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Alle Proklamasies, Goewerments- en Algemene Kennisgewings, wat vir die eerste maal gepubliseer word, is in die linkerbohoek met 'n * gemerk.

All Proclamations, Government and General Notices published for the first time, are indicated by a * in the left-hand upper corner.

GOEWERMENTSKENNISGEWINGS.

Onderstaande Goewermentskennisgewings word vir algemene inligting gepubliseer:

DEPARTEMENT VAN ARBEID.

* No. 1925.] [22 Augustus 1952.

NYWERHEID-VERSOENINGSWET, 1937.

BOUNYWERHEID, WORCESTER.

Ek, PAUL OLIVER SAUER, Waarnemende Minister van Arbeid, verklaar hierby—

- (a) kragtens subartikel (1) van artikel *agt-en-veertig* van die Nywerheid-versoeningswet, 1937, dat al die bepalings van die Ooreenkoms wat in die Bylae verskyn en betrekking het op die Bounywerheid, Worcester, vanaf die tweede Maandag na die datum van bekendmaking van hierdie kennisgewing en vir die tydperk wat een jaar vanaf genoemde tweede Maandag eindig, bindend is vir die werkgewers-organisasie en die vakverenigings wat genoemde ooreenkoms aangegaan het en vir die werkgewers en werknemers wat lede van daardie organisasie of daardie verenigings is;
- (b) kragtens subartikel (2) van artikel *agt-en-veertig* van die genoemde Wet, dat die bepalings vervat in klousules 1, 3 tot en met 22, 24, 25, 26 (1), 26 (2) en 26 (4) van die genoemde Ooreenkoms, vanaf die tweede Maandag na die datum van bekendmaking van hierdie kennisgewing en vir die tydperk wat een jaar vanaf genoemde tweede Maandag eindig, bindend is vir die ander werkgewers en werknemers betrokke by of in diens van genoemde nywerheid in die Magistraatsdistrik Worcester; en
- (c) kragtens subartikel (4) van artikel *agt-en-veertig* van genoemde Wet, dat die bepalings vervat in klousules 1, 3 tot en met 22, 24, 25, 26 (1), 26 (2) en 26 (4) van genoemde Ooreenkoms vanaf die tweede Maandag na die datum van bekendmaking van hierdie kennisgewing en vir die tydperk wat een jaar vanaf genoemde tweede Maandag eindig, in die magistraatsdistrik Worcester *mutatis mutandis* van toepassing is ten opsigte van persone in diens in genoemde nywerheid, wat nie by die woordomskrywing van die uitdrukking „werknemer”, vervat in artikel *een* van genoemde Wet, ingesluit is nie.

P. O. SAUER,
Waarnemende Minister van Arbeid.

A-5300

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

The following Government Notices are published for general information:

DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR.

* No. 1925.] [22 August 1952.

INDUSTRIAL CONCILIATION ACT, 1937.

BUILDING INDUSTRY, WORCESTER.

I, PAUL OLIVER SAUER, Acting Minister of Labour, do hereby—

- (a) in terms of sub-section (1) of section *forty-eight* of the Industrial Conciliation Act, 1937, declare that all the provisions of the Agreement which appears in the Schedule hereto and which relates to the Building Industry, Worcester, shall be binding from the second Monday after the date of publication of this notice and for the period ending one year from the said second Monday, upon the employers' organisation and the trade unions which entered into the said Agreement and upon the employer and employees who are members of that organisation or those unions;
- (b) in terms of sub-section (2) of section *forty-eight* of the said Act, declare that the provisions contained in clauses 1, 3 to 22 (inclusive), 24, 25, 26 (1), 26 (2) and 26 (4) of the said Agreement shall be binding from the second Monday after the date of publication of this notice and for the period ending one year from the said second Monday, upon the other employers and employees engaged or employed in the said Industry, in the Magisterial District of Worcester; and
- (c) in terms of sub-section (4) of section *forty-eight* of the said Act, declare that in the Magisterial District of Worcester, and from the second Monday after the date of publication of this notice and for the period ending one year from the said second Monday, the provisions contained in clauses 1, 3 to 22 (inclusive), 24, 25, 26 (1), 26 (2) and 26 (4) of the said Agreement shall *mutatis mutandis* apply in respect of such persons employed in the said industry as are not included in the definition of the expression "employee", contained in section *one* of the said Act.

P. O. SAUER,
Acting Minister of Labour.

BYLAE.

DIE WORCESTERE NYWERHEIDSRAAD VIR DIE BOUBEDRYF.

OOREENKOMS

ingevolge die bepaling van die Nywerheid-versoeningswet, 1937, gesluit deur die

- Worcester Master Builders' & Allied Trades' Association (hierna die „werkgewers” of die „werkgewersorganisasie” genoem), aan die een kant, en die

Worcester Boubedryf Vereniging

Western Province Building, Electrical & Allied Trades' Union

Amalgamated Society of Woodworkers of South Africa

(hierna die „werkneemers” of die „vakvereniging” genoem), aan die ander kant,

wat die partye is by die Worcesterse Nywerheidsraad vir die Boubedryf.

1. BESTEK VAN OOREENKOMS.

Die bepaling van hierdie Ooreenkoms moet nagekom word in die magistraatsdistrik Worcester deur alle werkneemers vir wie lone hierin voorgeskryf word, en deur alle werkgewers in die bounywerheid wat onderskeidelik lede is van die vakverenigings en werkgewersorganisasies, met dien verstande dat die bepaling nie van toepassing is op persone werkzaam met die oprigting, onderhou, herstel of verbouing op please van woonhuise of ander geboue waarvan die koste van oprigting, onderhoud, herstel of verbouing altesaam nie meer as £300 bedra nie.

2. GELDIGHEIDSDEUR VAN OOREENKOMS.

Hierdie Ooreenkoms tree in werking op 'n datum wat kragtens artikel *agt-en-veertig* van die Wet deur die Minister vasgestel word en bly drie jaar van krag of vir 'n tydperk wat hy bepaal.

3. WOORDBEPALINGS.

Alle uitdrukings wat in hierdie Ooreenkoms gebesig word en in die Nywerheid-versoeningswet, 1937, bepaal is, het die selfde betekenis as in daardie Wet en verwysings na 'n wet sluit alle wysigings van dié Wet in; voorts, tensy strydig met die samehang, beteken—

„Wet”, die Nywerheid-versoeningswet, 1937;
„bounywerheid”, die nywerheid waarin werkgewers en werkneemers verbonde is vir die doel om—

- (1) geboue op te rig, te voltooi, te vernuwe, te herstel of te verander;
- (2) ondernomen werk op 'n bouterrein uit te voer wat 'n vaste en integrerende deel daarvan uitmaak—

messelwerk, wat betonwerk insluit en die aanbring van betonblokke, beteëling van vloere en mure, voegwerk, plaveiwerk, mosaïekwerk, sigwerk in leiklip, in marmer en in komposisie, rioolaanleg, leidek en lê van pandakke;

elektriese installering, wat elektrotegniese monteerwerk en bedrading insluit asook werkzaamhede wat daar mee gepaard gaan, behalwe dié elektrotegniese installering wat onafhanklik van die struktuurverandering (behalwe dié wat by so 'n installering kan behoort) van 'n gebou of die oprigting daarvan, onderneem word;

vernis, wat poleer met 'n kwas of kussinkie insluit asook met 'n komposisie spuit;

skrynwerk, wat insluit die maak, met inbegrip van masjienvbewerking, en aanbring van deure, vensters, hortiges, boligte of enige ander houttoebehore wat 'n vaste deel van 'n gebou uitmaak;

klipmesselwerk, wat klipkap en -bou (ook die kap en bou van sierklipwerk en monumentklipwerk), insluit, betonwerk en die plaas van bou van vooraf gevormde of kunsklip of marmer, plaveiwerk, mosaïekwerk, voegwerk, beteëling van vloere en mure, bediening van klipbewerkingmasjinerie, en skerpmaak van klipmesselaarsgereedskap;

metaalwerk, wat die aanbring van staalplafonne, metaalvensterrame, metaalteude, bouersmidswerk, metaalrame en metaaltrappe en boukundige metaalwerk insluit, die vervaardiging en/of aanbring van getrokke metaalwerk en plate en uitgedrukte metaal;

skilderwerk, wat sierwerk, plakwerk, ruite insit, kouwaterverf, wit- en kleurkalk, beits, vernis, houtvlamwerk, marmerwerk en spuit insluit, letterskilder en muurversiering;

pleisterwerk, wat modelleer insluit, granolitiese en komposisievloere, vooraf gevormde of kunsklipwerk, beteëling van mure en vloere, plaveiwerk en mosaïekwerk;

loodgieterswerk, wat loodsweiswerk insluit, gasaanleg, sanitêre en huishoudelike ingenieurswerk, rioolaanleg, loodkalfater, ventilasie, verwarming, warm- en kouwateraanleg, brandinstallasie en die vervaardiging en aanbring van loodgiettoebehore van plaatmetaal;

SCHEDULE.

WORCESTER BUILDING INDUSTRIAL COUNCIL.

AGREEMENT

in accordance with the provisions of the Industrial Conciliation Act, 1937, made and entered into between the

Worcester Master Builders' and Allied Trades' Association (hereinafter called "the employers" or "the employers' organisation"), of the one part, and the

Worcester Boubedryf Vereniging, the Western Province Building, Electrical and Allied Trades' Union, and

The Amalgamated Society of Woodworkers of South Africa (hereinafter called "the employees" or "the trade union"), of the other part, being the parties to the Worcester Building Industrial Council.

1. SCOPE AND APPLICATION OF AGREEMENT.

The terms of this Agreement shall be observed in the Magisterial District of Worcester by all employees for whom wages are prescribed herein, and by all employers in the Building Industry who are members of the trade unions and employers' organisation respectively; provided that the terms shall not apply to persons engaged in the erection, maintenance, repair or alteration on farms of dwelling-houses or other buildings, the cost of erection, maintenance, repair or alteration whereof does not exceed a total of £300.

2. TERM OF APPLICATION OF AGREEMENT.

This Agreement shall come into operation on such date as may be specified by the Minister in terms of section *forty-eight* of the Act, and shall remain in force for a period of three years, or for such period as may be determined by him.

3. DEFINITIONS.

Any expressions used in this Agreement which are defined in the Industrial Conciliation Act, 1937, shall have the same meaning as in that Act, and any reference to an Act shall include any amendment to such Act; further, unless inconsistent with the context—

“Act” means the Industrial Conciliation Act, 1937;

“Building Industry” means the industry in which employers and employees are associated—

- (1) for the purpose of erecting, completing, renovating, repairing or altering buildings;

- (2) for the purpose of the following work on the site of a building; and constituting a permanent and integral portion thereof:—

Bricklaying, which includes concreting and the fixing of concrete blocks, tiling of walls and floors, pointing, paving, mosaic work, facing work in slate, in marble and in composition, drainlaying, slating and roof tiling;

electrical installation, which includes electrical fitting and wiring and operations incidental thereto, except such electrical installation as is undertaken independently of any structural alteration (other than such as may be incidental to such installation) to or erection of, a building;

french polishing, which includes polishing with a brush or pad, and spraying with any composition; *joinery*, which includes the making including machining and fixing of doors, windows, shutters, skylight or any other wooden fixture which forms a permanent part of the building;

masonry, which includes stone cutting and building and building of ornamental stone work, concreting and the fixing or building of precast or artificial stone or marble paving, mosaic work, pointing, wall and floor tiling, operating of stone working machinery and sharpening of mason's tools;

metal work, which means the fixing of steel ceilings, metal windows, metal doors, builders' smith work, metal frames and metal stairs and architectural metal work, the making and/or fixing of drawn metal work and sheet and extruded metal;

painting, which includes decorating, paper-hanging, glazing, distempering, lime and colour-washing, staining, varnishing, graining and marbling and spraying, signwriting and wall decoration;

plastering, which includes modelling, granolithic and composition flooring, precast or artificial stone work, wall and floor tiling, paving and mosaic work;

plumbing, which includes lead burning gas fitting, sanitary and domestic engineering, drain-laying, caulking, ventilating, heating, hot and cold water fitting, fire prevention installation and the making and fitting of plumbing fixtures from sheet metal;

winkelmonterings, wat die vervaardiging en aanbring van winkelfronte, vensterkaste, toonbanke, afskortings en binnetoebehore insluit;

staalversterking, die maak, bind en aanbring van staalversterking;

staalbouwerk, wat die aanbring van alle klasse staal of ander metaalpilare insluit, metaalbalke, staal-stutbalke of metaal in watter vorm ook al wat deel van 'n gebou of bouwerk uitmaak;

houtwerk, wat timmermanswerk insluit, houtbewerking met masjienwerk, houtdraai, houtsny, aanbring van geriffelde sinkplate, geluid- en akoeitiemateriaal, kurk- en asbes-isolasie, aanbring van houtlatjies, komposisieplafon en -muurbedekking, muurproppe maak, houtwerk bedek met metaal, blokkies- en ander soorte vloere, met inbegrip van hout of kurk, met inbegrip van skuurpapierbewerking daarvan;

(3) vir doel van werk wat weg van die bouterreine gedoen word wat 'n vaste en integrerende deel van 'n gebou sal uitmaak:

skryn-, klippemsel-, pleister-, modelleer- en loodgieterswerk volgens spesifikasies vir installering in bepaalde geboue maar wat nie vervaardig word vir voorrade, toonbanke, afskortings en binnetoebehore volgens spesifikasies vir vaste installering in bepaalde geboue nie;

„gebou”, ook mure, stutmure of monumente;

„betonwerker”, 'n werknemer wat toesig hou en verantwoordelik is vir die gooi van beton in voorafbereide vorms;

„distrikswerk”, werk in die nywerheid binne die magistraatsdistrik Worcester wat—

(a) ingeval die inrigting van die werkewer in die munisipale gebied van Worcester is, buite 'n straal van twee myl van die hoofposkantoor, Worcester, af geleë is;

(b) ingeval die inrigting van die werkewer binne enige ander munisipale gebied of gebied van 'n dorpsbeheerraad binne die magistraatsdistrik Worcester is, buite 'n straal van twee myl van die poskantoor in so 'n munisipale gebied of gebied van 'n dorpsbeheerraad geleë is, en

(c) in die geval van enige ander werkewer, buite 'n straal van twee myl van die poskantoor naaste aan sy inrigting is.

