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*Alle Proklamasies, Goewerments- en Algemene Kennisgewings, wat vir die eerste maal gepubliseer word, is in die linker-bohoek met 'n * gemerk.*

*All Proclamations, Government and General Notices published for the first time, are indicated by a * in the left-hand upper corner.*

GOEWERMENTSKENNISGEWINGS.

Onderstaande Goewermentskennisgewings word vir algemene inligting gepubliseer:—

DEPARTEMENT VAN ARBEID.

* No. 1706.] [7 Augustus 1953.
NYWERHEIDS-VERSOENINGSWET, 1937.

VLEISBEDRYF, OOS-LONDEN.

Ek, PAUL OLIVER SAUER, Waarnemende Minister van Arbeid, verklaar hierby—

- (a) kragtens subartikel (1) van artikel *agt-en-veertig* van die Nywerheid-versoeningswet, 1937, dat al die bepalings van die Ooreenkoms wat in die Bylae hiervan verskyn en op die vleisbedryf betrekking het, vanaf die tweede Maandag na die datum van die publikasie van hierdie kennisgeving en vir die tydperk wat een jaar vanaf genoemde tweede Maandag eindig, bindend is vir die werkgewersorganisasie en die vakvereniging wat genoemde Ooreenkoms aangegaan het en vir die werkgewers en werknemers wat lede van daardie organisasie of daardie vereniging is;
- (b) kragtens subartikel (2) van artikel *agt-en-veertig* van genoemde Wet, dat die bepalings vervat in klosules 3 tot en met 16 (1), 17 en 20 tot en met 22 van genoemde Ooreenkoms vanaf die tweede Maandag na die datum van die publikasie van hierdie kennisgewing en vir die tydperk wat een jaar vanaf genoemde tweede Maandag eindig, bindend is vir die ander werkgewers en werknemers betrokke by of in diens in genoemde bedryf in die magistraatsdistrik Oos-Londen; en

- (c) kragtens subartikel (4) van artikel *agt-en-veertig* van genoemde Wet, dat die bepalings vervat in klosules 3 tot en met 16 (1), 17 en 20 tot en met 22 van genoemde Ooreenkoms vanaf die tweede Maandag na die datum van die publikasie van hierdie kennisgewing en vir die tydperk wat een jaar vanaf genoemde tweede Maandag eindig, in die magistraatsdistrik Oos-Londen *mutatis mutandis* van toepassing is ten opsigte van persone in genoemde bedryf, wat nie by die woordomskrywing van die uitdrukking „werkneemter” vervat in artikel *een* van genoemde Wet, ingesluit is nie.

P. O. SAUER,
Waarnemende Minister van Arbeid.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

The following Government Notices are published for general information:—

DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR.

* No. 1706.] [7 August 1953.
INDUSTRIAL CONCILIATION ACT, 1937.

MEAT TRADE, EAST LONDON.

I, PAUL OLIVER SAUER, Acting Minister of Labour, do hereby—

- (a) in terms of sub-section (1) of section *forty-eight* of the Industrial Conciliation Act, 1937, declare that all the provisions of the Agreement which appears in the Schedule hereto and which relates to the Meat Trade, shall be binding from the second Monday after the date of publication of this notice and for the period ending one year from the said second Monday, upon the employers' organisation and the trade union which entered into the said Agreement and upon the employers and employees who are members of that organisation or that trade union;
- (b) in terms of sub-section (2) of section *forty-eight* of the said Act, declare that the provisions contained in clauses 3 to 16 (1) (inclusive), 17 and 20 to 22 (inclusive) of the said Agreement shall be binding from the second Monday after the date of publication of this notice, and for the period ending one year from the said second Monday, upon the other employers and employees engaged or employed in the said trade in the Magisterial District of East London; and
- (c) in terms of sub-section (4) of section *forty-eight* of the said Act, declare that in the Magisterial District of East London and from the second Monday after the date of publication of this notice and for the period ending one year from the said second Monday, the provisions contained in clauses 3 to 16 (1) (inclusive), 17 and 20 to 22 (inclusive) of the said Agreement shall *mutatis mutandis* apply in respect of such persons in the said trade as are not included in the definition of the expression “employee”, contained in section *one* of the said Act.

P. O. SAUER,
Acting Minister of Labour.

BYLAE.

NYWERHEID VIR DIE VLEISBEDRYF
(OOS-LONDEN).

OOREENKOMS

ingevolge die bepalings van die Nywerheid-versoeningswet, No. 36 van 1937, gesluit en aangeteken tussen die

East London and District Master Butchers' Association
(hieronder „die werkgewers” of „die werkgewersorganisasie” genoem), aan die een kant, en die

East London Meat Trade Union
(hieronder „die werknemers” of „die vakvereniging” genoem), aan die ander kant,
wat die partye is by die Nywerheidsraad vir die Vleisbedryf (Oos-Londen).

1. BESTEK VAN TOEPASSING VAN OOREENKOMS.

Die bepalings van hierdie Ooreenkoms moet in die magistrals-distrik Oos-Londen nagekom word deur alle werkgewers wat lede is van die werkgewersorganisasie en wat in die vleisbedryf is, en deur alle werknemers wat lede van die vakvereniging is en in daardie bedryf in diens is en vir wie minimum lone in hierdie Ooreenkoms voorgeskryf word.

2. GELDIGHEIDSDUUR VAN OOREENKOMS.

Hierdie Ooreenkoms tree in werking op 'n datum wat deur die Minister van Arbeid ingevolge klousule *agt-en-veertig* van die Wet vastgestel word, en bly van krag vir twaalf maande van vir 'n tydperk wat hy kan bepaal.

3. WOORDOMSKRYWING.

Alle uitdrukings wat in hierdie Ooreenkoms gebesig word en wat in die Wet omskryf is, het dieselfde betekenis as in die Wet. Alle verwysings na 'n Wet sluit alle wysings daarvan in, en tensy die teenoorgestelde bedoeling blyk, sluit woorde wat die manlike geslag aandui ook vrouens in; voorts, tensy dit strydig is met die samehang, beteken—

„Wet”, die Nywerheid-versoeningswet, No. 36 van 1937;
„instigting”, 'n plek waar die vleisbedryf uitgeoefen word;
„eerste blokman”, 'n gekwalifiseerde blokman in beheer van 'n kleinhandelslaghuis waarin een of meer ander gekwalifiseerde blokmanne in diens is;
„blokman, gekwalifiseer”, 'n werknemer uitgesonderd 'n los blokman, 'n blokman se assistent of 'n arbeider wat vleis opsnij en wat klante in 'n kleinhandelslaghuis bedien en daarbenewens enige ander nodige werk in 'n slaghuis kan doen, met minstens vyf jaar ondervinding;
„blokman, ongekwalifiseer”, 'n werknemer met minder as vyf jaar ondervinding in die vleisbedryf, en wat in diens is om die werk van 'n blokman te leer;
„blokman se assistent”, 'n werknemer uitgesonderd 'n ongekwalifiseerde blokman of arbeider, wat onder toesig van 'n gekwalifiseerde blokman die blokman behulpsaam is met die opsnij van vleis vir verkoop, wors maak, vleis maal en/of pomp, en wat nie-blanke klante kan bedien;
„klerklike werknemer”, 'n werknemer wat uitsluitlik of hoofsaaklik enige soort klerklike werk verrig, en sluit 'n kassier, telefonis en boekhouer in;
„klerklike werknemer, gekwalifiseer”, 'n manlike klerklike werknemer met minstens sewe jaar ondervinding of 'n vroulike klerklike werknemer met minstens vyf jaar ondervinding, al na die geval;
„los blokman”, 'n werknemer wat vir hoogstens drie dae in 'n week as 'n blokman werkzaam is;
„los werknemer”, 'n werknemer uitgesonderd 'n blokman, wat vir hoogstens drie dae in 'n week by 'n bepaalde werkgever in diens is;
„winkelbediende”, 'n persoon wat bestellings opmaak en toedraai, aantekening hou van die hoeveelhede en/of gewigte van goedere, goedere vir aflevering afweeg, vleisprodukte afweeg en verkoop en gekookte en/of behandelde vleis opsnij en/of in skyfies sny en/of verkoop;
„Raad”, die Nywerheidsraad vir die Vleisbedryf (Oos-Londen), wat ingevolge die bepalings van klousule *negentien* van die Nywerheid-versoeningswet, 1937, geregister is;
„Sekretaris”, die Sekretaris van die Nywerheidsraad vir die Vleisbedryf (Oos-Londen);
„hoofslagter”, 'n slagter in beheer van een of meer slagters;
„slagter”, 'n werknemer wat lewende hawe doodmaak en/of doodmaak deur bloedlating en karkasse oopsny en/of skoonmaak;
„slagersassistent”, 'n werknemer wat onder die toesig van 'n slagter die slagter behulpsaam is met die oopsny en/of skoonmaak van karkasse, en wat skape en kalwers kan doodmaak;
„vervaardiger van vleisprodukte en/of 'n spekberei”, 'n werknemer uitgesonderd 'n arbeider, wat wors, polonie, bloedwors, sult of enige vleisprodukte maak wat bedoel is vir menslike verbruik, en/of vleis kook of verdunsaam en/of spek berei;

SCHEDULE.

