



UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA
UNIE VAN SUID-AFRIKA

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EXTRAORDINARY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE STAATSKOERANT

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Alle Proklamasies, Goewerments- en Algemene Kennisgewings wat vir die eerste maal gepubliseer word, is in die linker-bohoek met 'n * gemerk.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

The following Government Notices are published for general information:—

DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR.

* No. 2239.] [30 November 1956.
INDUSTRIAL CONCILIATION ACT, 1937.

BISCUIT MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY, UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA.

I, JOHANNES DE KLERK, Minister of Labour, do hereby—

- in terms of sub-section (1) of section *forty-eight* of the Industrial Conciliation Act, 1937, declare that all the provisions of the Agreement which appears in the Schedule hereto and which relates to the Biscuit Manufacturing Industry, shall be binding from the second Monday after the date of publication of this notice and for the period ending two years from the said second Monday upon the employers' organization and trade union which entered into the said Agreement and upon the employers and employees who are members of that organization or that union;
- in terms of sub-section (2) of section *forty-eight* of the said Act, declare that from the second Monday after the date of publication of this notice and for the period ending two years from the said second Monday the provisions contained in clauses 3 to 20 (inclusive) and 23 of the said Agreement shall be binding upon the other employers and employees engaged or employed in the said Industry in the Union of South Africa; and
- in terms of sub-section (4) of section *forty-eight* of the said Act, declare that in the Union of South Africa and from the second Monday after the date of publication of this notice, and for the period ending two years from the said second Monday the provisions contained in clauses 3 to 9 (inclusive), 11 to 15 (inclusive) and 17, 19, 20 and 23 of the said Agreement shall *mutatis mutandis* apply in respect of such persons employed in the said Industry as are not included in the definition of the expression "employee", contained in section one of the said Act.

J. DE KLERK,
Minister of Labour.

A—1120494

GOEWERMENSKENNISGEWINGS.

Onderstaande Goewermentskennisgewings word vir algemene inligting gepubliseer:—

DEPARTEMENT VAN ARBEID.

* No. 2239.] [30 November 1956.
NYWERHEID-VERSOENINGSWET, 1937.

BESKUITNYWERHEID, UNIE VAN SUID-AFRIKA.

Ek, JOHANNES DE KLERK, Minister van Arbeid, verklaar hierby—

- kragtens subartikel (1) van artikel *agt-en-veertig* van die Nywerheid-versoeningswet, 1937, dat al die bepalings van die Ooreenkoms wat in die Bylae hiervan verskyn en wat betrekking het op die Beskuitnywerheid van die tweede Maandag na die datum van publikasie van hierdie kennisgiving af, en vir die tydperk wat twee jaar van genoemde tweede Maandag af eindig, bindend is vir die werkgewersorganisasie en vakvereniging wat genoemde Ooreenkoms aangegaan het en vir die werkgewers en werknemers wat lede van daardie organisasie of daardie vereniging is;
- kragtens subartikel (2) van artikel *agt-en-veertig* van genoemde Wet dat van die tweede Maandag na die datum van publikasie van hierdie kennisgiving af, en vir die tydperk wat twee jaar van genoemde tweede Maandag af eindig, die bepalings vervat in klousules 3 tot en met 20 en 23 van genoemde Ooreenkoms bindend is vir die ander werkgewers en werknemers betrokke by of in diens in genoemde Nywerheid in die Unie van Suid-Afrika; en
- kragtens subartikel (4) van artikel *agt-en-veertig* van genoemde Wet dat die bepalings vervat in klousules 3 tot en met 9, 11 tot en met 15 en 17, 19, 20 en 23 van genoemde Ooreenkoms van die tweede Maandag na die datum van publikasie van hierdie kennisgiving af, en vir die tydperk wat twee jaar van genoemde tweede Maandag af eindig, in die Unie van Suid-Afrika *mutatis mutandis* van toepassing is ten opsigte van persone in diens in genoemde Nywerheid wat nie by die woordomskrywing van die uitdrukking "werknemer", vervat in artikel een van genoemde Wet, ingesluit is nie.

J. DE KLERK,
Minister van Arbeid.

SCHEDULE.

NATIONAL INDUSTRIAL COUNCIL FOR THE BISCUIT MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY OF SOUTH AFRICA.

AGREEMENT

in accordance with the provisions of the Industrial Conciliation Act, 1937, made and entered into between the

National Association of Biscuit Manufacturers of South Africa (hereinafter referred to as "the employers" or "the employers' organisation"), of the one part, and the

National Union of Operative Biscuit Makers and Packers of South Africa

(hereinafter referred to as "the employees" or "the trade union"), of the other part,

being parties to the National Industrial Council for the Biscuit Manufacturing Industry of South Africa.

1. SCOPE OF APPLICATION OF AGREEMENT.

The terms of this Agreement shall be observed in the Union of South Africa by all members of the employers' organisation who are employers within the meaning of the Act, and who are engaged in the Biscuit Manufacturing Industry, and by all members of the trade union who are employees within the meaning of the Act, and who are employed in that industry and for whom wages are prescribed in section 4 of this Agreement.

2. PERIOD OF OPERATION OF AGREEMENT.

This Agreement shall come into operation on such date as may be specified by the Minister of Labour in terms of section forty-eight of the Act and shall remain in force for two years or for such period as may be determined by him.

3. DEFINITIONS.

Any expressions used in this Agreement which are defined in the Industrial Conciliation Act, 1937, shall have the same meaning as in that Act, any reference to an Act shall include any amendment of such Act, and unless contrary intention appears, words importing the masculine gender shall include females, further unless inconsistent with the context—

"Act" means the Industrial Conciliation Act, 1937;

"assistant brakesman" means an employee who does not operate the brake but who assists the brakesman in braking hard and soft doughs and cream-cracker dough;

"assistant ovensman" means an employee who assists the ovensman in the working of hand or peel ovens;

"assistant storeman" means an employee, other than a labourer, who works under the direct supervision of the storeman and who is authorised upon the requisition of any processing department to issue any materials or ingredients to that department;

"biscuit cutting and embossing machine operator" means an employee who is in charge of the operation of a biscuit cutting and embossing machine;

"Biscuit Manufacturing Industry" means the industry in which employers and employees are associated for the purpose of manufacturing by hand or machine biscuits, wafers, cones matzos, pretzel sticks, cakes and Christmas puddings for sale and includes the distribution by such employers and/or employees of any or all of such products and further includes all operations incidental to or consequential on any of the aforesaid activities;

"biscuits" include wafers, ice-cream wafers and cones, dog and/or puppy biscuits, pretzel sticks and matzos;

"biscuit baker" means any person who, after five years' practical experience in biscuit baking, other than a learner, under the direct supervision of a foreman biscuit baker, mixes, drops, cuts, pins, pans and bakes off hand-made biscuits;

"boiler attendant" means an employee engaged in firing and maintaining the water level and steam pressure in boilers;

"brakesman" means an employee, other than a biscuit baker, who is in charge of, and works the machinery necessary in the braking of hard and soft doughs and cream-cracker dough;

"chargehand" means—in the tin making or repairing department, an employee who is in charge of employees employed in or in connection with tin making or repairing of tins and who may change dies or set up machines;

in the biscuit packing department, an employee who is authorised to be in charge of or to supervise a section of packers under the direction of a foreman or foremistress, and who marks the time-sheet and attendance register, and who also do packing;

"clerical employee" means an employee who is wholly or mainly engaged in writing and/or typing and/or any other form of clerical work, and includes a despatch clerk and a cashier;

BYLAE.

NASIONALE NYWERHEIDSRAAD VIR DIE BESKUIT-NYWERHEID VAN SUID-AFRIKA.

OOREENKOMS

ingevolge die bepalings van die Nywerheid-versoeningswet, 1937, gesluit en aangegaan tussen die

National Association of Biscuit Manufacturers of South Africa (hieronder „die werkgewers” of „die werkgewersorganisasie” genoem), aan die een kant, en die

National Union of Operative Biscuit Makers and Packers of South Africa

(hieronder „die werknemers” of „die vakvereniging” genoem), aan die ander kant, wat die partye is by die Nasionale Nywerheidsraad vir die Beskuitnywerheid van Suid-Afrika.

1. BESTEK VAN TOEPASSING VAN OOREENKOMS.

Die bepalings van hierdie Ooreenkoms moet in die Unie van Suid-Afrika nagekom word deur alle lede van die werkgewersorganisasie wat werkgewers is binne die betekenis van die Wet en wat die beskuitnywerheid uitoefen, en deur alle lede van die vakvereniging wat werknemers is binne die betekenis van die Wet en wat in daardie nywerheid in diens is en vir wie lone in artikel 4 van hierdie Ooreenkoms voorgeskryf word.

2. GELDIGHEIDSDEUR VAN OOREENKOMS.

Hierdie Ooreenkoms tree in werking op sodanige datum as wat deur die Minister van Arbeid kragtens artikel agt-en-veertig van die Wet bepaal word en bly twee jaar van krag of vir sodanige tydperk as wat hy kan vassel.

3. WOORDOMSKRYWINGS.

Enige uitdrukking wat in hierdie Ooreenkoms gebesig word en in die Nywerheid-versoeningswet, 1937, omskryf is, het dieselfde betekenis as in daardie Wet; by 'n verwysing na 'n wet is ook elke wysiging van dié wet inbegrepe, en tensy die teenoorgestelde bedoeling blyk omvat woorde wat die manlike geslag aandui, ook vrouens; voorts, tensy dit strydig met die samehang is, beteken—

"Wet", die Nywerheid-versoeningswet, 1937;

"assistant-deegroller", 'n werknemer wat 'n deegroller help met die uitrol van stywe en slap deeg en deeg vir roombeskuitjies, maar wat nie die roller hanteer nie;

"assistant-oondman", 'n werknemer wat 'n oondman help met hand- of halfmeganiese oonde;

"assistant-stoorman", 'n werknemer, uitgesonderd 'n arbeider, wat onder regstreekse toesig van die stoorman werk en wat gemagtig is om, wanneer 'n bewerkingsafdeling dit nodig het, materiaal of bestanddele aan daardie afdeling uit te reik;

"beskuitsny- en embosseermasjienebediener", 'n werknemer wat belas is met die werking van 'n beskuitsny- en embosseermasjiene;

"beskuitnywerheid", die nywerheid waarin werkgewers en werknemers geassosieer is vir die vervaardiging van beskuit, wafeltjies, matzos, pretzelstokkies, koekies en Kerspoedings met die hand of 'n masjiene, vir verkoop, en sluit die verspreiding deur sodanige werkgewers en/of werknemers van enige of alle sodanige produkte in, asook alle bykomende en daar mee gepaard gaande werkzaamhede,

"beskuit", ook wafeltjies, roomyswafeltjies en -keels, honde en/of jonghondebeskuit, pretzelstokkies en matzos;

"beskuitbakker", elke persoon wat, na vyf jaar praktiese ondervinding van beskuitvervaardiging, uitgesonderd as leerling, onder regstreekse toesig van 'n voorman-beskuitbakker handgemaakte beskuit meng, spuit, sny, uitsteek, in die pan sit en bak;

"ketelbediener", 'n werknemer in diens om 'n stoomketel te stook en die waterstand en stoomdruk van stoomketels op peil tehou;

"deegroller", 'n werknemer, uitgesonderd 'n beskuitbakker, wat toesig hou oor die masjienerie vir die uitrol van stywe en slap deeg en deeg vir roombeskuitjies, en dit bedien; onderbaas"—

in die afdeling vir die maak of herstel van blikke—"n werknemer met toesig oor werknemers in diens in- of in verband met die maak of herstel van blikke, en wat stempels kan verwissel of masjiene kan regstel;

in die beskuitverpakningsafdeling—"n werknemer wat gemagtig is om onder toesig van 'n voorman of voorvrou in bevel te wees van of toesig te hou oor 'n groep verpakkers, en wat die tydstaat en presensieregister invul, en wat ook kan verpak;

"klerklike werknemer", 'n werknemer wat uitsluitlik of hoofsaaklik skryfwerk en/of tikwerk en/of enige ander soort klerklike werk verrig en omvat 'n versendingsklerk en 'n kassier;

"Council" means the National Industrial Council for the Biscuit Manufacturing Industry of South Africa, registered in terms of section two of the Industrial Conciliation Act, 1924, and deemed to have been registered in terms of the Industrial Conciliation Act, 1937;

"daily wage" means the weekly wage prescribed in the Agreement divided by five or five and a half according to the occupation concerned;

"depot" means any premises owned or occupied by an employer where stocks of biscuits are kept for distribution from such premises;

"despatcher" means an employee who deals with the despatch of goods under the direct supervision of the foreman despatcher;

"driver" means an employee who has charge of vehicles used for the delivery of the products of an establishment;

"employee" means a person for whom wages and conditions of employment are prescribed in this agreement and includes any such person employed at a depot;

"employment" means the total period of service an employee has had in the Biscuit Manufacturing Industry;

"establishment" means any place in which one or more employees are engaged in the Biscuit Manufacturing Industry;

