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AIDS HELPLINE: 0800-0123-22 Prevention is the cure

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GOVERNMENT NOTICE

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

No. 480

1 June 2001

GENERAL REGULATIONS IN TERMS OF THE MEDICINES AND RELATED SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT, 1965, AS AMENDED.

A DRAFT FOR PUBLIC COMMENT

DRAFT REGULATIONS IN TERMS OF ACT 101 OF 1965, AS AMENDED

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MEDICINES AND RELATED SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT, 1965 (ACT NO. 101 OF 1965), AS AMENDED.

GENERAL REGULATIONS

The Minister of Health intends, in terms of the Medicines and Related Substances Control Act, 1965 (Act No. 101 of 1965), as amended, in consultation with the Medicines Control Council, to make the regulations in the Schedule.

Interested persons are invited to submit, within three months after the date of publication of this notice, substantiated comments on or representations regarding the proposed regulations to the Minister of Health, Private Bag X828, PRETORIA (for the attention of the Chief Director: Pharmaceutical Services)

SCHEDULE

DEFINITIONS

- In these Regulations any expression defined in the Act bears that meaning and, unless the context otherwise indicates –
 - "Act" means the Medicines and Related Substances Control Act, 1965 (Act No. 101 of 1965), as amended;
 - "adulterated medicine" means a medicine that consists in whole or in part of any substance that is poisonous, harmful, toxic or the medicine's physical attributes are not the same as those approved by the Council during registration of such medicine;
 - "adverse drug reaction" means a response to a medicine which is noxious and which occurs at any dosage and can also result from lack of efficacy of a medicine, off-label use of a medicine, overdose, misuse or abuse of a medicine.
 - "counterfeit medicine" means a medicine in respect of which a false representation has been made with regard to its contents, identity or source by means which include its labelling and packaging;
 - "holder of a certificate of registration" means a person who holds a registration certificate authorising the registration and marketing of a medicine.

"minimum legibility" means a writing in 6-point Helvetica, typeface in black ink on white cartridge paper or the equivalent thereof;

"parallel importation" means the importation into the Republic of a medicine under patent in the Republic that has been put onto the market outside the Republic by or with the consent of the patent holder in respect of such medicine.

"person" means both a natural and a juristic person;

"responsible pharmacist" rheans a pharmacist as defined in the Pharmacy Act, 1974, (Act No. 53 of 1974); and

REQUIREMENTS FOR THERAPEUTIC EQUIVALENCE

- A medicine shall be regarded as therapeutically equivalent to another medicine if both medicines:
 - (a) show no significant difference, as determined by Council, in the rate and extent to which their active moieties, which must be the same, become absorbed and available at the site of drug action when administered at the same molar dose under similar conditions;
 - (b) are intended to be administered by the same route, and
 - (c) have essentially the same efficacy and safety profile.
 - (2) The standards to be met and the studies to be performed in establishing efficacy and safety contemplated in subregulation (1) are as determined by the Council.

THE MANNER AND CONDITIONS FOR ALLOWING INTERNATIONAL TENDERING

- 3. (1) The State may procure a medicine by international tender if such a medicine:
 - (a) is registered in terms of the Act; and
 - (b) can be obtained at a lower price outside of the Republic; or
 - (c) in the opinion of the Minister, is essential for national health.
 - (2) A medicine referred to in subregulation (1), which at the time of request for tenders is not registered, may be subjected to an expedited registration process in terms of regulation 5.

THE CONDITIONS FOR AND THE QUANTITY NOT TO BE EXCEEDED BY A PHARMACIST IN COMPOUNDING A MEDICINE FOR SALE IN THE RETAIL TRADE

- 4. A pharmacist or any other person licenced to compound a medicine for sale in the retail trade must only compound a quantity that is –
 - (a) related to a treatment regimen of a particular patient; and
 - (b) to be used by the patient for not more than 30 consecutive days from the date of dispensing.

EXPEDITED REGISTRATION PROCESS OF MEDICINES

- 5. (1) Expedited registration process for medicines shall be as follows:
 - a) an application for medicines that appear on the Essential Drugs List shall be accompanied by confirmation that such a medicine appears on such a list;
 - for medicines that are considered essential for national health, written notification to that effect from the Minister must be submitted with the application;
 - with regard to new medicines or chemical entities which do not appear on the Essential Drug List, the application must state whether or not-
 - such a medicine is for the treatment of life threatening or severely.
 debilitating disease; and
 - (ii) there is currently no available treatment for such a disease, and written motivation in this regard, where applicable, must be submitted to the Registrar.
 - (2) Applications in respect of new medicines or new chemical entities must be accompanied by a Summary Basis for the Registration Application (SBRA) which contains data as determined by Council.
 - (3) The format of the summary referred to in subregulation (2) and the details to be contained therein shall be as determined by the Council.
 - (4) The Council may subject certain applications in respect of new medicines or new chemical entities to an abbreviated medicine review process as determined by the Council, where registration has been granted by not less than four other medicines regulatory authorities recognised by the Council for the purpose applied for.
 - (5) The applicant shall be notified by the registrar within 30 days whether or not the application is to be subjected to expedited registration process.

- (6) The Council may request any information with respect to an application under consideration and such information shall be furnished by the applicant within a period determined by Council, failing which the Council may reject an application.
- (7) The Council shall, within six months of receipt of an application referred to in subregulation (1), make a decision with regard to the application and inform the applicant of such decision.

PARTICULARS TO BE PUBLISHED IN THE GAZETTE IN RESPECT OF A MEDICINE

- 6. The following particulars shall be published in the Gazette in terms of section 15(11) of the Act:
 - (a) The proprietary name of the medicine;
 - (b) the generic or approved name and quantity of each active ingredient of the medicine;
 - (c) the dosage form of the medicine;
 - (d) the name of the applicant who lodged the application for registration; and
 - (e) indications for use of such medicine.

PARALLEL IMPORTATION

- 7. (1) A medicine under patent in the Republic may be imported into and disposed of in the Republic if such medicine has been put onto the market outside the Republic by or with the consent of the patent holder of the medicine in the Republic subject to the provisions of the Act and these Regulations.
 - (2) A holder of a certificate of registration for a medicine in the Republic shall not be entitled, on account of such registration, to prevent the parallel importation of such medicine into the Republic and the disposal thereof within the Republic
 - (3) A person desiring to parallel import a medicine into the Republic shall apply to the Minister for a licence to parallel import such a medicine.
 - (4) The application to the Minister shall be accompanied by-
 - (a) the price at which the medicine is sold in the Republic by the holder of the certificate of registration;

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- (b) the price at which the medicine is intended to be sold in the Republic by the parallel importer;
- (c) a declaration by the parallel importer that the medicine to be parallel imported is a medicine under patent in the Republic;
- (d) any other information the Minister deems necessary.
- (5) After being issued with a licence to parallel import a medicine the parallel importer shall apply to the Council to register the medicine.
- (6) The Council shall only register the medicine if the parallel importer
 - (a) has been licenced by the Minister to parallel import the medicine;
 - (b) has a registered office in the Republic;
 - (c) has a storage facility approved by the Council for such medicine;
 - (d) has a responsible pharmacist as required in terms of the Pharmacy Act, 1974;
 - undertakes to be responsible for ensuring that such medicine meet the safety, quality and efficacy standards as determined by the Council;
 - (f) has in place recall procedures as determined by Council, and
 - (g) complies with any other conditions as the Council may determine.
- (7) An application referred to in subregulation (5) shall be-
 - (a) submitted to the Registrar;
 - (b) made on a form and accompanied by information as determined by the Council;
 - (c) accompanied by a fee determined by the Council; and
 - (d) considered and a decision made within the period(s) as determined by the Council.
- (8) An application for the registration of a medicine to be parallel imported must be accompanied by:
 - (a) proof of registration of the medicine in the country of export;
 - (b) copies of the package insert, where applicable, for approval by the council translated into English and verified;
 - (c) copies of the sample with appropriate labelling and scheduling of such medicine;
 - (d) proof that the final product is safe, efficacious and complies with all quality requirements and specifications as determined by council;
 - (e) certificate of supplier accreditation in the country of export;
 - (f) information on the exporter's status, whether it is the original manufacturer, broker, packer, re-packer; and

- (g) identity and assay of the medicine.
- (9) The Council may require a person who applies for the registration of a medicine in terms of this regulation to submit to it relevant test data or samples in respect of such medicine.
- (10) Medicines that are parallel imported shall be labelled, packaged and have package inserts and patient information leaflets as prescribed in terms of regulations 9 and 10.
- (11) The person parallel importing a medicine into the Republic shall, in the interest of public health, be entitled to use the South African name and trademark of such medicine, even though the medicine was marketed outside the Republic under a different name or trademark: Provided that the name is approved by the Council.
- (12) Council may, if it is satisfied with an application in terms of this regulation, approve the registration of such medicine as a parallel imported medicine.
- (13) A person issued with a licence to parallel import a medicine in terms of this regulation shall within 14 days after such medicine has been registered, inform the holder of a certificate of registration in the Republic of such fact.
- (14) The registrar shall keep a separate register of medicines registered in terms of this regulation.
- (15) The registrar shall publish in the Gazette the names of persons issued with a license to be a parallel importer, and any other information as the Council may determine.
- (16) A licence issued in terms of this regulation is valid for a period not exceeding one year and may be renewed if an application for renewal is approved by the Minister.
- (17) A parallel importer of a medicine shall-
 - not sell or dispose of such medicine unless such medicine is registered in the Republic;
 - (b) only parallel import the medicine from manufacturers; distributors or wholesalers who are duly licensed in the country of exportation by the medicines regulatory authority that is recognised by the Council;
 - inform the Council within 30 days of any change of conditions under which the licence was issued, including any material changes to storage conditions, any change to the particulars of the medicine, and the cessation of parallel import activities;

- ensure that person(s) in charge of premises where the medicine is stored are appropriately qualified;
- (e) maintain proper transaction records;
- (f) report to the Council any adverse drug reactions or any other risks associated with such medicine that might affect its quality, safety or efficacy; and
- (g) maintain emergency action plans for addressing any adverse drug reactions.
- (18) The Minister may, on good cause shown, revoke the licence to parallel import a medicine.
- (19) The Council may, on good cause shown, revoke the registration of a parallel imported medicine.