INDUSTRIAL COUNCIL FOR THE MEAT TRADE,
EAST LONDON.

AGREEMENT

in accordance with the provisions of the Industrial Conciliation Act, No. 36 of 1937, made and entered into by and between—

The East London and District Master Butchers' Association (hereinafter referred to as the “employers” or the “employers organisation”), of the one part, and

The East London Meat Trade Union (hereinafter referred to as the “employees” or the “trade union”) of the other part, being parties of the Industrial Council for the Meat Trade, East London.

1. SCOPE OF APPLICATION OF AGREEMENT.

The terms of this Agreement shall be observed within the Magisterial District of East London by all employers who are members of the employer's organisation and who are engaged in the Meat Trade, and by all employees who are members of the trade union and who are employed in that trade and for whom minimum wages are prescribed in this Agreement.

2. PERIOD OF OPERATION OF AGREEMENT.

This Agreement shall come into operation on such date as may be specified by the Minister of Labour in terms of section *forty-eight* of the Act, and shall remain in force for twelve months or for such period as may be determined by him.

3. DEFINITIONS.

Any terms used in this Agreement, which are defined in the Act shall have the same meanings as in the Act. Any reference to an Act shall include any amendments thereto, and unless the contrary intention appears, words importing the masculine gender shall include females; further unless inconsistent with the context—

“Act” means the Industrial Conciliation Act, No. 36 of 1937;
“establishment” means any place in which the Meat Trade is carried on;
“first blockman” means a qualified blockman in charge of a retail butcher's shop in which one or more other qualified blockmen are employed;
“qualified blockman” means an employee other than a casual blockman, a blockman's assistant, or a labourer, who cuts up meat or serves customers in any retail butcher's shop and who may, in addition, do any other work necessary in a butcher's shop and who has had not less than five years' experience;
“unqualified blockman” means an employee who has had less than five years' experience in the Meat Trade, and who is engaged in learning the work of a blockman;
“blockman's assistant” means an employee, other than a unqualified blockman or a labourer, who, under the supervision of a qualified blockman, assists such blockman in cutting up meat for sale, making sausages, mincing and/or pumping meat, and who may serve non-European customers;
“clerical employee” means an employee who is wholly or mainly engaged in any form of clerical work and includes a cashier, telephone operator, bookkeeper;
“clerical employee, qualified,” means a male clerical employee who has had not less than seven years' experience, or a female clerical employee who has had not less than five years' experience, as the case may be;
“casual blockman” means an employee who is employed or the work of a blockman for not more than three days in any one week;
“casual employee” means an employee, other than a blockman, who is employed by a particular employer for not more than three days in any one week;
“shop assistant” shall mean a person who assembles and parcels orders, records quantities and/or weights of goods weighs goods for delivery, weighs and sells smallgoods and cutting and/or slicing and selling of cooked and/or processed meat;
“Council” means the Industrial Council for the Meat Trade (East London) registered in terms of section *nineteen* of the Industrial Conciliation Act, 1937;
“Secretary” means the Secretary of the Industrial Council for the Meat Trade, East London;
“head slaughterman” means a slaughterman in charge of one or more slaughtermen;
“slaughterman” means an employee engaged in killing and/or bleeding livestock and in flaying and/or dressing carcasses;
“slaughterman's assistant” means an employee who, under the supervision of a slaughterman, assists the slaughterman in flaying and/or dressing carcasses and who may kill sheep and calves;
“small-goodsman and/or bacon curer” means an employee other than a labourer engaged in making sausages, polonies, black puddings, brawn or any meat product intended for human consumption and/or cooking or preserving meat and/or curing bacon;

„vervaardiger van vleisprodukte en/of 'n spekbereier, gekwalfiseer,” „n vervaardiger van vleisprodukte en/of 'n spekbereier met minstens vyf jaar ondervinding; „vervaardiger van vleisprodukte en/of 'n spekbereier, ongekwalfiseer,” „n vervaardiger van vleisprodukte en/of 'n spekbereier met minder as vyf jaar ondervinding; „ondervinding”, die totale duur van alle dienstydeperke van 'n werknemer in een of meer beroepe in die vleisbedryf, voor sowel as na die datum waarop hierdie Ooreenkoms in werking tree, en sluit enige tydperk of tydperke in wat altesaam nie meer as een maand gedurende 'n tydperk van twaalf (12) agtereenvolgende maande is nie, waarin 'n werknemer van die werk afwesig was weens oorsake buite die werknemer se beheer; „uurloon”—

- (1) die dagloon gedeel deur 8 ten opsigte van werknemers vir wie lone in klousule 4 (c) voorgeskryf word;
- (2) die weekloon gedeel deur—
 - (a) 46 ten opsigte van werknemers vir wie lone in klousule 4 (a), (d) en (h) voorgeskryf word;
 - (b) 48 in die geval van werknemers vir wie lone in klousule 4 (g) voorgeskryf word;
 - (c) 49 in die geval van werknemers vir wie lone in klousule 4 (e) voorgeskryf word; of
- (3) die maandloon gedeel deur 200 in die geval van werknemers vir wie lone in klousule 4 (b) en (f) voorgeskryf word;

„arbeider”, 'n werknemer wat uitsluitlik een of meer van die volgende werkzaamhede verrig:—

- (a) Winkel skoonmaak;
- (b) bestellings wat deur 'n blokman opgemaak is, aflarei;
- (c) bestellings van klante van buite die winkel versamel;
- (d) sopvleis opsaaig;
- (e) bene skoonmaak en ophak;
- (f) vet vir braaiet opsnsy en smelt;
- (g) gereedskap skoon- en skerpmaak;
- (h) pluimvee pluk en skoonmaak;
- (i) vleis pomp;
- (j) vleis maal;
- (k) wild en kalwers afslag en skoonmaak;
- (l) vleis opsnsy vir die vervaardiging van vleisprodukte;

„vleisbedryf”—

- (a) sonder om in enige opsig die gewone betekenis van die uitdrukking te beperk, die hantering van vleis, hetsy vir die groot- of kleinhandel, met inbegrip van die bereiding van vleisprodukte as dit onder gewone omstandighede met die klein- of groothandelsgroughuisbesighede geassosieer word en met inbegrip van die beroepe en werkzaamhede wat daaraan verbonden is as dit aldus daarmee geassosieer word. Vir die toepassing van hierdie woordbepaling omvat vleis ook vis en pluimvee;
- (b) die slag van lewende hawe en die verduursaming of bereiding van die karkasse of 'n gedeelte daarvan vir verkoop;
- „lewende hawe”, 'n bul, jong bul, koei, vers, jong os, kalf, skaap, lam, bok, vark of ander vervoetige dier wat bestem word vir menslike verbruik;
- „motorvoertuigbestuurder”, 'n werknemer wat uitsluitlik of hoofsaaklik 'n motorvoertuig bestuur, wat gebruik word vir die vervoer van goedere, met inbegrip van lewende hawe; „Oos-Londen”, die magistraatsdistrik Oos-Londen.

4. LONE.

Geen lone wat laer is as onderstaande mag deur 'n werkewer betaal of deur 'n werknemer aangeneem word nie.

	Per week.
	£ s. d.
(a) Eerste blokman.....	7 2 6
Blokman, gekwalfiseer.....	6 2 6
Vervaardiger van vleisprodukte en/of 'n spekbereier, gekwalfiseer.....	6 2 6

	Per maand.
	£ s. d.
(b) (i) Klerklike werknemer (manlik, gekwalfiseer)....	26 10 0
(ii) Klerklike werknemer (manlik, ongekwalfiseer)—	
gedurende die eerste jaar ondervinding.....	7 0 0
gedurende die tweede jaar ondervinding.....	10 0 0
gedurende die derde jaar ondervinding.....	13 5 0
gedurende die vierde jaar ondervinding.....	16 10 0
gedurende die vyfde jaar ondervinding.....	20 0 0
gedurende die sesde jaar ondervinding.....	23 10 0
gedurende die sewende jaar ondervinding.....	25 0 0

(c) Los blokman, £1. 2s. 6d. per dag of gedeelte van 'n dag.

Los werknamer, 'n bedrag *pro rata* vir die werklike tydperk wat deur hom gewerk is teen die voorgeskrewe skaal wat van toepassing is op die klas werk wat hy verrig.