„motorvoertuigbestuurder”, 'n werknemer wat uitsluitlik of hoofsaaklik motorvoertuie bestuur;

„noedsaakklike dienste”, alle werk wat noedsaakklik verrig moet word om die gesondheid en die veiligheid van die publiek te verseker of om enige ander nywerheid, besigheid of onderneming voort te sit;

„inrigting”, persele waarvan die adres, kragtens artikel 26 van hierdie Ooreenkoms, deur die werkewer aan die Raad bekendgemaak moet word, en in gevalle waarin die werkewer versuum het om die Sekretaris aldus in kennis te stel die persele waarvandaan hy gewoonlik sy besigheid dryf;

„ervaring”, met betrekking tot werknemers vir wie 'n veranderende loonskaal by klousule 4 (1) voorgeskryf word, die totale dienstyd of dienstye wat 'n werknemer in die besondere bedryf gehad het waarin hy in diens is;

„ruite insit”, wat die sny en/of insit van alle soorte glas of ander soortgelyke produkte in hout- of metaalrame insluit;

„ambagsman of gekwalificeerde werknemer”, 'n werknemer wat 'n leertyd ingevolge die Wet op Vakleerlinge, 1922, soos gewysig, of die Wet op Vakleerlinge, deurloop het; of—

(a) met betrekking tot die bedrywe skilder en/of ruite insit, 'n werknemer wat minstens drie jaar ervaring in dié bedrywe gehad het; of

(b) met betrekking tot alle ander ambagsmanne, 'n werknemer wat minstens vyf jaar ervaring in die betrokke bedryf gehad het;

„stukwerk”, enige stelsel van werk waarvolgens die minimum loon waartoe 'n werknemer geregtig is, uitsluitlik gebaseer word op die hoeveelheid of omvang van gedane werk, ongeag die tyd wat aan die werk bestee word;

„behoorlike slaapplek”, 'n waterdigte skuilplek met 'n houtvloer waar dit nodig is, en die nodige was- en gemakkerewe;

„taakwerk”, enige stelsel van werk waarvolgens 'n minimum hoeveelheid of omvang van werk wat in 'n bepaalde tyd gedoen moet word, vasgestel word as 'n voorwaarde vir die betaling van lone wat in artikel 4 voorgeskryf word;

„ongeskoolde arbeider”, 'n werknemer wat ongeskoolde werk doen;

„ongeskoolde werk”, alle werk behalwe dié van 'n motorvoertuigbestuurder, bediener van 'n vloerskuurmasjién, en betonwerk, witkalk, die lê van blok- en ander soorte vloere (met uitsluiting van hangvloere) en alle werk wat nie ingesluit is in die werkzaamhede waarna spesiek verwys, word in die lys bedrywe, nl. „messele” tot „houtwerk” in die omskrywing van „bouwywerheid”.

shop fitting, which includes the making and fixing of shop fronts, window enclosures, counters, screens, and permanent interior fittings and fixtures;

steel reinforcing, which means the making, binding and fixing of steel reinforcements;

steel construction, which means the fixing of all classes of steel or other metal columns, girders, steel joists, or metal in any other form which form part of a building or structure;

woodworking, which includes carpentry, woodworking machining, turning, carving, fixing of corrugated iron, sound and acoustic material, cork and asbestos insulation, wood-lathing, composition ceiling and wall covering, plugging of walls, covering of woodwork with metal, block and other flooring, including wood and cork and sandpapering of same;

(3) for the purpose of work done off the site which will form a permanent and integral portion of a building, viz.—

joinery, masonry, plastering, modelling, plumbing fixtures to specification for installation in specified buildings but not manufactured for stocks, counters, screens and interior fittings and fixtures to specification for permanent installation in specified buildings;

“building”, which includes any walls, retaining walls or monuments;

“concreter” means an employee in charge of and responsible for the placing of concrete in previously prepared forms;

“district work” means any work in the Industry within the Magisterial District of Worcester which—

(a) in the case where the establishment of the employer is situated within the municipal area of Worcester is beyond a radius of two miles from the General Post Office, Worcester;

(b) in the case where the establishment of the employer is situated in any other municipal area or village management board area within the Magisterial District of Worcester is beyond a radius of two miles from the post office in such other municipal area or village management board area, and

(c) in the case of any other employer is beyond a radius of two miles from the post office nearest to his establishment.

“driver of motor vehicle” means an employee wholly or mainly engaged in driving a motor vehicle;

“essential services” means any work which must necessarily be performed in order to ensure the health and safety of the public or the carrying on of any other industry, business or undertaking;

“establishment” means the premises the address whereof the employer is, in terms of section 26 of this Agreement, required to notify the Council, and where any employer has failed so to notify the Secretary the premises from which he normally conducts his business;

“experience”, in relation to such employees for whom a sliding wage scale is prescribed in clause 4 (1), the total period or periods of employment an employee has had in the particular trade in which he is employed;

“glazing”, which includes the cutting and/or fitting of any glass or similar products in wooden or metal frames;

“journeyman” or “qualified employee” means an employee who has served a period of apprenticeship in terms of the Apprenticeship Act, 1922, as amended, or the Apprenticeship Act, 1944; or—

(a) in relation to the trades of painting and/or glazing an employee who has had not less than three years' experience in such trades; or

(b) in relation to all other journeymen, an employee who has had not less than five years' experience in the trade concerned.

“piece-work” means any system of work under which the minimum wage to which an employee is entitled is calculated solely on the quantity or output of work done irrespective of the time spent on such work;

“suitable sleeping accommodation” means a waterproof shelter with a wooden floor where necessary and the necessary washing and lavatory accommodation;

“task-work” means any system of work under which a minimum quantity or output of work to be done in a specified time is fixed as a condition for the payment of the wages prescribed in section 4;

“unskilled labourer” means an employee performing unskilled work;

“unskilled work” means any work other than that of a driver of a motor vehicle, operator of a floor sandpapering machine, and concreter, limewashing, laying of block and other floors (excluding suspended floors) and any work not included in the activities specifically referred to in the list of trades, namely, “bricklaying” to “woodworking” in the definition of “Building Industry”.

4. LONE.

(1) (a) Onderworpe aan die ander bepalings van hierdie klousule, mag geen werkgever laer lone as ondergenoemde betaal en geen werknemer mag dit aanneem nie:

	Per uur. s. d.
(i) Bestuurder van motorvoertuig	1 10
(ii) Werknemer wat blok- en ander vloere lê (maar nie hangvloere)	1 8
(iii) Bediener van vloerskuurmässjen	1 8
(iv) Betonwerker	1 6
(v) Werknemer wat witkalkwerk doen	0 8½
(vi) Werknemer in die bedrywe skilder en/of ruite insit—	
gekwalifiseer	1 10
nie gekwalifiseer—	
gedurende 1ste jaar ervaring	0 7½
gedurende 2de jaar ervaring	0 9½
gedurende 3de jaar ervaring	1 1½
daarna	1 10
(vii) Werknemer in alle ander bedrywe—	
gekwalifiseer	2 8
nie gekwalifiseer—	
gedurende 1ste jaar ervaring	0 7½
gedurende 2de jaar ervaring	0 9½
gedurende 3de jaar ervaring	1 1½
gedurende 4de jaar ervaring	1 5½
gedurende 5de jaar ervaring	1 11
daarna	2 8
(viii) Ongeskoolde arbeiders	0 6½

Differensiële lone.—'n Werknemer wat op 'n dag twee of meer klasse werk verrig waarvoor teen verskillende loonskale betaal moet word, moet vir alle ure wat op daardie dag gwerk is, teen die hoogste skaal wat ingevolge hierdie klousule betaalbaar is, betaal word.

(2) *Gevaarlike werk.*—'n Werkgever moet sy werknemer, benewens die loon wat in subklousule (1) voorgeskryf is, minstens 10 persent van die loon betaal ten opsigte van elke uur of gedeelte van 'n uur wat die werknemer gevaaarlike werk verrig.

Vir die toepassing van hierdie subklousule, beteken „gevaarlike werk“ enige werk—

- (a) wat in 'n staats-, provinsiale of municipale wet of regulasie met betrekking tot die bounywerheid as gevaaarlik geklassifiseer is en van toepassing is in 'n stad of plek waar sulke werk verrig word;
- (b) wat aan die buitekant van 'n gebou verrig word, behalwe gedurende die oprigting van 'n nuwe gebou, of op of vanaf 'n sweepsteier, hangstoeltjie, of 'n dak of uitskuifleer, op 'n hoogte van meer as 30 voet bo die grond, in verband met die vernuwing, verbouing of herstel van so 'n gebou of die aanbring van ligte of die ophang van vlagties;
- (c) wat aan 'n alleenstaande steen- of staalskoorsteen verrig word op 'n hoogte van meer as 30 voet bo die grond;
- (d) wat in ou riole verrig word.

(3) *Verlofbesoldiging.*—Die besoldiging ten opsigte van die jaarlike verlof waarna in klousule 11 verwys word, moet voor die aanvang van die verlof aan die werknemer betaal word.

(4) *Besoldiging vir werk op Sondae.*—As 'n werknemer op 'n Sondag werk, moet sy werkgever hom of—

- (a) minstens dubbel die besoldiging betaal wat betaalbaar is ten opsigte van dié tyd wat hy gewoonlik op 'n weekdag werk, of
- (b) teen minstens 1½-maal sy gewone loon ten opsigte van die hele tyd wat hy op die Sondag gwerk het en hom binne sewe dae van die Sondag een dag vakansie toestaan en hom ten opsigte daarvan minstens sy gewone loon betaal asof hy op die vakansiedag sy gewone gemiddelde werkure vir daardie dag van die week gwerk het.

(5) *Betaling vir werk op openbare vakansiedae.*—(a) As 'n werknemer nie op Goeie-Vrydag of Geloftedag werk nie, moet sy werkgever hom ten opsigte van dié dag betaal teen minstens sy gewone loon asof hy op dié dag sy gewone gemiddelde werkure vir daardie dag van die week gwerk het.

(b) As 'n werknemer op Goeie-Vrydag, Geloftedag, Kersdag of Nuwejaarsdag werk, moet sy werkgever hom ten opsigte van die totale tyd deur hom op dié dag gwerk, minstens sy gewone loon betaal, plus die besoldiging waar toe hy geregtig sou gewees het as hy nie op daardie dag gwerk het nie.

(6) Die besoldiging wat ingevolge subklousules (4) en (5) van hierdie klousule betaalbaar is, moet aan die betrokke werknemer op of voor die eerste betaaldag betaal word wat volg op die tyd ten opsigte waarvan die besoldiging betaalbaar is.