LABELLING OF MEDICINES INTENDED FOR ADMINISTRATION TO HUMANS

- 8. (1) Save as provided in sub-regulations (2), (3) and (4), the immediate container of every medicine in which medicine intended for administration to humans is sold shall have a label attached to it on which only the following particulars shall appear in clearly legible indelible letters in English and in at least one other official language:
 - (a) a distinct boxed signal word indicating the Schedule number;
 - (b) the proprietary name of the medicine;
 - (c) the registration number of the medicine allocated in terms of section 15(6) of the Act:
 - (d) the dosage form of the medicine;
 - (e) the approved name of each active ingredient of the medicine and the quantity thereof contained in a dosage unit, or per suitable mass or volume or unit, starting with an active ingredient of a high Schedule, in lettering which has minimum legibility;
 - (f) the name and percentage of any bacteriostatic or bactericidal agent which has been added to the medicine as a preservative;
 - (g) the approved name of any anti-oxidant contained in the medicine;
 - (h) in the case of a medicine for oral or parental administration, the quantity of sugar or ethyl alcohol contained in the medicine, expressed as a percentage of the total volume of the medicine, if such quantity exceeds two per cent by volume;
 - the content of the medicine package expressed in the appropriate unit or volume of the medicine;

- (j) the indications for use of the medicine;
- (k) the recommended dosage of the medicine;
- (I) where applicable, the instruction 'Shake the bottle before use':
- (m) in the case of a medicine intended for injection by a particular route of administration only, that route of administration by means of suitable words or abbreviations;
- (n) in the case of a medicine listed in any Schedule made in terms of the Act, the letter 'S' followed by the number of the relevant Schedule, in a prominent type size and face and surrounded by a square border, immediately preceding the proprietary name of such medicine;
- (o) the lot number of the medicine;
- (p) the expiry date of the medicine;
- (q) the name of the applicant for registration of the said medicine;
- (r) the requirements regarding the manner in which the medicine shall be stored with specific reference to the applicable storage temperature and other precautions required for the preservation of the medicine;
- (s) where applicable, the statement: 'For external use only';
- (t) the warning: 'Keep out of reach of children';
- (u) in the case of a medicine intended for oral or parental administration which contains aspirin or paracetamol the warning: 'Do not use continuously for more than 10 days without consulting your doctor';
- (v) in the case of a medicine for oral administration which contains fluorides, the warning: "Contains fluoride"
- (w) in the case of a medicine for oral administration which contains an antihistamine, the warning: 'This medicine may lead to drowsiness and impaired concentration, which may be aggravated by simultaneous intake of alcohol or other central nervous system depressant agents';
- (x) in the case of eye drops or artificial tear solutions in respect of which evidence concerning the self-sterilising ability of the medicine has not been approved by the Council, the warning 'Do not use more than 30 days after opening';
- (y) any specified warning required in terms of section 15(7) to be given on the label of the medicine as a condition of registration thereof.
- (z) in the case of a medicine that contains TARTRAZINE, the warning: 'Contains TARTRAZINE.'
- (2) If the medicine package bears both an immediate container label and an outer label, the requirements of sub-regulation (1) shall apply to the outer label as well: Provided that it shall be sufficient to give on the immediate container label -

- (i) in the case of medicines intended for administration by injection and having a total volume not exceeding 5 ml, the details prescribed in paragraphs (b), (e),
 (m), (o), (p) and (q) of sub-regulation (1);
- (ii) in the case of an ointment, cream, get or powder having a net mass not exceeding 10 grams, the details prescribed in paragraphs (b), (c), (e), (f), (o), (p), (q) and (u) of sub-regulation (1);
- (iii) in the case of liquid, solution or suspension having a total volume of more than 1 ml, but not exceeding 15 ml, the details prescribed in paragraphs (b),(c), (d), (e), (n), (o), (p), (q) and (y) of sub-regulation (1);
- (iv) in the case of a liquid, solution or suspension having a total volume not exceeding 1 ml, the details prescribed in paragraphs (a) and (o) of sub-regulation (1);
- (v) in the case of a medicine packed in blister or similar packaging, the details prescribed in paragraphs (b), (o), (p) and (q) of sub-regulation (1), repeated as frequently as its practicable.
- (3) The Council may authorise the inclusion on the label of a medicine of any special information that is not required by this regulation to be so included.
- (4) The requirements of sub-regulation (1) shall not apply to -
 - (a) any medicine sold in accordance with section 14(4) of the Act;
 - (b) any medicine sold by a person authorised to prescribe or a pharmacist in the course of his or her professional activities for the treatment of a particular patient; or
 - (c) any medicine sold by a pharmacist, a person authorised to compound and dispense, or in a hospital pharmacy in accordance with a prescription issued by a medical practitioner or dentist for the treatment of a particular patient: Provided that such medicine shall be sold in a package to which is attached a label containing the following information:
 - the name of the medicine or the name of each active ingredient or constituent medicine;
 - (ii) the name of the person for whose treatment such medicine is sold;
 - (iii) the directions (if any) in regard to the manner in which such medicine should be used;
 - (iv) the name and business address of the medical practitioner, dentist, pharmacist, pharmacy or hospital selling such medicine;
 - (v) date of dispensing;
 - (vi) reference number.

PACKAGE INSERTS FOR MEDICINES FOR HUMANS

9. (1) Save as provided in subregulations (2) and (3), each package of a medicine shall be accompanied by a package insert, either as a separate entity or as an integral part of the package, on which are printed in English and at least one other official language and in type having a minimum legibility as defined in regulation 1, under the headings and in the format specified in this regulation, and which shall contain the following particulars

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- (a) Scheduling status, that is the scheduling status of the medicine as determined from time to time by the Minister;
- (b) Proprietary name (and dosage form)
 - (c) Composition, that is the approved name of each active ingredient and the quantity thereof contained in a dosage unit or per suitable mass or volume or unit of the medicine, as well as the approved name and quantity of any bactericidal or bacteriostatic agent included in the medicine as a preservative (expressed as a percentage) and the quantity of ethyl alcohol included in a preparation for oral or parenteral administration (if such quantity exceeds two per cent by volume) and the words "contains TARTRAZINE" should the medicine contain such ingredient;.
 - (d) Pharmacological classification, i.e. the category, the number and the description of the classification as stated in regulation 25;
 - (e) Pharmacological action, that is a description of the pharmacological action of the medicine; The pharmacokinetic properties of the medicine shall be described, where applicable under a sub heading written in bold type: PHARMACOKINETICS.

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- (f) Indications;
- (g) Contra-indications;
- (h) Warnings;
- (i) Interactions;
- (j) Pregnancy and lactation
- (k) Dosage and directions for use;
- (I) Side effects and special precautions;
- (m) Known symptoms of overdosage and particulars of its treatments;
- (n) Conditions of registrations
- (o) Identification;
- (p) Presentation;
- (q) Storage instructions that are practically formulated and which indicate storage temperatures;

For the first May of so 1997, we write that

- (r) Registration number, that is -
 - (i) the number allocated in terms of section 15 (6) of the Act; or

- (ii) in the case of a medicine the registration of which has been applied for, the reference number allocated to such application, followed by the expression "Act 101/1965"
- (s) name and business address of the applicant for registration of the medicine and the holder of the certificate of registration, or in case of a parallel imported medicine, the name and business address of the holder of the parallel importer license;
- (t) date of publication of this package insert: Provided that -
 - If the Council determines that there is no applicable information to be furnished under a particular heading, such heading may be omitted with the approval of Council;
 - (ii) The Council may, on application to it by an applicant, authorise the deviation from the format and content of a package insert prescribed as a condition of registration of a medicine; and
 - (iii) The Council may, on application by an applicant. Authorise the inclusion on a package insert of any specified information not required by this regulation to be so included.
- (2) The requirements of subregulation (1) shall not apply in the case of medicines in respect of which exclusion from the operation the Act has been granted by the Minister in terms of section 36 of the Act.
- (3) The requirements of subregulation (1) shall not apply to –
 - (a) any medicine sold in accordance with the provisions of section 14 (4);
 - (b) any medicine compounded and/or sold by a medical practitioner, dentist or pharmacist in the course of his professional activities for the treatment of a particular patient; or
 - (c) any medicine sold by a pharmacist or by a hospital in accordance with a prescription issued by a medical practitioner or dentist for the treatment of a particular patient.
- (4) Nothing contained in subregulation (2) and (3) shall be construed as prohibiting the inclusion of a package insert in the medicine.

PATIENT INFORMATION LEAFLET

10. Each package of a medicine shall have a patient information leaflet that must contain the following information with regard to the medicine in English and at least in one other official language.:

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- (a) Scheduling status;
- (b) proprietary name and dosage form;
- (c) what the medicine contains, which includes-
 - (i) the approved name of each active ingredient and the quantity thereof contained in each dosage unit or per suitable mass or volume or unit of the medicine; and
 - (ii) all inactive ingredients that must be listed qualitatively;
- (d) the approved indications and use;
- (e) instructions before taking the medicine, which include -
 - (i) contra-indications;
 - (ii) precautions;
 - (iii) warnings e.g. concerning sedative properties of the medicine or risks involved with sudden withdrawal of the medicine;
 - (iv)interactions:
 - (v) the following general statements:

"If you are taking medicines on a regular basis, using the medicine at the same time with another medicine may cause undesirable interactions. Please consult your doctor, pharmacist or other health care professional for advice."