“small-goodsman and/or bacon curer, qualified,” means a small-goodsman and/or bacon curer who has had not less than five years experience;

“small-goodsman and/or bacon curer, unqualified,” means a small-goodsman and/or bacon curer who has had less than five years’ experience;

“experience” means the total length of all periods of employment an employee has had in one or more occupations in the Meat Trade, both before and subsequent to the date of commencement of this Agreement, and includes any period or periods, not exceeding in all one month during any period of twelve (12) consecutive months during which an employee has been absent from work due to causes beyond the employee’s control;

“hourly wage” means—

(1) the daily wage divided by 8 in respect of employees for whom wages are prescribed in section 4 (c);

(2) the weekly wage divided by—

(a) 46 in respect of employees for whom wages are prescribed in section 4 (a), (d) and (h);

(b) 48 in respect of employees for whom wages are prescribed in section 4 (g);

(c) 49 in respect of employees for whom wages are prescribed in section 4 (e); or

(3) the monthly wage divided by 200 in respect of employees for whom wages are prescribed in section 4 (b) and (f);

“labourer” means an employee exclusively employed in one or more of the following occupations:—

(a) Cleaning of a shop;

(b) the delivery of orders made up by a blockman;

(c) the collection of orders from customers beyond the shop;

(d) sawing up soup meat;

(e) cleaning and chopping of bones;

(f) cutting up and melting of fat for dripping;

(g) cleaning and grinding tools;

(h) plucking and dressing of poultry;

(i) pumping meat;

(j) mincing of meat;

(k) skinning and cleaning of game and calves;

(l) cutting up meat for the manufacture of small goods;

“Meat Trade” means—

(a) without in any way limiting the ordinary meaning of the expression, the handling of meat, whether by wholesale or retail, including the preparation of meat products if normally associated with the retail or wholesale butchery business and including occupation and operations incidental thereto if so associated. For the purpose of this definition meat includes fish and poultry;

(b) the slaughtering of livestock and the preservation or preparation for sale of the carcasses or any portion thereof;

“livestock” means any bull, bullock, cow, heifer, steer, calf, sheep, lamb, goat, pig or other quadruped intended for human consumption;

“motor vehicle driver” means an employee wholly or mainly engaged in driving a motor vehicle used for the conveyance of goods, including livestock;

“East London” means the Magisterial District of East London.

4. WAGES.

No employer shall pay and no employee shall accept wages lower than the following:—

	Per Week.
	£ s. d.
(a) First blockman.....	7 2 6
Blockman, qualified.....	6 2 6
Small-goodsman and/or bacon curer (qualified).....	6 2 6

	Per Month.
	£ s. d.
(b) (i) Clerical employee (qualified male).....	26 10 0
(ii) Clerical employee (unqualified male)—	
during first year of experience.....	7 0 0
during second year of experience.....	10 0 0
during third year of experience.....	13 5 0
during fourth year of experience.....	16 10 0
during fifth year of experience.....	20 0 0
during sixth year of experience.....	23 10 0
during seventh year of experience.....	25 0 0

(c) Casual blockman: £1. 2s. 6d. per day or part thereof.

Casual employee: Pro rata amount for the actual period worked by him at the prescribed rate applicable to the class of work he performs.

(d) Ongekwalificeerde blokman en/of vervaardiger van vleisprodukte en/of 'n spekbereier—	<i>Per week.</i>
gedurende die eerste jaar ondervinding.....	£ s. d. 2 10 0
gedurende die tweede jaar ondervinding.....	3 5 0
gedurende die derde jaar ondervinding.....	3 15 0
gedurende die vierde jaar ondervinding.....	4 5 0
gedurende die vyfde jaar ondervinding.....	5 5 0
(e) Arbeider (18 jaar en ouer).....	1 7 6
Arbeider (onder 18 jaar).....	0 18 6

Per maand.

(f) (i) Klerklike werknemer (vroulik, gekwalificeer).	£ s. d. 14 10 0
(ii) Klerklike werknemer (vroulik, ongekwalificeer)—	
gedurende die eerste jaar ondervinding.....	7 0 0
gedurende die tweede jaar ondervinding.....	8 0 0
gedurende die derde jaar ondervinding.....	9 10 0
gedurende die vierde jaar ondervinding.....	11 10 0
gedurende die vyfde jaar ondervinding.....	13 10 0

Per week.

(g) Motorvoertuigbestuurder.....	£ s. d. 3 0 0
Drywer van 'n dierevoertuig.....	1 5 0
(h) Hoofslagter.....	5 10 0
Slagter.....	4 5 0
Slagersassistent.....	1 12 6
Blokman se assistent.....	1 10 0
(i) Winkelbediende.....	2 15 0

(j) Bo en behalwe die loon wat ingevolge die bepalings van hierdie klousule aan 'n werknemer betaalbaar is moet die werkewer op elke betaaldag aan sodanige werknemer 'n lewenskostetoeleae betaal van minstens die bedrag wat in Oorlogsmaatreel No. 43 van 1942, soos van tyd tot tyd gewysig, vasgestel is.

5. BETALING VAN LONE EN LOONSKALE.

(1) Lone, oortydloonskale en ander besoldiging moet weekliks op Saterdag in kontant aan werknemers wat op 'n weeklikse basis in diens is, betaal word, of maandeliks aan werknemers wat op 'n maandelikse basis besoldig word, of by diensbeëindiging in die geval van los werknemers of ander werknemers, indien dit voor die gewone betaaldag van sodanige werknemers plaasvind.

(2) Geen werknemer kan verplig word om as deel van sy dienskontrak by die werkewer of by 'n plek wat deur die werkewer aangewys word, te losseer of in te woon, of om goedere van sy werkewer te koop nie. 'n Werknemer wat instem om losies of inwoning of losies sowel as inwoning van sy werkewer aan te neem, kan nie verplig of toegelaat word om meer per week te betaal nie as—

	<i>Vir losies</i>	<i>Slegs vir en losies.</i>	<i>Slegs vir inwoning.</i>
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Arbeiders.....	5 0	3 0	2 0
Alle ander werknemers.....	15 0	10 0	5 0

(3) Onderworpe aan die bepalings van klousule 16, kan geen boetes gehef of aftrekings van enige aard van die bedrae wat aan 'n werknemer verskuldig is vir lone en oortydwerk afgetrek word nie, met dien verstande dat—

- (a) waar 'n werknemer van die werk af wegby, 'n bedrag in verhouding tot sodanige afwesigheid afgetrek kan word;
- (b) in die geval van 'n werknemer wat instem om losies en/of inwoning aan te neem, die werkewer 'n bedrag van sodanige bedrae kan aftrek wat nie die bedrag wat in subklousule (2) van hierdie klousule bepaal word, te bowe gaan nie;
- (c) waar 'n werkewer kragtens enige wet, ordonnansie of regsgeding verplig is om vir of ten behoeve van 'n werknemer 'n betaling te doen, enige sodanige bedrag wat aldus betaal is, afgetrek kan word.

(4) Ingeval die besigheid van 'n werkewer nie die indiensneming van 'n vragmotorbestuurder vereis nie, word die werkewer toegelaat om 'n werknemer te besoldig teen die voorgeskrewe loonskala vir die tyd wat werklik op die vragmotor gewerk is. Vir die res van die werknemer se tyd moet betaal word teen die heersende loon vir die soort werk wat hy verrig.

(5) 'n Werkewer kan, indien hy dit verkie, by die Raad aansoek doen om vrystelling van klousule 7 (1) (iii), 8 (2) en 9 (1) van hierdie Ooreenkoms ten opsigte van 'n eerste blokman en/of vervaardiger van vleisprodukte soos in klousule 3 omskryf; met dien verstande dat sodanige werknemer 'n salaris van minstens £480 per jaar ontvang.

6. GETALLEVERHOUDING VAN WERKNEMERS.

(1) *Slagter en slagersassistent.*—'n Werkewer mag nie 'n slagersassistent in diens neem nie tensy daar 'n slagter by hom in diens is, en vir elke slagter wat by hom in diens is, kan hoogstens drie slagersassistentes in diens geneem word.

(2) *Blokman.*—'n Werkewer mag nie 'n ongekwalificeerde blokman in diens neem nie, tensy daar 'n gekwalificeerde blokman by hom in diens is, en vir elke gekwalificeerde blokman wat in diens is, kan hoogstens een ongekwalificeerde blokman in diens geneem word.

(d) Unqualified blockman and/or small-goodsman and/or bacon curer—	<i>Per week.</i>
during first year of experience.....	£ s. d. 2 10 0
during second year of experience.....	3 5 0
during third year of experience.....	3 15 0
during fourth year of experience.....	4 5 0
during fifth year of experience.....	5 5 0
(e) Labourer (18 years old and over).....	1 7 6
Labourer (under 18 years old).....	0 18 6

(f) (i) Clerical employee (female), qualified.....	<i>Per month.</i>
(ii) Clerical employee (female), unqualified—	£ s. d. 14 10 0
during first year of experience.....	7 0 0
during second year of experience.....	8 0 0
during third year of experience.....	9 10 0
during fourth year of experience.....	11 10 0
during fifth year of experience.....	13 10 0

(g) Motor vehicle drivers.....	<i>Per week.</i>
Driver of animal-drawn vehicle.....	£ s. d. 3 0 0
(h) Head slaughterman.....	1 5 0
Slaughterman.....	5 10 0
Slaughterman's assistant.....	4 5 0
Blockman's assistant.....	1 12 6
(i) Shop assistant.....	1 10 0
	2 15 0

(j) in addition to the wages payable to an employee in terms of this section, an employer shall on each pay-day pay to such employee a cost of living allowance not less than that laid down in War Measure No. 43 of 1942, as amended from time to time.