(7) Geen bepaling in hierdie Ooreenkoms kan die loon van 'n werknemer verminder wat onmiddellik voordat hierdie Ooreenkoms van krag geword het, deur sy werkgever 'n hoër loon betaal is as die minimum loon wat in hierdie klousule vir 'n werknemer van sy klas voorgeskryf word, en hierdie werknemer moet steeds, terwyl hy by dieselfde werkgever in diens is, betaal word

4. WAGES.

(1) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this clause, no employer shall pay and no employee shall accept wages at rates lower than the following:

	Per Hour. s. d.
(i) Driver of a motor vehicle	1 10
(ii) Employee engaged on laying of block and other floors (excluding suspended floors)	1 8
(iii) Operator of a floor sandpapering machine	1 8
(iv) Concreter	1 6
(v) Employee engaged on limewashing	0 8½
(vi) Employee in the trades of painting and/or glazing—	
qualified	1 10
unqualified—	
during first year of experience	0 7½
during second year of experience	0 9½
during third year of experience	1 1½
thereafter	1 10
(vii) Employee in all other trades—	
qualified	2 8
unqualified—	
during first year of experience	0 7½
during second year of experience	0 9½
during third year of experience	1 1½
during fourth year of experience	1 5½
during fifth year of experience	1 11
thereafter	2 8
(viii) Unskilled labourer	0 6½

(b) *Differential Rates.*—An employee who on any day performs two or more classes of work for which different wages are payable, shall be paid at the higher rate payable in terms of this sub-clause for all hours worked on such day.

(2) *Dangerous Work.*—In addition to the wage prescribed in sub-clause (1), an employer shall pay his employee not less than 10 per cent. of such wage in respect of each hour or part of an hour during which such employee is engaged in performing dangerous work.

For the purposes of this sub-clause "dangerous work" means any work—

- (a) classified as dangerous in any statutory, provincial or municipal law or regulation relating to the Building Industry and operative at any town or place in or at which such work is performed;
- (b) performed on the outside of a building other than in the course of the erection of a new building, on or from swinging scaffold, boatswain's chair, or a roof, or an extension ladder, at a height of more than 30 feet from ground level in connection with the renovation or repair of such building or the erection of illuminations or the hanging of bunting;
- (c) performed on an independent chimney or steel stack at a height of more than 30 feet from the ground level;
- (d) performed in old sewers.

(3) *Leave Remuneration.*—The remuneration in respect of the annual leave referred to in clause 11, shall be paid to the employee before the commencement of such leave.

(4) *Remuneration for Work on Sundays.*—Whenever an employee works on a Sunday, his employer shall pay the employee either—

- (a) not less than double the remuneration payable in respect of the period which he ordinarily works on a week-day; or
- (b) at the rate of not less than one and a third times his ordinary wage in respect of the whole period worked on such Sundays and grant him within seven days of such Sunday one day's holiday and pay him in respect thereof at a rate not less than his ordinary wage as if he had on such holiday worked his average ordinary working hours for that day of the week.

(5) *Payment for Work on Public Holidays.*—(a) Whenever an employee does not work on Good Friday or Day of the Covenant, his employer shall pay him in respect of such day remuneration at a rate of not less than his ordinary wage as if he had on such day worked his average ordinary working hours for that day of the week.

(b) Whenever an employee works on Good Friday, Day of the Covenant, Christmas Day or New Year's Day his employer shall pay him in respect of the total period worked by him on such day not less than his ordinary rate of pay, plus the remuneration to which he would have been entitled if he had not worked on such day.

(6) The remuneration payable in terms of sub-clauses (4) and (5) of this clause, shall be paid to the employee concerned, not later than the first pay-day following the period in respect of which the remuneration is payable.

(7) Nothing in this Agreement shall operate to reduce the wage of an employee who immediately prior to the date of coming into force of this Agreement was paid by his employer a wage at a rate higher than the minimum rate prescribed in this clause for an employee of his class, and such employee shall, whilst employed by the same employer, continue to be paid wages

teen 'n skaal wat nie laer as die hoër loon is nie, asof die hoér loon die minimum loon is wat in subklousule (1) van hierdie klousule vir 'n werknemer van sy klas voorgeskryf word.

(8) *Lewenskostetoelae.*—Benewens enige ander besoldiging waar toe die werknemer geregtig is, moet elke werkgever aan elkeen van sy werknemers 'n lewenskostetoelae soos volg betaal:—

- (a) In die geval van ambagsmanne of gekwalifiseerde werknemers, insluitende gekwalifiseerde skilders en ruitinsitters, 1s. per uur ten opsigte van 'n maksimum van 44 gewone werkure genoem in subklousule (1) van klousule 9, in 'n week, plus of min 1d. per uur vir elke volle 3 punte waar mee die indekssyfer meer of minder as 171·6 word.

Die lewenskostetoelaes wat ingevolge hierdie subklousule betaalbaar is, moet die toelaes insluit wat voorgeskryf word by Oorlogsmaatreël No. 43 van 1942, soos gewysig, soos van tyd tot tyd gewysig kan word; met dien verstande dat in geval die toelaes wat ingevolge hierdie subklousule betaalbaar is, minder is as dié wat by die genoemde Oorlogsmaatreël betaalbaar is, moet laasgenoemde toelaes betaal word.

„Indekssyfer” beteken die beswaarde gemiddele indeks betreffende voedsel, brandstof, ligte, huurgeld en diverse uitgawes vir die nege vernaamste stedelike gebiede in die Unie van Suid-Afrika soos bereken deur die Direkteur van Sensus en Statistiek op die basis van 1938 van 100 punte en in die maandelikse Bulletin van Statistiese gepubliseer.

Elke aanpassing van die lewenskostetoelaes wat voortspruit uit 'n verandering van die indekssyfer moet teweeggebring word met ingang van die eerste betaaldag in die maand na die publikasie van die maandelikse Bulletin van Statistiek, wat hierdie verandering aangee.

- (b) Aan alle ander werknemers moet 'n lewenskostetoelae betaalbaar wees ooreenkostig die bepalings van Oorlogsmaatreël No. 43 van 1942, soos gewysig, of enige daaropvolgende maatreël wat dit vervang.

5. STUKWERK, TAAKWERK EN AANSPORINGSWERK.

(1) Die uitgee van werk op stukwerk- of taakwerkbasis deur werkgewers of die verrigting daarvan deur werknemers is verbode.

(2) Onderworpe aan die voorwaarde dat geen werknemer minder betaal mag word as die bedrag waarop hy reg het ingevolge klosule 4 nie, mag 'n werkgever 'n werknemer se besoldiging baseer op die hoeveelheid of omvang van gedane werk, met dien verstande dat geen sodanige stelsel van besoldiging toelaatbaar is nie, behalwe in die vorm van 'n aansporingsloonskema waarvan die bepalings vasgestel is soos in klosules (3) en (4) hieronder verduidelik word.

(3) 'n Werkgever wat 'n aansporingskema wil invoer, moet 'n gesamentlike komitee van verteenwoordigers van die bestuur en die werknemers aanstel wat, na raadpleging met enigeen van die vakbondpartye by hierdie Ooreenkoms wie se lede daarby betrokke is, oor die bepalings van so'n skema kan ooreenkomm.

(4) Die bepalings van so 'n aansporingskema en enige latere wysiging daarvan waartoe die komitee ooreengekom het, moet op skrif gestel en deur die lede van die komitee onderteken word, en dit mag nie deur die komitee gewysig of deur enigeen van die partye beëindig word nie, tensy die partye wat die Ooreenkoms wil beëindig of wysig, die ander partye die kennis gegee het waartoe die partye ooreengekom het toe hulle die Ooreenkoms aangeaan het.

6. BETALING VAN LONE EN CORTYD.

(1) Alle verskuidige lone, oortydverdienste en alle ander besoldiging moet weekliks voor stakingstyd op Vrydag, of by diensbeëindiging as dit voor die gewone betaaldag van die werknemer val, kontant betaal word. Betaling vir distrikswerk moet gemaak word op tye wat onderling deur werkgever en werknemer bepaal word.

(2) Alle verskuidige lone, oortydverdienste en alle ander besoldiging moet aan werknemers oorhandig word in versééle koeverte waarop die name van die werkgever en werknemer, die getal ure wat gewerk is en kortings wat gemaak is en die ingesloten bedrag vermeld word.

(3) Onderworpe aan klosule 22 moet lone, verdienste vir oortydwerk en alle ander besoldiging ten volle sonder aftrekking, van watter aard ook, betaal word; met dien verstande dat 'n bedrag wat ingevolge 'n wet, ordonnansie of regsgeding namens die werknemer deur die werkgever betaal is, afgetrek mag word.

7. DISTRIKSWERK.

Werknemers wat gestuur word om distrikswerk te doen waar daar 'n redelike treindiens beskikbaar is, moet ondergenoemde toelaes deur die werkgever betaal word:—

- (1) In die geval van 'n werknemer wat daagliks huis toe kan gaan en dit ook doen, 'n spoorwegkaartjie, tweede klas, daagliks. Betaling word slegs gedoen vir tyd wat werklik op die werk deurgebring word.
- (2) In die geval van 'n werknemer wat nie daagliks huis toe kan gaan nie—

- (i) 'n reiskaartjie, tweede klas, na en van die werk by die aanvang en voltooiing van die werk. Daar word slegs betaal vir tyd gedurende werkure gereis teen die gewone urlloon van die betrokke werknemer soos by klosule 4 voorgeskryf;

at a rate not lower than such higher rate, as if such higher rate was the minimum rate prescribed in sub-clause (1) of this clause for an employee of his class.

(8) *Cost of Living Allowances.*—Every employer shall pay to each of his employees in addition to any other remuneration to which the employee is entitled a cost of living allowance as follows:—

- (a) In the case of journeymen or qualified employees, including qualified painters and glaziers, an amount of 1s. per hour in respect of a maximum of 44 ordinary working hours referred to in sub-clause (1) of clause 9, in any week, plus or minus 1d. per hour for every completed 3 points by which the index figure rises or falls above or below 171·6.

The cost of living allowance payable in terms of this section shall include the allowance payable in terms of War Measure No. 43 of 1942, as amended from time to time; provided that if at any time the allowance prescribed herein is less than the allowance under the said War Measure, the latter allowance shall be payable.

“index figure” means the weighted average index relating to food, fuel, light, rent and sundries for the nine principal urban areas in the Union of South Africa as assessed by the Director of Census and Statistics on the 1938 basis of 100 points and published in the monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

Any adjustment in the rate of cost of living allowance consequent upon a variation of the index figure shall be effected as from the first pay day in the month following publication of the monthly Bulletin of Statistics reflecting such variation.

- (b) To all other employees the cost of living allowances payable in accordance with the provisions of War Measure No. 43 of 1942, as amended, or any subsequent measure replacing same.

5. PIECE-WORK, TASK-WORK AND INCENTIVE WORK.

(1) The giving out by employers, or the performance by employees of work on a piece-work or task-work basis is prohibited.

(2) Subject to the condition that no employee may be paid less than the amount he would be entitled to in terms of clause 4, an employer may base an employee's remuneration on the quantity or output of work done; provided that no such system of remuneration shall be permissible except in the form of an incentive scheme the terms of which have been agreed upon as set out in sub-clauses (3) and (4) hereunder.

(3) Any employer who wishes to introduce an incentive scheme shall set up a joint committee of representatives of the management and the employees which, after consultation with any of the Trade Union parties to this Agreement whose members are involved, may agree upon the terms of any such scheme.

(4) The terms of any such incentive scheme and any subsequent alteration thereto which may have been agreed upon by the committee shall be reduced to writing and be signed by the members of the committee, and shall not be varied by the committee or terminated by either party unless the party wishing to vary or terminate the Agreement has, in writing, given the other party such notice as may be agreed upon by the parties when entering into such an Agreement.

6. PAYMENT OF WAGES AND OVERTIME.

(1) All wages and earnings for overtime, and all other remuneration due shall be paid in cash weekly not later than finishing time on Fridays or on termination of employment if this takes place before the ordinary pay-day of the employee. Payments for district work may be made at such time as mutually agreed upon between the employer and the employee.

(2) Wages, earnings for overtime, and all other remuneration due shall be handed to employees in sealed envelopes bearing the names of the employer and employee, the number of hours worked, any deductions which have been made from the amounts due, the amount enclosed and the period in respect of which payment is made.

(3) Subject to clause 22 wages, earnings for overtime and all other remuneration shall be paid in full without any deductions; provided that any amount paid by the employer in terms of any act, ordinance or legal process on behalf of the employee may be deducted.