"If you are pregnant or breast feeding your baby while taking this medicine please consult your doctor, pharmacist or other health care professional for advice."

(f) how to take the medicine, including the following statements:

"Do not share medicines prescribed for you with other persons."

"In the event of overdosage, consult your doctor or pharmacist. If neither is available, contact the nearest hospital or poison control centre";

(g) side effects, including the following general statement:

"Not all side-effects reported for this medicine are included in this leaflet.

Should your general health worsen while taking this medicine, please consult your doctor, pharmacist or other health care professional for advice";

(h) storage and disposal information; including the following general statement:

"store all medicines out of reach of children."

- (i) presentation, which includes the number, volume or mass per package unit and a description of the packaging material, e.g. bottle, blisterpack, etc;
- identification of the medicine, i.e. the description of its physical appearance as tablet, capsule, etc;
- (k) registration number of the medicine;
- (i) the name, business and telephone number of the holder of the certificate of registration; and

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- (m) the date of publication of the patient information leaflet;
- (2) The Council may authorise a deviation from sub-regulation (1)

PRESCRIPTION BOOK

- 11. (1) A prescription book or other permanent record in respect of schedules 2, 3, 4 and 5 medicines or substances shall be kept on all premises where prescriptions are dispensed or sold and shall contain the following details:
 - (a) the name of the medicine or scheduled substance;
 - (b) the date on which the prescription was dispensed;
 - (c) the dosage form and quantity of the medicine or scheduled substance;
 - (d) the name and address of the patient, or, in the case of a prescription issued by a veterinarian, the name and address of the person to whom the medicine or scheduled substance was sold;
 - (e) where applicable the name of the medical practitioner, dentist, veterinarian or any other authorised person who issued the prescription.
 - (2) In the case of Schedule 1 medicine or substance sold without a prescription in terms of section 22A(4) of the Act, the following shall be recorded-

- (a) the name of the medicine or scheduled substance; and
- (b) the name of the pharmacist or intern pharmacist or pharmacist assistant who sold the substance; and
 - (3) A prescription book or such other record shall be retained at the business address of the seller for a period of at least three years after the date of the last entry made therein.
 - (4) The manufacturer or wholesaler shall keep a written record of Schedule 2, 3, 4 and 5 medicines and substances in the form of invoices that will reflect:
 - (a) the date and transaction of every sale;
 - (b) the name of the medicine;
 - (c) the name and address of every purchaser;
 - (d) the quantities sold;
 - (e) the batchnumber; and
 - (f) the price at which the medicine was sold.
 - (5) The written record referred to in subregulation (4) shall be kept for a period of five years from the date of sale.

IMPORTATION OF MEDICINES INTO THE COUNTRY

- 12. (1) No person shall import any medicine or scheduled substance, including medicines imported in terms of section 15C, read together with regulation 7, of the Act, into the Republic except through one of the following "ports of entry"-
 - (a) Cape Town Airport or harbour;
 - (b) Port Elizabeth Airport or harbour;
 - (c) Durban Airport or harbour; and
 - (d) Johannesburg International airport
 - (2) A person can only import a medicine or scheduled substance if such person-
 - (a) is licensed in terms of the Act to import medicines; and

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(b) in the case of unregistered medicines, is authorised by the Council to import such unregistered medicines.

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EXPORTATION OF MEDICINES, SCHEDULED SUBSTANCES AND MIXTURES CONTAINING SCHEDULED SUBSTANCES

- (1) Medicines, scheduled substances and mixtures containing scheduled substances-
 - (a) intended for exportation-
 - must be registered in terms of the Act or as determined by the Council;
 - shall comply with the Council's requirements for quality, purity and safety; and
 - (iii) shall not be exported without authorisation by the Council
 - (b) that are transmitted through the Republic shall
 - (i) while in the Republic be stored in a bonded warehouse which is registered with the Council;
 - (ii) not be manipulated while in the bonded warehouse unless authorised by the Council; and
 - (2) A bonded warehouse referred to in subregulation (1) must comply with good storage conditions as determined by the Council.

PERMITS IN TERMS OF SECTION 22A(9) OF THE ACT

- 14. (1) A medical practitioner or veterinarian desiring to be provided with a schedule 7 substance for the treatment or prevention of a medical condition in a particular patient, shall apply to the Director- General for a permit to use such substance.
 - (2) An application referred to in subregulation (a) shall contain at least the following information:
 - (a) name and address (both physical and postal) of applicant;
 - (b) identification number of the applicant;
 - (c) registration number of the applicant with statutory council;
 - (d) qualifications of the applicant;
 - (e) telephone and facsimile numbers of applicant;
 - (f) purpose for which the application is made;
 - (g) in the case of a medical practitioner, the name and address of the patient, diagnosis, dosage and period of treatment in the case of a particular patient; and

- (h) in the case of a veterinarian, the name and address of the owner, diagnosis, dosage and period of treatment in the case of a particular animal or a group of animals.
- (3) A permit referred to in subregulation (1) may not be issued if Director- General is of the opinion that the applicant is not capable of keeping or storing the substance in a manner so as to prevent the loss thereof;
- (4) An analyst or researcher, desiring to be provided with a Schedule 6 or Schedule 7 substance for purpose of education, analysis or research, shall apply to the Director-General for a permit to use such substance.
- (5) An application referred to in subregulation (4) shall contain at least the following information:
 - (a) name and address (both physical and postal) of applicant;
 - (b) identification number of applicant;
 - (c) name and address of employer;
 - (d) qualifications of the applicant;
 - (e) telephone and facsimile numbers of applicant;
 - (f) particulars of the research project;
 - (g) address at which research will be undertaken;
 - (h) estimated duration of project;
 - (i) total quantity of scheduled substances to be kept in stock per annum;
 - (j) source of supply; and
 - (k) the place where and the manner in which the scheduled substances shall be stored safely.
- (6) Any person desiring to manufacture a Schedule 6 substance, shall apply to Director-General for a permit to manufacture such substance.
- (7) An application referred to in subregulation (6) shall contain at least the following information:
 - (a) name and address (both physical and postal) of the applicant;
 - (b) registration number of applicant with the South African Pharmacy Council;
 - (c) manufacturing licence issued by the Council;
 - (d) telephone and facsimile numbers of applicant;
 - (e) address at which manufacturing is to be undertaken; and
 - (f) estimated quantity of Schedule 6 substance that will be manufactured.

- (8) A permit referred to in subregulation (6) may not be issued if the Director-General is of the opinion that-
 - the applicant is not capable of keeping or storing the substance in a manner so as to prevent the loss thereof;
 - (ii) the annual quota for such substances has been exceeded or will be exceeded; or
 - (iii) such substance is already available in the Republic.
- (9) Any person desiring to manufacture, use or supply a Schedule 5 or Schedule 6 substance for other than medicinal purposes, shall apply to the Director-General for a permit to manufacture such substance.
- (10) An application referred to in subregulation (9) shall contain at least the following information:
 - (a) name and address (both physical and postal) of applicant;
 - (b) identification number of the applicant;
 - (c) registration number of the applicant with statutory council;
 - (d) qualification of the applicant;
 - (e) telephone and facsimile numbers of applicant;
 - (f) purpose for which the application is made;
 - (g) in the case of a medical practitioner, the name and address of the patient, diagnosis, dosage and period of treatment in the case of a particular patient; and
 - (h) in the case of veterinarian, the name and address of the owner, diagnosis, dosage and period of treatment in the case of a particular animal or group of animals.
- (11) A medical practitioner or veterinarian shall not be authorised to administer a scheduled substance or medicine for other than medicinal purposes for administration outside any hospital for the satisfaction or relief of a habit or craving unless he or she complies with the conditions as determined by the Director-General.
- (12) The Director-General may issue a permit referred to in subregulation (9) only after consultation with the Drug Advisory Board and the Council.
- (13) The medical practitioner or veterinarian referred to in this regulation is subject to regular inspections in terms of the Act.

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(14) The permit may be withdrawn, revoked or suspended by the Director-General if the person issued with such a permit fails to comply with the conditions or requirements for issuing the permit.

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IMPORTATION OR EXPORTATION OF SCHEDULES 6 AND 7 SUBSTANCES

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15. (1) Any person desiring to import or export Schedules 6 or 7 substances shall apply to Director-General for a permit to import or export such substances.

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- (2) An application referred to in subregulation (1) shall contain at least information referred to in regulation 14(2)
- (3) The applicant must submit with the application the permit for importation issued by the country to which the substance is to be exported.
- (4) A permit issued in terms of subregulation (1) shall be valid for a period not exceeding one year.

POSSESSION OF SPECIFIED QUANTITIES OF SCHEDULED SUBSTANCES FOR PERSONAL MEDICINAL USE BY PERSONS ENTERING OR DEPARTING FROM THE REPUBLIC

- 16. (1) Subject to subregulation (3) any person entering or departing from the Republic may be in possession, for personal medicinal use, of a quantity of a Schedule 2, 3, or 4, substance or medicine, which shall not exceed a quantity required for use for a period of three months.
 - (2) Subject to subregulation (3) any person entering or departing from the Republic may be in possession, for personal medicinal use, of a quantity of a Schedule 5 or 6 substance or medicine, which shall not exceed a quantity required for use for a period of two weeks.
 - (3) A person referred to in subregulations (1) or (2) must have -
 - (a) a valid prescription for such Scheduled substance or medicine; or

- (b) a certificate by a pharmacist to the effect that the Scheduled substance or medicine concerned including its quantity was prescribed by an authorised prescriber including the name and address of such authorised prescriber, and
 - (c) his or her particulars of residence in the Republic in the case of the person entering the Republic recorded at the port of entry.