5. PAYMENT OF WAGES AND RATES.

(1) Wages, overtime rates and other remuneration shall be paid in cash weekly on Saturdays to employees who are employed by the week, or monthly to employees who are paid on a monthly basis, or on termination of employment in the case of casual employees or other employees, if this should take place before the ordinary pay-day of such employees.

(2) No employee shall be required as part of contract of his employment to board or lodge with his employer or at any place nominated by his employer or to purchase any goods from his employer. An employee who agrees to accept board or lodging, or both, from his employer shall not be required or allowed to pay more per week than:—

<i>For Board and Lodging.</i>	<i>For Board only.</i>	<i>For Lodging only.</i>
s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Labourer.....	5 0	3 0
All other employees.....	15 0	10 0

(3) Subject to the provisions in section 16, no fines or deductions of any kind shall be made from amounts due to any employees as wages or payment for overtime, provided that—

- (a) where an employee absents himself from work, a pro rata amount may be deducted for the period of such absence;
- (b) an employer may deduct from such amounts, in the case of an employee who agrees to board and/or lodge with him, an amount not exceeding the amount provided for in sub-section (2) of this section;
- (c) where an employer is compelled by any law or ordinance or legal process to make payment for or on behalf of an employee, any such amount so paid may be deducted.

(4) Where the business of an employer does not necessitate the employment of a full-time lorry driver, the employer shall be permitted to pay an employee at the prescribed rate for the time actually worked on the lorry. The balance of such employee's time shall be paid for at the rate prevailing for the class of work he performs.

(5) An employer may, if he so desires, apply to the Council for exemption from section 7 (1) (iii), 8 (2) and 9 (1) of this Agreement in respect of a first blockman and/or small-goodsman defined in section 3, provided that such employee be in receipt of a salary of not less than £480 per annum.

6. PROPORTION OR RATIO OF EMPLOYEES.

(1) *Slagterman and slaughterman's assistant.*—An employer shall not employ a slaughterman's assistant unless he has in his employ a slaughterman and for each slaughterman employed, not more than three slaughterman's assistants may be employed.

(2) *Blokman.*—An employer shall not employ an unqualified blockman unless he has in his employ a qualified blockman, and for each qualified blockman employed not more than one unqualified blockman may be employed.

(3) Vir die toepassing van hierdie klosule kan 'n werkewer wat uitsluitlik of hoofsaaklik die werk van 'n slagter of 'n blokman in of in verband met sy inrigting verrig, as 'n slagter of 'n blokman, na gelang van die geval, beskou word, met dien verstande dat—

- (i) hy die Raad oortuig dat hy weens sy praktiese kennis van die vak bevoeg is om die werk van 'n gekwalifiseerde blokman of 'n gekwalifiseerde slagter, na gelang van die geval, te doen; en
- (ii) hy van die Raad 'n sertifikaat, onderteken deur die Sekretaris en die voorstitter van die Raad verkry, wat magtiging aan hom verleen om homself as 'n gekwalifiseerde blokman of 'n gekwalifiseerde slagter, na gelang van die geval, te beskou vir die toepassing van hierdie klosule ten opsigte van 'n bepaalde slaghuis of abattoir.

(4) Waar 'n werkewer die kleinhandelvleisbedryf in meer as een slaghuis of die slag van lewende hawe in meer as een abattoir uitvoer, kan sodanige werkewer vir die toepassing van hierdie klosule nie ten opsigte van meer as een slaghuis of een abattoir as 'n gekwalifiseerde blokman of 'n gekwalifiseerde slagter, na gelang van die geval, gereken word nie.

(5) 'n Werkewer mag nie meer as een winkelbediende in 'n winkel in diens hê nie.

7. WERKURE.

(1) *Gewone werkure.*—Die gewone werkure van 'n werknemer kan hoogstens die volgende wees:

- (a) In die geval van 'n werknemer uitgesonder 'n los wernemer wat in of in verband met 'n kleinhandelslaghuis in diens is:
 - (i) 'n motorvoertuigbestuurder, agt-en-veertig in 'n werkweek van ses dae en agt op 'n dag;
 - (ii) 'n arbeider, nege-en-veertig in 'n werkweek van ses dae, tien op Vrydag en agt op 'n ander dag van die week;
 - (iii) alle ander werknemers in diens in of in verband met 'n kleinhandelslaghuis, ses-en-veertig in 'n werkweek van ses dae, $7\frac{1}{2}$ op drie dae, $6\frac{1}{2}$ op een dag, agt op een dag en nege op een dag;
 - (iv) alle ander werknemers uitgesonder dié in diens in of in verband met 'n kleinhandelslaghuis, ses-en-veertig per week, met dien verstande dat nie meer as tien uur op 'n dag gewerk word nie;
- (b) in die geval van 'n los werknemer, agt uur op 'n dag; met dien verstande dat—
 - (i) as 'n werknemer in 'n kleinhandelslaghuis verplig is om 'n klant te bedien ná voltooiing van die gewone werkure wat in paragrafe (a) (iii) en (b) voorgeskryf word, genoemde gewone werkure met hoogstens vyftien minute oorskry kan word en sodanige verlenging nie as deel van die gewone werkure of oortydure beskou mag word nie;
 - (ii) as 'n werknemer in diens in of in verband met 'n inrigting uitgesonder 'n kleinhandelslaghuis of 'n motorvoertuigbestuurder in diens in of in verband met 'n kleinhandelslaghuis op enige dag verplig word om op een dag in elke week vir minder as agt uur te werk, die beperking van agt uur wat by paragraaf (a) (i) voorgeskryf word op die ander dae van die week met hoogstens een uur oorskry kan word indien die weeklikse beperking van agt-en-veertig uur nie deur sodanige verlenging oorskry word nie.

(2) 'n Werkewer kan sy werknemer, uitgesonder 'n werknemer wat op 'n Saterdagmōre in of in verband met 'n kleinhandelslaghuis in diens is, nie verplig om vir langer as vyf uur onafgebroke te werk sonder 'n pause van minstens een uur nie; voorts met dien verstande dat, in die geval van 'n werknemer wat verplig word om vir twee of meer tydperke wat deur pauses van minder as een uur onderbreek word, te werk, dit beskou moet word dat hy meer as vyf uur onafgebroke gewerk het as genoemde werktye altesaam meer as vyf uur bedra.

(3) Behoudens soos bepaal by subklousule (2), moet alle werkure opeenvolgend wees.

(4) (a) Geen werkewer mag sy werknemers na 1 nm. op Saterdaa laat werk nie.

(b) Geen werknemer in die gereelde diens van 'n werkewer in die vleishedryf kan sonder die skriftelike toestemming van die Raad toegelaat word om buite die ure wat hy ingevolge die bepalings van hierdie klosule vir sy oorspronklike werkewer verplig word om te werk, by 'n tweede werkewer in die bedryf te werk nie.

8. TYDSTATE, DIENS- EN LOONREGISTERS.

(1) Elke werkewer moet op 'n opvallende plek in sy slaghuis 'n "tydstaat" vertoon waarop die tyd aangetoon word wat daagliks deur elke werknemer vir die daaropvolgende week gewerk moet word.

(2) Elke werknemer, uitgesonder 'n arbeider, moet elke dag in 'n tydregister wat deur sy werkewer verskaf moet word die tyd wanneer hy begin en ophou werk vir die dag, sowel as die besonderhede betreffende die tyd wanneer hy vir die etenspouse ophou werk en wanneer hy weer daarna begin werk, en die begin- en ophoutyd van enige ander tydperke wanneer hy gedurende die dag nie gewerk het nie, daarin opteken. 'n Werknemer moet elke aantekening wat in die register gemaak is, parafeer.

(3) For the purpose of this clause an employer who is wholly or mainly engaged in performing the duties of a slaughterman or a blockman or in connection with his establishment may be deemed to be a slaughterman or a blockman as the case may be: Provided that—

(i) he satisfies the Council that by reason of his practical knowledge of the trade, he is competent to perform the work of a qualified blockman or a qualified slaughterman, as the case may be; and

(ii) he obtains from the Council a certificate signed by the Secretary and the Chairman of the Council, authorising him to reckon himself a qualified blockman or a qualified slaughterman, for the purpose of this section, in respect of a specified shop or abattoir, as the case may be.

(4) Where an employer carries on the retail meat trade in more than one shop or the slaughtering of livestock in more than one abattoir, such employer shall not, for the purpose of this section, be reckoned as a qualified blockman or a qualified slaughterman in respect of more than one shop or one abattoir, as the case may be.

(5) An employer shall not employ more than one shop assistant in any one shop.