7. DISTRICT WORK.

Employees sent to perform district work, where a reasonable train service is available, shall be paid the following allowances by the employer:—

- (1) In the case of an employee who can and does return home daily, a railway ticket, second class return, daily. Only for the time actually worked on the job, will payment be made.
- (2) In the case of an employee who cannot return home daily—
 (i) a railway ticket, second class, to and from the job at the commencement and completion of the job respectively. Only time travelled during working hours will be paid for at the ordinary hourly rate of the employee concerned as prescribed in clause 4;

- (ii) 'n werkneem wat gedurende naweke huis toe kan gaan en teen die gewone aanyangtyd op Maandae by die werk terug kan wees, is geregtig tot 'n spoorwegkaartjie, tweede klas, elke naweek; met dien verstande dat die werk binne 'n straal van 50 myl van die hoofposkantoor, Worcester, geleë is; en al om die ander week tot 'n spoorwegkaartjie, tweede klas, as die werk buite 'n straal van 50 myl van die hoofposkantoor, Worcester, is; maar as die reis nie onderneem word nie, is geen betaling in plaas van die reiskaartjie betaalbaar nie en geen loon is betaalbaar ten opsigte van tyd gedurende dié naweek gere's nie;
- (iii) in die geval van vakmanne, 2s. 6d. per dag vir slaapgeleenheid waar huisvesting deur die werkewer verskaf is en 2s. 6d. vir slaapgeleenheid plus 7s. 6d. per dag in plaas van huisvesting;
- (iv) in die geval van ongeskoold arbeiders, 1s. per dag vir slaapgeleenheid waar die werkewer skulpelk verskaf het en 1s. per dag vir slaapgeleenheid en 2s. 6d. huisvestingtoelae in plaas van huisvesting;
- (v) in geval dit kragtens hierdie artikel van die werkewer vereis word om sy werkneem van 'n spoorwegkaartjie vir 'n reis te voorsien en geen spoorwegdiens beskikbaar is nie, moet ander vervoermiddels in die plek van die spoorwegkaartjie kosteloos deur die werkewer verskaf word.

8. STAPTYD EN VERVOER.

(1) Ingeval 'n werkplek buite 'n straal van twee myl van die hoofposkantoor, Worcester, af is wanneer 'n werkewer se inrigting binne die munisipale gebied van Worcester geleë is; ingeval 'n werkplek buite 'n straal van twee myl van die poskantoor in 'n ander munisipale gebied of gebied van 'n dorpsbestuursraad is wanneer die werkneem se inrigting in so 'n ander munisipale gebied van 'n dorpsbestuursraad binne die magistraatsdistrik Worcester geleë is, en in die geval van enige ander werkewer, wanneer 'n werkplek buite 'n straal van twee myl van die poskantoor naaste aan sy inrigting geleë is, moet 'n werkneem wat op die werkplek moet gaan werk, 'n kwartier se loon betaal word vir elke myl of gedeelte van 'n myl van die afstand buite die afstand van twee myl wat hierbo genoem is.

(2) Die toelae is daagliks vir slegs een rigting betaalbaar.

(3) 'n Werkewer is geregtig om in plaas van bostaande self vervoer te verskaf, of om vir vervoer in albei rigtings oor die betrokke afstand te betaal in plaas van die toelae te betaal wat hierbo genoem word.

(4) Alle tyd wat 'n werkneem nodig het om na en van die werk te gaan, word nie as deel van die gewone werkure wat by klousule 9 (i) voorgeskryf is, gerekken nie.

(5) Alle werkneem wat tot 'n toelae ten opsigte van stap- of vervoertyd geregtig is, moet dié toelae tesame met hul ander besoldiging betaal word.

9. WERKURE.

(1) Behalwe soos anders by subklousules (2) en (4) van hierdie klousule bepaal, mag die gewone werkure nie meer as 44 uur per week van die vyf werkdae wees nie, en mag soos volg verdeel word:

Van Maandae tot Donderdae, hoogstens 9 uur per dag tussen 7.15 v.m. en 5.30 n.m.; Vrydae, hoogstens 8 uur tussen 7.15 v.m. en 4.30 n.m. Met dien verstande dat ingeval geen ontbytonderbreking van 15 minute toegestaan word nie, die uitskeidtyd op 'n dag op of voor 5.15 n.m. op Maandae tot Donderdae en 4.15 n.m. op Vrydae moet wees.

(2) 'n Werkewer mag werkneem aanneem om in twee of drie skofte gedurende 'n tydperk van 24 uur te werk; met dien verstande dat geen werkneem meer as een skof van 9 uur binne 'n tydperk van 24 uur of vyf dae per week mag werk nie; en voorts met dien verstande dat die totale getal werkure van 'n werkneem nie meer as 44 per week mag wees nie. Een van die skofte moet gewer word binne die ure voorgeskryf in subklousule (1) van hierdie klousule. 'n Werkneem wat 'n ander skof werk as die skof binne dié ure, moet die uurloon ontvang wat betaalbaar is ingevolge klousule 4 van hierdie Ooreenkoms, plus 10 persent.

(3) Geen werkneem mag solank as wat hy by 'n werkewer in diens is, hetsy vir besoldiging of nie, werk in die bouwyerheid buite die ure voorgeskryf by hierdie klousule of ure wat ooreenkomsdig hierdie klousule voorgeskryf kan word, vra, onderneem of verrig nie, ook nie op 'n Saterdag, Sondag of openbare vakansiedag, hetsy vir eie rekening of namens enige ander persoon of persone, tensy die toestemming van die Raad eers skriftelik verkry is, behalwe dat so 'n werkneem slegs werk vir homself kan doen.

(4) *Etensonderbrekings.*—'n Werkewer kan nie van sy werkneem vereis of hom toelaat om op 'n dag meer as vyf uur aaneen te werk sonder 'n pouse van minstens een uur waarin geen werk verrig mag word nie en die pouse word nie as deel van die gewone werkure of oortydure beskou nie; met dien verstande dat as die pouse langer as een uur duur, alle tyd bo 1½ uur beskou word as deel van die gewone werkure, of na gelang van die geval, van oortydure.

(5) *Werkure moet aaneenlopend wees.*—Behalwe soos bepaal by subklousule (4), en die bepalings van subklousule (1), moet alle werkure aaneenlopend wees.

- (ii) an employee who can go home during week-ends and return to the job at the ordinary starting time on Mondays is entitled to a railway ticket, second class, every week-end; provided that the job is situated within a radius of 50 miles from the General Post Office, Worcester, and every second week to a railway ticket, second class, when the job is situated beyond a radius of 50 miles from the General Post Office, Worcester, but if the journey is not undertaken no payment in lieu of such railway ticket shall be payable, and no wages are payable in respect of time travelled during such week end;
- (iii) in the case of artisans, 2s. 6d. per day sleeping out allowance where accommodation is provided by the employer or 2s. 6d. per day sleeping out allowance plus 7s. 6d. per day in lieu of accommodation;
- (iv) in the case of unskilled labourers, 1s. per day sleeping out allowance where the employer has provided shelter or 1s. per day sleeping out allowance and 2s. 6d. accommodation allowance in lieu of such shelter;
- (v) where in terms of this section the employer is required to provide his employee with a railway ticket in respect of any journey and a railway service is not available, other suitable transport in lieu of such railway ticket shall be provided by the employer free of charge.

8. WALKING AND TRANSPORT TIME.

(1) In the case where an employers' establishment is situated within the municipal area of Worcester, when any work is situated beyond a radius of two miles from the General Post Office, Worcester; in the case where the employer's establishment is situated within any other municipal area or village management board area within the Magisterial area of Worcester, when any work is situated beyond a radius of two miles from the post office in such other municipal area or village management board area, and in the case of any other employer when any work is situated beyond a radius of two miles from the post office nearest to his establishment, an employee sent to work on the job shall be paid a quarter of an hour's wages for every mile or part of a mile of the distance to the work beyond the distance of 2 miles referred to above.

(2) The allowance is payable for the distance one way only daily.

(3) An employer shall be entitled to provide transport himself or to pay for transport both ways over the distance referred to in lieu of paying the allowance referred to above.

(4) Any time spent by the employee in proceeding to or returning from his work shall be outside the ordinary hours of work prescribed in clause 9 (i).

(5) All employees entitled to allowances in respect of walking time or transport time shall be paid such allowances together with their other remuneration.

9. HOURS OF WORK.

(1) Except as provided otherwise in sub-clause (2) and (4) of this clause the ordinary working hours shall not exceed forty-four hours per week of the five working days and may be apportioned as follows:

From Mondays to Thursdays, not more than 9 hours per day, between 7.15 a.m. to 5.30 p.m.; Fridays, not more than 8 hours between 7.15 a.m. to 4.30 p.m.; provided that where a 15 minute break is not given for breakfast the finishing time on any day shall be not later than 5.15 p.m. on Mondays to Thursdays and 4.15 p.m. on Fridays.

(2) An employer may engage employees to work two or three shifts during any period of 24 hours; provided that no employee shall be allowed to work more than one shift of nine hours during any period of 24 hours on five days per week and provided further that the total number of working hours of such employee shall not exceed 44 hours during any week. One of the shifts shall be worked within the hours prescribed in sub-clause (1) of this clause. An employee working any shift other than that within such hours shall be paid the hourly wage payable in terms of clause 4 of this Agreement, plus ten per cent.

(3) No employee whilst in the employ of an employer shall solicit, undertake or perform any work in the building industry, whether for remuneration or not outside the hours prescribed in or as may be laid down in accordance with this clause, nor on any Saturday, Sunday or public holiday, either on his own account or on behalf of any other person or persons, unless the consent of the Council has first been obtained in writing, save that such employee may perform work for himself only.

(4) *Meal Breaks.*—An employer shall not require nor permit his employee to work on any day for more than five hours continuously without an interval of not less than one hour during which no work shall be performed, and such interval shall not be deemed to be part of the ordinary working hours or overtime hours; provided that if such interval be for longer than one hour any period in excess of one and a quarter hour shall be deemed to be part of the ordinary working hours or overtime hours as the case may be.

(5) *Hours of Work to be Consecutive.*—Except as provided in sub-clause (4) and the provisions of sub-clause (1), all working hours shall be consecutive.

10. OORTYDSENS.

(1) *Oortydure.*—Alle tyd, behalwe tyd gewerk op enigeen van die dae genoem in subklousules (4) en (5) van klousule 4, oor die getal ure gewerk wat ten opsigte van 'n dag of week by klousule 9 (1) voorgeskryf is, moet beskou word as oortyddiens en in die geval van 'n werknemer, behalwe 'n skofwerker, moet alle ure, behalwe die ure gewerk op enigeen van die dae genoem in subklousules (4) en (5) van klousule 4, wat voor of na die tye wat by klousule (9) (1) bepaal is, as oortydure beskou word.

(2) *Beperking van oortyddiens.*—'n Werknemer mag nie van sy werknemers vereis of hulle toelaat om vir meer as tien uur oortyd per week te werk nie.

(3) *Betaling vir oortyd.*—'n Werkewer moet sy werknemer vir elke uur of gedeelte van 'n uur wat oortyd deur hom in 'n week gewerk word, minstens sy gewone loon betaal, plus die ekwivalent van een uur se lewenskostetoelae voorgeskryf vir 'n werknemer van sy klas in subklousule (8) van klousule 4, met dien verstande dat as die lewenskostetoelae wat betaalbaar is vir oortyd, minder as een-derde van 'n werknemer se gewone loon, die werknemer teen $\frac{1}{3}$ maal sy gewone loon betaal moet word vir oortyd deur hom gewerk.

Vir die toepassing van hierdie subklousule word een uur se lewenskostetoelae in die geval van werknemers, behalwe ambagsmanne of gekwalifiseerde werknemers en gekwalifiseerde skilders en ruitinsitters, bereken word deur die voorgeskrewe weeklikse lewenskostetoelae deur 44 te deel, en dit moet tot die volgende oortjies bereken word, bv. as die weeklikse lewenskostetoelae 27s. 3d. is, is dié bedrag gedeel deur 44 gelyk aan 7 $\frac{1}{4}$ d. plus $\frac{1}{44}$ d. en die uur se toelae is derhalwe 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.

(4) *Voorbehoudsbepalings.*—Die bepalings van hierdie klousule is nie van toepassing op 'n werknemer wat noodsaklike diens doen nie.

11. JAARLIKSE VERLOF.

(1) *Jaarlikse sluitingstyd.*—Geen werkewer mag werk verrig of van 'n werknemer vereis of hom toelaat om werk te verrig en geen werknemer mag onderneem om in die bounywerheid te werk nie, behalwe werk vir noodsaklike dienste, gedurende die tydperke—

- (a) wat om 7.15 v.m. op Vrydag, 19 Desember 1952, begin en om 7.15 v.m. op Maandag, 5 Januarie 1953, eindig;
- (b) wat om 7.15 v.m. op Maandag, 21 Desember 1953, begin en om 7.15 v.m. op Woensdag, 6 Januarie 1954, eindig;
- (c) wat om 7.15 v.m. op Maandag, 20 Desember 1954, begin en om 7.15 v.m. op Woensdag, 5 Januarie 1955, eindig.