"factory operative" means an employee engaged in one or more of the following occupations: panning biscuits, putting on cherries, sugar, almonds, or any other ornamentations, cleaning and sifting ingredients, feeding the dough on biscuit machines or dough mixers, greasing pans and moulds, feeding pans to and removing them from mechanical ovens, and handling raw materials in the manufacturing process, making or repairing of clothing, pressing clothing by hand or machine, operating any other machine in the laundry section or checking;

"foreman or foremistress" means an employee who is in charge of the packing department;

"foreman biscuit baker" means a biscuit baker either of machine or hand-made biscuits, who takes full control of all manufacturing operations;

"foreman despatcher" means an employee who is in charge of the despatch of goods;

"hourly rate" means the weekly wage prescribed in this Agreement divided by forty-four;

"juvenile" means an employee under the age of twenty-one years;

"labourer" means an employee engaged in sweeping, washing utensils, carrying materials or utensils in the factory or packing departments, oiling or cleaning plant or engaged in any form of carrying or stacking in the factory, unwrapping pats of butter, washing and labelling tins, packing tins or boxes into crates or other outer containers, nailing up crates, fixing addressed labels on boxes or crates, repairing boxes and crates by hand or making them up from shooks or other materials, loading or unloading, including loading or taking off from roller-type or similar conveyors or conveyor belts and bands, stencilling by hand, assembling or sealing corrugated cardboard containers, and any other labour not provided for;

"local committee" means a local committee appointed in terms of the constitution of the Council;

"guillotine machine operator" means an employee employed on operating a power-driven guillotine paper-cutting machine;

"machine hand" means an employee who is in charge of a mechanical chocolate enrobing machine or a mechanical biscuit creaming machine, a wafer and/or cone-making machine, wire cut machine or rotary moulding machine;

"night shift" means a shift of work, the whole or major portion of which falls between the hours of 6 p.m. and 6 a.m., and is specified by the employer as provided for in the proviso to section 4 (1) of this Agreement;

"ovensman" means an employee who is in charge of any kind of mechanical peel or hand oven utilised in the baking of biscuits and who acts under the supervision and control of a foreman biscuit baker;

"packer" means an employee employed in the packing department in wrapping, packing, creaming or weighing biscuits, wafers, cones, matzos, cakes or Christmas puddings, and in labelling and lining tins;

"short time" means the time actually worked in an establishment when such time is less than the usual working hours in that establishment;

"storeman" means an employee who is in charge of all raw materials and who issues supplies to the bake-house;

"traveller" means a male employee, who as the travelling representative of a trading establishment, on behalf of such establishment, invites, canvasses or solicits orders from duly licensed traders and/or other persons for the sale and/or supply to them of goods for resale and/or for the use of or consumption by such traders or other persons;

"usual working hours" means the hours, excluding meal times, between the starting and closing times of establishments, such times being fixed as provided in section 7 (3) of this Agreement;

"week" means in relation to any employee, the period of seven days within which the working week of that employee ordinarily falls.

"Raad", die Nasionale Nywerheidsraad vir die Beskuitnywerheid van Suid-Afrika, wat kragtens artikel twee van die Nijverheid Verzoenings Wet, 1924, geregistreer is en wat beskou word dat dit kragtens die Nywerheidsversoeningswet, 1937, geregistreer is;

"dagloon", die weekloon wat in hierdie Ooreenkoms voorgeskryf word, gedeel deur vyf of vyf en 'n half volgens die betrokke bedryf;

"depot", enige persele wat aan die werkewer behoort of deur hom geokkypeer word, waar voorrade beskuit gehou word vir verspreiding vanaf sodanige persele;

"versender", 'n werknemer wat in verband met die versending van goedere onder die regstreekse toesig van 'n voorman-versender werk;

"bestuurder", 'n werknemer wat belas is met toesig oor voertuie wat vir die aflewing van die produkte van 'n inrigting gebruik word;

"werknemer", 'n persoon vir wie lone en diensvoorraarde in hierdie Ooreenkoms voorgeskryf is, en sluit enige sodanige persoon in diens by 'n depot in;

"diens", die totale dienstyd van 'n werknemer in die beskuitvervaardigingsnywerheid;

"inrigting", elke plek waar een of meer werknemers by die beskuitvervaardigingsnywerheid in diens is;

"fabriekswerksman", 'n werknemer wat een of meer van die volgende werkzaamhede verrig: Beskuit in panne sit, kersies, suiker, amandels of enige ander versiersels opsig, bestanddele skoonmaak en sif, deeg voer aan beskuitmasjiene of deegmengers, panne en vorms smeer, panne in meganiese oonde sit en daaruit verwijder, en grondstowwe in die vervaardigingsproses hanteer, klerasie maak of herstel, klere met die hand of met 'n masjien stryk, enige ander masjien in die wasserafdeling bedien of nagaan.

"voorman" of **"voorvrou"**, 'n werknemer wat belas is met toesig oor die verpakkingsafdeling;

"voorman-beskuitbakker", 'n beskuitbakker van beskuit wat of met die masjien of die hand gemaak word, wat volledige toesig hou oor alle vervaardiging;

"voorman-versender", 'n werknemer in beheer oor die versending van goedere;

"uurloon", die weekloon wat in hierdie Ooreenkoms voorgeskryf word, gedeel deur 44;

"jeugdige", 'n werknemer wat nog nie 21 jaar oud is nie;

"arbeider", 'n werknemer wat persele uitvee, gerei was, materiaal of gerei in die fabriek of verpakkingsafdelings dra, installasie olie of skoonmaak, of werkzaam in enige vorm van dra of stapel in die fabriek, botterpapier van botterponde afhaal, blikke was en etikette daarvan verwijder, blikke of dose in kratte of ander houers verpak, kratte toespyker, geadresseerde etikette aan dose of kratte vasmaak, dose en kratte met die hand herstel of hulle uit duie of ander materiaal maak, op- of aflaai, met inbegrip van goedere op 'n roltipe of soortgelyke vervoerders of vervoerbande en bande oplaai of aflaai, met die hand sjabloner, rifelfkartons hours inmekarsit of verseel, en enige ander werk waarvoor geen voorsiening gemaak is nie;

"plaaslike komitee", 'n plaaslike komitee wat kragtens die konstitusie van die Raad aangestel is;

"valmesbediener", 'n werknemer wat 'n kragvalmes bedien wat papier sny;

"masjienbediener", 'n werknemer wat verantwoordelik is vir 'n sjokolade-omhulmasjiene of 'n meganiese beskuitroommasjiene, 'n wafel- en/of 'n wafelkoelemasjiene, 'n draadsny- of 'n draaivormmasjiene;

"nagskof", 'n werkskof wat geheel of vir die grootste gedeelte tussen die ure 6.n.m. en 6.v.m. val en deur die werkewer gespesifieer is soos bepaal in die voorbehoudsbepalings by artikel 4 (1) van hierdie Ooreenkoms;

"oondman", 'n werknemer wat 'n meganiese, halfmeganiese of 'n handoond vir die bak van beskuit bedien en wat onder toesig en beheer van 'n voorman-beskuitbakker werk;

"verpakker", 'n werknemer in die verpakkingsafdeling in diens vir toedraai, verpakking, aansigt van room of weeg van beskuit, wafels, matzos, koek of Kerspoedings en vir die aanbring van etikette en uitvoer van blikke in die verpakkingsafdeling;

"korttyd", die tyd wat werklik in 'n inrigting gewerk word wanneer sodanige tyd korter as die gewone werkure in daardie inrigting is;

"stoorman", 'n werknemer wat in beheer is oor al die grondstowwe en wat materiaal aan die bakhuis uitrek;

"handelsreisiger", 'n manlike werknemer wat as die reisende verteenwoordiger van 'n handelsinrigting namens sodanige inrigting bestellings vra, werf of aanneem van behoorlik gelisensierte handelaars en/of ander persone vir verkoop en/of levering aan hulle van goedere vir herverkoop en/of vir die gebruik of verbruik deur sodanige handelaars of ander persone;

"gewone werkure", die ure, met uitsondering van etenstye, tussen die ure waarop die werk in inrigtings begin en eindig en wat vasgestel is soos bepaal in artikel 7 (3) van hierdie Ooreenkoms;

"week" met betrekking tot elke werknemer die tydperk van sewe dae waarbinne die werkweek van daardie werknemer gewoonlik val.

4. WAGES.

(1) The minimum wages that shall be paid per week to the undermentioned classes of employees shall be as follows:—

	Per Week. £ s. d.
(a) (i) Foreman biscuit baker	7 17 1
(ii) Biscuit baker	6 14 8
(b) Brakesman or ovensman:—	
First year of employment	3 12 5
Second year of employment	4 3 8
Third year of employment	4 17 1
Thereafter	5 12 3
(c) Assistant brakesman	2 16 1

(N.B.—If and when the brakesman is absent from his work through illness or other cause, the assistant brakesman shall perform that employee's work and shall be paid during the time that he is so employed at the rate specified in sub-section 1 (b) of this section for a brakesman in the first year of employment.)

(d) Assistant ovensman	2 16 1
(e) Biscuit cutting and embossing machine operator	5 12 3
(f) Packer:—	

One-third of the male or female packers in any establishment shall be paid at the rate of 46s. 11d. per week and the other two-thirds shall be paid at a flat rate commencing at 28s. 1d. per week to be increased to 37s. 5d. per week over a period of two years as under, such vacancies to be filled by a person having the next longest period of service:—

First twelve months of employment	1 8 1
Third six months of employment	1 11 8
Fourth six months of employment	1 17 5

Thereafter such employees to be promoted to the top grade at 46s. 11d. per week as vacancies occur provided that an employee who is not promoted within six months after completing his fourth six months of employment, shall be paid a wage of not less than £1. 19s. 3d. per week until promoted.

Chargehand packer

(g) Factory Operative (during period of learnership):—	3 6 4
First twelve months of employment	1 8 1
Third six months of employment	1 13 8
Fourth six months of employment	1 19 3

Thereafter

First twelve months of employment	1 8 1
Third six months of employment	1 13 8
Fourth six months of employment	1 19 3

Thereafter	2 4 11
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N.B.—Employees on completing their period of learnership shall, if employed on work for which higher minimum wages than 44s. 11d. per week are prescribed, be paid not less than such higher wages.

(h) Foreman	6 14 8
(i) Foremistress	5 1 0
(j) (i) Chief storeman	5 12 3
(ii) Assistant storeman	3 18 10
(k) (i) Chief or foreman despatcher	6 14 8

(ii) Despatcher	4 1 7
(l) Drivers of vehicles and delivery assistants:—	

(i) Drivers of motor vehicles	5 2 0
(ii) Drivers of horse-drawn and other vehicles	3 1 8
(iii) Delivery assistants on bicycles, horsedrawn and other vehicles	1 13 8

(m) Labourers	1 13 8
(n) Tin-making and repairing department:—	

(i) Chargehand	5 12 3
(ii) Employees engaged in tin-making or repairing, not elsewhere specified:—	

First six months of employment	1 13 8
Thereafter	2 9 4

(o) Guillotine machine operator	3 1 2
Machine hand	2 16 1

Boiler attendant	2 4 11
Watchman	2 4 11

(p) All other employees not provided for in (a) to (s) ...	1 13 8
Per Month. £ s. d.	

(q) Traveller:—	
First year of employment	30 0 0
Second year of employment	35 0 0
Third year of employment	40 0 0
Fourth year of employment	45 0 0

Thereafter	50 0 0
(r) Clerical employees:—	

Male:

First year of experience	10 0 0
Second year of experience	13 10 0
Third year of experience	17 0 0
Fourth year of experience	20 10 0
Fifth year of experience	24 0 0
Thereafter	27 10 0

4. LONE.

(1) Die volgende minimum lone moet weekliks aan ondergenoemde klasse werknemers betaal word:—

	Per week. £ s. d.
(a) (i) Voorman-beskuitbakker	7 17 1
(ii) Beskuitbakker	6 14 8
(b) Deegroller of oondman—	
Eerste jaar diens	3 12 5
Tweede jaar diens	4 3 8
Derde jaar diens	4 17 1
Daarna	5 12 3
(c) Assistant-deegroller	2 16 1

L.W.—Wanneer 'n deegroller van sy werk afwesig is weens siekte of om 'n ander rede, moet die assistant-deegroller daardie werknemer se werk verrig, en moet hy vir die tyd wat hy aldus werkzaam is, besoldig word teen die skaal genoem in subartikel 1 (b) van hierdie artikel vir 'n deegroller in die eerste diensjaar.