INFORMATION TO BE FURNISHED ANUALLY TO THE REGISTRAR BY THE HOLDER OF A PERMIT ISSUED IN TERMS OF REGULATION 15

17. (1) A person issued with, a permit in terms of regulation 15 shall furnish the registrar with the following information with regard to the substances referred to in that regulation:

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- (a) the quantity of the substance, as a raw material or as contained in a preparation, which was held in stock on 1 January of the preceding calendar year;
- (b) the quantity of such substance acquired during the preceding calendar year by -
 - importation of the substance, as a raw material or as contained in a preparation;
- (ii) local production of the raw material;
- (iii) local purchasing of the raw material, in which case the name of the supplier shall also be furnished;
- (c) the quantity of such substance, as a raw material or as contained in a preparation, which was disposed of during the preceding year through exportation or other means;
 - (d) the quantity of such substance used during the preceding calendar year in the production of any other Schedule 6 or Schedule 7 substance or a specified substance referred to in Section 22(A)(12)(a)(ii) and (iii) of the Act;
 - (e) the quantity of such substances and preparations containing such substances remaining in stock on 31 December of the preceding year.
 - (2) The information referred to in sub-regulation (1) shall comply with the following requirements:
 - quantities shall be expressed in metric units as a percentage of the relevant substance;

- (b) in the case of opium and any preparations containing opium, quantities shall be expressed in terms of opium containing 10 per cent of anhydrous morphine;
- (c) preparations not obtained directly from opium but from a mixture of opium alkaloids shall be expressed in terms of morphine;
 - (d) quantities of coca-leaves shall be expressed in terms of coca-leaves containing 0,5 percent of cocaine;
 - (e) where stocks are held or manufacture has been undertaken on behalf of another person, this fact shall be indicated.

LICENCE TO COMPOUND AND/OR DISPENSE MEDICINES

18. (1) As contemplated in section 22C(1) of the Act, a medical practitioner, dentist, practitioner, nurse or any other

person registered in terms of the Health Professions Act, 1974 (Act No. 56 of 1974) desiring to compound and dispense medicines shall apply to the Director-General for a licence to compound and/or dispense medicines.

- (2) An application referred to in subregulation (1) shall be accompanied by an application fee as determined by the Director-General
- (3) The application shall contain at least the following information:
 - the name and both residential and business addresses (both physical and postal) of the applicant;
 - the exact location of the premises where compounding and/or dispensing will be carried out;
 - (iii) proof of completion of a supplementary course contemplated in section 22C(2) of the Act;
- (iv) telephone and fax numbers of the applicant;
 - (v) proof of registration with a statutory council;
- (vi) a copy of the notice to other health facilities referred in subregulation 4.;
 - (vii) motivation, as to the need for a licence in a particular area; and
 - (viii) any other information that the Director-Ggeneral may require.
- (4) In considering an application referred to in subregulation (1), the Director-General shall have regard to the following:

- the existence of other licensed health facilities in the vicinity of the premises from where the compounding and/or dispensing of medicines is intended to be carried out;
- (b) representations by other interested persons as to whether a licence should be granted or not;
 - (c) the geographic area to be served by the applicant;
- (d) the estimated number of health care users in the geographic area referred to in paragraph (c);
- (e) demographic considerations including disease patterns and health status of the users to be served; and
 - (f) any other information that he or she deems necessary.
 - (5) At the same time when an application referred to in subregulation (1) is made, the applicant must also give notice of his or her intention to apply for a licence to all health care facilities and providers in the immediate vicinity to be served by the applicant.
 - (6) Any person may support or oppose an application referred to in subregulation (1) by making representations to the Director-General.
 - (7) A person referred to in subregulation (1) who has been issued with a licence shall:

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- (a) keep sales records either in hard copy or electronically relating to medicines compounded and dispensed for a period of 3 years from the date of sale;
- (b) ensure that the premises and dispensary where medicines are kept are clean, secure and suitable for compounding and dispensing, with enough lighting and ventilation;
- (c) keep the medicines under the manufacturer's recommended conditions as specified on the medicines label and or package insert;
 - not pre-pack medicines at the premises unless authorised to do so by the Director-General;
 - (e) label medicines properly with the name of the patient and a reference number linking the patient to a patient record;
- (f) not compound and dispense medicines to patients unless the sale is preceded by proper diagnosis and prescribing for a particular patient by the license holder, his or her partner, associate or assistant in practice;
 - (g) not keep expired medicines on the premises;
 - (h) lock the premises where the compounding and dispensing is carried out whenever he or she is not physically present at the place where medicines are kept;

- (i) in the event of a recall of a medicine, withdraw the medicine;
- (j) keep a system capable of tracing all dispensed medicines;
- (k) conspicuously display the licence in the practice; and
- (I) comply with the conditions of his licence and inform his or her partner, associate or assistant referred to in paragraph (f) of the conditions under which the licence was granted.
- (8) For the purposes of this regulation, "compounding and dispensing" does not refer to medicines compounded and used for the purposes of administration or injection thereof to a patient in the consulting rooms.

LICENCE TO MANUFACTURE, ACT AS A WHOLESALER OR DISTRIBUTE MEDICINES

- 19. (1) A person desiring to manufacture medicines, act as a wholesaler or distributor of medicines shall apply to the Council for a licence to manufacture, act as a wholesaler or distributor of medicines.
 - (2) An application referred to in subregulation (1) shall be accompanied by an application fee as determined by the Council.
 - (3) The application shall contain at least the following information:
 - (a) the name and address (both physical and postal) of the applicant;
 - the exact location of the premises where the manufacturing,
 wholesale or from which the distribution will be carried out;
 - (c) the name of the responsible pharmacist who will be responsible for managing the pharmaceutical aspects of the applicant;
 - (d) in the case of a manufacturer or importer authorised to import medicines in terms of section 15C of the Act, the physical address of the quality assurance laboratory to be used by the applicant;
 - (e) registration number of the applicant, in the case of-
 - (a) a natural person, with a statutory body; and
 - (ii) a juristic person, with the relevant registering authority;
 - (f) In the case of a juristic person, the name and title of the person responsible for the application; and
 - (g) any other information that the Council may deem necessary.
 - (4) A person issued with a licence in terms of this regulation shall:

- (a) comply with the requirements and guidelines as determined in the latest edition of the South African Guide to Good Manufacturing Practice or any other guide as determined by the Council;
- in the case of the wholesaler or distributor, purchase Scheduled substances from a licensed pharmaceutical manufacturer or a licensed importer only;
- (c) keep a record of medicines recalled or withdrawn;
- (d) store medicines under their recommended storage conditions;
- (e) employ only properly trained employees;
- (f) have a system in place for detecting expired medicines from the wholesaler's shelves and such medicines shall be removed from the shelves;
- (g) keep a secured area for Schedules 5 and 6 substances;
- (h) have a pest and rodent control system in place;
- (i) keep the premises clean, dust free, insect-free and in a bird-free condition;
- (j) have a decontamination procedure for spillage's of hazardous substances;
- (k) keep the premises in a secure condition; and
- (I) have in place a disposal system for unwanted and expired medicines.
- (5) The person issued with a licence shall inform the Council of any changes with regard to information furnished in terms of subregulation (3).

PERIOD OF VALIDITY OF A LICENCE ISSUED IN TERMS OF REGULATIONS 18 AND 19 AND RENEWAL OF LICENCES

- 20. (1) A licence issued in terms of regulations 18 and 19 shall be valid for a period of 3 years from the date of issue.
 - (2) A licence referred to in subregulation (1) and which has expired may be renewed upon application to the Director-General or the Council, as the case may be.
 - (3) An application referred to in subregulation (2) shall -
 - (a) contain at least the information referred to in regulations 18(3) and 19(3), as the case may be:
 - (b) be accompanied by a fee as determined from time to time by notice in the Gazette by the Director-General or the Council, as the case may be; and
 - be made 90 days before the expiry of the existing licence.

APPEAL AGAINST THE DECISION OF THE DIRECTOR-GENERAL OR THE COUNCIL

- 21. (1) An appeal in terms of Section 24(1) of the Act shall be lodged within 21 days from the date on which the decision appealed against was communicated to the appellant.
 - (2) In noting the appeal, the appellant shall send a notice by registered mail to the Minister and-
 - (a) in the case of a decision of the Council, to the Registrar of Medicines, Medicines Control Council, Private Bag X828, Pretoria, 0001, or
 - (b) in the case of a decision of the Director-General, to the Director-General, Department of Health, Private Bag X828, Pretoria, 0001,

stating the decision appealed against.

- (3) The notice referred to in sub-regulation (2) shall set out clearly and succinctly the grounds on which the appeal is based.
- (4) The Minister shall within 30 days of receipt of a notice of appeal, appoint an appeal committee to decide the appeal.
- (5) The appeal committee -
 - (a) shall determine the procedure for its hearings;
 - (b) may, if it deems necessary-
 - (i) call for oral evidence or argument or summon any person who-
 - (aa) in its opinion may be able to give information concerning the subject of the appeal; or
 - (bb) it believes has in his or her possession or under control any document which has a bearing on the subject of the appeal,

to appear before it at a time and place specified in the summons, to be asked questions or to produce any document; and

(c) shall, if it calls for oral evidence or argument,

- (i) determine the date, time and place for the appeal and shall communicate these in writing to the appellant and the Council or the Director-General, as the case may be.
 - (ii) administer an oath to or accept an affirmation from any person called as a witness at the appeal.