(2) *Betaling ten opsigte van die jaarlikse verloftyd.*—(a) *Werknemers, behalwe ongeskoonde arbeiders.* Werknemers behalwe ongeskoonde arbeiders moet betaal word ooreenkomsdig die bepalings van artikel 12 (Verloffonds) van hierdie Ooreenkoms.

(b) *Ongeskoonde arbeiders.*—(i) As 'n ongeskoonde arbeider in diens is op of in verband met persele wat nie geregistreer of nie as 'n fabriek ingevolge die Wet op Fabrieke, Masjinerie en Bouwerk, 1941, geregistreer moet word nie, is hy, op die datum van die jaarlikse verlof in 'n jaar, en benewens enige ander verskuldigde besoldiging, geregtig tot en moet hy een week se loon betaal word asook die lewenskostetoelae teen die loonskaal wat hy onmiddellik voor die jaarlikse verloftyd ontvang het; met dien verstande dat as die werknemer teen daardie datum nie twaalf maande diens by sy werkewer voltooi het nie, hy minstens 'n halfdag se loon en lewenskostetoelae ten opsigte van elke voltooide maand diens by sy werkewer betaal moet word.

(ii) As 'n ongeskoonde arbeider in 'n inrigting werk wat as 'n fabriek kragtens die Wet op Fabrieke, Masjinerie en Bouwerk, 1941, geregistreer is of geregistreer moet word, moet die betaling waarna verwys word, ooreenkomsdig artikel een-en-twintig van daardie Wet wees.

(3) As 'n ongeskoonde werknemer se dienskontrak voor die jaarlikse verloftyd in 'n jaar eindig, is hy geregtig tot en moet hy op die datum van sy diensbeëindiging betaal word, in die geval van werknemers wat nie op persele werk, wat ingevolge die Wet op Fabrieke, Masjinerie en Bouwerk, 1941, geregistreer is nie, minstens 'n halfdag se loon en lewenskostetoelae in plaas van verlof vir elke voltooide maand diens by sy werkewer gedurende die onvoltooide jaar gerekene van die datum van die inwerkintreding van hierdie Ooreenkoms, of die datum van die vorige jaarlikse sluitingstyd, watter een ook al die kortste is, en teen die loon wat hy onmiddellik voor die datum van diensbeëindiging ontvang het. Met dien verstande dat in die geval van ongeskoonde werknemers op persele geregistreer ingevolge die Wet op Fabrieke, Masjinerie en Bouwerk, 1941, die *pro rata* betaling in plaas van verlof of diensbeëindiging, ooreenkomsdig die bepalings van artikel een-en-twintig (3) van daardie Wet moet wees.

(4) As 'n werknemer soos bepaal by subklousule (1), noodsaklike diens doen gedurende die hele of gedeelte van die jaarlikse sluitingstyd, moet hy aan die einde van die jaarlikse sluitingstyd, of binne twee maande daarna, 'n ooreenstemmende getal dae vry afgege word om te vergoed vir die getal dae wat hy gedurende die sluitingstyd gewerk het.

Vir die toepassing van hierdie klousule sluit die uitdrukking "diens" 'n tyd of tye in gedurende welke die werknemer—

- (i) ingevolge subklousule (1) met verlof is;
- (ii) verplig is om opleiding kragtens die Zuid Afrika Verdedigingswet, 1912, te ondergaan;

10. OVERTIME.

(1) *Overtime Hours.*—All time, other than time worked on any day mentioned in sub-clauses (4) and (5) of clause 4, worked in excess of the number of hours prescribed in respect of a day or week in clause 9 (1) shall be deemed to be overtime and in the case of an employee other than a shift worker all time, other than time worked on any day mentioned in sub-clauses (4) and (5) of clause 4, worked before or after the times stipulated in clause 9 (1) shall likewise be deemed to be overtime.

(2) *Limitation of Overtime.*—An employer shall not require nor permit his employee to work overtime for more than ten hours in any week.

(3) *Payment for Overtime.*—An employer shall pay his employee for each hour or part of an hour overtime worked by him during any week not less than his ordinary hourly wage plus the equivalent of one hour's cost of living allowance as prescribed for an employee of his class in sub-clause (8) of clause 4, provided that where the cost of living allowance payable in respect of overtime amounts to less than one-third of an employee's ordinary wage such employee shall be paid at the rate of one and one-third of his ordinary pay for overtime worked.

For the purpose of this sub-clause one hour's cost of living allowance, in the case of employees other than journeymen or qualified employees and qualified painters and glaziers, shall be arrived at by dividing the weekly cost of living allowance prescribed by 44, and shall be calculated to the next farthing, e.g., if the weekly cost of living allowance is 27s. 3d. this divided by 44 equals 7 $\frac{1}{4}$ d. plus $\frac{1}{44}$ d. and the hour's allowance is therefore 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.

(4) *Savings.*—The provisions of sub-clause (2) of this clause shall not apply to any employee engaged on essential services.

11. ANNUAL HOLIDAY PERIOD.

(1) *Annual Closing Period.*—No employer shall perform or require or permit any employees to perform work, and no employee shall undertake or perform work in the Building Industry other than work on essential services during the periods—

- (a) Commencing from 7.15 a.m. on Friday, 19th December, 1952, until 7.15 a.m. on Monday, 5 January, 1953;
- (b) Commencing from 7.15 a.m. on Monday, 21st December, 1953, until 7.15 a.m. on Wednesday, 6 January, 1954;
- (c) Commencing from 7.15 a.m. on Monday, 20th December, 1954, until 7.15 a.m. on Wednesday, 5 January, 1955.

(2) *Payment in respect of Annual Closing Period.*—(a) *Employees Other than Unskilled Labourers.*—Employees, other than unskilled labourers, shall be dealt with in accordance with the provisions of clause 12 (Holiday Fund) of this Agreement.

(b) *Unskilled Labourers.*—(i) Where an unskilled labourer is employed in or in connection with premises which are not registered or liable for registration as factories in terms of the Factories, Machinery and Building Works Act, 1941, he shall, as at the date of the annual holiday period in any year, and in addition to any other remuneration due, be entitled to and shall be paid one week's pay and cost of living allowance at the rate of pay he was receiving immediately prior to such holiday period; provided that if the employee has not completed twelve months' employment with his employer as at that date, he shall be paid not less than half a day's pay and cost of living allowance in respect of each completed month of service with his employer.

(ii) Where an unskilled labourer is employed in an establishment registered or liable for registration as a factory in terms of the Factories, Machinery and Building Works Act, 1941, the payment referred to shall be in accordance with section twenty-one of that Act.

(3) Where an unskilled labourer's contract of service terminates prior to the annual closing period in any year, he shall be entitled to and shall on the date of such termination be paid, in the case of employees not working in premises registered as factories in terms of the Factories, Machinery and Building Works Act, 1941, not less than one-half a day's pay and cost of living allowance in lieu of leave for each completed month of service with his employer during the incompletely year calculated from the date of coming into operation of this Agreement, or the date of the previous annual closing period whatever is the lesser and at the rate of pay he was receiving immediately prior to such date of termination.

Provided that in the case of unskilled labourers in premises registered in terms of the Factories, Machinery and Building Works Act, 1941, the pro rata payment in lieu of leave or termination of service shall be in accordance with the provisions of section twenty-one (3) of that Act.

(4) Where as provided for in accordance with sub-clause (1) an employee is employed on essential service during the whole or part of the annual closing period he shall be given an equivalent number of days off duty at the end of the annual closing period, or within two months thereafter, to make up for the number of days worked during the closed period.

For the purpose of this clause, the expression "employment" shall be deemed to include any period or periods during which an employee is—

- (i) absent on leave in terms of sub-clause (1);
- (ii) required to undergo training under the South Africa Defence Act, 1912;

(iii) op las of op versoek van sy werkewer afwesig is; en dit moet beskou word dat diens begin het—

(a) in die geval van 'n werkewer wat voorheen tot verlof geregely was kragtens die Raad se vorige Ooreenkoms gepubliseer by Goewermentskennisgewing No. 2291 van 15 September 1950 en verleng tot 15 Maart 1952 by Goewermentskennisgewing No. 101 van 11 Januarie 1952, van die datum af waarop hierdie verlof laas vir hom opgegaan het;

(b) in die geval van enige ander werkewer van die datum af waarop hy tot sy werkewer se diens toegetree het of die datum waarop hierdie Ooreenkoms in werking getree het, watter datum ook al die jongste was.

12. VERLOFFONDS.

(1) Die verloffonds wat by Goewermentskennisgewing No. 2291 van 15 September 1950 ingestel is, word hierby voortgesit, maar die naam word hierby na die Verloffonds van die Worcesterse Nywerheidraad vir die Boubedryf verander (hierna die „fonds“ genoem) en behalwe wat ingevolge subklousule (2) deur die Raad namens die fonds gehou word, moet van tyd tot tyd op vaste deposito of op aanvraag by 'n bank of bougenootskap belê word.

(2) Benewens enige ander besoldiging wat ingevolge hierdie Ooreenkoms betaalbaar is, moet 'n werkewer ten opsigte van elke uur deur elkeen van sy werkewers (behalwe ongeskoolde arbeiders) gewerk, en soos voorgeskryf by hierdie artikel, soos volg bydra:

(a) Ongekwalifiseerde werkewers, behalwe ongekwalifiseerde werkewers wat skilder en ruite insit—

- (i) tot en met 2 jaar ervaring, 1½d. per uur;
- (ii) met meer as 2 jaar ervaring maar minder as 5 jaar ervaring, 2d. per uur.

(b) Ambagsmanne, 3d. per uur.

(c) Ongekwalifiseerde werkewers wat skilder en ruite insit—

- (i) tot en met 2 jaar ervaring, 1½d. per uur;
- (ii) met meer as 2 jaar ervaring, maar minder as 3 jaar, 2d. per uur.

(d) Skilders en ruitinsitters, 3d. per uur.

(e) Bedieners van vloerskuurmasjiene, motorvoertuigbestuurders, betonwerkers en werkewers wat blokkies en ander soorte vloere insit (maar nie hangvloere nie), 2d. per uur.

(f) Werkewers wat witkalk, 1½d. per uur;

met dien verstande dat voornoemde bydraes op hoogstens 44 uur in 'n week betaalbaar is, ongeag die feit of dié tyd teen gewone of oortydskale gewerk is, en voorts met dien verstande dat ten opsigte van ambagsmanne, behalwe skilders en ruitinsitters, met meer as 5 jaar ervaring, en ten opsigte van skilders en ruitinsitters met meer as 3 jaar ervaring, is geen bydrae betaalbaar ten opsigte van 'n week waarin so 'n werkewer langer as 18 uur in 'n week gewerk het nie, maar dat as die werkewer langer as 18 uur in 'n week gewerk het, die volle weeklike bydrae van 11s. betaalbaar is, ongeag die feit of die werkewer die volle 44 uur gewerk het of nie.

(3) Die werkewer moet ten opsigte van die bedrae kragtens subklousule (2) bygedra, seëls van die Raad koop en aan elkeen van die betrokke werkewers op elke betaaldag tot die waarde van die bydrae uitrek. Die uitgereikte seëls moet leesbaar deur hom met sy naam en die datum gekanselleer wees, en elke werkewer moet onmiddellik of so gou doenlik die seëls in 'n bydrae boekie inplak wat van die Sekretaris van die Raad verkry en deur die werkewer gehou moet word.

Aansoeke om 'n bydraeboekie moet so gou moontlik na die datum van inwerkingtreding van hierdie Ooreenkoms deur elke betrokke werkewer gedoen word op yorms wat by die Raad te kry is.

(4) Die seëls, genoem in subartikel (3), moet deur die werkewer van die Raad gekoop word en 'n toereikende reserwevoorraad moet te alle tye deur die werkewer gehou word, met dien verstande dat 'n werkewer terugbetaling vir die waarde van alle ongebruikte seëls van die Raad kan ontvang.

(5) Onmiddellik na die eerste betaaldag in November elke jaar, moet die werkewers hul bydraeboekies met die seëls daar-in by hul werkewers indien, waarvoor 'n ontvangsbewys aan hulle uitgereik moet word, met 'n aantekening van die waarde van die seëls daar-in waarmee die werkewer gekrediteer word.