(d) Assistant-oondman	2 16 1
(e) Beskuitsny- en enborsseermasjenbediener	5 12 3
(f) Verpakker:—	

Een-derde van die manlike of vroulike verpakkers in 'n inrigting moet teen die skaal van 46s. 11d. per week besoldig word, en die ander twee-derdes moet teen 'n standaardskaal wat begin op 28s. 1d. per week met verhoging tot 37s. 5d. per week oor 'n tydperk van twee jaar soos hieronder genoem, besoldiging word en moontlike vakature moet gevul word deur 'n persoon met die volgende langste dienstydperk:—

Erste twaalf maande diens	1 8 1
Derde ses maande diens	1 11 8
Vierde ses maande diens	1 17 5

Daarna moet sodanige werknemers bevorder word na die hoogste graad teen 46s. 11d. per week na gelang daar vakatures ontstaan; met dien verstande dat 'n werknemer wat nie binne ses maande na voltooiing van sy vierde ses maande diens verhoog is nie, 'n loon van minstens £1. 19s. 3d. per week betaal moet word totdat hy verhoging kry:—

Onderbaas-verpakker

(g) Fabriekswerksman (gedurende leertyd):—	3 6 4
Eerste twaalf maande diens	1 8 1
Derde ses maande diens	1 13 8
Vierde ses maande diens	1 19 3
Daarna	2 4 11

L.W.—Aan werknemers wat na voltooiing van hul leertyd werk verrig waaroor hoér minimum lone as 44s. 11d. per week voorgeskryf word, moet minstens sodanige hoér lone betaal word.

(h) Voorman	6 14 8
(i) Voorvrou	5 1 0
(j) (i) Hoofstoorman	5 12 3
(ii) Assistent-stoorman	3 18 10
(k) (i) Hoof- of voorman-versender	6 14 8

(ii) Versender	4 1 7
(l) Voertuigbestuurders en afleweringsbediendes:—	
(i) Motorvoertuigbestuurders	5 2 0
(ii) Perdevoertuig- en ander voertuigbestuurders	3 1 8
(iii) Afleweringsbediendes op fietse, perde- en ander voertuie	1 13 8

(m) Arbeiders	1 13 8
(n) Afdeling vir die maak en heelmaak van blikke:—	
(i) Onderbaas	5 12 3

(ii) Werknemers wat blikke maak of heelmaak nie elders genoem nie:—

Eerste ses maande diens	1 13 8
Daarna	2 9 4

(o) Valmesbediener	3 1 2
Masjenbediener	2 16 1
Ketelbediener	2 4 11
Wag	2 4 11

(p) Alle ander werknemers wat nie in (a) tot (s) genoem word nie	1 13 8
Per maand. £ s. d.	

(q) Handelsreisiger:—	
Eerste jaar diens	30 0 0
Tweede jaar diens	35 0 0
Derde jaar diens	40 0 0
Vierde jaar diens	45 0 0

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	Per month. £ s. d.	Per maand. £ s. d.
<i>Female:</i>		
First year of experience	9 0 0	9 0 0
Second year of experience	11 5 0	11 5 0
Third year of experience	13 10 0	13 10 0
Fourth year of experience	15 15 0	15 15 0
Thereafter	18 0 0	18 0 0

- (s) *Artisans.*—In respect of artisans engaged in engineering, electrical engineering, motor or building work in the Biscuit Manufacturing Industry, the employer shall pay a basic wage which is not less favourable to the employee than the basic wage prescribed in any wage regulating instrument applicable to the same class of work in the iron, steel, engineering and metallurgical industries, the electrical engineering industry, the motor industry or the building industry, as the case may be; provided that where there is, during the currency of this Agreement, no wage regulating instrument in force in respect of the industries aforementioned, the employer shall continue to observe the provisions of the last applicable measure in the area and if no such measure was applicable in that area then the provisions of any measure relating to the area nearest to the employers' place of business shall be observed.
- (t) An employee who works night shift shall be paid his ordinary weekly wage plus 15 per cent during the period of such night shift.

An employee working night shift who is required to work overtime, shall be paid for each hour or part of an hour so worked, the overtime rate applicable under section 8 of this Agreement, on the wage earned whilst working night shift.

Each employer shall decide when the night shift shall commence in his establishment and shall display in a position readily accessible to all his employees, a notice specifying such time of commencement.

(2) *Cost of Living Allowance.*—(i) All employees, other than commercial travellers and any employees whose weekly remuneration is in excess of £18 or such other amount as the Governor-General may from time to time determine by Proclamation in the *Gazette*, shall, in addition, be paid a cost of living allowance as follows:—

In the case of employees for whom the employer provides board, an amount equal to 66½ per cent;
in the case of all other employees, an amount equal to 74 per cent;

of the wage and regular allowances (exclusive of overtime and extra payment for night shift) earned by each such employee, and irrespective of whether such wage exceeds the minimum wage prescribed in this Agreement.

(ii) The cost of living allowance prescribed in this sub-section includes any allowance payable under War Measure No. 43 of 1942, as amended, provided that where the allowance payable in terms of this section is less than the allowance prescribed in the said War Measure, the latter allowance shall be payable. The cost of living allowance for commercial travellers shall be the allowance payable under War Measure No. 43 of 1942, as amended.

(iii) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 5 (1), no deductions shall be made from the cost of living allowance payable under this section, provided that whenever a deduction from wages is permitted in terms of any provision of this Agreement other than section 5 (1), or any law, for any period in respect of any failure by an employee to fulfil the terms of his contract of employment, other than because of sickness as provided for in section 10 of this Agreement, a corresponding pro rata deduction may be made from the cost of living allowance in respect of the same period.

(3) Nothing in this Agreement shall operate to reduce any wages more favourable to employees than those contained in this Agreement.

(4) *Differential Rates.*—An employee who is employed any one day on work falling under two or more sections or sub-sections shall be paid for all the hours worked on that day at the rate prescribed for the sections or sub-sections of work on which he has been employed for which the higher or highest wages are payable.

5. SHORT TIME.

(1) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, and subject to the provisions of sub-section (2) of this section, an employer may on account of slackness of work or the exigencies of trade, work his employees short time and pay such employees instead of the weekly wage prescribed, the hourly rates for each hour or part of an hour worked.

(2) An employer shall, prior to the day on and from which he intends to work short time, notify the employees concerned. Any employee who is not given such notice shall, on attending at the establishment, be entitled to be employed for a half-day or to receive a minimum of one-half of his daily wage.

6. PAYMENT OF EARNINGS.

(1) Wages and overtime shall be paid in cash weekly or on termination of employment if this takes place before the ordinary pay day of the establishment; provided that where the employer and his employee agree, remuneration may be paid monthly.

	Per month. £ s. d.	Per maand. £ s. d.
<i>Vroulik:</i>		
Eerste jaar ondervinding	9 0 0	9 0 0
Tweede jaar ondervinding	11 5 0	11 5 0
Derde jaar ondervinding	13 10 0	13 10 0
Vierde jaar ondervinding	15 15 0	15 15 0
Daarna	18 0 0	18 0 0

(s) *Vakmanne.*—Aan vakmannen in ingenieurswerk, elektrotechniese ingenieurswerk, motor- of bouwwerk in die beskutnywerheid, moet die werkewer 'n basiese loon betaal wat vir die werknemer nie minder gunstig is nie as die basiese loon voorgeskryf in 'n loonreëlingsdokument van toepassing op dieselfde gebied vir 'n werknemer wat, na gelang van die geval, dieselfde soort werk verrig in die yster-, staal-, ingenieurs- en metallurgiese nywerhede, die elektrotechniese ingenieursnywerheid, die motornywerheid of die bounywerheid, met dien verstande dat as daar gedurende die termyn van hierdie Ooreenkoms nie ten opsigte van voornoemde nywerhede 'n loonreëlingsmaatreel van krag is nie, die werkewer moet voortgaan met nakoming van die bepalings van die jongste maatreel wat op die gebied van toepassing was en wanneer daar nie so 'n maatreel in daardie gebied van toepassing was nie, moet die bepalings van enige maatreel met betrekking tot die gebied wat die naaste aan die werkewer se besigheidsplek geleë is, nagekom word.

(t) 'n Werknemer wat nagskofwerk doen moet gedurende die tydperk wat hy nagskofwerk doen 'n ekstra 15 persent op sy gewone loon betaal word.

'n Werknemer wat nagskofwerk doen en wat verplig is om oortyd te werk, moet vir elke uur of gedeelte van 'n uur aldus gewerk, die oortydskaal wat kragtens artikel 8 van hierdie Ooreenkoms betaalbaar is, op die loon betaal word wat hy verdien terwyl hy nagskof werk.

Elke werkewer moet besluit hoe laat die nagskof in sy inrigting moet begin en moet op 'n plek, maklik toeganklik vir al sy werknemers, 'n kennisgewing vertoon wat die aanvangsysteem vermeld.

(2) *Lewenskostetoeleae.*—(i) Aan alle werknemers, uitgesonderd handelsreisigers en enige werknemers wie se weeklikse besoldiging meer as £18 is of sodanige ander bedrag as wat die Gouverneur-generaal van tyd tot tyd by proklamasie in die Staatskoerant mag bepaal, moet die volgende levenskostetoeleae betaal word:—

In die geval van werknemers vir wie die werkewer losies verskaf, 'n bedrag gelyk aan 66½ persent;
en in die geval van alle ander werknemers, 'n bedrag gelyk aan 74 persent;

van die loon en gewone toelaes (uitgesonderd oortyd- en ekstra verdienste vir nagskofwerk) wat deur die werknemer verdien word, of daardie loon hoër is as die loon wat in hierdie Ooreenkoms voorgeskryf word, of nie.

(ii) Die levenskostetoeleae wat in hierdie subartikel voorgeskryf word, sluit die toelaes in wat kragtens Oorlogsmaatreel No. 43 van 1942, soos gewysig, betaalbaar is; met dien verstande dat wanneer die toelaes wat kragtens hierdie artikel betaalbaar is, minder is as die toelaes voorgeskryf in genoemde Oorlogsmaatreel, laasgenoemde toelaes betaalbaar is. Die levenskostetoeleae vir handelsreisigers is die toelaes wat kragtens Oorlogsmaatreel No. 43 van 1942, soos gewysig, betaalbaar is.

(iii) Ondanks die bepalings van artikel 5 (1) mag geen bedrag van die levenskostetoeleae wat kragtens hierdie artikel betaalbaar is, afgetrek word nie; met dien verstande dat wanneer daar kragtens hierdie Ooreenkoms, uitgesonderd artikel 5 (1) of 'n wet, 'n aftrekking van die loon toegestaan is vir 'n tydperk wat 'n werknemer in gebreke bly om die voorwaarde van sy dienskontrak na te kom, behalwe weens siekte, soos bepaal in artikel 10 van hierdie Ooreenkoms, ten opsigte van dieselfde tydperk, 'n pro rata bedrag van die levenskostetoeleae afgetrek kan word.

(3) Niks in hierdie Ooreenkoms kan lone wat vir werknemers gunstiger is as die wat in hierdie Ooreenkoms vervat is, verlaag nie.

(4) *Differensiële lone.*—'n Werknemer wat op 'n dag werk verrig wat onder twee of meer artikels of subartikels val, moet vir al die ure wat op daardie dag gewerk word, besoldig word teen die skaal in die artikels of subartikels voorgeskryf vir werk wat deur hom verrig is waarvoor die hoër of hoogste lone betaalbaar is.

5. KORTTYD.

(1) 'n Werkewer kan, ondanks enige teenstrydige bepaling van hierdie Ooreenkoms, en onderworpe aan die bepalings van subartikel (2) van hierdie artikel, weens werkslapte of weens dringende vereistes van die bedryf, sy werknemers korttyd laat werk en aan hulle in plaas van die voorgeskrewe weeklone, die uurlone betaal vir elke uur of gedeelte van 'n uur wat gewerk word.

(2) 'n Werkewer moet voor die dag waarop hy korttyd wil invoer, die betrokke werknemers daarvan in kennis stel. Elke werknemer wat nie so 'n kennisgewing ontvang nie, is by aanmelding by die inrigting geregtig op 'n halfdag se werk of op 'n minimum besoldiging van die helfte van sy dagloon.

6. BETALING VAN VERDIENSTE.

(1) Lone en oortyd moet weekliks, of by diensbeëindiging indien dit voor die gewone betaaldag van die inrigting val, in kontant betaal word; met dien verstande dat die werkewer en sy werknemer kan ooreenkome dat besoldiging maandeliks betaal word.

(2) No premium for the training of an employee shall be charged or accepted by an employer.

(3) No charge for damage done to material or deductions of any description, other than the following, shall be made from or against any employee's wages:—

- (a) where an employee is absent from work through no fault of the employer, a pro rata amount may be deducted from the employee's wages in respect of such absence;
- (b) with the written consent of the employee deductions may be made by an employer for holiday, insurance, or pension funds, or sick benefit funds, other than that provided for in section 10 of this Agreement;
- (c) contributions to the Council funds in terms of section 17 of this Agreement and to the Sick Benefit Fund in terms of section 10 of this Agreement;
- (d) with the written consent of the employee, subscriptions to trade union funds, in terms of section 21 of this Agreement;
- (e) any amount paid by an employee compelled or permitted by any law, ordinance or legal process to make payment on behalf of an employee;
- (f) a deduction of any cash advanced against wages due by an employer to his employee, provided that such deductions shall not exceed one-third of the total remuneration due to such employee.