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- (6) Persons appearing before the Appeal Committee may be represented by a legal practitioner.
- (7) The appeal committee shall consider the appeal and make a decision in regard thereto within a period of one month from the date-
 - (i) on which it was appointed; or,
 - (ii) when the appeal hearing was completed;

whichever is the later.

APPLICATION FOR THE REGISTRATION OF A MEDICINE

- 22. (1) Any person residing and doing business in the Republic may make an application for the registration of a medicine.
 - (2) In case the person referred to in subregulation (1) is not a pharmacist or veterinarian, the application must be co-signed by a responsible pharmacist or veterinarian, as the case may be.
 - (3) An application referred to in subregulation (1) shall be made on the appropriate form obtainable from the Registrar and shall be accompanied by:
 - (a) a properly completed screening form obtainable from the Registrar;
 - (b) a proposed label for use on the medicine;
 - (c) where applicable, a copy of the latest inspection report that is not more than two (2) years old, from the regulatory authority of the medicine's country of origin;
 - in the case of Schedules 6 and 7 substances, a copy of a permit to manufacture such substances;
 - (e) all relevant data on the medicine, whether positive or negative;
 - (f) proof of the existence of a manufacturing site; and

- (g) any other information as the Council may from time to time, by guidelines for the registration of medicines, determine.
- (4) The information referred to in subregulation (3) shall be in English and at least one other official language.
- (5) The application form referred to in subregulation (3) shall contain at least the following information:
 - (a) Particulars of the Applicant:
 - (i) Name
 - (ii) Business Address
 - (iii) Postal Address
 - (iv) Telephone Number
 - (v) Fax Number
 - (vi) e-mail address
 - (vii) Contact details of the responsible pharmacist in the case of a juristic person.
 - (b) Particulars of a medicine:
 - (i) proprietary name
 - (ii) dosage form;
 - (iii) strength per dosage unit;
 - (iv) route of administration;
 - (v) country of origin, registration status outside the Republic and the medicine's history;

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- (vi) pharmacological classification and data where applicable; and
- (vii) the name of the manufacturer(s).
- (6) A medicine in respect of which an application for registration is made must comply with the technical requirements as determined by the Council.
- (7) An application must be made in respect of each individual dosage form of a medicine.
- (8) In an instance where a medicine in respect of which an application is made is or was registered with any regulatory body outside the Republic, the following information in respect of such medicine must accompany the application:
 - (a) a copy of the certificate of registration;
 - (b) package insert; and
 - (c) conditions of registration;

- (d) any other information as required per registration guidelines
- (9) The provisions of regulation 22 shall, with the necessary changes, apply to the application for the registration of:
 - (a) veterinary medicines,
 - (b) biological medicines, and
 - (c) complementary medicines

INFORMATION THAT MUST APPEAR IN THE REGISTER FOR MEDICINES

- 23. A register of medicines must, in respect of any registered medicine, contain the following information:
 - (a) the name of the medicine approved by the Council, which must be the proprietary name;
 - (b) the registration number allocated to the medicine;
 - (c) the approved name of each active ingredient of the medicine and the quantity thereof contained in a dosage unit or per suitable mass or volume or unit of the medicine;
 - (d) the dosage form of the medicine, where applicable;
 - (e) the name of the holder of the certificate of registration;
 - (f) the name and address of the manufacturer(s);
 - (g) in the case of a medicine, the name of the packer(s);
 - (h) in the case of a medicine, the name of the final product release control (FPRC);
 - (i) in the case of a medicine, the name of the final product release responsibility (FPRR);
 - (j) the date of registration of the medicine;
 - (k) the conditions of sale of the medicine determined in terms of section 15(7) of the Act

APPLICATION FOR AN AMENDMENT TO A MEDICINE REGISTRATION

- 24. (1) A holder of a certificate or registration may submit to the Registrar an application on a form as determined by Council to amend an entry made into the register of medicines with regard to a particular medicine.
 - (2) The application referred to in subregulation (1) shall be accompanied by a fee as determined by Council from time to time and must contain the following information:
 - (i) the name of applicant;
 - (ii) business address of the applicant;

- (iii) declaration by the applicant that the information furnished is complete and accurate:
- (iv) the details of the amendment applied for; and
- (v) any other information that the Council may from time to time determine for the amendment of registration of medicines.

CATEGORIES AND CLASSIFICATION OF MEDICINES

25. (1) The following are the basic categories of medicines:

- (a) Category A = Medicines which are intended for use in humans and which are, without manipulation, ready for administration, including packaged preparations where only a vehicle is added to the effective medicine.
- (b) Category B = Medicines which can not normally be administered without further manipulation;
- (c) Category C = Medicines intended for veterinary use which are, without further manipulation, ready for administration, including packaged preparations where only vehicle is added to the effective medicine; and
- (d) Category D = Medicines which are Complementary Medicines of the various categories
- (2) Medicines in category A are subdivided into the following classifications:
 - 1. Central nervous system stimulants
 - 1.1 Central analeptics
 - 1.2 Psycho analeptics (antidepressants)
 - 1.3 Special antidepressant combinations
 - 1.4 Respiratory stimulants
 - 1.5 Hallucinogentc medicines
 - 2. Central nervous system depressants
 - 2.1 Anaesthetics
 - 2.2 Sedatives, hypnotics
 - 2.3 Barbiturates
 - 2.4 Non-barbiturates
 - 2.5 Anticonvulsants, including anti-epileptics
 - 2.6 Tranquillisers
 - 2.6.1 Phenothiazines and their derivatives
 - 2.6.2 Rauwolfia: Alkaloids and combinations

6.1

6.2

Cardiac stimulants

Cardiac depressants

	2.6.3	Diphenylmethane and its de	rivatives	12 1 16 16 18 18 AV	
	2.6.4	Alkyl diols and their derivative	/es		
	2.6.5	Miscellaneous structures	74.3.1	Contract to the state of the	ur s
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2.7	Antipyret	ics or antipyretic and anti-infla	mmatory analgesics		
2.8	Anaige	SIC COMPINICATIONS	Control of the state of the sta		
2.9	Other	analgesics	t to the side of the tra-	7,1× 1, 1,	
2.10	Centra	lly acting muscle relaxants	eren property for		
2.11	Conne	ctive tissue medicines	Patrick Contract Contract	1. K	
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3.	Connec	tive Tissue Medicines			
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5.2		olytics (sympatholytics)	17.72	1 fot - 1 2 − k+t	* 1
5.3	Choline	omimetics (cholinergics)		**	
5.4	Choline	olytics (anticholinergics)		SOFT.IAF	
	5.4.1	Anti-Parkinsonism preparation	ons		
	5.4.2	General	in the second	tanga an	11
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5.5	Gangli	on blockers			
5.6	Histam		-0 -0 -0	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2
5.7		taminics, anti-emetics and ant	ivertigo preparations		
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	5.7.2	Anti-emetics and antivertigo	preparations	die to the	
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5.8	Prepar	ations for the common cold in	cluding nasal decongest	ants	200
5.9		cytryptamine (serotonin)	36	18-1-1-1-1-1	
5.10	**************************************	nin antagonists	20		10
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6. Ca	rdiac med	icines			**

6.3	Cardiac glycosides
0.3	Caldiac glycoside

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7.1	Vasodilators,	hypotensive	medicines
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- 7.1.1 Rauwolfia and combinations
- 7.1.2 Rauwolfia: Diuretic combinations
- 7.1.3 Other hypotensives
- 7.1.4 Vasodilators coronary and other medicines used in angina pectoris

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- 7.1.5 Vasodilators peripheral
- 7.2 Vasoconstrictors, pressor medicines
- 7.3 Migraine preparations
- 7.4 Lipotropic agents
- 7.5 Serum-cholesterol reducers

8. Medicines acting on blood and haemopoietic system

- 8.1 Coagulants, haemostatics
- 8.2 Anticoagulants
- 8.3 Erythropoietics (haematinics)
- 8.4 Plasma expanders

9. Medicines against alcoholism

10. Medicines acting on respiratory system

- 10.1 Antitussives and expectorants
- 10.2 Bronchodilators

10.2.1 Inhalants

11. Medicines acting on gastro-intestinal tract

- 11.1 Digestants
- 11.2 Gastro-intestinal antispasmodics and cholinolytics (anticholinergics)
- 11.3 Anorexigenics
- 11.4 Antacids

11.4.1 Acid neutralisers

11.4.2 Acid neutralisers with antispasmodics

11.4.3 Other

11.5

11.6

11.7

11.8

Laxatives

Cholagogues

sulphonamides

15.2 Ophthalmic preparations with corticosteroids

Lubricants and faecal softeners

11.8	Suppositories and anal ointments	
11.9	Antidiarrhoeals	
		and the s
	11.9.1 Antidiarrhoeals in combination with anti-infective	
1#	agents	
	11.9.2 Special combinations	
12.	Anthelmintics, bilharzia medicines, filaricides, etc.	
	e s	
13.	Dermatological preparations	1 3
13.1	Antiseptics, disinfectants and cleansing agents	
13.2	Antiscables medicines	To the st
13.3	Surface anaesthetics	9 9 7 7
13.4	Antipruritics	a a a fire a
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	13.4.1 Corticosteroids with or without anti-infective agent	ts
	13.4.2 Emollients and protectives	
		300 W 930 400
13.5	Rubefacients	
13.6	Counterirritants	d Nafi on termina
13.7	Keratolytics	
13.8	Special combinations	
(*)	13.8.1 Preparations for psoriasis	
	13.8.2 Fungicides	
13.9	Radiation protectants	
13.10	Melanin inhibitors and stimulants	
13.11	Ache preparations	***
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14.	Preparations for treatment of wounds	
14.1		
14.2	Wound dressings	i me an d
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15.	Ophthalmic preparations	. 44
	ohthalmic preparations with antibiotics and/or	额