Onmiddellik daarna moet elke werkewer die ontvang bydraeboekies per geregistreerde pos aan die Sekretaris van die Raad stuur.

Die Sekretaris moet 'n ontvangsbewys daarvoor aan die werkewer uitrek en daarna elke bydraer van die datum en plek verwittig waarop die bedrag, op naam van die bydraer in die boekie van die fonds, uitbetaal sal word.

(6) 'n Bydraer wat werkloos is op die datum van die eerste betaaldag in November moet sy bydraeboekie regstreeks per geregistreerde pos aan die Sekretaris stuur.

(7) Betaling van die bedrae wat bydraers toekom, moet vir sover doenlik gemaak word tussen 15 November en die datum van die jaarlike sluitingstyd van die jaar.

(iii) absent from work on the instructions or at the request of his employer;

and employment shall be deemed to have started—

(a) in the case of an employee who was formerly entitled to annual leave in terms of the Council's previous Agreement published under Government Notice No. 2291, dated 15th September, 1950, and extended to 15th March, 1952, by Government Notice No. 101 of the 11th January, 1952, from the date on which such leave had last accrued to him;

(b) in the case of any other employee from the date on which he entered his employer's service or the date of coming into force of this Agreement, whichever is the later date.

12. HOLIDAY FUND.

(1) The Holiday Fund established under Government Notice No. 2291 of the 15th September, 1950, is hereby continued, but the name is hereby altered to read Worcester Building Industrial Council Holiday Fund, (hereinafter referred to as "the fund"), and amounts held by the Council to the credit of the fund in accordance with sub-clause (2) shall be invested from time to time on fixed deposit or on call with a bank or building society.

(2) In addition to any other remuneration payable in terms of this Agreement an employer shall in respect of each and every hour worked by each of his employees (other than unskilled labourers) and in the manner prescribed in this clause contribute to the fund as follows:—

(a) Unqualified employees, other than unqualified employees engaged in painting and glazing—

- (i) with up to 2 years' experience 1½d. per hour;
- (ii) with over 2 years' but less than 5 years' experience 2d. per hour.

(b) Journeymen, 3d. per hour.

(c) Unqualified employees engaged in painting and glazing—

- (i) with up to 2 years' experience, 1½d. per hour.
- (ii) with over 2 years' but less than 3 years' experience, 2d. per hour.

(d) Painters and Glaziers, 3d. per hour.

(e) Operators of floor sandpapering machines, drivers of motor vehicles, concreters and employees engaged in laying block and other floors (excluding suspended floors), 2d. per hour.

(f) Employees engaged on limewashing, 1½d. per hour;

provided that the said contributions shall be payable on not more than 44 hours in any week irrespective of whether such time was worked at ordinary or overtime rates, and provided further, that in respect of journeymen, other than painters and glaziers, with over 5 years' experience, and in respect of painters and glaziers with more than 3 years' experience, no contribution will be payable in respect of any week during which such employee worked not more than 18 hours, but that when such employee has worked for more than 18 hours in any week, the full weekly contribution of 11s. will be payable irrespective of whether the employee has worked the full 44 hours or not.

(3) The employer shall purchase from the Council and shall issue to each of his employees concerned on each pay-day, stamps to the value of the contribution on behalf of such employee calculated in accordance with sub-clause (2). The stamps issued shall be legibly cancelled by the employer with his name and the date of cancellation, and each employee shall forthwith or as soon as practicable thereafter affix such stamps in a contribution book obtained from the Secretary of the Council and retained by the employee.

Application for a contribution book shall be made by every employee affected as soon as possible after the date of coming into operation of this Agreement, and shall be on a form to be obtained from the Council.

(4) The stamps referred to in sub-clause (3) shall be purchased by the employer from the Council and an adequate reserve thereof shall be maintained by the employer at all times; provided that an employer may obtain a refund from the Council of the value of any unused stamps returned to the Council.

(5) Immediately after the first pay-day in November in any year the employees shall hand in to their employers their stamped contribution books and the employer shall in each case give to the employee concerned a signed receipt in acknowledgment thereof and stating the value of the stamps therein to the credit of such employee.

Every employer shall forthwith transmit to the Secretary of the Council by registered post the contribution books received.

The Secretary shall issue to the employer a receipt therefor and shall thereafter notify each contributor of the date and place at which payment will be effected of the amount standing to the credit of such contributor in the books of the fund.

(6) A contributor who is unemployed on the date of the first pay-day in November in any year shall forward his contribution book by registered post to the Secretary direct.

(7) Payment of amounts to the credit of contributors shall, as far as practicable be made between the 15th December and the date of the annual closing period in any year.

(8) Die Raad is nie aanspreeklik vir betaling ten opsigte van seëls wat kragtens subklousule (3) van hierdie klousule aan werknetmers uitgereik is nie tensy die seëls in 'n bydraeboekie wat van die Raad verkry is, ingepak is en die bydraeboekie voor verloop van ses kalendermaande na die aanvangsdatum van die verloftydperk by die Raad ingedien is. Alle gelde wat van die verkoop van seëls wat aldus uitgereik is, verkry word en nie na verloop van die genoemde tydperk van ses kalendermaande opgeëis is nie, verval aan die algemene fonds van die Raad; met dien verstande dat die Raad verplig is om alle eise wat na verstryking van die genoemde tydperk van ses kalendermaande ingedien word op hulle meriete te behandel en kan (sonder wettige aanspreeklikheid) te eniger tyd magtiging verleen vir betaling van eise uit gelde wat kragtens hierdie subklousule aan die Raad verval het.

(9) In die geval van sterfte van 'n werknetmer moet die bedrag wat aan hom uit die fonds verskuldig is, aan sy boedel uitbetaal word.

(10) Alle bedrae wat deur die Raad op krediet van die fonds gehou word, kan van tyd tot tyd deur die Raad belê word op vaste deposito, of op 'n lopende rekening, by 'n bank of bougenootskap. Geen werknetmer het enige aanspraak op rente wat deur die fonds gekweek word nie, ook kan hy nie aanspreeklik gehou word vir bydraes tot die beheerkoste van die fonds nie.

(11) Die bedrae waarmee elke werknetmer in die fonds gekrediteer word, is nie oordragbaar en kan nie gesedeer of verpand word nie.

(12) Ingeval van verstryking van hierdie Ooreenkoms deur verloop van tyd of beëindiging weens 'n ander oorsaak, moet die komitee die fonds bly beheer totdat dit of gelikwiede of deur die Raad oorgedra is aan 'n ander fonds wat vir dieselfde doel gestig is as dié waarvoor die oorspronklike fonds gestig was.

(13) Ingeval van ontbinding van die Raad, of ingeval hy sy werkzaamhede staak gedurende 'n tydperk waarin hierdie Ooreenkoms bindend is kragtens artikel vier-en-dertig (2) van die Wet, mag die Minister 'n komitee, bestaande uit 'n gelyke getal werkgewers- en werknetmersverteenvoerders, in die Nywerheid aanstel en moet dié komitee die fonds bly beheer. Vakature wat op die komitee ontstaan, mag deur die Minister gevul word uit onderskeidelik werkgewers en werknetmers ten einde die ewewig tussen werkgewers- en werknetmersverteenvoerders in die komitee te verseker. Ingeval die komitee nie in staat is nie, of onwillig is, om sy werk te verrig, of ingeval 'n dooiepunt ontstaan wat na die mening van die Minister, dié beheer van die fonds ondoenlik of onwenslik maak, kan hy 'n kurator of kurators aanstel om die werk van die komitee te verrig wat vir dié doel endies al die bevoegdhede van die komitee besit. By verstryking van hierdie Ooreenkoms moet die fonds deur die komitee wat ooreenkomsdig hierdie subklousule werk, of, na gelang van die geval, deur die kurator of kurators gelikwiede word op die wyse uiteengesit in subklousule (14) van hierdie klousule en as by verstryking van die Ooreenkoms die sake van die Raad reeds gelikwiede en sy bates verdeel is, moet die balans van die fonds verdeel word soos bepaal by artikel vier-en-dertig (4) van die Wet, asof dit deel van die algemene fonds van die Raad vorm.

(14) By likwidasie van die fonds ooreenkomsdig subklousule (12) van hierdie klousule, moet die geldie wat tot krediet van die fonds oorbly, na betaling van alle eise teen die fonds, met inbegrip van administrasie- en likwidasiekoste, aan die algemene fonds van die Raad oorbetaal word.

(15) Die rekenings van die fonds moet elke jaar op of voor 31 Maart vir die 12 maande eindigende op 31 Desember van die vorige jaar deur 'n geregistreerde ingeskreve rekenmeester geoudiereer word. 'n Eksemplaar van die rekeningsstaat, tsesame met die ouditeur se staat, moet aan die Sekretaris van Arbeid gestuur word en nog 'n eksemplaar moet in die kantoor van die Raad ter insaai lê.

13. BERE EN VERSKAFFING VAN GEREEDSKAP.

(1) Die werkgewer moet gesikte plekke by alle werke verskaf vir die toesluit van gereedskap. Die werkgewer is aanspreeklik vir verlies deur brand van gereedskap in bêreplekke, skure en werkplekke wat deur werknetmers gely kan word.

(2) Werkgewers moet slypsteene vir die skerpmaak van gereedskap verskaf. As geen slysteen op die werk verskaf word nie, moet aan timmermans en skrynwerkers voldoende tyd en geleentheid gegee word om voor beëindiging van hul diens hul gereedskap in goeie toestand te bring.

(3) Werkgewers moet die volgende verskaf in die geval van:—

- (a) *Asfaltwerkers:* Rollers, borsels en reiplanke.
- (b) *Timmermans:* Alle klampe, handskrawe, lymkwaste, skroef-sleutels, koevoete, handbore en boorysters van langer as 12 duim en alle hamers van swaarder as 3 pond.
- (c) *Klipmessaars en klipbeitelaars:*
 - (i) Gereedskap vir die bewerking van graniët en harde klip.
 - (ii) Behoorlike afdakke vir klipbeitelaars waarvan die dak minstens 10 voet bo die grondoppervlakte moet wees. Hierdie bepaling is nie op klein werkies op bouterreine van toepassing nie.
 - (iii) 'n Werknemer om alle gereedskap skerp te maak.

(8) The Council shall not be liable to make payment in respect of any stamps issued to employees in terms of sub-clause (3) of this clause unless such stamps are affixed in a contribution book obtained from the Council and such contribution book is deposited with the Council before the expiration of six calendar months from the date of the commencement of the holiday period. Any moneys from the sale of stamps so issued and not claimed for at the expiration of the said period of six calendar months shall accrue to the funds of the Council, provided that the Council shall be obliged to consider on the merits all claims made after the said period of six calendar months and may (without legal liability) authorise at any time the payment of claims from moneys which have accrued to the Council in terms of this sub-clause.

(9) In the case of the death of an employee the amounts due to him from the fund shall be paid into his estate.

(10) All amounts held by the Council to the credit of the fund shall be invested from time to time on fixed deposit or on call with a bank or building society. No employee shall have any claim in respect of interest accruing to the fund, neither shall he be responsible for any contribution towards the expenses of administering the fund.

(11) The amounts credited to each employee in the fund are not transferable and cannot be ceded or pledged.

(12) In the event of the expiry of this Agreement by effluxion of time or cessation for any other cause, the fund shall continue to be administered by the Council until it is either liquidated or transferred by the Council to any other fund constituted for the same purpose as that for which the original fund was created.

(13) In the event of dissolution of the Council or in the event of it ceasing to function during any period in which this Agreement is binding in terms of section thirty-four (2) of the Act, the Minister may appoint a committee from employers and employees in the Industry on the basis of equal representation on both sides and the fund shall continue to be administered by such committee. Any vacancy occurring on the committee may be filled by the Minister from employers or employees as the case may be, so as to ensure an equality of employer and employee representatives on the committee. In the event of such committee being unable or unwilling to discharge its duties or a deadlock arising thereon which renders the administration of the fund impracticable or undesirable in the opinion of the Minister, he may appoint a trustee or trustees to carry out the duties of the committee and such trustee shall possess all the powers of the committee for such purpose. Upon the expiration of this Agreement the fund shall be liquidated by the committee functioning in terms of this sub-clause, or the trustee or trustees as the case may be, in the manner set forth in sub-clause (14) of this clause and if upon the expiration of the Agreement the affairs of the Council have already been wound up and its assets distributed, the balance of this fund shall be distributed as provided for in section thirty-four (4) of the Act as if it formed part of the general funds of the Council.

(14) Upon liquidation of the fund in terms of sub-clause (12) of this clause the moneys remaining to the credit of the fund after the payment of all claims against the fund, including administration and liquidation expenses, shall be paid into the general funds of the Council.