7. HOURS OF WORK.

(1) *Ordinary hours of work.*—The ordinary hours of work of an employee shall not exceed—

(a) in the case of an employee employed in or in connection with the meat trade, other than a casual employee—

(i) a motor vehicle driver, forty-eight in a week of six working days and eight on any one day;

(ii) a labourer, forty-nine in a week or six working days, ten on Friday and eight on any other day of the week;

(iii) all other employees employed in or in connection with a retail butcher shop, forty-six in a week of six working days, seven and a half on three days, six and a half on one day, eight on one day and nine in one day;

(iv) all other employees other than those employed in or in connection with a retail butcher shop, forty-six hours per week, provided that not more than ten hours are worked on any one day;

(b) in the case of a casual employee, eight hours on any one day: Provided that—

(i) where an employee in a retail butcher's shop is required to attend a customer after the completion of the ordinary hours of work referred to in paragraphs (a) (iii) and (b) the said ordinary hours of work may be exceeded by not more than fifteen minutes and such excess shall not be reckoned as part of the ordinary hours of work or overtime;

(ii) where on any one day an employee employed in or in connection with an establishment, other than a retail butcher's shop, or a motor vehicle driver employed in connection with a retail butcher's shop, is required to work less than eight hours on one day in every week, the limit of eight hours prescribed in paragraph (a) (i) may on the remaining days of the week be exceeded by not more than one hour if by such extension the weekly limitation of forty-eight hours is not exceeded.

(2) An employer shall not require his employee, other than an employee employed on a Saturday morning in or in connection with a retail butcher's shop, to work for more than five hours continuously without an interval of not less than one hour: Provided further than an employee who is required to work for two or more periods broken by intervals of less than one hour, the said periods of work totalling more than five hours shall be deemed to have been employed for more than five hours continuously.

(3) Save as provided in sub-clause (2), all hours of work shall be consecutive.

(4) (a) No employer shall employ his employees later than 1 p.m. on Saturdays.

(b) No employee in regular employment with an employer in the meat trade shall be permitted to work for a second employer in the trade outside the hours he is called upon to work in terms of this section for his original employer without the written consent of the Council.

8. TIME SHEETS, ATTENDANCE AND WAGE REGISTERS.

(1) Every employer shall keep exhibited in a conspicuous place within his shop a "time sheet" showing the time to be worked daily by every employee for the ensuing week.

(2) Every employee other than a labourer shall each day enter in a time register, which his employer shall provide, the time he starts work and the time he finally ceases work for the day, together with the particulars as to the time he ceases work for his meal hours and the time he resumes work thereafter and the commencing and finishing times of any other periods during the day during which he was not employed. An employee shall initial every entry made in such register.

9. OORTYDWERK.

(1) Alle tye wat buite die getal ure wat ten opsigte van 'n dag of 'n week in subklousule (1) van klousule 7 van hierdie Ooreenkoms gewerk word, word beskou as oortydwerk.

(2) 'n Werkgever mag nie sy werknemer verplig om vir langer as twee uur op 'n dag, ses uur in 'n week of 80 uur in 'n jaar oortyd te werk nie.

(3) Besoldiging vir oortydwerk moet teen anderhalfmaal die uurloon vir elke uur of gedeelte van 'n uur wat aldus gewerk word, bereken word.

(4) Geen werknemer mag verplig word om oortydwerk te doen sonder sy toestemming nie.

10. VERLOF EN BESOLDIGING.

(1) Alle werknemers is op alle openbare vakansiedae geregtig tot verlof met volle besoldiging, met dien verstande dat wanneer twee openbare vakansiedae op agtereenvolgende dae val, 'n werkgever 'n werknemer kan verplig om op die tweede dag wat hierbo genoem word vir hoogstens drie uur tussen die ure 6 v.m. en 9 v.m. te werk, en die werknemer teen anderhalfmaal sy uurloon vir elke uur of gedeelte van 'n uur wat aldus gewerk is, moet besoldig.

(2) Elke werknemer vir wie lone in klousule 4 (a), (b), (d), (f) en (i) voorgeskryf is, moet in die loop van elke diensjaar by die selfde werkgever drie agtereenvolgende weke verlof met volle besoldiging toegestaan word, en elke werknemer vir wie lone in klousule 4 (e), (g) en (h) voorgeskryf is, moet in elke diensjaar by dieselfde werkgever twee agtereenvolgende weke verlof met volle besoldiging toegestaan word; met dien verstande dat, as 'n openbare vakansiedag binne die verloftydperk wat toegestaan is, val, sodanige vakansiedag by genoemde tydperk gevoeg moet word as 'n verdere verloftydperk met volle besoldiging. Die werkgever moet die tyd vassiel wanneer die verlof geneem moet word, maar indien 'n werkgever nie die werknemer se verlof op 'n vroeër datum toegestaan het nie, moet dit toegestaan en geneem word met die begin daarvan binne een maand ná verstryking van 'n jaar diens, maar hierdie verlof mag nie saam met enige tydperk van verpligte opleiding ingevolge die Verdedigingswet val nie. Die werkgever moet aan die werknemer sy loon vir die verloftydperk betaal voordat die werknemer op verlof gaan.

(3) (a) Wanneer die diens van 'n werknemer vir wie lone in klousule 4 (a), (b), (d), (f) en (i) voorgeskryf word, beëindig word voor die voltooiing van die diensjaar maar na die voltooiing van een maand diens, moet die werkgever vir en in plaas van verlof vir elke voltooide week diens in die onvoltooiende diensjaar drie twee-en-vyftigste van sy weekloon aan die werknemer betaal teen die skaal wat die werknemer ontvang het by die beëindiging van sy diens. In die geval van 'n werknemer wat maandeliks besoldig word, word die „weekloon” beskou as die maandelikse loonskaal gedeel deur vier en een-derde.

(b) Wanneer die diens van 'n werknemer vir wie lone in klousule 4 (e), (g) en (h) voorgeskryf word, beëindig word voor die voltooiing van een diensjaar, maar na die voltooiing van een maand diens, moet die werkgever vir en in plaas van verlof vir elke voltooide week diens in die onvoltooiende diensjaar, een ses-en-twintigste van sy weekloon aan die werknemer betaal teen die skaal wat die werknemer ontvang het by die beëindiging van sodanige diens. In die geval van 'n werknemer wat maandeliks besoldig word, word die „weekloon” beskou as die maandelikse loonskaal gedeel deur vier en een-derde.

(4) Vir die toepassing van voorafgaande subklousules moet 'n werknemer se diensjaar beskou word as die tydperk van twaalf maande wat op of na die datum waarop hierdie Ooreenkoms in werking tree, eindig, en waarin verlof met volle besoldiging nie aan hom toegestaan is nie.

(5) Elke werkgever moet die Sekretaris vooraf in kennis stel as daar van sy werknemers met verlof gaan.

(6) Geen werknemer mag gedurende sy verloftyd werk in die bedryf verrig nie.

(7) Vir die toepassing van hierdie klousule word dit beskou dat „diens” enige tydperk of tydperke insluit wanneer 'n werknemer—

(a) ingevolge die bepalings van subklousule (2) met verlof afwesig is;

(b) hy verplig word om ingevolge die bepalings van die Zuid Afrika Verdedigings Wet, 1912, vredesysteem opleiding te ondergaan;

(c) op bevel of op versoek van sy werkgever van die werk afwesig is;

wat altesaam hoogstens agt weke in 'n jaar kan beloop.

(8) (a) Wanneer die diens van 'n werknemer vir wie lone in klousule 4 (a), (b), (d), (f) en (i) voorgeskryf word, beëindig word na voltooiing van een jaar diens maar voordat die jaarlike verlof kragtens subklousule (2) toegestaan is, moet die werkgever by die beëindiging vir en in plaas van verlof vir elke maand diens een-kwart van 'n weekloon aan die werknemer betaal teen die skaal wat die werknemer ontvang het by die beëindiging van sy diens. Vir die toepassing van hierdie subklousule word dit beskou dat 'n „weekloon” in die geval van 'n werknemer wat maandeliks besoldig word, die maandloon gedeel deur vier en een-derde is.

(b) Wanneer die diens van 'n werknemer vir wie lone in klousule 4 (e), (g) en (h) voorgeskryf word, beëindig word na die voltooiing van een jaar diens maar voordat die jaarlike verlof kragtens subklousule (2) toegestaan is, moet die werkgever by die beëindiging vir en in plaas van verlof vir elke maand van die diens een-sesde van die weekloon aan die werknemer betaal teen die

9. OVERTIME.

(1) All time worked in excess of the number of hours prescribed in respect of a day or week in sub-section (1) of section 7 of this Agreement, shall be deemed to be overtime.

(2) An employer shall not require his employee to work overtime for more than two hours on any one day, six hours in any one week, or 80 hours in any one year.

(3) Payment for overtime shall be at the rate of one and a half times the hourly wage for each hour or part of an hour so worked.

(4) No employee shall be required to work overtime without his consent.

10. HOLIDAYS AND PAYMENTS.

(1) Each employee shall be entitled to leave on full pay on all public holidays, provided that when two public holidays fall on successive days an employer may require an employee to work not more than three hours on the second day above referred to, between the hours of 6 a.m. and 9 a.m. and shall pay such employee at the rate of one and a half times his hourly wage for each hour or part of an hour so worked.

