industrial Council for the Iron and Steel Manufacturing and Engineering Industry, Transvaal "	1492 1599 59 748 882 1681	29/ 9/39 13/10/39 12/ 1/40 10/ 5/40 30/ 5/40 18/10/40
National Industrial Council of the Leather Industry of South Africa "	1895 82	29/11/40 17/ 1/41
Industrial Council for the Motor Industry, Cape "	764 689 1055	10/ 5/40 9/ 5/41 25/ 7/41
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Industrial Council for the Canvas and Ropeworking Industry, Witwatersrand and Pretoria "	2056 1093	27/12/40 1/ 8/41
Industrial Council for the Clothing Industry, Eastern Province	1425	6/ 9/40

MINERALE-WYSIGINGS-WET

(No. 36 van 1934)

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MINERAL LAW AMENDMENT ACT

(No. 36 of 1934)

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