(4) No employee shall be required, as part of his or her contract of employment, to board or lodge with the employer or at any place nominated by the employer, or to purchase any goods from the employer. An employee who is allowed to purchase any goods from the employer shall not be charged for them more than the net wholesale listed price of such goods, and an employee who agrees to accept board or lodging or both from the employer shall not be required if the board and lodging are such as it is customary to provide for Natives, to pay more than 6s. per week for board and lodging, or 4s. per week for board only or 2s. for lodging only, and in all other cases not more than 15s. per week for board and lodging, or 10s. for board only or 5s. for lodging only, unless a higher rate is approved by the Council.

(5) Whenever work ceases or is interrupted in the whole or part of an establishment owing to damage caused by fire, an employer shall pay to all employees affected thereby, wages plus cost of living allowance up to a maximum of two weeks, provided that such payment shall include any payment in respect of notice of termination of service which may be due in terms of section 11 of this Agreement.

7. HOURS OF WORK.

(1) The wages prescribed in section 4 of this Agreement are in respect of the usual number of working hours in an establishment which shall not exceed 44 in any one week with the exception of watchmen and commercial travellers.

(2) Where the number of hours usually worked in an establishment at the date of commencement of this Agreement is less than 44 hours per week, such number shall not be increased unless overtime is paid in terms of section 8 (2).

(3) The employer shall fix the starting and closing times (including meal breaks) of work of his employees, and shall keep posted up in his establishment a notice of such times, provided that no such notice shall prescribe hours of work which are not in accordance with the provisions of paragraphs (b) (c) and (e) of sub-section (1) of section nineteen of the Factories, Machinery and Building Work Act, 1941.

(4) A five-day week from Mondays to Fridays shall be observed in all establishments for all employees, other than employees employed on maintenance work, and no employee, other than an employee employed on maintenance work, shall be employed on a Saturday without the permission of the Council.

(5) *Rest Intervals.*—Each employer shall grant to each of his employees, other than delivery employees, a rest interval of not less than ten minutes as nearly as practicable.

(a) in the middle of each first work period in a day; and
 (b) in the middle of each second work period in a day;
 during which an employee shall not be required or permitted to perform any work, and such interval shall be deemed to be part of the ordinary hours of work.

8. OVERTIME.

(1) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 7 and sub-sections (2) and (3) of this section, an employee, who is required or allowed to work—

(a) in the case of an artisan—

- (i) in excess of 44 hours in any week, or between the fixed closing time of the establishment on Mondays to Fridays inclusive, and 12 midnight, or between such closing time and 6 p.m., on Saturday, shall be paid for each hour or part of an hour so worked one and one-third times his hourly wage;
- (ii) after 6 p.m., on Saturdays, or between midnight and the fixed starting time on any day, shall be paid for each hour or part of an hour worked, double his hourly wage.

(2) Vir die opleiding van 'n werknemer mag 'n werkewer geen premie bereken of aanneem nie.

(3) Vir skade aan materiaal of aftrekings van enige aard, behalwe die volgende, kan geen bedrag van 'n werknemer se loon agetrek word nie:—

- (a) Ingeval 'n werknemer, sonder toedoen van die werkewer, van die werk afwesig is, kan ten opsigte van die afwesigheid 'n pro rata bedrag van die werknemer se loon agetrek word;
- (b) met die skriftelike toestemming van die werknemer, kan 'n werkewer bedrae afdrek vir verlof-, versekerings- of pensioenfondse of 'n siektebystandfonds, uitgesonderd dié soos bepaal in artikel 10 van hierdie Ooreenkoms;
- (c) bydraes aan die Raadsfonds ingevolge artikel 17 van hierdie Ooreenkoms en aan die siektebystandfonds ingevolge artikel 10 van hierdie Ooreenkoms;
- (d) met die skriftelike toestemming van die werknemer, bydraes aan die vakverenigingsfondse ingevolge artikel 21 van hierdie Ooreenkoms;
- (e) elke bedrag wat 'n werkewer ten behoeve van 'n werknemer betaal en wat hy kragtens 'n wet, ordonnansie of regsgeding verplig is toegelaat is om te betaal;
- (f) 'n aftrekking van enige kontant wat deur 'n werkewer op lone wat verskuldig is, voorgeskiet is, met dien verstande dat hierdie aftrekking hoogstens een-derde kan wees van die totale besoldiging wat aan die werknemer verskuldig is.

(4) Geen werknemer mag verplig word om, as deel van sy dienskontrak, losies of inwoning of albei van die werkewer of 'n plek wat hy aanwys, aan te neem of om goedere by die werkewer te koop nie. 'n Werknemer wat toegelaat word om goedere van die werkewer te koop, mag nie meer daarvoor betaal as die netto groothandelkatalogusprys nie, en 'n werknemer wat instem om losies of inwoning of losies en/of inwoning van die werkewer aan te neem, mag nie verplig word om meer as 6s. per week vir losies en inwoning of 4s. net vir losies of 2s. net vir inwoning te betaal nie as die losies en inwoning van die aard is wat gewoonlik aan Naturelle verskaf word, en in alle ander gevalle hoogstens 15s. per week vir losies en inwoning of 10s. net vir losies of 5s. net vir inwoning, tensy 'n hoër skaal deur die Raad goedgekeur word.

(5) As werk in die hele inrigting of 'n gedeelte daarvan ophou of onderbreek word weens skade deur brand veroorsaak, moet 'n werkewer aan alle werknemers wat daardeur geraak word, lone plus lewenskostetoeleae betaal tot 'n maksimum van twee weke; met dien verstande dat die besoldiging enige besoldiging ten opsigte van kennisgewing van diensbeëindiging moet insluit wat ingevolge artikel 11 van hierdie Ooreenkoms verskuldig is.

7. WERKURE.

(1) Die lone wat in artikel 4 van hierdie Ooreenkoms voorgeskryf word, is betaalbaar ten opsigte van die gewone getal werkure in 'n inrigting wat nie meer as 44 in 'n week mag wees nie, behalwe vir wagte en handelsreisigers.

(2) Indien op die datum waarop hierdie Ooreenkoms van krag word, die getal ure wat gewoonlik in 'n inrigting gewerk word, minder as 44 per week is, kan die getal nie vermeerder word nie, tensy vir oortyd kragtens artikel 8 (2) betaal word.

(3) Die werkewer moet die tye waarop sy werknemers met die werk moet begin en eindig (met inbegrip van etenstyd), vassel en moet 'n kennisgewing van die tye in sy inrigting vertoon hou; met dien verstande dat geen sodanige kennisgewing werkure mag voorskryf wat nie in ooreenstemming met die bepalings van paragrawe (b), (c) en (e) van subartikel (1) van artikel negentien van die Wet op Fabrieke, Masjinerie en Bouwerk, 1941, is nie.

(4) In alle inrigtings moet 'n vyfdaagse week van Maandag tot Vrydag nagekom word vir alle werknemers, uitgesonderd werknemers wat onderhoudwerk verrig, en geen werknemer, uitgesonderd 'n werknemer wat onderhoudwerk verrig, mag sonder toestemming van die Raad op Saterdag werk nie.

(5) *Ruspouses.*—Elke werkewer moet aan elkeen van sy werknemers, uitgesonderd afleveringsbedienendes, 'n ruspose van minste tien minute toestaan, so na as moontlik in—

(a) die middel van elke eerste werktyd op 'n dag; en

(b) die middel van elke tweede werktyd op 'n dag, waarin nie van 'n werknemer vereis is of hy toegelaat mag word om werk te verrig nie, en die ruspose word as deel van die gewone werkure gereken.

8. OORTYD.

(1) Onderworpe aan die bepalings van subartikel (3) van artikel 7 en subartikels (2) en (3) van hierdie artikel, moet 'n werknemer van wie vereis is wat toegelaat word, om—

(a) in die geval van 'n vakman—

(i) meer as 44 uur in 'n week of tussen die vasgestelde sluitingstyd van die inrigting op Maandag tot en met Vrydag en middernag, of tussen sluitingstyd en 6 nm. op Saterdag te werk, vir elke uur of gedeelte van 'n uur wat aldus gewerk word, een en 'n derde maal sy uurloon betaal word;

(ii) na 6-uur nm. op Saterdag of tussen middernag en die vasgestelde beginstyd op enige dag te werk, vir elke uur of gedeelte van 'n uur wat aldus gewerk word, dubbel sy uurloon betaal word;

- (b) in the case of an employee, other than an artisan, a watchman and a commercial traveller—
- in excess of 44 hours in any week, or between the fixed closing time of the establishment, on Mondays to Fridays, inclusive, and 12 midnight, shall be paid for each hour or part of an hour so worked one and one-third times his hourly wage;
 - between midnight and the fixed starting time on Mondays to Fridays, shall be paid for each hour or part of an hour so worked not less than double his hourly wage;
- (c) in the case of an employee—
- other than an artisan, a watchman and commercial traveller, on a Sunday; and
 - other than a watchman and commercial traveller on a public holiday; either
- be paid not less than one normal day's basic pay and cost of living allowance, plus a normal day's basic pay plus cost of living allowance, plus one-third of a normal day's pay for overtime; or
 - be paid at a rate of not less than one and one-third times the hourly wage in respect of the total period worked on such day and be granted within seven days of such Sunday or public holiday one day's holiday on full pay;
 - for the purpose of payment for work done on a public holiday, a day's work shall be eight and one-half hours.
- (d) *Overtime on a Saturday.*—In the case of an employee, other than a watchman, an artisan or commercial traveller, on a Saturday: the basic wage for the number of hours worked plus cost of living allowance, plus one-third of the basic wage for the number of hours worked.
- (2) In any establishment in which the usual working hours are less than 44 hours per week, an employee, other than a watchman or commercial traveller, who is required or allowed to work outside such usual hours, shall be paid for any time so worked up to and including 44 hours per week at the rate of one and one-quarter times the weekly wage of such employee divided by the number of his usual hours for every part of an hour so worked, and thereafter, the rates laid down in sub-section (1) of this section.
- (3) No employer shall, without the prior consent of the Council, permit an employee to work, and no employee shall work more than 10 hours in any one week in respect of overtime, provided that no female employee shall, on any day or in any week or year, be permitted to work overtime in excess of that prescribed in paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of the proviso to sub-section (2) of section nineteen of the Factories, Machinery and Building Work Act, 1941, or beyond the hours set out in paragraph (c) of sub-section (1) of that section; and provided further that no restriction imposed by this sub-section shall apply to a watchman or commercial traveller, or to any male employee while employed on work necessitated by a breakdown of plant or machinery or other unforeseen emergency, or in connection with the overhauling or repairing of plant or machinery which cannot be performed during the ordinary working hours.
- (4) No employer shall require or permit a female employee to work overtime after completion of her ordinary working hours for more than one hour on any day, unless he has—
- given notice thereof to such employee before midday; or
 - provided such employee with an adequate meal before she has to commence overtime; or
 - paid such employee an allowance of not less than 1s. 6d. in sufficient time to enable the employee to obtain a meal before the overtime is due to commence.
- (5) The provisions of this clause shall not apply to any employee remunerated at the rate of £780 or more per annum.
9. HOLIDAYS.
- (1) An employee shall during his period of service be entitled to leave on full pay for the following statutory public holidays, viz.:—
- New Year's Day (1st January);
Van Riebeeck Day (6th April);
Good Friday;
Easter Monday;
Ascension Day;
Union Day (31st May);
Queen's Birthday (second Monday in July);
Settlers' Day (first Monday in September);
Kruger Day (10th October);
Day of the Covenant (16th December);
Christmas Day 25th December);
Boxing Day (26th December);

and any public holiday proclaimed as such in terms of the Public Holidays Act, No. 5 of 1952, except when such public holidays, other than New Year's Day, Good Friday, Day of the Covenant and Christmas Day, immediately precede or succeed a working day on which an employee has been absent from work through no fault of the employer and for any reason other than illness; provided that, subject to the provisions of paragraph (c) of section 8 (1) of this Agreement, an employee may be required to