15.3 Combination antibiotics

20.2.2 Fungicides

20.2.3 Tuberculostatics

16.	Ear, nose and throat preparations	
16.1 Na	sal decongestants	
16.2 Au	ral preparations	
16.3 Su	rface anaesthetics	3K
16.4 Na	so-pharyngeal and bucco-pharyngeal antiseptics	Access No.
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17.	Medicines acting on muscular system	we will be a second
17.1	Peripherally acting muscle relaxants	8.
17.2	Muscle activators	
18.	Medicines acting on genito-urinary system	
18.1	Diuretics	
18.2	Antidiuretics	
18.3	Ion-exchange preparations	en jage e e
18.4	Urolitholytics	E 18
18.5	Urinary tract antiseptics	8
18.6	Vaginal preparations	Particle of the second second
18.7	Contraceptive preparations	
18.8	Ovulation controlling agents	
18.9	Uterine antispasmodics	don e a St
	r s .	
19.	Oxytocics	
	2000 - 200 4 (2000)	
20.	Antimicrobial (chemotherapeutic) agents	
20.1	Antibiotics and antibiotic combinations	e e to the second of the secon
	20.1.1 Broad and medium spectrum antibiotics	
	20.1.2 Penicillins	and a regarded
	20.1.3 Penicillin-streptomycin combinations	er e to en to en to en to
	20.1.4 Antibiotic-sulphonamide combinations	
	20.1.5 Streptomycin and combinations	
	20.1.6 Topical antibiotics	
	20.1.7 Antifungal antibiotics	
		2 K 12 TO 12 K 12 K
20.2	Other than antibiotics	
		and the transfer and the first
	20.2.1 Sulphonamides	

hypoglycaemics

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20.2.4	Leprostatics	5	
20.2.5	Germicides	1 10	, *C*
20.2.6	Medicines a	gainst p	orotozoa
20.2.7	Spirochaetic	cides	
20.2.8	Antiviral age	ents	
Hormo	nes, antihor	mones	and oral
Insulin	preparations		
Oral hypog	lycaemics		
	20.2.5 20.2.6 20.2.7 20.2.8 Hormo	20.2.5 Germicides 20.2.6 Medicines a 20.2.7 Spirochaetic 20.2.8 Antiviral age	20.2.4 Leprostatics 20.2.5 Germicides 20.2.6 Medicines against p 20.2.7 Spirochaeticides 20.2.8 Antiviral agents Hormones, antihormones Insulin preparations

21.5.1 Corticosteroids and analogues

21.5.2 Analgesic combinations

21.5.3 Anti-infective combinations

21.6 Anabolic steroids

21.7 Male sex hormones

21.8 Female sex hormones

21.3 Thyroid preparations

21.5 Corticosteroids

21.4 Parathyroid preparations

21.8.1Oestrogens

21.8.2 Progesterones with or without oestrogens

- 21.9 Androgen-oestrogen combinations 21.10 Trophic hormones 21.11 Hyperglycaemic hormones 21.12 Hormone inhibitors
- 22 **Vitamins**
- 22.1 Multivitamins and multivitamins with minerals
 - 22.1.1 Vitamins for paediatric use

22.1.2 Vitamins for prenatal use

22.1.3 Vitamins for geriatric use

22.1.4 Vitamin B-complex with Vitamin C

23. Amino-acids

24. Mineral substitutes, electrolytes

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25.	Special foods	and the state of t	
25.1	Infant foods and other formulae, excluding	foods used solely as a substitute	
	for human milk	Frank Willy franchis & Blanch	
		arthrope you (L. V.) LT	
26.	Cytostatic agents	o publication of the	
		S 8	80
27.	Chelating agents (versenates) as heavy m	etal antidotes	-
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		To configurate interest	5.
29.	Diagnostic agents		
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30.	Biologicals		
30.1	Antibodies	Search the Brazille of the State of the	
30.2	Antigens	and state we had be	
30.3	Blood fractions	A Control of the Cont	
- 12-	E		a.
31.	Enzymatic preparations	granean signatur	. 1
	8	25 Part Part was	£ 14.
32.	Other substances or agents	and the special special property	i, .
32.1	Tonics	and the second second second	
32.2	Other , and the second	-19 4 to the the state of the state of the	
32.3	Slimming preparations		
32.4		The state of the property of the property.	7.15
32.5	Artificial tear and contact lens solutions	200 - 1 1 15 4.4° 1	A. 17.
32.6	Preparations of boracic acid, borax and zinc	, starch and boracic powder	h j j v
32.7 T	opical applications of delousing agents	the second of th	2
32.8 T	opical applications of insect repellants		
32.9 Ir	ntra-uterine devices		1 50
32.10		Proposition and relative to	1 100
32.11	Solutions for Haemo- or peritoneal dialysis	** ** ** ** **	
32.12	Preparations for which the expressions "med		
	"medicinal", "for medical use" or expressions	with similar	8 3
	connotations are used	. Study of Edmin 25 told	
32.13	Preparations intended to promote hair grow		
32.14	Sales packs containing two or more medici	nes with different	
	indications	SE RESERVE	1.7
32.15	Radiopharmaceuticals	1	

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	(a)	African trad	litional med	licine;	19			
	(b)	Anthroposo	phical med	licine;	-			
	(c)	Aromathera	apy medicin	ne;	1-27-12	1 75"	7.7.9	2 - CO20 W
	(d)	Ayurvedic r	nedicine,	¥-				
	(e)	Chinese tra	ditional me	dicine;		5° , 1° , 2		" on se"
	. (f)	Energy sub	stances;					
\$	(g)	Homeopath	ic medicine);	-			
	(h)	Nutritional s	supplement	s;		5		
	(i)	Urani-Tibb r	medicine;	(d) (iii)				
	(j)	Western he	rbal medici	ne;		847	the first of the	- 0 -
	(k)	Combination	n complem	entary medi	cine; and			
	(I)	Combination	n homeopa	thic medicin	e / Flower e	ssence.		
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26.	A certificate of	registration in	8352 (1999)	nown below	shall be issu	02		in terms of
	Section 15(4)	after a medicine	e has been	registered.				
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Cont	rol Act, 1965 (Act	. 101 01 1905),	subject to t	ne condition	is indicated.			96
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2.	Registration nu	mber						
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suitable mass or volume or unit of the medicine

Dosage form

Conditions under which the medicine is registered

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7.	Date of registration				
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	Issued at Pretoria on			20)
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DISPOSAL OF MEDICINES AND RECORDS OF SUCH MEDICINES

- 27. (1) A medicine may be destroyed as follows:
 - (a) in the case of Schedules 5 and 6 substances, only in the presence of an inspector designated in terms of Section 26 of the Act or any other person authorised by the Council and such inspector or person, as the case may be, shall issue a certificate confirming the destruction of the medicine;
 - (b) notwithstanding paragraph (a), the Council may authorise the destruction of Schedules 5 or 6 substance by a manufacturer of such medicines in the absence of an inspector;
 - (c) in the case of Schedules 1, 2, 3 and 4 substances, a pharmacist in charge of the pharmacy where the medicines or substances are kept, may destroy such medicines or substances and that pharmacist shall issue a certificate confirming such destruction.
 - (2) No medicines may be disposed of into municipal sewerage systems.
 - (3) The destruction and disposal of medicines must be conducted in such a manner as determined by the Council and to ensure that the medicine are not retrievable.

PARTICULARS WHICH MUST APPEAR ON A PRESCRIPTION OR ORDER FOR A MEDICINE

28. (1) Every prescription or order for a medicine must be written in legible print, typewritten or computer generated and signed in person by a medical practitioner, dentist, veterinarian or authorised prescriber and must at least state the following:

- (i) the date of issue of the prescription or order:
- the approved name and the quantity of the medicine or Scheduled substance to be supplied;
- (iii) the name and address of the patient or, in the case of a prescription or order issued by a veterinarian, the name and address of the person to whom the medicines or Scheduled substances must be sold;
- (iv) the name, qualification, practice number and address of the prescriber, and such particulars may be printed on the prescription or order;
- (v) the dosage form;
- (vi) the strength of the dosage form;
- (vii) complete instructions for the administration of the dosage and frequency of administration;
- (viii) the age, sex, height and weight of the patient; and
- (ix) the number of times the prescription may be repeated.