(15) The accounts of the fund shall be audited by a registered chartered accountant each year not later than the 31st March for the twelve months ending the 31st December of the previous year. A copy of the statement of accounts, together with the Auditor's report, shall be transmitted to the Secretary for Labour, and a copy shall also lie for inspection at the office of the Council.

13. STORAGE AND SUPPLY OF TOOLS.

(1) The employer shall provide on all jobs suitable places for locking up tools. The employer shall be liable for any loss by fire of tools in storage rooms, sheds and working places which employees suffer.

(2) The employer shall provide on the job grindstones for sharpening tools. Where no grindstones are provided on a job suitable time and facilities shall be granted to carpenters and joiners to put their tools in order prior to termination of employment.

(3) Employers shall provide in the case of—

- (a) *Asphalters:* Rollers, brushes and straight edges.
- (b) *Carpenters:* All cramps, handscrews, glue brushes, wrenches, crowbars, augers and bits over 12 inches long and all hammers over 3 lb.
- (c) *Masons and Stonemasons:*
 - (i) Tools for working granite and hard stone.
 - (ii) For stonemasons suitable sheds, the roof of which must not be less than 10 feet from ground level; this provision shall not apply to small jobs on building sites.
 - (iii) An employee to sharpen tools.

- (d) *Skilders en behangers:* Alle gereedskap behalwe stopverfmesse, stoffers, behangerskwaste en -skêre.
- (e) *Pleisteraars:* Daghaborde en bokke van gesikte hoogte, rollers en spesiale gereedskap vir granoliet.
- (f) *Loodgieters:*
- (i) Masjiene wat in werkinkel of op werk gebruik word.
 - (ii) Handaambeelde en klinknaelysters en boorysters van alle groottes.
 - (iii) Skroefdraadgereedskap soos snyblokke en tapysters en ratels.
 - (iv) Pypsnrygereedskap en bankskroewe.
 - (v) Spesiale en swarkalfaterysters en smeltpotte.
 - (vi) Metaalpotte en groot gietlepels.
 - (vii) Beitels, deurslae en muurpenne van langer as 9 duim.
 - (viii) Soldeerysters.
 - (ix) Vyle en metaalsaagblaie.
 - (x) Skroefpille van meer as 2 duim deursnee.
 - (xi) Klinknaelstelle van No. 12 en daarbo en dryfbetels.
 - (xii) Deurslae van meer as $\frac{1}{4}$ dm. (kwartduim) deursnee, hol of solied.
 - (xiii) Skroefsleuels en tange van langer as 12 duim.
- (g) *Elektrisiëns:* Groot vyle, blaaslampe, spanskroewe, groot beetels, saagblaie en skroefsnrygereedskap.

14. DIENSBEËINDIGING.

(1) 'n Werknemer wat sy diens by 'n werkewer wil beëindig, en 'n werkewer wat 'n werknamer se diens wil beëindig, moet onderskeidelik minstens 24 uur kennis gee in die geval van werknamers met meer as een week diens en twee uur kennis in die geval van werknamers met minder as een week diens; met dien verstande dat sy diens in geen geval voor die gewone stakingstyd mag eindig nie.

(2) 'n Werkewer mag, in plaas van die kennis te gee waartoe die werknamer geregtig is, die werknamer 9 uur of 2 uur se loon, na die geval, betaal.

(3) 'n Werknemer wat as 'n timmerman of skrynwerker in diens is, moet toegelaat word om gedurende die tydperk van die kennisgewing in subklousule (1) genoem, sy gereedskap in orde te bring.

(4) Vier-en-twintig uur kennisgewing is nie nodig nie tensy die betrokke werknamer minstens vyf agtereenvolgende dae by dieselfde werkewer gewerk het, en in die geval van werknamers met minder as vyf aaneenlopende dae diens, is die nodige kennisgewing twee uur.

15. SPESIALE BEPALINGS VIR DIE VERRIGTING VAN SEKERE SOORTE WERK.

Werkewers en werknamers moet die volgende bepalings naam:—

- (1) *Betonwerk.*—Elke werkewer moet teen 'n loon van minstens 1s. 6d per uur 'n werknamer in diens hê wat voortdurend op diens moet wees terwyl beton *in situ* gestort word en dit is hierdie werknamer se uitsluitlike plig om toesig te hou oor ander persone wat hierdie klas werk verrig.
- (2) *Klipmesselaarwerk.*
- (a) 'n Werkewer mag geen ander persoon as 'n klipmessaalaaer as 'n bediener van 'n klipdraibank- en klipskaafbankmasjién en/of 'n diamant- en karborundsaaftmasjién in diens hê nie.
 - (b) 'n Werkewer mag geen ander persoon as 'n gekwalifiseerde klipmesselaar vir werk wat gewoonlik deur klipmesselaars verrig word, in diens hê nie.
- (3) 'n Werkewer moet 'n werknamer wat in diens is vir die stel van saagblaie, stel van klippe in gereedheid om gesaagte word en/of vasmaak of waterpas stel van alle klippe vir poleermasjiene, 'n loon van minstens 2s. 8d. per uur betaal en geen ambagsman wat aldus in diens is mag 'n loon teen 'n laer skaal aanneem nie.
- (4) 'n Werkewer mag nie toelaat dat klipmesselaarskapstellasies minder as ses voet van mekaar staan of dat stof gedurende werkure met die uitblaaspyp of met ander lug weggeblaas word nie.
- (5) Geen werkewer mag klip in 'n gebou of bouwerk in die gebied waarop hierdie Ooreenkoms betrekking het, gebruik wat gekap is in enige gebied van die Unie van Suid-Afrika waarin die loonskale vir die betrokke werk laer is as dié soos vir dardie werk vasgestel nie.
- (6) Alle gekapte klip moet op die werkewer se werf of op die werk bewerk word, maar kan by die klipbreekgat kleiner gemaak word alleen met behulp van 'n slythamer. As die werkewer se werf by die klipbreekgat is, moet dit op 'n redelike afstand van die werkfront van die klipbreekgat wees.
- (7) *Steierwerk.*—'n Werkewer moet sorg dra dat alle steiers behoorlik uit goeie materiaal saamgestel is, dat dit opgerig word onder toesig van 'n bevoegde persoon wat deur die werkewer minstens 2s. 8d. per uur betaal moet word en geen vakman wat aldus in diens is, mag 'n loon teen 'n laer skaal aanneem nie.

- (d) *Painters and Paperhanglers:* All tools except putty knives, dusters and paperhanglers' brushes and scissors;
- (e) *Plasterers:* Dagga-boards and stands of suitable height rollers and special tools for granilite.
- (f) *Plumbers:*
- (i) Machines used in the shop or on the job.
 - (ii) Stakes and riveting bars and drills of all sizes.
 - (iii) Screwing-tackle, such as stock, dies, taps and ratchets.
 - (iv) Pipe-cutting tools and vices.
 - (v) Special and heavy caulking irons and firepots;
 - (vi) Metal pots and large ladles.
 - (vii) Chisels, punches and wall-pins over 9 inches in length.
 - (viii) Soldering irons.
 - (ix) Files and hack-saw blades.
 - (x) Mandrills over 9 inches in diameter.
 - (xi) Rivet sets from No. 12 rivet and over and grooving tools.
 - (xii) Punches over $\frac{1}{4}$ (quarter) inch in diameter, hollow or solid.
 - (xiii) Wrenches and tongs over 12 inches in length.
- (g) *Electricians:* Large files, blow lamps, draw vices, large chisels, saw-blades and screw cutting tools.

14. TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT.

(1) An employee desirous of terminating his employment with an employer, and an employer desirous of terminating the employment of his employee shall give at least twenty-four hours' notice in the case of employees with more than one week's service and two hours' in the case of employees with less than one week's service respectively; provided that employment shall in no case be terminated before the ordinary finishing time.

(2) The employer may, in lieu of the notice to which such employee is entitled, pay his employee nine hours' or two hours' wages as the case may be.

(3) An employee employed as a carpenter or joiner shall be allowed to put his tools in order during the period of notice referred to in sub-clause (1).

(4) Twenty-four hours' notice shall not be required unless the employee concerned has worked for at least five consecutive days for the same employer, and in the case of employees with less than such five days' employment the notice shall be two hours.

15. SPECIAL PROVISIONS GOVERNING THE PERFORMANCE OF CERTAIN CLASSES OF WORK.

- Employers and employees shall observe the following rules:—
- (1) *Concrete Work.*—An employer shall employ an employee at the rate of not less than 1s. 6d. per hour, who shall be continuously employed whilst concrete is being placed *in situ*, and it shall be the sole duty of this employee to supervise other persons doing this work, and no employee so employed shall accept wages at a lower rate of pay.
- (2) *Masonry.*
- (a) An employer shall not employ any person other than a mason as an operator of a stone-turning and planing machine and/or a diamond and carborundum sawing machine.
 - (b) An employer shall not employ any person other than a qualified mason on work usually performed by masons.
- (3) An employer shall pay a journeyman employed in fixing saw blades, setting stones ready for sawing and/or fixing or levelling all stones for polishing machines wages at not less than 2s. 8d. per hour, and no journeyman so employed shall accept wages at a lower rate.
- (4) An employer shall not permit masons' bankers to be less than 6 feet apart or dust to be blown off with exhaust or other air during working hours.
- (5) An employer shall not in the erection of a building or structure within the area to which this Agreement relates, utilise stone which has been dressed in an area in the Union of South Africa in which a lower minimum scale of wages is in operation for such stone dressing.
- (6) All squared stone shall be worked in the employer's working place on the job, but may be reduced in size at the quarry by the use of a small hammer only. When the employer's working place is situated at the quarry, it must be at a reasonably safe distance from the working face of the quarry.
- (7) *Scaffolding.*—An employer shall ensure that all scaffolding is properly erected of sound material and under the supervision of a competent person to whom the employer shall pay not less than 2s. 8d. per hour, and no journeyman so employed shall accept wages at a lower rate.

(8) 'n Werkgever mag nie toelaat dat 'n lugsaamperser bedien word in 'n werkswinkel waar werkneemers klip kap nie, en hy moet sorg dat so'n masjien minstens 30 voet verstaan van klipmesselaars wat klip kap, tensy hy doeltreffende beskerming verskaf vir werkneemers wat naby so 'n lugsaamperser werk.

16. WERKENDE WERKGEWER OF VENNOOT.

'n Werkende werkgever en/of vennoot moet die werkure wat in hierdie Ooreenkoms voorgeskryf word, nakom ten opsigte van die bedryf waarin hy werkzaam is.

17. SKUILPLEK MET NAT WEER.

Op elke terrein waar bouwerkzaamhede verrig word, moet werkgewers 'n behoorlike geleenthed verskaf waar werkneemers gedurende nat weer kan skuil.

18. LATRINES.

Alle werkgewers moet op alle werke behoorlike afsonderlike sanitêre gemakke vir blanke en nie-blanke verskaf, en waar daar spoelerielering is, moet latrines met dié rioleringstelsel verbind word voordat 'n aanvang met die werk gemaak word en moet hulle aan die municipale vereistes voldoen. In alle ander gevalle waarin ander stelsels in werking is, moet daagliks toesig uitgeoefen word om sindelikheid te verseker.

19. INDIENSNEMING VAN MINDERJARIGES.

Niemand onder vyftien jaar mag in die bouwerywerheid in diens wees nie.

20. GETALLEVERHOUDING.

Geen werkgever mag 'n ongekwalifiseerde werkneemer in 'n besondere bedryf in diens hê nie tensy hy reeds 'n vakman in daardie besondere bedryf in diens het, en vir elke vakman van dié klas moet hy hoogstens drie ongekwalifiseerde werkneemers in daardie besondere bedryf in diens hê; met dien verstande dat vir die toepassing van hierdie klousule—

- (1) 'n ongekwalifiseerde werkneemer wat minstens die besoldiging ontvang wat by klousule 4 (1) vir 'n vakman in daardie besondere bedryf voorgeskryf is, as 'n gekwalifiseerde vakman in daardie besondere bedryf bekhou mag word;
- (2) 'n werkneemer wat uitsluitlik of hoofsaaklik in diens is vir die werk van 'n vakman in 'n besondere bedryf, as 'n vakman in daardie besondere bedryf bekhou mag word.

21. DIENSSERTIFIKATE.

By beëindiging van die dienskontrak van 'n werkneemer moet 'n werkgever die werkneemer voorsien van 'n dienssertifikaat wat die name van werkgever en werkneemer voluit toon, die aard van die werkneemer se diens, die datum van die aanvang en die beëindiging van die diens en die loonskaal op die datum van diensbeëindiging.