- (b) in die geval van 'n werknemer uitgesonderd 'n vakman, 'n wag en 'n handelsreisiger—
- meer as 44 uur in 'n week of tussen die vasgestelde sluitingstyd van die inrigting op Maandag tot en met Vrydag en middernag te werk, vir elke uur of gedeelte van 'n uur wat aldus gewerk word, een en 'n derde maal sy uurloon betaal word;
 - tussen middernag en die vasgestelde begin tyd op Maandag tot Vrydag te werk, vir elke uur of gedeelte van 'n uur wat aldus gewerk word, minstens dubbel sy uurloon betaal word;
- (c) in die geval van 'n werknemer—
- uitgesonderd 'n vakman, wag en handelsreisiger, op 'n Sondag en uitgesonderd 'n wag en 'n handelsreisiger op 'n openbare vakansiedag, of
- minstens een gewone dag se basiese loon en lewenskosteloae plus 'n gewone dag se basiese loon en lewenskosteloae plus een-derde van 'n gewone dag se betaling vir oortyd betaal word; of
 - ten opsigte van die totale tydperk wat op dié dae gewerk word teen 'n skaal van minstens een en 'n derde maal die tuurloon betaal word en binne sewe dae na die Sondag of 'n openbare vakansiedag een dag vakansie met volle besoldiging toegestaan word;
 - vir die doel om die besoldiging vir werk op 'n openbare vakansiedag gedoen, te bereken is 'n dag se werk agt en 'n half uur.
- (d) *Oortyd op 'n Saterdag.*—In die geval van 'n werknemer, uitgesonderd 'n wag, ambagsman of handelsreisiger op 'n Saterdag: die basiese loon vir die getal ure gewerk plus lewenskosteloae plus een-derde van die basiese loon vir die getal ure gewerk.
- (2) In 'n inrigting waarin die gebruiklike werkure minder as 44 uur per week is, moet 'n werknemer uitgesonderd 'n wag of 'n handelsreisiger, van wie verlang of wat toegelaat word om buiten die gebruiklike ure te werk, vir tyd aldus gewerk tot en met 44 uur per week, teen die skaal van een en 'n kwart maal die weekloon van die werknemer, gedeel deur sy gewone getal werkure, vir elke uur of gedeelte van 'n uur aldus gewerk, betaal word, en daarna teen die loonskaal soos vasgestel in subartikel (1) van hierdie artikel.
- (3) Sonder voorafgaande toestemming van die Raad kan geen werkgever 'n werknemer toelaat om vir meer as 10 uur oortyd in 'n week te werk en mag geen werknemer meer as 10 uur oortyd in 'n week werk nie; met dien verstande dat geen vroulike werknemer op enige dag of in enige week of jaar toegelaat mag word om meer oortyd te werk as dié voorgeskryf in paragrafe (a), (b) en (c) van die voorbehoudsbepaling van subartikel (2) van artikel negentien van die Wet op Fabriek, Masjinerie en Bouwwerk, 1941, of vir meer as die ure uiteengesit in paragraaf (c) van subartikel (1) van daardie artikel nie; en voorts met dien verstande dat geen beperking wat deur hierdie subartikel opgeleg word op 'n wag of handelsreisiger of enige manlike werknemer wat werk verrig wat nodig is weens 'n defek aan installasie of masjinerie of ander onvoorsiene noodgeval, of in verband met die grondige nasien of herstel van installasie of masjinerie wat nie gedurende gewone werkure verrig kan word, van toepassing is nie.
- (4) Geen werkgever kan eis of toelaat dat 'n vroulike werknemer na voltooiing van haar gewone werkure op 'n dag meer as een uur oortyd werk nie, tensy hy—
- die werknemer voor middag in kennis gestel het; of
 - aan die werknemer 'n toereikende ete verskaf het voor sy met oortyd moet begin; of
 - die werknemer betys 'n toelae van minstens 1s. 6d. betaal het om haar in staat te stel om 'n maaltyd te nuttig voor die oortyd moet begin.
- (5) Die bepalings van hierdie klousule is nie van toepassing op 'n werknemer wat teen die skaal van £780 per jaar of meer besoldig word nie.
9. VAKANSIEDAE.
- (1) 'n Werknemer is gedurende sy dienstyd geregtig op verlof met volle besoldiging op die volgende statutêre openbare vakansiedae, nl.—
- Nuwejaarsdag (1 Januarie);
Van Riebeeckdag (6 April);
Goeie Vrydag;
Paasmaandag;
Hemelvaartsdag;
Uniedag (31 Mei);
Koninginsverjaarsdag (tweede Maandag in Julie);
Setlaarsdag (eerste Maandag in September);
Krugerdag (10 Oktober);
Geloftedag (16 Desember);
Kersdag (25 Desember);
Tweede Kersdag (26 Desember);
- en enige openbare vakansiedae wat as sulks ingevolge die bepalings van die Wet op Openbare Vakansiedae, No. 5 van 1952, geproklameer word, maar nie wanneer hierdie openbare vakansiedae, uitgesonderd Nuwejaarsdag, Goeie Vrydag, Geloftedag en Kersdag, onmiddellik voor of na 'n werkdag voorkom waarop 'n werknemer sonder toedoen van die werkgever van werk weg was en om enige rede uitgesonderd siekte; met dien verstande dat, onderworpe aan die bepalings van paragraaf (c) van artikel 8 (1) van hierdie Ooreenkoms van 'n werknemer vereis kan word om op enigen van hierdie openbare vakansiedae te

work on any of these public holidays; and provided that Christmas Day, New Year's Day and Day of the Covenant shall be paid holidays notwithstanding that they fall on a Saturday.

(2) *Annual Leave.*—(i) An employee after twelve months' employment shall be entitled to and be granted in the case of an employee working a five-day week, ten consecutive working days, and in the case of an employee working a five and a half day week, twelve consecutive working days, leave on full pay within two months from the date of completion of the year of employment to which it relates; provided that in the event of an employee being discharged or leaving the service of an employer, he shall receive that proportion of leave due up to the date of leaving, or payment in lieu thereof, calculated on the basis of one-sixth of the weekly remuneration the employee was receiving immediately prior to the date of termination of employment, in respect of each completed month of employment; provided that the holiday pay for an employee who has worked day shift and night shift for a period or periods during the preceding twelve months shall be calculated as follows:—

- (a) One-sixth of the weekly remuneration he received while working night shift for each completed month of employment in the aggregate on night shift; plus
- (b) one-sixth of the weekly remuneration he received while working day shift for each completed month of employment in the aggregate on day shift;

and provided further, that the holiday pay in respect of night shift and day shift shall not be less than the holiday pay the employee would have received had he been employed on day shift only.

(ii) The period of such leave shall not be concurrent with any period during which the employee is under notice of termination of employment, or is undergoing peace training under the South Africa Defence Act, 1912 (Act No. 13 of 1912).

(iii) If any public holiday referred to in sub-section (1) of this section falls within the period of such leave, such holiday shall be added to the said period as a further period of leave of absence on full pay whether or not such holiday falls upon a Saturday.

(3) The employer shall pay to an employee to whom leave is granted under sub-section (2) his pay in respect of the period of leave not later than the last working day before the commencement of the said period.

(4) Any payment due for annual leave, or in lieu of a proportion of annual leave shall include any cost of living allowance payable in terms of sub-section (2) of section 4.

(5) Any period during which an employee—

- (a) is on leave in terms of this section; or
- (b) undergoes peace training under the South Africa Defence Act, 1912; or
- (c) is absent from work on the instruction or at the request of the employer; or
- (d) is absent from work owing to illness or by reason of the prohibition contained in section twenty-three of the Factories, Machinery and Building Work Act, 1941;

shall be deemed to be in employment for the purpose of this section; provided that—

(i) the provisions of paragraph (d) shall not apply in respect of any period of absence owing to illness of more than three consecutive days, if the employee not being an employee referred to in sub-paragraph (ii) fails, after a request for such a certificate by the employer, to submit a certificate by a medical practitioner to the employer, a certificate by a medical practitioner that he was prevented by illness from doing his work, or in respect of that portion of any total period of absence during any twelve months of employment which is in excess of thirty days;

(ii) an employee whose employer is required in terms of any law to provide for the care and treatment of such employee when sick or injured shall not be required to submit a certificate by a medical practitioner in respect of any period of absence referred to in sub-paragraph (i).

(6) For the purpose of this section employment shall be deemed to commence—

- (a) in the case of an employee who had, before the date on which the Agreement comes into operation, become entitled to leave in terms of any agreement, or arbitration award which was binding in terms of the Act, or in terms of any law, from the date on which such employee so became entitled to leave; provided that if such leave has not been granted earlier, it shall be granted within two months from the date of coming into operation of this Agreement;
- (b) in the case of any other employee, from the date upon which he entered his employer's service.

10. SICK PAY BENEFIT FUND.

(1) There is hereby established a sick pay benefit fund, herein-after referred to as "the fund".

(2) For the purpose of such fund each employer shall each week deduct from the wages of each of his employees, other than those in receipt of basic salaries of £540 or more per annum—

- (a) in the case of employees whose wages are up to £2 per week, the sum of three pence;

werk; en met dien verstande dat Kersdag, Nuwejaarsdag en Ge-loftedag betaalde vakansiedae is ondanks die feit dat hulle op 'n Saterdag val nie.

(2) *Jaarlike verlof.*—(i) Na twaalf maande diens het 'n werknemer reg op die volgende verlof wat toegestaan moet word; in die geval van 'n werknemer wat 'n vyfdaagse week werk; tien agtereenvolgende werkdae en in die geval van 'n werknemer wat vyf en 'n halfdag per week werk; twaalf agtereenvolgende werkdae verlof met volle besoldiging binne twee maande na die datum van voltooiing van die jaar diens waarop dit betrekking het; met dien verstande dat in die geval van 'n werknemer wat ontslaan word of wat die werkewer se diens verlaat, hy daardie gedeelte van die verlof wat op die datum van diensverlating verskuldig is, moet ontvang, of in plaas daarvan besoldiging bereken op die basis van een-sesde van die weeklikse besoldiging wat die werknemer ontvang het onmiddellik voor die datum van diensbeëindiging, vir elke volle maand diens; met dien verstande dat die verlofbesoldiging vir 'n werknemer wat dag- en nagskofte oor 'n tydperk van tydperk gedurende die voorafgaande twaalf maande gewerk het, soos voig bereken moet word:—

- (a) Een-sesde van die weekloon wat hy ontvang het terwyl hy nagskofte gewerk het, vir elke voltooide maand diens altesaam op nagskofwerk; plus
- (b) een-sesde van die weekloon wat hy ontvang het terwyl hy dagskofte gewerk het, vir elke voltooide maand diens altesaam op dagskofwerk;

en voorts met dien verstande dat die verlofbesoldiging ten opsigte van nag- en dagskofte nie minder mag wees as die verlofbesoldiging wat die werknemer sou verdien het as hy slegs op dagskofte in diens was nie.

(ii) Die tydperk van die verlof mag nie met 'n tydperk saamval wanneer die werknemer onder diensopsegging is, of vredesopleiding ingevolge die Zuid Afrika Verdedigings Wet, 1912 (Wet No. 13 van 1912), meemaak nie.

(iii) As 'n openbare vakansiedag genoem in subartikel (1) van hierdie artikel binne die tydperk van die verlof val, moet die vakansiedag by genoemde tydperk gevoeg word as verdere verlof met volle besoldiging, of sodanige vakansiedag op 'n Saterdag val of nie.

(3) Die werkewer moet aan 'n werknemer aan wie verlof ingevolge subartikel (2) toegestaan is, sy besoldiging ten opsigte van die verlof uitsers op die laaste werkdag voor die aanvang van genoemde tydperk betaal.

(4) Elke bedrag verskuldig vir jaarlike verlof of in plaas van 'n gedeelte van jaarlike verlof, moet alle lewenskostetoelaes insluit wat ingevolge subartikel (2) van artikel 4 betaalbaar is.

(5) Elke tydperk wanneer 'n werknemer—

- (a) met verlof kragtens hierdie artikel afwesig is; of
- (b) vredesopleiding ingevolge die Zuid Afrika Verdedigings Wet, 1912, meemaak; of
- (c) op las of op versoek van die werkewer van die werk afwesig is; of
- (d) weens siekte of ingevolge die verbod vervat in artikel drie-en-twintig van die Wet op Fabriek, Masjinerie en Bouwerk, 1941, van die werk afwesig is;

moet vir die toepassing van hierdie artikel as diens beskou word; met dien verstande dat—

(i) die bepalings van paragraaf (d) nie ten opsigte van 'n afwesigheid weens siekte van meer as drie agtereenvolgende dae van toepassing is nie as die werknemer wat nie 'n werknemer genoem in subparagraaf (ii) is nie, in gebreke bly, nadat die werkewer om sodanige sertifikaat versoek het, om aan die werkewer 'n sertifikaat van 'n geneesheer voor te lê dat hy weens siekte verhinder was om sy werk te doen, of ten opsigte van daardie gedeelte van 'n totale afwesigheidstyd gedurende twaalf maande diens, wat langer as dertig dae is;

(ii) van 'n werknemer wie se werkewer ingevolge 'n wet verplig is om voorsiening te maak vir die versorging en behandeling van die werknemer, wanneer hyiek of beseer is, word nie vereis om 'n dokterssertifikaat ten opsigte van afwesigheid wat in subparagraaf (i) genoem word, voor te lê nie.

(6) Vir die toepassing van hierdie artikel word dit beskou dat diens 'n anvang neem—

- (a) in die geval van 'n werknemer wat voor die datum waarop hierdie Ooreenkoms in werking tree, geregtig geword het op verlof kragtens 'n ooreenkoms of skeidsregterlike uitspraak wat ooreenkomsdig die bepalings van die Wet bindend was, of kragtens enige ander wet, van die datum af waarop die werknemer aldus tot verlof geregtig geword het; met dien verstande dat as die verlof nie eerder toegestaan is nie, dit binne twee maande na die datum van inwerkingtreding van hierdie Ooreenkoms toegestaan moet word;
- (b) in die geval van elke ander werknemer, van die datum af waarop hy by sy werkewer in diens gekom het.