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- (2) In the case of a faxed, e-mailed, telephone or electronic transmission by other means of a prescription or order, the pharmacist must verify the authenticity of the prescription or order.
- (3) A permanent copy of the faxed, e-mailed, telephone or other electronic transmitted prescription or order referred to in subregulation (2) must be made for record purposes;
- (4) The faxed, e-mailed, telephone or other electronic transmitted prescription or order should be followed by the original prescription or order within 7 working days.
- (5) The prescriber must keep records of the diagnosis relevant to the prescription and where the patient consents, indicate the diagnosis on the prescription.:

RETURNS TO BE FURNISHED IN RESPECT OF SCHEDULE 6, 7 AND SPECIFIED SUBSTANCES

- 29. (1) No person must import, export, sell by wholesale, produce, manufacture, or use in the manufacture of any medicine or substance, any substance referred to in section 22A(12) of the Act unless the Council is supplied with a return reflecting the following information on or before 28 February of each year:
 - the quantity of such substance, as a raw material or as contained in a preparation, which was held in stock on 1 January of the preceding calendar year;

- (b) the quantity of such substance acquired during the preceding calendar year
 - (i) importation, as a raw material or contained in a preparation;
- (ii) production of the raw material in the Republic;
 - (iii) purchasing of the raw material in the Republic and the name of the supplier must be stated;
 - (c) the quantity of such substance, as a raw material or as contained in a preparation, which was disposed of during the preceding calendar year through —
 - (i) exportation; or
 - (ii) destruction thereof;
 - (d) the quantity of such substance used during the preceding calendar year in -
 - the production of any other Schedule 6 or Schedule 7 substance or a specified substance referred to in Section 22A(12) of the Act; and
 - (ii) the production of any other chemical substance not included in Schedule 6 or Schedule 7 or specified in section 22A (12)(a) and (b) of the Act;
 - (e) the quantity of such substances and preparations containing such substances remaining in stock on 31 December of the preceding year.
- (2) Notwithstanding sub-regulation (1), the Council may exempt an importer or exporter from furnishing a return, if the particular return is not necessary in determining the consumption of any of the substances included therein.
- (3) The return referred to in sub-regulation (1) must comply with the following requirements:
 - (a) all quantities must be expressed in metric units as a percentage base of the relevant substance;
 - (b) in the case of opium and any preparations containing opium, quantities must be expressed in terms of opium containing 10% of anhydrous morphine;
 - (c) preparations obtained not directly from opium itself but by mixing opium alkaloids must be expressed in terms of morphine;
 - in the case of any preparations of coca-leaves, quantities of coca-leaves must be expressed in terms of coca-leaves containing 0,5% of cocaine; and
 - (e) where stocks are held or manufacture has been undertaken on behalf of another applicant, this fact must be indicated.

REGISTER OF SCHEDULES 5 OR 6 MEDICINES OR SUBSTANCES

- 30. (1) A person importing, exporting, manufacturing or using a Schedule 5 or 6 medicines or substances shall keep a register of such medicines or substances.
 - (2) The register referred to in subregulation (1) must indicate the quantity of every such medicine or substance remaining in stock on the last day of March, June, September and December of each year and must also contain the following information:
 - the date on which the medicine or substance was received or supplied;
 - (b) the name, business address of the person from whom the medicine or substance was received or sent and in the case of imported medicine or substance, the import permit number;
 - (c) the name and address of the person who purchased the medicine or substance:
 - (d) the quantity, in words and figures, of such medicine or substance indicated per dosage unit, mass or volume;
 - in the case of the supply of the medicine or substance on prescription, the name and address of the authorised prescriber unless such prescription was issued at a hospital;
 - the quantity of the medicine or substance manufactured or used during the manufacturing process; and
 - (g) any other information as the Council may from time to time determine.
 - (3) The register referred to in subregulation (1) must be kept for a period of five years after the date of the last entry made therein.
 - (4) In a case where the register is kept by computer, a computer print out must be made monthly, dated and signed and filed.
 - (5) Records must be stored in an orderly manner so that they can be accessed easily.

METHOD OF TAKING SAMPLES DURING AN INVESTIGATION, THE CERTIFICATE TO BE ISSUED AND THE REPORTING OF ANALYSIS RESULTS

31. (1) An inspector designated in terms of Section 26 of the Act may take

a sample or any quantity of samples of a medicine or Scheduled substance for purposes of testing, examination or analysis in terms of the Act by a person designated as an analyst, pharmacologist or pathologist.

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- (2) The sample contemplated in subregulation (1) must -
 - (a) be taken in the presence of the person who is in charge of such medicine or substance, or in the absence of such person, in the presence of any witness present;
 - (b) be taken and stored in such a manner as to ensure its integrity during the entire examination process of the sample;
- (c) be packed and sealed and suitably labelled or marked in such a manner as its nature may permit and must be transmitted by any suitable means to an analyst, pharmacologist or pathologist together with the certificate signed by the inspector, a copy of which must be issued to the person in charge by the inspector at the earliest possible time;
- (3) An analyst, pharmacologist or pathologist referred to in subregulation (1) must as soon as possible after receipt of the sample, test, examine or analyse the sample and report the results thereof.
- (4) An inspector referred to in subregulation (1) may take a sample during a routine inspection from a manufacturer, a wholesaler or retailer for testing, examination or analysis in terms of these regulations.

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- (5) Notwithstanding subregulation (1), the Council may require any holder of a certification of registration to supply the Council with a sample of a particular medicine or substance in order to test, examine or analyse such sample.
 - (6) Certificates or reports issued in terms of this regulation must be submitted by their authors to the Council within 7 days from the date of issue.

SEIZURE OF MEDICINES

- 32. (1) A medicine may be seized if it -
 - (a) is unregistered and sold in contravention of the Act;
 - (b) is suspected counterfeit;
 - (c) is misbranded;
 - (d) is adulterated;
 - (e) is suspected stolen;

- (f) is Scheduled and is possessed by an unauthorised person or by an authorised person but in unauthorised quantities;
 - (g) has been dedlared undesirable in terms of the Act:
 - (h) belongs to the State and is found in possession by an unauthorised person;
 or

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- (h) is used in unauthorised clinical trial.
- (2) Medicines or substances seized in terms of subregulation (1) must be removed from the premises by an inspector who shall record such seized medicines or substances.

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- (3) Seizure of larger batches shall be effected by any suitable means.
- (4) In the event that a whole warehouse is to be seized, a police seal may be used to seal the whole warehouse and access to this area may be restricted.
- (5) Seized medicines or substances must be stored at the premises approved by the Council or at a police station and a record shall be kept of such storage at such premises or police station by the person receiving such medicines or substances.
- (6) A record referred to in sub-regulation (5) kept at a police station shall be submitted to the Council by the police concerned.

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PRE-PACKING OF MEDICINES INTO PATIENT READY PACKS

- 33. The pre-packing of medicines into patient ready packs must
 - (a) be carried out by a pharmacist or a veterinarian or under the supervision of a pharmacist or veterinarian;
 - (b) have a batch numbering system which contains all the information relating to the ingredients and the procedures used in preparing the patient ready pack;
 - (c) be carried out under the required temperature and humidity conditions;
 - (d) be carried out in an area of the premises specially used for pre-packing only; and
 - (e) be carried out in accordance with any requirements as determined by the Council.

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CONDUCT OF MEDICINE CLINICAL TRIALS

34. (1) A person desiring to initiate or conduct a clinical trial in respect of an unregistered medicine or a new indication of a registered medicine or substance, shall apply to the Council for authority to conduct such a clinical trial. (2) An application referred to in subregulation (1) shall be accompanied by a fee determined from time to time by the Council and shall contain at least the following information:

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- (a) trial protocol;
- investigator's brochure or relevant pharmacological and toxicological data and human experience with the substance concerned;
- (c) Curriculum Vitae of all investigators;
 - (d) signed declaration by the applicant and all investigators;
 - (e) patient information leaflet with regard to the substance;
 - (f) informed consent document(s); and,
 - (g) endorsement by any ethics committee recognised by the Council.
- (3) The clinical trial protocol referred to in paragraph (a) of subregulation (2) shall contain at least the following information:
 - (a) number of patients to be involved in the trial; [and]
 - (b) the name of an investigator who shall be a medical or dental practitioner, resident in the Republic, and must be in charge of the site where trials are conducted; and;
 - (c) any other information as determined by the Council.
- (4) Clinical trials must be conducted in accordance with guidelines for good clinical practice as may from time to time be determined by the Council.
- (5) No person shall conduct clinical trials referred to in subregulation (1) without the approval of the Council.

The person conducting the clinical trial must submit progress reports to the Council after every six months from the date when the clinical trial was started and immediately after the completion or termination of the clinical trial.

(7) Council may request additional information, inspect a clinical trial or terminate a license to conduct a clinical trial if it is of opinion that the safety of subjects is compromised, or that the scientific reasons for conducting the trial have changed.

SKILLS OF MEMBERS OF THE COUNCIL AND ITS COMMITTEES

35. The Council shall consist of the following:

- (a) at least three (3) persons who shall be medical practitioners and one such person shall be a paediatrician, another a specialist in internal medicine and another a specialist in public health:
- (b) an expert in clinical pharmacology:
- (c) an expert in pharmaceutical chemistry;
- (d) an expert in toxicology and drug safety;
- (e) an expert in biotechnology;
- (f) a pharmacist who is an expert in pharmaceutics;
- (g) one person with knowledge in Adverse Drug Events; and
- (h) an expert in Virology and Microbiology;
- (I) one person with specialised knowledge in veterinary clinical pharmacology;
- (m) (j) two veterinarians, one of whom shall be a veterinary surgeon and the other an expert in veterinary clinical pharmacology; one person with knowledge of medicines under category D; and

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(m) a person with expertise in law.

CONTROL OF MEDICINES IN HOSPITALS

- 36. (1) The responsible pharmacist as required under the Pharmacy Act, 1974, shall be responsible for the safe and secure keeping, purchase, storage, and dispensing of medicines in a hospital.
 - (2) The Council shall from time to time determine the manner in which the distribution, labelling, dispensing by nursing staff and pre-packing of medicines in a hospital shall be carried out.