22. RAADSFONDSE.

Die fonds van die Raad wat by die Raad berus en deur hom beheer word, word soos volg verkry:

Op die eerste weeklikse betaaldag nadat hierdie Ooreenkoms in werking tree, en op elke betaaldag daarna, moet elke werkgever van die loon van elkeen van sy werkneemers vir wie lone by hierdie Ooreenkoms voorgeskryf word—

- (a) in die geval van ongeskoolde arbeiders, twee pennies;
- (b) in die geval van werkneemers wat ambagsmannetjies se werk doen—
 - (i) tot en met twee jaar ervaring, drie pennies;
 - (ii) met meer as twee jaar ervaring, vier pennies;
- (c) betonwerkers, werkneemers wat blokkies- en ander vloere lê (behalwe hangvloere), werkneemers wat witkalk en bedieners van vloerskuurmasjiene, drie pennies;
- (d) bestuurders van motorvoertuie, vier pennies.

Die totale bedrag aldus afgetrek moet deur die werkgever, tesame met 'n gelyke bedrag wat deur hom bygedra word, aan die Sekretaris van die Raad binne een week van die datum waarop die bydraes betaalbaar geword het, gestuur word, tesame met 'n staat wat die volgende aantoon:

- (a) Naam en adres van die werkgever;
- (b) tyd ten opsigte waarop die bedrag betrekking het;
- (c) getal werkneemers in diens gedurende die betrokke tyd;
- (d) totale bedrag van die werkneemers vir die betrokke tyd ingevolge hiervan afgetrek;
- (e) die werkgever se bydrae ingevolge hiervan;
- (f) totale bedrag.

23. AGENTE.

Die Raad moet een of meer bepaalde persone aanstel as agente om te help by die toepassing van die bepalings van hierdie Ooreenkoms. Elke werkgever en elke werkneemers is verplig om sulke agente toe te laat om die navrae te doen en om boeke en/of dokumente na te sien en om die persone te ondervra wat vir hierdie doel nodig mag wees.

(8) An employer shall not permit an air compressor to be operated in a shed where employees are engaged on cutting stone and shall ensure that such machine is operated at a distance of not less than 30 feet from any mason whilst cutting stone, unless he has provided adequate protection for the employees working near the said air compressor.

16. WORKING EMPLOYERS OR PARTNERS.

Any working employer and/or partner shall observe the hours of work laid down in terms of this Agreement in respect of the trade in which he is engaged.

17. WET WEATHER SHELTER.

At any time where building operations are being carried out employers shall provide suitable accommodation in which employees may take shelter during wet weather.

18. LATRINES.

Proper sanitary accommodation shall be provided on all jobs for Europeans and non-Europeans separately, and wherever sewerage connections exist, latrines shall be connected with the sewerage system prior to starting the work and they must meet the municipal requirements. In all other cases where other systems are in operation, daily supervision must be exercised to ensure cleanliness.

19. EMPLOYMENT OF MINORS.

No person under the age of fifteen years shall be employed in the building industry.

20. RATIO.

No employer shall employ an unqualified employee in a particular trade unless he already employs a journeyman in that particular trade, and for each such journeyman he shall employ not more than three unqualified employees in that particular trade; provided that for the purpose of this clause—

- (1) an unqualified employee who receives not less than the remuneration prescribed in clause 4 (1) for a journeyman in that particular trade, may be deemed to be a qualified journeyman in that particular trade;
- (2) an employer who is wholly or mainly engaged in performing the work of a journeyman in a particular trade, may be deemed to be a journeyman in that particular trade.

21. CERTIFICATES OF SERVICE.

An employer shall upon termination of the contract of employment of an employee furnish such employee with a certificate of service showing the full names of the employer and the employee, the nature of the employee's employment, the date of commencement and termination of the employment and the rate of remuneration on the date of such termination of employment.

22. COUNCIL FUNDS.

The funds of the Council, which shall be vested in and administered by the Council, shall be provided in the following manner:

On the first weekly pay-day after this Agreement comes into operation and on each pay-day thereafter, every employer shall deduct from the wages of each of his employees for whom wages are prescribed in the Agreement, an amount of—

- (a) in the case of unskilled labourers, twopence;
- (b) in the case of employees employed on journeymen's work—
 - (i) with up to two years' experience, threepence;
 - (ii) with more than two years' experience, fourpence;
- (c) concreters, layers of block and other floors (excluding suspended floors), employees engaged on limewashing and operators of sandpapering machines, threepence;
- (d) drivers of motor vehicles, fourpence.

The total amount so deducted shall be forwarded by the employer together with an equal contribution by him, to the Secretary of the Council within one week from the date on which the deductions fell due, together with a statement showing—

- (a) name and address of the employer;
- (b) period in respect of which the amount relates;
- (c) number of employees employed during the period concerned;
- (d) total amount deducted from the employees for the period concerned in terms hereof;
- (e) the employer's contribution in terms hereof;
- (f) total amount.

23. AGENTS.

The Council shall appoint one or more specified persons as agents to assist it in giving effect to the terms of this Agreement. It shall be the duty of every employer and employee to permit such agents to institute such enquiries and to examine such books and/or documents and to interrogate such persons as may be necessary for this purpose.

24. VERTONING VAN OOREENKOMS.

Elke werkewer moet 'n leesbare eksemplaar van hierdie Ooreenkoms in albei amptelike tale in die vorm by die Wet voorgeskryf, op 'n plek vertoon hou wat maklik vir sy werkemers toeganklik is.

25. VRYSTELLINGS.

(1) Die Raad kan aan of ten opsigte van enige persoon vrystelling van enige van die bepalings van hierdie Ooreenkoms verleen weens hoe ouderdom of liggamsgebrek of enige ander geoeie en afdoende rede.

(2) Die Raad moet ten opsigte van enige persoon aan wie vrystelling kragtens die bepalings van subartikel (1) verleen word, die voorwaardes vasstel waarop vrystelling verleen word, en die termyn waarvoor vrystelling geldig sal wees; met dien verstande dat die Raad na goedgunke, en na een week skriftelike kennisgewing aan die betrokke persoon, enige vrystellingsertifikaat kan herroep hetsy die termyn waarvoor dit uitgereik is, verloop het of nie.

(3) Die Sekretaris van die Raad moet aan elke persoon aan wie ingevolge die bepalings van hierdie artikel vrystelling verleen is, 'n sertifikaat uitgereik wat die volgende vermeld:

- (a) Die naam van die betrokke persoon voluit;
- (b) die bepalings van die Ooreenkoms waarvan vrystelling verleen word;
- (c) die voorwaardes wat ooreenkomsdig die bepalings van subartikel (2) vasgestel is en waarop die vrystelling verleen word; en
- (d) die termyn waarvoor die vrystelling geldig sal wees.

(4) Die sekretaris van die Raad moet—

- (a) 'n afskrif behou van elke sertifikaat wat uitgereik word; en
- (b) as aan 'n werknemer vrystelling verleen word, 'n afskrif van die vrystellingsertifikaat aan die betrokke werkewer stuur.

(5) Elke werkewer en werknemer moet die voorwaardes van elke vrystellingsertifikaat kragtens hierdie artikel nakom.

26. REGISTRASIE VAN WERKGEWERS EN WERKNEMERS.

(1) Binne veertien dae van die datum van die inwerkingtreding van hierdie Ooreenkoms en, in die geval van 'n werkewer wat besigheid begin doen nadat hierdie Ooreenkoms in werking getree het, binne veertien dae nadat hy aldus besigheid begin doen, moet elke werkewer in die nywerheid die Sekretaris van die Raad in kennis stel van die naam waaronder hy sy besigheid dryf asook die adres van waar die besigheid gedryf word.

(2) Die rekords wat so 'n werkewer verplig is om by te hou, moet, kragtens artikel *sewe-en-vyftig* van die Wet, beskikbaar wees aan die adres genoem in subklousule (1) van hierdie klousule.

(3) Die rekords genoem in subklousule (2) van hierdie klousule moet op aanvraag deur enige agent van die Raad, wat kragtens klousule 23 van hierdie Ooreenkoms aangestel is, deur genoemde werkewer te alle tye aan genoemde adres voorgely word.

(4) Die rekords in subklousule (2) van hierdie klousule genoem moet deur die werkewer aan genoemde adres voorgely word op aanvraag van enige benoemde agent wat kragtens artikel *twee-en-sesig* van die Wet deur die Minister aangestel is ten einde die Raad te help om sy werk te doen.

Namens die partye hede die 9de dag van Mei 1952 in Worcester geteken.

W. D. PRIME,
Voorsitter van die Raad.

J. B. HAMMOND,
Ondervorsitter van die Raad.

J. C. LESSING,
Assistent-sekretaris van die Raad.

* No. 1926.] [22 Augustus 1952.
WET OP FABRIEKE, MASJINERIE EN BOUWERK,
1941.

BOUNYWERHEID, WORCESTER.

Ek, PAUL OLIVER SAUER, Waarnemende Minister van Arbeid, handelende kragtens subartikel (1) van artikel *twee-en-twintig* van die Wet op Fabrieke, Masjinerie en Bouwerk, 1941, verklaar hierby dat die bepalings van die ooreenkoms en kennisgewing in verband met die Bounywerheid, Worcester, bekendgemaak by Goewerments-kennisgewing No. 1925 van 22 Augustus 1952, vir die persone wie se werkure daarby gereel word, nie minder gunstig as die ooreenstemmende bepalings van genoemde Wet is nie.

P. O. SAUER,
Waarnemende Minister van Arbeid.

24. EXHIBITION OF AGREEMENT.

Every employer shall keep a legible copy of this Agreement in both official languages, in the form prescribed in the regulations under the Act, exhibited in his establishment in a place readily accessible to his employees.

25. EXEMPTIONS.

(1) The Council may on account of old age or infirmity or for any other good or sufficient reason, grant to or in respect of any person exemption from any of the provisions of this Agreement.

(2) The Council shall fix in respect of persons granted exemption under a provision of sub-section (1) of this section the conditions subject to which such exemption is granted and the period during which such exemption shall operate; provided that the Council may, if it deems fit, after one week's notice in writing has been given to the person concerned, withdraw any licence of exemption, whether or not the period for which exemption was granted has expired.

(3) The Secretary of the Council shall issue to every person granted exemption in accordance with the provisions of this section a licence signed by him setting out—

- (a) the full name of the person concerned;
- (b) the provisions of the Agreement from which exemption is granted;
- (c) the conditions fixed in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (2) of this section, subject to which such exemption is granted; and
- (d) the period during which the exemption shall operate;

(4) The Secretary of the Council shall—

- (a) retain a copy of each licence issued; and
- (b) where an exemption is granted to an employee, forward a copy of the licence of exemption to the employer concerned.

(5) Every employer and employee shall observe the provisions of any licence of exemption in the terms of this section.

26. REGISTRATION OF EMPLOYERS AND RECORDS.

(1) Every employer in the Industry shall, within fourteen days from the date this Agreement comes into force, and in the case of an employer who commences business after the Agreement comes into force, within fourteen days from the date he so commences business, notify the Secretary of the Council of the name under which he carries on his business and the address from which his business is carried on.

(2) The records which such employer is required to keep, in terms of section *fifty-seven* of the Act shall, at all times, be available at the address referred to in sub-clause (1) of this clause.

(3) The records referred to in sub-clause (2) of this clause shall be produced by the employer at the said address on demand to any agent of the Council, appointed in terms of clause 23 of this Agreement.

(4) The records referred to in sub-clause (2) of this clause shall be produced by the employer at the said address on demand to any designated agent appointed by the Minister in terms of section *sixty-two* of the Act to assist the Council in carrying out its functions.

Signed at Worcester on behalf of the parties this 9th day of May, 1952.

W. D. PRIME,
Chairman of the Council.

J. B. HAMMOND,
Vice-Chairman of the Council.

J. C. LESSING,
Assistant Secretary of the Council.

* No. 1926.] [22 August 1952.
FACTORIES, MACHINERY AND BUILDING WORK
ACT, 1941.

BUILDING INDUSTRY, WORCESTER.

I, PAUL OLIVER SAUER, Acting Minister of Labour, acting in terms of sub-section (1) of section *twenty-two* of the Factories, Machinery and Building Work Act, 1941, hereby declare the provisions of the agreement and notice relating to the Building Industry, Worcester, published under Government Notice No. 1925 of 22nd August, 1952, to be not less favourable to the persons whose hours of work are regulated thereby than the relative provisions of the said Act.

P. O. SAUER,
Acting Minister of Labour.