(2) Each employee for whom wages are prescribed in section 4 (a), (b), (d), (f) and (i) shall be given in each year of his service with the same employer three consecutive weeks' leave of absence on full pay and each employee for whom wages are prescribed in section 4 (e), (g) and (h) shall be given in each year of his service with the same employer two consecutive weeks' leave of absence on full pay, provided that, should any public holiday fall within the period of leave granted, such holiday shall be added to the said period of leave of absence on full pay. The employer shall fix the time when such leave shall be taken, but if an employer shall not have granted to an employee his period of leave at an earlier date, such leave shall be given and taken so as to commence within one month after the termination of a year's service, but this leave shall not run concurrently with any period of compulsory training under the Defence Act. The employer shall pay his employee his wages for the holiday period before such employee goes on leave.

(3) (a) When the service of an employee, for whom wages are prescribed in section 4 (a), (b), (d), (f) and (i), is terminated before the completion of a year's service, but after the completion of one month's service, the employer shall for and in lieu of leave, pay to the employee for each completed week of service in the uncompleted year three fifty-second of a week's pay at the rate which the employee was receiving when such service terminated. In the case of a monthly paid employee "week's pay" shall be deemed to be monthly rate divided by four and one-third.

(b) When the service of an employee, for whom wages are prescribed in section 4 (e), (g) and (h), is terminated before the completion of a year's service, but after the completion of one month's service, the employer shall for and in lieu of leave, pay to the employee for each completed week of service in the uncompleted year one twenty-sixth of a week's pay at the rate which the employee was receiving when such service terminated. In the case of a monthly paid employee "week's pay" shall be deemed to be the monthly rate divided by four and one-third.

(4) For the purpose of the preceding sub-sections, an employee's year of service shall be deemed to be the period of twelve months which ends on or after the date of the commencement of this Agreement and in which he has not received such leave on full pay.

(5) Every employer shall notify the Secretary prior to any of his employees going on leave.

(6) No employee while on leave shall perform any work in the trade.

(7) For the purpose of this section "service" shall be deemed to include any period or periods during which an employee is—

(a) absent on leave in terms of sub-section (2);

(b) required to undergo peace training under the South Africa Defence Act, 1912;

(c) absent from work on the instructions or at the request of his employer;

amounting in the aggregate to not more than eight weeks in any year.

(8) (a) Where the service of an employee, for whom wages are prescribed in section 4 (a), (b), (d), (f) and (i), is terminated after the completion of one year's service, but before annual leave has been granted in terms of sub-section (2), the employer shall upon such termination pay to the employee in lieu of such leave one-quarter of a week's pay in respect of each month of such service at the rate the employee was receiving when his service was terminated. For the purpose of this sub-section a "week's pay" in the case of a monthly paid employee shall be deemed to be the monthly rate divided by four and one-third.

(b) Where the service of an employee for whom wages are prescribed in section 4 (e), (g) and (h), is terminated after the completion of one year's service, but before annual leave has been granted in terms of sub-section (2), the employer shall upon such termination pay to the employee in lieu of leave

skaal wat die werknemer ontvang het by die beëindiging van sy diens. Vir die toepassing van hierdie subklousule word dit beskou dat 'n „weekloon” in die geval van 'n werknemer wat maandeliks besoldig word, die maandloon gedeel deur vier en een-derde is.

11. DIENSSERTIFIKAAT.

(1) Elke werkewer moet kosteloos 'n dienssertifikaat wat die werknemer se naam en adres, die aard van sy werk, die dienstyd en die loon wat aan hom betaal is, aan elkeen van sy werknemers uitreik wanneer hy sodanige werkewer se diens verlaat.

(2) Ondanks enigets wat in subklousule (1) van hierdie klousule vervat is, moet die Raad, indien daar enige twyfel omtrent die kwalifikasies van 'n werknemer bestaan, hierdie kwalifikasies vaststellen, of hy nou ook die ondervinding binne of buite die magistraatsdistrik Oos-Londen, opgedoen het.

(3) Waar 'n werkewer vind dat 'n werknemer nie na vyf jaar diens genoegsaam as 'n blokman gekwalifiseer is nie, of nie in staat is om al die pligte van 'n blokman te vervul nie, kan die werkewer die Raad vra om oor die werknemer se kwalifikasies te beslis.

12. DIENSBEEËINDIGING.

(1) Die werkewer of die werknemer moet minstens een week of een maand kennis gee van die beëindiging van die dienskontrak in die geval van 'n weekliks of maandeliks besoldigde werknemer onderskeidelik, met ingang van die gewone betaaldag, met dien verstande dat dit nie inbreuk maak nie op—

(a) die reg van 'n werkewer of werknemer om sonder kennisgewing die dienskontrak te beëindig om enige goeie rede wat deur die wet as voldoende beskou word;

(b) enige ooreenkoms tussen 'n werkewer en 'n werknemer waarvolgens 'n langer tydperk van kennisgewing as een week of een maand, na gelang van die geval, voorsien word, en voorts met dien verstande dat 'n werkewer lone aan 'n werknemer kan betaal teen die loonskalaal soos vir sy soorte werk voorgeskryf is, in plaas van kennis te gee.

(2) Ondanks enigets in subklousule (1) van hierdie klousule vervat, moet een week kennis in die geval van 'n arbeider gegee word met ingang van die dag waarop dit gegee word.

13. PREMIES.

Geen premie vir die opleiding van 'n werknemer mag deur 'n werkewer gevorder of aangeneem word nie.

14. BESTAANDE KONTRAKTE.

Enige dienskontrak wat van krag is op die aanvangsdatum van hierdie Ooreenkoms of wat na sodanige datum aangegaan word, is onderworpe aan die bepalings van hierdie Ooreenkoms.

15. VRYSTELLINGS.

(1) Die Raad kan vrystelling van enige van die bepalings van hierdie Ooreenkoms verleen om 'n goede en voldoende rede.

(2) Die Raad moet ten opsigte van enige persoon aan wie vrystelling kragtens die bepalings van subklousule (1) van hierdie klousule verleen word, die voorwaarde waarop en die tydperk waarvoor sodanige vrystelling verleen word, vaststellen; met dien verstande dat die Raad na goeddunke, en nadat een week skriftelike kennis aan die betrokke persoon gegee is, die vrystelling kan herroep of die tydperk waarvoor vrystelling verleen is, verstrek het of nie.

(3) Die Sekretaris van die Raad moet 'n vrystellingsertifikaat, deur hom onderteken, aan elke persoon aan wie vrystelling verleen word ooreenkomsdig die bepalings van hierdie klousule uitreik, waarin vermeld word—

(a) die naam van die betrokke persoon voluit;
(b) die bepalings van die Ooreenkoms waarvan vrystelling verleen word;

(c) die voorwaarde wat ooreenkomsdig die bepalings van subklousule (2) van hierdie klousule vasgestel is, waarop sodanige vrystelling toegestaan word; en

(d) die tydperk waaroor die vrystelling geldig is.

(4) Die Sekretaris van die Raad moet—

(a) alle lisensiess wat uitgereik is in volgorde nommer;

(b) 'n afskrif van elke lisensi wat uitgereik is hou; en

(c) waar vrystelling aan 'n werknemer verleen word, 'n afskrif van die sertifikaat aan die betrokke werkewer en ook 'n verdere afskrif aan die Afdelingsbestuurder, Departement van Arbeid, Oos-Londen, stuur.

16. FONDSE VAN DIE RAAD.

(1) Die Raad se fondse, waaroor die Raad die beskikkingsreg het en wat deur hom geadministreer moet word, moet as volg voorsien word:—

(a) Elke werkewer moet ten opsigte van elke besigheid wat hy besit of bestuur 'n jaarlike bydrae van £1. 1s. aan die Raad stuur; sodanige bedrag is verskuldig op die dag waarop hierdie Ooreenkoms in werking tree of op die datum waarop die werkewer in die vleisbedryf begin, watter ook al die jongste datum is en moet binne twee weke na die datum waarop dit verskuldig is, betaal word.

(b) Een sjeling per maand moet deur elke werkewer van die loon van elkeen van sy werknemers afgetrek word, wie se minimum loon wat in hierdie Ooreenkoms voorgeskryf word meer as twintig (20) sjellings per week is.

one-sixth of a week's pay in respect of each month of such service at the rate the employee was receiving when his service was terminated. For the purpose of this sub-section a "week's pay" in the case of a monthly paid employee shall be deemed to be monthly rate divided by four and one-third.

11. CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE.

(1) Every employer shall issue free of charge a certificate of service showing the name and address, nature of occupation, period of service and wages paid to each of his employees at the time he leaves such employer's service.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1) of this section, if there is any doubt regarding the qualifications of an employee, the Council shall determine the qualifications of such employee, whether he had gained the experience within or outside the magisterial district of East London.

(3) Where an employer finds that an employee, after completing five years service, is not sufficiently qualified as a blockman, or is not capable of performing all the duties of a blockman, such employer may ask the Council to decide on such employee's qualifications.

12. TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT.

(1) Not less than one week's notice, or one month's notice, in the case of a weekly or monthly paid employee, respectively, to take effect from the usual pay day, shall be given by the employer or the employee to terminate the contract of service, provided that this shall not effect—

(a) the right of an employer or an employee to terminate the contract of service without notice for any good cause recognised by law as sufficient;

(b) any agreement between an employer and an employee providing for a longer period of notice than one week, or one month, as the case may be, and providing further, that an employer may in lieu of the period of notice, pay an employee wages at the rate prescribed for his class of work.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1) of this section, one week's notice in the case of a labourer shall take effect from the day it is given.

13. PREMIUMS.

No premiums shall be charged or accepted by any employer for the training of an employee.

14. EXISTING CONTRACTS.

Any contract of service in operation at the date of commencement of this Agreement or concluded subsequent to such date shall be subject to the provisions of this Agreement.

15. EXEMPTIONS.

(1) The Council may grant exemptions from any of the provisions of this Agreement for any good or sufficient reason.

(2) The Council shall fix, in respect of any person granted exemption under the provisions of sub-section (1) of this section, the conditions subject to which such exemption is granted and the period during which such exemption shall operate; provided that the Council may, if it deems fit, after one week's notice, in writing, has been given to the person concerned, withdraw an exemption, whether or not the period for which the exemption was granted has expired.

(3) The Secretary of the Council shall issue to every person granted exemption in accordance with the provisions of this section, a licence of exemption signed by him, setting out—

(a) the full name of the person concerned;

(b) the provisions of the Agreement from which exemption is granted;

(c) the conditions fixed in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (2) of this section, subject to which such exemption is granted; and

(d) the period during which the exemption shall operate;

(4) The Secretary of the Council shall—

(a) number consecutively all licences issued; and

(b) retain a copy of each licence issued; and
(c) where an exemption is granted to an employee, forward a copy of the licence to the employer concerned, and a further copy to the Divisional Inspector, Department of Labour, East London.

16. COUNCIL FUNDS.

(1) The funds of the Council, which shall be vested in and administered by the Council, shall be provided in the following manner:—

(a) Every employer shall in respect of each business he owns or conducts, pay to the Council an annual contribution of £1. 1s. such sum shall become due on the date of commencement of this Agreement, or the date on which he enters the Meat Trade, whichever is the later, and shall be paid within two weeks of the date due.

(b) One shilling per month shall be deducted by each employer from the wages of each of his employees for whom minimum wages exceeding twenty (20) shillings per week have been prescribed in this Agreement.

Die totale bedrag wat aldus afgetrek word, moet in die vorm wat in Aanhangesel A voorgeskryf word, deur die werkewer aan die Sekretaris van die Raad gestuur word nie later nie as die tiende dag van elke maand wat op die maand volg ten opsigte waarvan sodanige betalings verskuldig is.

(2) Elke werkewer moet van die lone van elkeen van sy werkemers wat deur hierdie Ooreenkoms geraak word en wat lede is van die East London Meat Trade Union die bedrag aan ledelike wat deur sodanige werkemers aan die vakvereniging betaalbaar is, af trek, en hy moet die bedrag wat aldus afgetrek word saam met die vorm wat in Aanhangesel A voorgeskryf word, aan die Sekretaris van die Raad, Posbus 610, Oos-Londen, voor of op die tiende dag van elke maand stuur.

17. REGISTRASIE VAN WERKGEWERS EN WERKNEMERS.

(1) (a) Elke werkewer in die vleisbedryf wat dit nie alreeds gedoen het ter nakoming van die vorige Ooreenkoms nie, moet binne een maand van die datum af waarop hierdie Ooreenkoms in werking tree, en elke werkewer wat na daardie datum in die vleisbedryf begin, moet binne een maand van die datum waarop hy werkzaamhede aanvaar, die Sekretaris van die Raad verwittig van—

- (i) die naam van sy besigheid voluit;
- (ii) sy besigheidsadres;
- (iii) die naam van elke werknemer voluit en die aard van sy werk en sy loon.

(b) Waar die werkewer in vennootskap is, moet die inligting ten opsigte van elke vennoot ooreenkomstig paragraaf (a) van hierdie subklousule verskaf word. Ingeval 'n vennootskap ontbind word, moet die Sekretaris binne een maand na die datum van ontbinding skriftelik daarvan verwittig word.

(c) Elke werkewer moet die Sekretaris van die Raad in kennis stel van enige verandering in die besonderhede wat hy verplig is om ingevolge die bepalings van hierdie subklousule te verstrek, binne veertien dae na die datum van sodanige verandering.

(2) Die Sekretaris van die Raad moet 'n register hou van al die werkewers, vennootskappe en werkemers wat in subklousule (1) van hierdie klousule genoem word.

18. AGENTE.

(1) Die Raad kan een of meer bepaalde persone as agente aanstel om met die toepassing van hierdie Ooreenkoms behulpzaam te wees. Elke werkewer en werknemer is verplig om sodanige agente toe te laat om die ondersoek in te stel en die boeke en/of stukke te ondersoek soos vir hierdie doel nodig kan wees.

(2) Indien 'n werkewer of werknemer na die mening van 'n agent versuim het om die bepalings van hierdie Ooreenkoms na te kom, kan die agent deur skriftelike kennisgewings en met vermelding van die opsig waarin die werkewer of werknemer na sy mening in gebreke geby het om die bepalings van hierdie Ooreenkoms na te kom, die werkewer of werknemer kan verplig om binne 14 dae 'n skriftelike verduideliking daarvan aan die Sekretaris van die Raad te gee.

19. ORGANISASIE.

(1) Geen werkewer wat 'n lid is van die werkewersorganisasie mag 'n werknemer in diens neem wat nie 'n lid is van die vakvereniging nie, en geen werknemer wat 'n lid is van die vakvereniging mag in die diens tree van 'n werkewer wat nie 'n lid van die werkewersorganisasie is nie; met dien verstande dat hierdie klousule nie van toepassing is nie op—

- (a) arbeiders, motorvoertuigbestuurders, klerklike werkemers en werkemers vir wie daar nie lone in hierdie Ooreenkoms voorgeskryf is nie; of
- (b) werkewers en werkemers aan wie lidmaatskap, na die mening van die Raad, sonder redelike gronde geweier is en as die applikant die weiering binne sewe dae daarna by die Raad aangemeld het.

Voorts met dien verstande dat hierdie klosule nie van toepassing is nie op die werk van 'n werknemer in die bedryf wat na die mening van die Minister goeie redes het om beswaar te maak om lid van die vereniging te word of te bly.

(2) Bewyse van lidmaatskap van die vakvereniging is die vertoning van 'n lidmaatskapkaart wat aandui dat die persoon daarin genoem se ledeleged vir hoogstens drie maande agterstallig is.

(3) Enigeen wat behoorlik daartoe skriftelik deur die vakvereniging en die Raad gemagtig is, kan 'n inrigting op 'n tydstip wat vir die werkewer gerieflik is, binnegaan met die doel om—

- (a) werkemers in verband met aangeleenthede van die vakvereniging te spreek;
- (b) nuwe lede te werf;
- (c) kennisgewings wat deur die vakvereniging uitgereik is, te versprei; en
- (d) om ledelegde van lede vir die vakvereniging in te vorder.

(4) Die gemagtigde persoon of persone moet die werkewer of sy verteenwoordiger in kennis stel van sy of haar voorname om die winkel te besoek.

(5) Die bepalings van hierdie klousule is nie van toepassing op 'n immigrant gedurende die eerste jaar na die datum waarop hy die Unie van Suid-Afrika binnegekom het nie, met dien verstande dat, as 'n immigrant te eniger tyd na die eerste drie maande van sy diens in die bedryf 'n uitnodiging van die betrokke vakvereniging om lid daarvan te word van die hand gewys het, die bepalings van hierdie klousule onmiddellik in werking tree.

The total amount so deducted shall be forwarded by the employer to the Secretary of the Council in the form prescribed in Annexure A, not later than the tenth day of each month following the month in respect of which such payments are due.

(2) Every employer shall deduct from the wages of each of his employees affected by this Agreement, and who are members of the East London Meat Trade Union, the amount of subscriptions payable by such employees to the union and shall forward, with the form prescribed in Annexure A, the amount thus deducted to the Secretary of the Council, P.O. Box 610, East London, not later than the tenth day of each month.

17. REGISTRATION OF EMPLOYERS AND EMPLOYEES.

(1) (a) Every employer in the Meat Trade, who has not already done so in pursuance of the previous Agreement, shall within one month from the date on which this Agreement comes into operation, and every employer entering the Trade after that date shall, within one month from the date of commencement of operation by him, forward to the Secretary of the Council—

- (i) the full name of his business;
- (ii) his business address;
- (iii) the full name of each employee, the capacity in which he is employed and the wages paid.

(b) Where the employer is in partnership, information in accordance with paragraph (a) of this sub-section shall be furnished in respect of each partner. In the event of a dissolution of partnership, taking place, the fact must be notified in writing, within one month of the date thereof to the Secretary.

(c) Every employer shall forward to the Secretary of the Council a notification of any change in the particulars he is required to furnish in terms of this sub-section within fourteen days of the date upon which such change takes effect.