10. SIEKTEBYSTANDSFONDS.

(1) Hierby word 'n siektebystandsfonds, hierna genoem „die fonds“, gestig.

(2) Vir die doel van die fonds moet elke werkewer elke week van die loon van elkeen van sy werknemers, uitgesonderd hulle wat 'n basiese salaris van £540 per jaar of meer ontvang, die volgende aftrek:—

- (a) In die geval van werknemers met lone tot en met £2 per week, die bedrag van drie pennies;

- (b) in the case of employees whose wages are over £2 per week but not more than £4 per week, the sum of fourpence;
- (c) in the case of employees whose wages are over £4 per week, the sum of sixpence.

To the total amount so deducted, the employer shall add a like amount and forward the total month by month, and not later than the seventh day of each month, to the Secretary of the Fund, Geneva House, Parliament Street, Cape Town, together with the following particulars:—

Full name of every employee from whom the deduction has been made.

Occupation.

Number of hours worked by each employee each week.

Total wages paid to each employee each week.

The necessary forms for this purpose will be supplied by the Secretary for the use of employers.

NOTE.—For the purpose of this section "wages" means basic wages and does not include cost of living allowance, overtime or extra payment for night shift.

(3) The object of the fund shall be to provide sick pay to employees to whom the Agreement applies, during periods of illness.

(4) The fund shall be administered by the Council.

(5) All moneys received for the fund shall be deposited into a special banking account and controlled by the Council or a committee of equal numbers of employers and employees.

(6) All payments out of the fund shall be by cheque, drawn on the fund's account. All such cheques shall be signed by the Secretary or Accountant.

(7) An employee who has paid contributions to the fund for six months preceding his or her illness shall be entitled to sick pay during the currency of this Agreement under the following scale:—

(a) For a period of eight weeks—

- (i) in the case of employees whose wages are up to £2 per week: £1. 10s. per week;
- (ii) in the case of employees whose wages are over £2 per week, but not more than £4 per week: £2 per week;
- (iii) in the case of employees whose wages are over £4 per week: £3 per week.

(b) For a further period of eight weeks—

- (i) in the case of employees whose wages are up to £2 per week: £1. 2s. 6d. per week;
- (ii) in the case of employees whose wages are over £2 per week, but not more than £4 per week: £1. 10s. per week;
- (iii) in the case of employees whose wages are over £4 per week: £2. 10s. per week.

Provided the fund permits, the amounts set out above shall be paid to employees for a period of sixteen weeks in any one year, but no payment shall be made for less than two consecutive days' sickness, excluding Sundays, and after that period a doctor's certificate must be produced and forwarded to the Secretary of the Council, such certificate to set out the period of illness.

The Council may authorise the payment of amounts in excess of the above benefits in special cases approved by it.

NOTE.—(i) For the purpose of such benefits "sickness" shall mean any illness, affliction, disease, or injury which is not attributable to misconduct or excessive indulgence in intoxicating liquors or drugs, and shall include an accident, illness, disease or injury in respect of which compensation is payable in terms of the Workmen's Compensation Act, 1941, but shall exclude an injury which is due to an employee driving a private motor car or motor-cycle, or riding a bicycle when off duty, or resulting from participating in any activity not connected with his employment.

Females who are to be confined and are not eligible for a confinement allowance under the Factories, Machinery and Building Work Act, 1941, and/or the Unemployment Insurance Act, shall be entitled to sick benefits under the fund, as also females about to be confined who are required on medical advice to cease work prior to the prescribed date as provided for in the terms of the above-stated Act, such prior leave to be restricted to a maximum of four weeks and benefits allowed accordingly.

(ii) For the purpose of this sub-section "wages" means basic wages and does not include cost of living allowance, overtime or extra payment for night shift.

(8) The payment of sick pay shall be suspended when the fund reaches a level of £50 until such time as it has been reinstated and is capable of meeting the claims accruing under this Agreement.

(9) An employee who is dismissed from his or her employment through shortage of work or any other reason deemed suitable in the opinion of the Council, and not due to any fault of the employee, shall, if he becomes ill and subject to sub-section (7) of this section, be entitled to sick benefits during a period not exceeding sixteen weeks from the time of his or her dismissal; provided that he or she does not within that period obtain employment outside the Biscuit Industry. After sixteen weeks an employee shall be deemed to be out of the Industry, and shall have no further claim on the sick fund, but if such employee obtains further employment in the Biscuit Industry within sixteen weeks, he or she shall be deemed to have been continuously employed in such Industry.

- (b) in die geval van werknemers met lone van meer as £2 per week, maar nie meer as £4 nie, vier pennies;
- (c) in die geval van werknemers wie se loon meer as £4 per week is, ses pennies.

By die totale bedrag aldus afgetrek, moet die werkgever 'n gelyke bedrag voeg en die totaal van maand tot maand, en uiteraard die sewende dag van elke maand, aan die Sekretaris van die Fonds, Geneva-gebou, Parlementstraat, Kaapstad, stuur, tesaam met die volgende besondrehede:—

Naam van elke werknemer van wie se loon die bedrag afgetrek is, voluit.

Bedryf.

Getal ure deur elke werknemer elke week gewerk.

Totale loon aan elke werknemer elke week betaal.

Die nodige vorms vir hierdie doel sal deur die Sekretaris vir die gebruik van werkgewers verskaf word.

L.W.—Vir die toepassing van hierdie subartikel beteken „loon“ die basiese loon sonder insluiting van die lewenskostetoeleae, oortyd van ekstra besoldiging vir nagskofwerk.

(3) Die doel van die fonds is om siektebetalung gedurende tye van siekte aan werknemers op wie hierdie Ooreenkoms van toepassing is, te verskaf.

(4) Die fonds word deur die Raad beheer.

(5) Alle geld wat vir die fonds ontvang word, moet op 'n spesiale bankrekening gestort en beheer word deur die Raad of 'n komitee wat bestaan uit 'n gelyke getal werkgewers en werknemers.

(6) Alle uitbetalings uit die fonds moet per tyk, getrek op rekening van die fonds, geskied. Alle tyks moet deur die Sekretaris of rekenmeester geteken wees.

(7) 'n Werknemer wat vir ses maande voor sy siekte bydrae aan die fonds betaal het, is gedurende die termyn van hierdie Ooreenkoms geregtig op siektebesoldiging teen onderstaande skaal:—

(a) Vir 'n tydperk van agt weke—

- (i) in die geval van werknemers met lone tot en met £2 per week: £1. 10s. per week;
- (ii) in die geval van werknemers met lone van meer as £2 per week maar nie meer as £4 per week nie: £2 per week;
- (iii) in die geval van werknemers wie se lone meer as £4 per week is: £3 per week.

(b) Vir 'n verdere tydperk van agt weke—

- (i) in die geval van werknemers met lone tot en met £2 per week: £1. 2s. 6d. per week;
- (ii) in die geval van werknemers met lone van meer as £2 per week maar nie meer as £4 per week nie: £1. 10s. per week;
- (iii) in die geval van werknemers wie se lone oor £4 per week is: £2. 10s. per week.

met dien verstande dat as die fonds dit toelaat, bogenoemde bedrae vir 'n tydperk van sestien weke in 'n jaar aan werknemers betaal moet word; geen bedrag word egter uitbetaal vir minder as twee agtereenvolgende dae siekte nie, met uitsondering van Sondag, en na daardie tydperk moet 'n doktersertifikaat voorgelê en aan die Sekretaris van die Raad gestuur word; die certifikaat moet die tydperk van siekte vermeld.

Die Raad kan, in spesiale gevalle wat deur hom goedgekeur word, betaling van groter bedrae as bogenoemde bystand magtig.

L.W.—(i) Vir die doel om hierdie bystand te betaal, beteken "siekte" enige ongesteldheid, kwaal, siekte of besering wat nie aan wangedrag of buitensporige gebruik van drank of van verdovingsmiddels toegeskryf moet word nie, en dit omvat 'n ongeval, ongesteldheid, besering of siekte waarvoor kragtens die Ongevallewet, 1941, skadeloosstelling betaalbaar is, maar omvat nie 'n besering nie wat 'n werknemer opdoen terwyl hy 'n private motorkar of motorfiets bestuur of op 'n trapfiets ry terwyl hy van diens is, of wat die gevolg is van sy deelname aan 'n bedrywigheid wat nie met sy werk in verband staan nie.

Vrouens wat in die kraam gaan kom en wat nie vir 'n bevrugtingstoelae kragtens die Wet op Fabriek, Masjinerie en Bouwerk, 1941, en/of die Werkloosheidversekeringswet, in aanmerking kom nie, is geregtig op siektebystand kragtens die fonds, asook vrouens wat in die kraam gaan kom en wat op geneeskundige raad verplig is om voor die voorgeskrewe datum, soos in bogenoemde Wet bepaal, op te hou werk, en hierdie verlof is beperk tot 'n maksimum van vier weke en bystand dienooreenkomsdig.

(ii) Vir die toepassing van hierdie subartikel beteken „loon“ basiese lone met uitsluiting van lewenskostetoeleae, oortyd van ekstra besoldiging vir nagskofte.

(8) Die uitkering van siektebesoldiging word gestaak as die fonds tot £50 gedaal het, tot tyd en wyl dit herstel en in staat is om te voldoen aan die eise ingevolge hierdie Ooreenkoms.

(9) 'n Werknemer wat uit sy of haar diens ontslaan word weens tekort aan werk of om 'n ander rede wat volgens die mening van die Raad aanneemlik geag word en nie aan die skuld van die werknemer te wye is nie, is, indien hy stek word, en onderworpe aan die bepalings van subartikel (7) van hierdie artikel, geregtig op siektebystand vir 'n tydperk van hoogstens sestien weke vanaf sy of haar ontslag; met dien verstande dat hy nie binne daardie tydperk werk buite die beskuitvervaardigingsnywerheid kry nie. Na sestien weke word dit bekhou dat 'n werknemer uit die nywerheid is en kan hy geen verdere eise aan die siektesfonds stel nie; maar as die werknemer binne sestien weke verder werk in die beskuitvervaardigingsnywerheid kry, word dit bekhou dat hy sonder onderbreking in die nywerheid in diens was.

(10) All administration expenses shall be a charge upon the fund.

(11) An auditor or auditors, who will be appointed by the Council shall, after the fund has commenced to pay benefits, audit the accounts of the fund annually, but not later than the 31st January of each year.

The Auditor's statement shall thereafter lie for inspection at the Head Office of the Council, and a copy of such audited account to be sent to each employer, to the Secretary of the Employees' Union and to the Department of Labour.

(12) The Council shall make rules and regulations for the proper administration of the fund. A copy of the rules and any amendments thereof shall be lodged with the Industrial Registrar appointed in terms of section three of the Act.

(13) The Council shall be the body responsible for the administration of the fund and if this Agreement expires by the effluxion of time, the Council shall continue to administer the fund in the manner provided for in this Agreement and the rules until all funds are exhausted or until a new agreement is negotiated in which event any balance shall be transferred to any new fund created in terms thereof.

(14) (i) Whenever this Agreement has expired and—

- (a) the Council for any reason ceases to function; or
- (b) fails to negotiate a new agreement within a period of one year from the date of expiry of this Agreement; or
- (c) the Council is for any other reason unable or unwilling to continue the administration of the fund;

the fund shall be wound up by the firm of Cape Town Board of Executors in the manner provided for in an agreement entered into between the Council and the said Board of Executors annexed hereto marked Annexure A.

(ii) In the event of the Council ceasing to function during any period during which this agreement remains binding, in terms of section thirty-four (2) of the Industrial Conciliation Act, 1937, the said Board of Executors shall administer the fund in accordance with the provisions of the agreement and the rules of the Council until the agreement expires when the fund shall be liquidated.

(iii) In the event of the said Board of Executors no longer existing or being unable or unwilling to act, the Minister of Labour may appoint a management committee to carry out the duties of the said Board of Executors, and which committee shall consist of an equal number of employers and employees in the Industry. Any vacancy occurring on the committee may be filled by the Minister from employers or employees in the Industry as the case may be, so as to ensure an equality of employer and employee representatives and of alternates in the membership of the committee. In the event of such committee being unable or unwilling to discharge its duties or a deadlock arising thereon, the Minister may appoint a trustee or trustees to carry out the duties of the committee.

(iv) (a) On liquidation of the fund all debts due to the fund shall be collected and all claims due shall be paid.

(b) Subject to paragraph (a) any balance, after all administrative and other expenses have been paid, shall be paid to the Secretary of the National Union of Operative Biscuit Makers and Packers of South Africa, or if the union no longer exists, to the South African Red Cross Society. Provided that if the balance exceeds one hundred and fifty pounds, two-third shares shall be disposed of in terms of paragraph (b) and one-third share shall be paid over to the Public Debt Commissioners to be dealt with in terms of section thirty-four (4) (b) of the Act.

11. TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT.

(1) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (2) of this section, not less than seven calendar days' notice shall be given to an employer or employee to terminate the contract of service, provided that this shall not affect—

(a) the right of an employer or employee to terminate the contract of service without notice for any good cause recognised by law as sufficient;

(b) any agreement between the employer and employee providing for a longer period of notice than seven calendar days;

and provided further, that an employer may pay to an employee a week's wages at the rate prescribed for his class in lieu of the prescribed period of notice.

(2) An employee who is working short time in any week at the instance of the employer shall not in such week be required to give notice to terminate his contract of service.

(3) Notice for termination of employment in terms of this section and the leave prescribed in section 9 shall not run concurrently.

12. RESUMPTION OF EMPLOYMENT.

A packer or factory operative who has left his or her employment in the Industry shall, on re-employment in the same occupation be paid at the same rate of wages as he or she was receiving when his or her employment terminated; provided that any such employee who is re-employed in the Industry after an absence of twelve consecutive months or more, shall be paid the wage applicable to one notch below the wage he or she was receiving on the termination of his or her employment or the commencing wage prescribed for a packer or factory operative in the case of an employee entitled only to the commencing wage when he left the Industry.

(10) Alle administrasiekoste moet uit die fonds gedek word.

(11) 'n Ouditeur of ouditeurs wat deur die Raad aangestel moet word, moet nadat die fonds bystand begin betaal het, die rekenings van die fonds jaarliks en uiter op 31 Januarie van elke jaar ouditeer.

Die ouditeur se staat moet daarna vir insae by die hoofkantoor van die Raad beskikbaar wees en 'n afskrif van die geouditeerde staat moet aan elke werkewer, aan die sekretaris van die vakvereniging en aan die Departement van Arbeid gestuur word.

(12) Die Raad moet die reglement en regulasies vir die behoorlike administrasie van die fonds opstel. 'n Afskrif van die reglement en elke wysiging daarvan moet by die Nywerheidsregister, aangestel ingevolge artikel drie van die Wet, ingedien word.

(13) Die Raad is die liggaam wat verantwoordelik is vir die beheer van die fonds en wanneer hierdie Ooreenkoms deur verloop van tyd verstryk, moet die Raad voortgaan om die fonds te beheer soos in hierdie Ooreenkoms en die reglement voorgeskryf, totdat die fonds uitgeput is, of totdat 'n nuwe ooreenkoms aangaan is, in welke geval die balans oorgedra moet word aan die nuwe fonds wat kragtens hierdie bepalings gestig is.

(14) (i) Wanneer die Ooreenkoms verstryk het en—

(a) die Raad weens watter oorsaak ook al nie langer funksioneer nie; of

(b) in gebreke bly om 'n nuwe ooreenkoms aan te gaan binne een jaar na die datum van verstryking van hierdie Ooreenkoms; of

(c) die Raad weens enige ander oorsaak nie in staat is nie of onwillig is om die fonds verder te beheer;

moet die fonds deur die Cape Town Board of Executors gelikwiede word op die wyse voorgeskryf in 'n ooreenkoms wat tussen die Raad en genoemde eksekuteursraad gesluit is ooreenkomstig Aanhangsel A hiervan.

(ii) Ingeval die Raad ophou om te funksioneer gedurende 'n tydperk waarin hierdie ooreenkoms bindend is kragtens artikel vier-en-dertig (2) van die Nywerheid-versoeningswet, 1937, moet voornoemde raad van eksekuteurs die fonds bestuur ooreenkomstig die bepalings van die ooreenkoms en die reglement van die Raad totdat die ooreenkoms verval, wanneer die fonds gelikwiede moet word.

(iii) Ingeval voornoemde Raad van eksekuteurs nie langer bestaan nie of nie in staat is nie of onwillig is om op te tree, kan die Minister van Arbeid 'n bestuurskomitee aanstaan om die pligte van voornoemde raad van eksekuteurs uit te voer en hierdie komite moet uit 'n gelyke aantal werkewers en werknemers in die nywerheid bestaan. Vakature wat in die komitee ontstaan, kan deur die Minister gevul word uit werkewers of werknemers in die nywerheid, al na die geval, ten einde gelykheid van werkewer- en werknemervertegenwoordigers en van plaasvervangers in die ledetal van die komitee te verseker. Ingeval die komitee nie in staat is nie of onwillig is om sy werk voort te sit of 'n staking van stemme daarin voorkom, kan die Minister 'n kurator of kuratore aanstaan om die werk van die komitee voort te sit.

(iv) (a) By likwidering van die fonds moet alle skulde wat die fonds toekom, ingevorder en alle verskuldige eise uitbetaal word.

(b) Onderworpe aan paragraaf (a) moet die balans, as daar een is, aan die sekretaris van die National Union of Operative Biscuit Makers and Packers of South Africa uitbetaal word, of as die unie nie meer bestaan nie, aan die Suid-Afrikaanse Roodkruisvereniging, nadat alle administratiewe en ander onkoste vereffene is; met dien verstande dat as die balans meer as honderd-en-vyftig pond bedra, oor twee-derdes beskik moet word soos in paragraaf (b) bepaal, en een-derde moet aan die Openbare Skuldkommissaris betaal word wat daaroor kragtens artikel vier-en-dertig (4) (b) van die Wet moet beskik.

11. DIENSBEËINDIGING.

(1) 'n Werkewer of 'n werknemer moet, onderworpe aan die bepalings van subartikel (2) van hierdie artikel, minstens sewe dae vooraf, opseggung vir beëindiging van die dienskontrak gee; met dien verstande dat dit nie inbreuk op die volgende maak nie—

(a) die reg van 'n werkewer of 'n werknemer om die dienskontrak sonder opseggung te beëindig om 'n goeie rede wat wetlik as voldoende erken word;

(b) 'n ooreenkoms tussen die werkewer en die werknemer wat voorsiening maak vir 'n langer tydperk van diensopseggung as sewe kalenderdae;

en voorts met dien verstande dat 'n werkewer aan 'n werknemer 'n week se loon teen die skaal soos vir sy klas voorgeskryf, kan betaal in plaas van die voorgeskrewe tydperk van opseggung te gaan.

(2) Van 'n werknemer wat korttyd in enige week op las van sy werkewer werk, kan nie vereis word om in dié week opseggung vir beëindiging van die dienskontrak te gee nie.

(3) Diensopseggung ooreenkomstig hierdie artikel en die verlof voorgeskryf in artikel 9 mag nie saamval nie.

12. HERVATTING VAN DIENS.

'n Verpakker of fabriekswerker wat sy of haar diens in die nywerheid verlaat het, moet by herindiensteming in dieselfde bedryf, teen dieselfde loonskaal besoldig word wat hy of sy ontvang het toe sy of haar diens geëindig het; met dien verstande dat so 'n werknemer wat na 'n afwesigheid van twaalf maande of meer weer in die nywerheid in diens geneem word, 'nloon betaal moet word wat een kerf laer is as die loon wat hy by die beëindiging van diens ontvang het of die aanvangsloon wat voorgeskryf word vir 'n verpakker of fabriekswerker in die geval van 'n werknemer wat slegs op die aanvangsloon geregistreer was toe hy die nywerheid verlaat het.

13. CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE.

At the request of an employee, other than a casual employee, an employer shall upon termination of the contract of employment of such employee, furnish him with a certificate of service showing—

- (1) the full name of the employer;
- (2) the full name of the employee;
- (3) nature of employment (i.e. the occupation in which employed);
- (4) date of commencement of employment;
- (5) date of termination of employment;
- (6) rate of remuneration at date of termination of employment;
- (7) date on which the certificate is issued.

A copy of each such certificate shall be forwarded to the Secretary of the Council within fourteen days.

14. TIME AND WAGES REGISTER.

Every employer shall keep, in respect of all his employees, records of wages paid, time worked, and payment made for overtime, in accordance with the regulations under Act No. 36 of 1937 and Act No. 22 of 1941.

15. EXEMPTIONS.

(1) The Council of its own accord, or on the recommendation of a local committee may grant exemption from any of the provisions of this Agreement for any reason deemed by it as good and sufficient.

(2) The Council shall fix, in respect of any person granted exemption under the provisions of sub-section (1) of this section, the conditions subject to which such exemption is granted, and the period during which such exemption shall operate; provided that the Council may, if it deems fit, after one week's notice in writing has been given to the person concerned, withdraw any exemption licence whether or not the period for which exemption was granted has expired.

(3) The Secretary to the Council shall issue to every person granted exemption in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (1) of this section, a licence, signed by him, setting out—

- (a) the full name of the person concerned;
- (b) the provision of the Agreement from which exemption is granted;
- (c) the conditions fixed in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (2) of this section, subject to which such exemption is granted; and
- (d) the period during which the exemption shall operate.

(4) The Secretary to the Council shall—

- (a) number consecutively all licences issued;
- (b) retain a copy of each licence issued; and
- (c) where exemption is granted to an employee, forward a copy of the licence to the employer concerned.

16. GENERAL.

(1) Seats with suitable back-rests shall be provided for female employees, and permission shall be given to such employees to sit whenever practicable.

(2) Boiling water shall be supplied to all employees requiring same at meal intervals.

(3) No individual female employee shall be required or allowed to lift weights above 30 (thirty) pounds.

17. EXPENSES OF THE COUNCIL.

The expenses of the Council shall be met in the following manner:—

An employer shall deduct from the wages of each of his employees affected by this Agreement, and for whom wages of less than £2 per week are prescribed, one penny per week, and twopence per week from the wages of those employees for whom wages of £2 and in excess thereof per week are prescribed. To the amount so deducted the employer shall add a like amount and forward month by month the total sum to the Secretary of the Council, P.O. Box 667, Cape Town.

This clause shall not apply to any employee in receipt of less than £1 per week.

18. TRADE UNION'S REPRESENTATIVES ON THE COUNCIL.

Employers shall give to any of their employees who are representatives on the Council, every reasonable facility to attend to their duties in connection with the work of the Council.

19. INTERPRETATION OF AGREEMENT.

(1) The Council shall be the body responsible for the administration of this Agreement, and may issue rulings not inconsistent with the provisions thereof for the guidance of employers and employees.

(2) Any dispute which may arise regarding the interpretation of any of the provisions of this Agreement shall be referred to the Council.

13. DIENSSERTIFIKATE.

Op versoek van 'n werknemer uitgesondert 'n los werknemer moet 'n werkewer by die beëindiging van die dienskontrak van so 'n werknemer hom van 'n dienssertifikaat voorsien wat die volgende aantoon—

- (1) die naam van die werkewer voluit;
- (2) die naam van die werknemer voluit;
- (3) aard van diens (d.w.s. die bedryf waarin hy werksaam was);
- (4) datum waarop diens begin het;
- (5) datum waarop diens beëindig het;
- (6) skaal van besoldiging ten tye van diensbeëindiging;
- (7) datum waarop sertifikaat uitgereik word.

'n Afskrif van elke uitgereikte sertifikaat moet binne veertien dae aan die Sekretaris van die Raad gestuur word.

14. TYD- EN LOONREGISTER.

Elke werkewer moet ooreenkomsig die regulasies ingevolge Wet No. 36 van 1937 en Wet No. 22 van 1941, ten opsigte van al sy werknemers aantekenhou van die lone wat betaal, tyd wat gewerk en besoldiging wat vir kortyd gedoen word.

15. VRYSTELLINGS.

(1) Die Raad kan uit eie beweging of op aanbeveling van 'n plaaslike komitee van enigeen van die bepalings van hierdie Ooreenkoms vrystelling verleen om 'n rede wat hy as goed en voldoende beskou.

(2) Die Raad moet ten opsigte van elke persoon aan wie vrystelling kragtens die bepalings van subartikel (1) van hierdie artikel verleen word, die voorwaarde waarop vrystelling verleen word en die tydperk waarvoor vrystelling van krag is, vasstel; met dien verstande dat die Raad na goeddunke en nadat die betrokke persoon een week skriftelik kennis gegee is, 'n vrystellingsertifikaat kan intrek, of die tydperk waarvoor dit verleen is, verstryk het of nie.

(3) Die Sekretaris van die Raad moet aan elke persoon aan wie vrystelling kragtens die bepalings van subartikel (1) van hierdie artikel verleen word, 'n sertifikaat uitreik wat deur hom onderteken is en waarin vermeld word—

- (a) die naam van die betrokke persoon voluit;
 - (b) die bepalings van die Ooreenkoms waaryan vrystelling verleen word;
 - (c) die voorwaarde soos vasgestel kragtens die bepalings van subartikel (2) van hierdie artikel waarop vrystelling verleen word; en
 - (d) die tydperk waaroor vrystelling verleen word.
- (4) Die Sekretaris van die Raad moet—
- (a) alle sertifikate wat uitgereik word, in volgorde nommer;
 - (b) van elke sertifikaat wat uitgereik word, 'n afskrif behou; en
 - (c) wanneer vrystelling aan 'n werknemer verleen word, 'n afskrif van die sertifikaat aan die betrokke werkewer stuur.