(2) The Secretary of the Council shall maintain a register of all employers, partnerships and employees referred to in sub-section (1) of this section.

18. AGENTS.

(1) The Council may appoint one or more specified persons as agents to assist in giving effect to the terms of this Agreement. It shall be the duty of every employer and employee to permit such agents to institute such inquiries and to examine such books and/or documents as may be necessary for this purpose.

(2) If, in the opinion of an agent, any employer or employee has failed to comply with the provisions of this Agreement, such agent may by notice in writing setting forth in which respect the employer or employee has, in his opinion, failed to comply with the provisions of this Agreement, require such employer or employee to give a written explanation thereof to the Secretary of the Council within 14 days.

19. ORGANISATION.

(1) No employer, being a member of the employer's organisation, shall employ an employee who is not a member of the trade union, and no employee, who is a member of the trade union, shall accept employment with an employer who is not a member of the employer's organisation; provided that this section shall not apply to—

- (a) labourers, motor vehicle drivers, clerical employees and employees for whom wages are not prescribed in this Agreement; or
- (b) employers and employees to whom, in the opinion of the Council, membership has been refused without reasonable cause and the applicant has reported such refusal to the Council within seven days thereof.

Provided further that this clause shall not apply to the employment in the Industry of any employee who, in the opinion of the Minister, has good cause for objecting to becoming or remaining a member of the union.

(2) Proof of membership of the trade union shall be the production of a membership card showing that the person named therein is not more than three months in arrear with his subscription.

(3) A person duly authorised by the trade union and the Council in writing may enter any establishment at a time convenient to the employer for the purpose of—

- (a) interviewing employees on trade union matters;
- (b) enrolling new members;
- (c) distributing notices issued by the trade union;
- (d) collecting members' subscriptions to the trade union.

(4) The authorised person or persons shall notify the employer or his representative of his or her intention to visit the shop.

(5) The provisions of this section shall not apply in respect of an immigrant during the first year after the date of his entry into the Union of South Africa; provided that if any immigrant has at any time after the first three months of commencement of his employment in the Industry refused any invitation from the trade union concerned to become a member of it, the provisions of this section shall immediately come into operation.

20. VERTONING VAN OOREENKOMS.

Elke werkgewer moet 'n leesbare afskrif van hierdie Ooreenkoms in albei amptelike landstale en in die vorm wat in die regulasies ingevolge die Wet voorgeskryf word op so 'n opvalende plek in sy inrigting wat maklik toeganklik vir sy werkemers is, oppak en dit daar opgeplak hou.

21. INDIENSNEMING VAN MINDERJARIGES.

Geen werkgewer mag 'n persoon onder vyftien jaar in diens hê nie.

22. TOEPASSING VAN DIE WET OP FABRIEKE, MASJINERIE EN BOUWERK, 1941.

(1) Ondanks andersluidende bepalings wat in hierdie Ooreenkoms vervat is, is die bepalings in verband met werk- en oortydure en verlof van klousules *negen-tien, twintig en een-en-twintig* van die Wet op Fabrieke, Masjinerie en Bouwerk, 1941, van toepassing op werkemers in diens in of in verband met 'n fabriek soos bepaal in die Wet op Fabrieke, Masjinerie en Bouwerk, 1941, vir sover die bepalings van die Ooreenkoms minder gunstig is.

(2) Die minimum lone wat in klousule 4 van hierdie Ooreenkoms voorgeskryf word, moet aan die werkemers wat in subklousule (1) genoem word ten opsigte van die werkure wat in die Wet op Fabrieke, Masjinerie en Bouwerk, 1941, voorgeskryf is, betaal word, en die urloon van sodanige werkemers word ondanks enige teenstrydige bepalings in hierdie Ooreenkoms bepaal deur die weekloon wat vir die betrokke werkemers voorgeskryf is deur 46 te deel. Vir die toepassing van hierdie subklousule is die weekloon van werkemers vir wie maandlone in hierdie Ooreenkoms voorgeskryf word, die maandlone gedeel deur vier en een-derde, en is die urloon van werkemers vir wie daglone voorgeskryf word, die dagloon gedeel deur agt.

Namens die partye te Oos-Londen onderteken op hede die vyftiende dag van Mei 1953.

J. STEFFENS,
Voorsitter van die Raad.

A. V. PRICE,
Ondervorsitter van die Raad.

J. A. NICHOLAS,
Sekretaris van die Raad.

AANHANGSEL A.

NYWERHEIDSRAAD VIR DIE VLEISBEDRYF (OOS-LONDEN).

Die Sekretaris,
Nywerheidsraad vir die Vleisbedryf,
Posbus 610,
Oos-Londen.

Meneer,

Ingeslote vind u bydraes ten bedrae van £
waarvan die besonderhede hieronder aangegee word vir die tydperk
wat eindig 19
Adres Naam

Naam van werkemmer.	Beroep.	Bydraes aan Raadsfondse vir die maand.	Ledegelede van werkemers aan vakverenigingsfondse vir die maand

* No. 1707.]

[7 Augustus 1953.

WET OP FABRIEKE, MASJINERIE EN BOUWERK, 1941.

VLEISBEDRYF, OOS-LONDEN.

Ek, PAUL OLIVER SAUER, Waarnemende Minister van Arbeid, handelende ingevolge subartikel (1) van artikel *twee-en-twintig* van die Wet op Fabrieke, Masjinerie en Bouwerk, 1941, verklaar hierby dat die bepalings van die Ooreenkoms en kennisgewing in verband met die Vleisbedryf, Oos-Londen, gepubliseer by Goewermentskennisgewing No. 1706 van 7 Augustus 1953, vir die persone wie se werkure daarby gereel word nie minder gunstig as die ooreenstemmende bepalings van genoemde Wet is nie.

P. O. SAUER,
Waarnemende Minister van Arbeid.

20. EXHIBITION OF AGREEMENT.

Every employer shall affix and keep affixed in his establishment in a conspicuous place, readily accessible to his employees a legible copy of this Agreement in both official languages and in the form prescribed in the regulations under the Act.

21. EMPLOYMENT OF MINORS.

No employer shall employ any person under the age of fifteen years.

22. APPLICATION OF FACTORIES, MACHINERY AND BUILDING WORK ACT, 1941.

(1) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Agreement, the hours of work, overtime and holiday provisions contained in sections *nineteen, twenty and twenty-one* of the Factories, Machinery and Building Work Act, 1941, shall apply to employees employed in or in connection with a factory as defined in the Factories, Machinery and Building Work Act, 1941, in so far as the provisions of the Agreement are less favourable.

(2) The minimum wages prescribed in section 4 of this Agreement shall be paid to the employees referred to in sub-section (1) in respect of the hours of work prescribed in the Factories, Machinery and Building Work Act, 1941, and the hourly wage of such employees shall, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, be determined by dividing the weekly rates prescribed for the employees concerned by 46. For the purpose of this sub-section the weekly rates of the employees for whom monthly rates are prescribed in the Agreement shall be such monthly rates divided by four and one-third, and the hourly rate of employees for whom daily wages are prescribed, shall be such daily wage divided by eight.

Signed at East London, on behalf of the Parties, this fifteenth day of May, 1953.

J. STEFFENS.
Chairman of the Council.

A. V. PRICE.
Vice-chairman of the Council.

J. A. NICHOLAS.
Secretary of the Council.

ANNEXURE A.

INDUSTRIAL COUNCIL FOR THE MEAT TRADE (EAST LONDON).

To the Secretary,
Industrial Council for the Meat Trade,
P.O. Box 610,
East London.

Dear Sir,
Please find contributions amounting to £
as detailed below, for the period ending 19
Address Name

Name of Employee.	Occupation.	Contributions to Council Funds for Month of	Employees' Subscriptions to Union Funds for Month of

* No. 1707.]

[7 August 1953.

FACTORIES, MACHINERY AND BUILDING WORK ACT, 1941.

MEAT TRADE, EAST LONDON.

I, PAUL OLIVER SAUER, Acting Minister of Labour, hereby, in terms of sub-section (1) of section *twenty-two* of the Factories, Machinery and Building Work Act, 1941, declare the provisions of the Agreement and notice relating to the Meat Trade, East London, published under Government Notice No. 1706 of the 7th August, 1953, to be not less favourable to the persons whose hours of work are regulated thereby than the relative provisions of the said Act.

P. O. SAUER,
Acting Minister of Labour.

INVOERDERS UITVOERDERS NYWERAARS

teken in op



„HANDEL EN NYWERHEID”

*Die maandblad
van die Departement van Handel en Nywerheid*

INTEKENGELD: In die Unie van S.A., Suidwes-Afrika, Bechuanaland-Protektoraat, Swasieland, Basoetoland, Suid- en Noord-Rhodesië, Mosambiek, Angola, Belgiese Kongo, Nyassaland, Tanganjika, Kenia en Oeganda teen 6d per eksemplaar, of teen 5/- per jaar (7/6 elders) vooruitbetaalbaar aan Die Staatsdrukker, Pretoria.

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