16. ALGEMEEN.

(1) Vir vroulike werknemers moet sitplekke met behoorlike rugleunings voorsien word en dié werknemers moet toegelaat word om te sit wanneer dit prakties moontlik is.

(2) Kookwater moet versaf word aan alle werknemers wat dit in die pouse vir maaltye nodig het.

(3) Geen individuele vroulike werknemer mag verplig word om gewigte van oor 30 (dertig) pond op te tel nie.

17. UITGAWES VAN DIE RAAD.

In die uitgawes van die Raad word soos volg voorsien:—

'n Werkewer moet weekliks van die loon van elkeen van sy werknemers wat onder hierdie Ooreenkoms val en vir wie lone van minder as £2 per week voorgeskrif word, een pennie per week en van die loon van daardie werknemers vir wie lone van £2 of meer per week voorgeskrif word, twee pennies per week aftrek. Die werkewer moet by die bedrag wat aldus afgetrek word 'n gelyke bedrag voeg en die totale bedrag maandeliks aan die Sekretaris van die Raad, Posbus 667, Kaapstad, stuur.

Hierdie klousule is nie van toepassing op werknemers wat minder as £1 per week ontvang nie.

18. VAKVERENIGINGVERTEENWOORDIGERS IN DIE RAAD.

Werkewers moet aan enigeen van hul werknemers wat verteenwoordigers in die Raad is alle redelike faciliteite verleen om hul pligte in verband met die Raad se werk te vervul.

19. VERTOLKING VAN OOREENKOMS.

(1) Die Raad is die liggaam wat vir die uitvoering van hierdie Ooreenkoms verantwoordelik is en kan vir die leiding van werkewers en werknemers uitsprake uitvaardig wat nie met die bepalings daarvan in stryd is nie.

(2) Elke geskil wat ontstaan in verband met die vertolking van enigeen van die bepalings van hierdie Ooreenkoms moet na die Raad verwys word.

20. EXHIBITION OF AGREEMENT.

Every employer shall affix and keep affixed in his establishment in a conspicuous place readily accessible to his employees, a legible copy of the Agreement in both official languages.

21. TRADE UNION SUBSCRIPTIONS.

The subscriptions payable to the trade union shall be deducted by each employer weekly from the wages of each member of the union. The total amounts thus collected shall be paid over to the Secretary of the local branch of the union.

22. AGENTS.

The Council shall appoint one or more specified persons as agents to assist in giving effect to the terms of this Agreement and it shall be the duty of employers and employees who are members of the employers' organisation and trade union respectively, to permit such agents to institute such enquiries and to examine such books and/or documents and to interrogate such persons as may be necessary for this purpose.

23. PERSONS UNDER THE AGE OF FIFTEEN YEARS.

No employer shall employ any person under the age of fifteen years.

Signed at Cape Town on behalf of the parties on this 3rd day of July, 1956.

C. McLACHLAN,
Chairman of the Council.

FRANK C. GALLANT,
Vice-Chairman of the Council.

HAROLD J. LAITE,
Secretary to the Council.

ANNEXURE A.

MEMORANDUM OF AN AGREEMENT

made and entered into by and between

The National Industrial Council for the Biscuit Manufacturing Industry of South Africa,

of the one part, and the

Secretary for the time being of the Board of Executors,
Cape Town,

acting herein for and on behalf of the said company in terms of a resolution of its Board of Directors at a meeting thereof held at Cape Town on the 27th day of November, 1947.

Whereas a certain employers' organisation, namely—

The National Association of Biscuit Manufacturers of South Africa

and a certain employees' organisation, namely—

The National Union of Operative Biscuit Makers and Packers of South Africa,

which employers' and employees' organisations are parties to the said Industrial Council and have entered into a certain Sick Benefit Fund Agreement a copy of which is attached hereto.

And whereas in certain contingencies it may be necessary to have the Sick Benefit Fund administered or liquidated and provision is made for such contingencies in clause 10 (14) of the Sick Benefit Fund Agreement.

And whereas in clause 10 (14) of the said Sick Benefit Fund Agreement it is contemplated that the said company, acting by its secretary for the time being, should act as trustee in terms of the said Agreement and it is expedient that an agreement should be entered into between the parties thereto.

Now, therefore, it is hereby agreed and contracted as follows:—

1. The Secretary of the said Board of Executors, Cape Town, and his successor or successors in office, is hereby appointed as trustee for the purpose of—

(i) the administration of the Fund if the Council ceases to function during any period during which the agreement remains binding in terms of Section 34 (2) of the Industrial Conciliation Act, 1937, in which event the Trustee shall administer the Fund in accordance with the provisions of the agreement and the rules of the council until the agreement expires when the fund shall be liquidated;

(ii) the liquidation of the Fund in the manner set out in clause 10 (14) of the agreement whenever any of the conditions set out in the said clause, set in.

2. The remuneration of the Trustee shall be such as may be mutually agreed upon between the parties hereto, but it shall not exceed five per cent (5 per cent) of the amount received and administered by the Trustee in terms of the Sick Benefit Fund Agreement.

3. The trustee herein appointed for himself and his successor or successors in office hereby accepts the trust reposed in him and undertakes faithfully and diligently to perform the trusts reposed in him subject to and in conformity with the said Sick Benefit Fund Agreement as and when required in terms of the said Agreement.

20. VERTONING VAN OOREENKOMS.

Elke werkgever moet op 'n duidelik sigbare plek in sy inrigting wat maklik toeganklik vir sy werknemers is, 'n leesbare afskrif van die Ooreenkoms in albei ampelike tale vertoon en vertoon hou.

21. LEDEGELD AAN VAKVERENIGING.

Die ledegeld wat aan die vakvereniging betaal moet word, moet weekliks deur elke werkgever van die loon van elke lid van die vakvereniging afgetrek word. Die totale bedrag aldus ingevorder moet aan die Sekretaris van die plaaslike tak van die vereniging betaal word.

22. AGENTE.

Die Raad moet een of meer aangewese persone aanstel as agente om by die uitvoering van die bepalings van hierdie Ooreenkoms te help, en die werkgewers en werknemers wat onderskeidelik lede van die werkgewersorganisasie en die vakvereniging is, is verplig om die agente toe te laat om die ondersoek in te stel en die boeke en/of geskrifte te ondersoek en die persone te ondervra wat vir hierdie doel nodig kan wees.

23. PERSONE ONDER VYFTIEN JAAR.

Geen werkgever mag 'n persoon onder die ouderdom van vyftien jaar in diens hê nie.

Namens die partye op hede die 3de dag van Julie 1956 in Kaapstad onderteken.

C. McLACHLAN,
Voorsitter van die Raad.

FRANK C. GALLANT,
Ondervoorsitter van die Raad.

HAROLD J. LAITE,
Sekretaris van die Raad.

AANHANGSEL A.

MEMORANDUM VAN 'N OOREENKOMS

gesluit en aangegaan tussen die Nasionale Nywerheidsraad vir die Beskuitnywerheid van Suid-Afrika aan die een kant, en die destydse Sekretaris van die Board of Executors, Kaapstad, wat hierin handel vir en namens genoemde maatskappy kragtens 'n besluit van sy Raad van Direkteure wat op 'n vergadering van die Raad, wat op 27 November 1947 in Kaapstad gehou is, geneem is.

Nademaal 'n sekere werkgewersorganisasie, die

National Association of Biscuit Manufacturers
of South Africa

en 'n sekere werknemersorganisasie, die

National Union of Operative Biscuit Makers and
Packers of South Africa

welke werkgewersorganisasie en werknemersorganisasie die partye by genoemde Nywerheidsraad is, en 'n sekere Siektebystandfondsooreenkoms gesluit het waarvan 'n afskrif hieraan geheg is;

En nademaal dit onder sekere omstandighede nodig kan word om die Siektebystandfonds te laat beheer of likwiede, vir sodanige noodsaklikheid voorsiening gemaak word in klousule 10 (14) van genoemde Siektebystandfondsooreenkoms.

En nademaal dit in klousule 10 (14) van genoemde Siektebystandfondsooreenkoms beoog word dat genoemde maatskappy, handelende deur sy destydse sekretaris, as kurator kragtens genoemde ooreenkoms moet optree en dit wenslik is dat deur die partye daarby 'n ooreenkoms gesluit sal word;

So is dit dat hierby soos volg ooreengekom en gekontrakteur word:—

1. Die Sekretaris van genoemde Board of Executors, Kaapstad, en sy opvolger of opvolgers in die amp, word hierby aangestel as kurator vir die volgende doelstellings:—

(i) Die beheer van die fonds as die Raad ophou om te funksioneer gedurende 'n tydperk waarin die Ooreenkoms binneind bly ooreenkomaatig artikel vier-en-dertig (2) van die Nywerheid-versoeningswet, 1937, en in dié gevall moet die kurator die fonds beheer ooreenkomaatig die bepalings van die Ooreenkoms en die Raad se reglement totdat die Ooreenkoms verval, wanneer die fonds gelikwiede moet word;

(ii) die likwidasië van die fonds op die wyse in klousule 10 (14) van die ooreenkoms uiteengesit, wanneer enige van die omstandighede wat in genoemde klousule genoem word, ontstaan.

2. Die besoldiging van die kurator moet dié wees waaroor die partye hierby by onderlinge ooreenkoms besluit, maar moet hoogstens vyf persent (5%) bedra van die bedrag wat deur die kurators kragtens die Siektebystandfondsooreenkoms ontyng en beheer is.

3. Die kurator wat hierin aangestel word, aanvaar hierby vir homself en sy opvolger of opvolgers in die amp die kuratorskap wat aan hom opgedra word en onderneem om die kuratorskap wat aan hom opgedra word getrou en ywerig uit te voer en ooreenkomaatig genoemde Siektebystandfondsooreenkoms wanneer kragtens genoemde ooreenkoms vereis.

4. Copies of the final liquidation account and/or administration account shall be furnished to the Secretary for Labour.

Signed at Cape Town on behalf of the National Industrial Council for the Biscuit Manufacturing Industry of South Africa on this Third day of July, 1956.

C. McLACHLAN,
Chairman of the Council.

FRANK C. GALLANT,
Vice-Chairman of the Council.

HAROLD J. LAITE,
Secretary to the Council.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Executors, Cape Town, by two of its Directors and by its Secretary, in terms of the resolution of Directors aforementioned, on the Twelfth day of July, 1956, at Cape Town, a certified copy of which resolution is attached hereto.

J. B. ROSS,
Director of Board of Executors.

A. F. STEPHEN,
Director of Board of Executors.

R. P. GAIN,
Secretary of the Board of Executors.

4. Afskrifte van die finale likwidasierekening en/of beheerrekening moet aan die Sekretaris van Arbeid verstrek word.

Namens die Nasionale Nywerheidsraad vir die Biskuitnywerheid van Suid-Afrika, op hede die 3de dag van Julie 1956 in Kaapstad onderteken.

C. McLACHLAN,
Voorsitter van die Raad.

FRANK C. GALLANT,
Ondervoorsitter van die Raad.

HAROLD J. LAITE,
Sekretaris van die Raad.

Namens die Board of Executors, Kaapstad, deur twee van sy direkteure en deur sy sekretaris, op hede die 12de dag van Julie 1956, in Kaapstad, kragtins voornoemde direkteursbesluit, van welke besluit 'n gesertifiseerde afskrif hieraan geheg is, onderteken.

J. B. ROSS,
Direkteur van Board of Executors.

A. F. STEPHEN,
Direkteur van Board of Executors.

R. P. GAIN,
Sekretaris van Board of Executors.

* No. 2240.] [30 November 1956.

FACTORIES, MACHINERY AND BUILDING WORK ACT, 1941.

BITSCUIT MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY, UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA.

I, JOHANNES DE KLERK, Minister of Labour, hereby, in terms of sub-section (1) of section *twenty-two* of the Factories, Machinery and Building Work Act, 1941, declare the provisions of the agreement and notice relating to the Biscuit Manufacturing Industry, published under Government Notice No. 2239 of the 30th November, 1956, to be not less favourable to the persons whose hours of work are regulated thereby than the relative provisions of the said Act.

J. DE KLERK,
Minister of Labour.

* No. 2240.] [30 November 1956.

WET OP FABRIEKE, MASJINERIE EN BOUWERK, 1941.

BESKUITNYWERHEID, UNIE VAN SUID-AFRIKA.

Ek, JOHANNES DE KLERK, Minister van Arbeid, handelende ingevolge subartikel (1) van artikel *twee-en-twintig* van die Wet op Fabrieke, Masjinerie en Bouwerk, 1941, verklaar hierby dat die bepalings van die Ooreenkoms en kennisgewing in verband met die Beskuitvervaardigingsnywerheid, gepubliseer by Goewermentskennisgewing No. 2239 van 30 November 1956, nie vir die persone, wie se werkure daarby gereel word, minder gunstig as die ooreenstemmende bepalings van genoemde Wet is nie.

J. DE KLERK,
Minister van Arbeid.

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