ADVERSE DRUG REACTION

- 37. (1) The holder of a certificate of registration in respect of a medicine or Scheduled substance shall inform the Council of any serious or unexpected adverse drug reactions reported to him, her or it occurring as a result of the use of such a medicine.
 - (2) Subregulation (1) also applies in the case of unregistered medicines used in terms of section 21 of the Act.
 - (3) The holder of the certificate referred to in subregulation (1) or the applicant with regard to medicines referred to in subregulation (2), as the case may be, shall-

- (a) as soon as the report referred to in subregulation (1) is received, inform the Council of the steps to be taken to address the adverse drug reactions;
 - (b) whenever requested by the Council, conduct a concise critical analysis of the safety and efficacy profile of the medicine concerned and submit the results thereof to the Council within a specified time frame;
 - in the case where, after receipt of the results referred to in paragraph (b), the Council determines that the medicine may not be safe to use, submit if required to do so the Council:

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- (a) case reports of all adverse drug reactions in respect of the medicine; and
- (b) other pharmaco-vigilance data such as drug usage figures, periodic safety update reports, pharmacoepidemiology studies, etc;
 - (c) keep and maintain records of all adverse reaction data in respect of his, her or its medicines
 - (4) Nothing in this regulation shall be interpreted as prohibiting any person from reporting any adverse drug reaction to the Council.

SMALL SCALE MANUFACTURE OF ADMIXED PARENTERAL MIXTURES

38. (1) No person may compound an admixed parenteral solution unless such person is a pharmacist or is the holder of a licence issued in terms of section 22C of the Act

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- (2) An intravenous admixture can only be compounded or prepared under conditions, specifications and standards as determined by the Council.
- (3) The shelf life of the product referred to in subregulation (1) shall not exceed seven days.

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PRICING COMMITTEE

- 39. (1) The pricing committee contemplated in section 22G of the Act shall consist of no more than fifteen members, including
 - (a) one person nominated by the Minister of Finance;

- (b) one person nominated by the Minister of Trade and Industry;
- (c) one person representing the Department of Health;
 - (d) at least one person with background in pharmacology;
 - (e) at least one person with background in the law;
 - (f) at least one person with background in academic medical research;

(g) at least two persons with economics background, one of whom must be a health economist; and

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- (h) at least one person representing independent patient or consumer groups.
- (2) The Committee shall determine the procedure for the conduct of its business.

INVESTIGATIONS

- 40. The Council may conduct an investigation with regard to a medicine if-
 - (a) such a medicine is recalled in South Africa or any other country;
 - (b) adverse reaction is reported;
 - (c) the medicine is suspected or found not to comply with the requirements of the Act;
 - (d) there is an international alert with regard to such a medicine; or
 - (e) for any other reason, the Council deems it fit to conduct an investigation on the Medicine

PACKAGE INSERTS FOR VETERINARY MEDICINES

- 41. (1) The immediate container of a veterinary medicine that is sold must have the following information with regard to the medicine which is in at least English and in legible lettering:
 - (a) the proprietary name;
 - (b) scheduling status;
 - (c) dosage form;
 - (d) composition, using generic or approved names;
 - (e) pharmacological classification;
 - (f) pharmacological action;
 - (g) pharmacokinetic properties;
 - (h) contra-indications;
 - (i) warnings;
 - (j) side-effects and special precautions;
 - (k) known symptoms of overdose and particulars of its treatment;
 - (I) quantity and strength of active ingredients per dosage unit;
 - (m) storage instructions;
 - (n) registration number;
 - (o) name and business address of holder of certificate of registration; and

(p) any other information as the Council may from time to time, by guidelines, determine.

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(2) The Council may, upon application, authorise a deviation from subregulation (1).

PHARMACOLOGICAL CLASSIFICATION OF VETERINARY MEDICINES

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- 42. The following is a pharmacological classification of veterinary medicines:
 - (1) Central And Peripheral Nervous System
 - 1.1 Central nervous system stimulants
 - 1.1.1 Central analeptics
 - 1.1.2 Respiratory Stimulants
 - 1.2 Anaesthetics
 - 1.2.1 Inhalation anaesthetics
 - 1.2.2 Parenteral anaesthetics
 - 1.2.3 Local anaesthetics
 - 1.3 Narcotic analgesics
 - 1.3.1 Opioid agonists
 - 1.3.2 Opioid antagonists
 - 1.4 Sedatives
 - 1.4.1 Sedative hypnotics
 - 1.4.2 Sedative analgesics
 - 1.4.3 Sedative antagonists
 - 1.5 Anticonvulsants including anti-epileptics
 - 1.6 Tranquillisers
 - 1.6.1 Phenothiazine derivatives
 - 1.6.2 Buterophenone derivatives

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3.3.1	Centrally acting
3.3.2	Peripherally-acting
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Histam	ine inhibitors
4.1.1	Antihistamines

Histamine release inhibitors

- Serotonin antagonists 4.2
- 4.3 Others

(4)

4.1

(5) Cardio-Vascular System

- Positive inotropic agents 5.1
 - Cardiac glycosides 5.1.1
 - Methylxanthines 5.1.2
 - 5.1.3 Others
- Anti-arrhythmics 5.2
- Vasodilators 5.3
 - Peripheral-acting vasodilators 5.3.1
 - Angiotensin inhibitors 5.3.2
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 - Coagulants, haemostatics 6.1
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(7)	Resp	iratory S	vstem	and the state of t		
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	7.2	Muco	lytics			
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8.7 Antidiarrhoeals

- 8.7.1 Plain
- 8.7.2 With anti-microbial agents
- 8.7.3 Antimicrobial agents
- Biologicals 8.7.4
- 8.8 Analgesics

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	8.9	Digestants		No
	8.10	Preparations used in the rument	7	: *v.
		8.10.1 Ruminotorics	F	1 (* 2) 1 (* 2)
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10)	Urinary	y System		
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	10.1	Diuretics		
	10.2	Urolitholytics and antispasmodics		
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11)	Renro	ductive System	3.	
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	11.1	Intravaginal and intra-uterine preparations	: 2000 - 12	Political
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		11.2.2 Oestrogens	1,7,75	1, 14 6,
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11.2.4 Combinations

	11.4	Tropic hormones	is F		* 11.
	11.5	Myometrial stimulants (Ec	bolics)	or Britis	
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	11.7	Ovulation controlling agen	ts ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::		
(12)	Endoc	rine System		1.5	r s da ²
ai	12.1	Insulin preparations			e t
	12.2	Thyroid preparations			to the contract of
	12.3	Corticosteroids	a s	ket reg	Page 170
98 98 80	12.4	Growth Hormone			
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(13)	Derma	tologicals			19
	13.1	Disinfectants and cleaning		PROPERTY.	a .
4	13.2	Antiseptic and antimicrobia			
	13.3	Antipuritics	e Sa		
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	13.4	Emollients and protectives			(C)
	13.5	Rubefacients and counter-			18
	13.6	Keratolytics	es esta es es es	series (1965) 1966 - Albertan 1968	Lw r
*	13.7	Antifungals			
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13.8 Anti-parasitics

(14) Opninalmic And Aural Preparation	(14)	Ophthalmic And Aural I	Preparation
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- 14.1 Anti-infectives
- 14.2 Corticosteroids
- 14.3 Combinations (anti-infective with corticosteroids)
- 14.4 Others

(15) Wounds

- 15.1 Wound antiseptics
- 15.2 Wound dressings
- 15.3 Desloughing agents

(16) Mammary Gland

- 16.1 Intra-mammary preparations
- 16.2 Preparations for the care of teats and udders

(17) Antimicrobials

17.1 Antibacterials

17.1.1 Beta-lactams

17.1.1.1 Penicillins

17.1.1.2 Cephalosporins

- 17.1.2 Tetracyclines
- 17.1.3 Aminoglycosides
- 17.1.4 Macrolides and Lincosamides
- 17.1.5 Dichloroacetic acid derivatives
- 17.1.6 Quinolones
- 17.1.7 Sulphonamides and potentiators
- 17.1.8 Nitrofurans

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- 17.1.9 Polypeptides
- 17.1.10Other
- 17.1.11Antibacterial combinations
- 17.2 Antifungals
- 17.3 Antivirals
- 17.4 Anti-protozoals
 - 17.4.1 Anticoccidials
 - 17.4.2 Antibabesials
 - 17.4.3 Spirochaeticides
 - 17.4.4 Others

(18) Antiparasitic Agents

18.1 Endoparasiticides

- 18.1.1 Benzimidazoles and Probenzimidazoles
- 18.1.2 Macrocyclic lactones
- 18.1.3 Halogenated salicylanilides and Nitrophenols
- 18.1.4 Imidazoles
- 18.1.5 Tetrahydropyrimidines
- 18.1.6 Piperazines
- 18.1.7 Organophosphors
- 18.1.8 Others
- 18.1.9 Combinations

18.2 Endectocides

18.3 Ectoparasiticides

- 18.3.1 Organochlorines
- 18.3.2 Organophosphores
- 18.3.3 Pyrethrin and Pyrethroids
- 18.3.4 Formamidines
- 18.3.5 Nitroquanidines
- 18.3.6 Phenylpyrazoles
- 18.3.7 Insect growth hormones
- 18.3.8 Chitin inhibitors

18.3.9 Others 18.3.10Combinations

(19) Vitan	nins. Minera	ls And Geriatr	ic Preparations
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- 19.1 Vitamins only
- 19.2 Vitamin and mineral combinations
- 19.3 Minerals and electrolytes
- 19.4 Vitamins, electrolytes and aminoacid combinations
- (20) Cytostatic Modulating Agents
- (21) Immune Modulating Agents
- (22) Chelating Agents
- (23) Contrast Media
- (24) Biologicals
 - 24.1 Dogs vaccines
 - 24.2 Cats vaccines
 - 24.3 Poultry vaccines
 - 24.4 Other vaccines
 - 24.5 Other biologicals
- (25) Production Enhancers
 - 25.1 Antimicrobials
 - 25.2 Hormones 25.2.1 Sex hormones
 - 25.3 Beta agonists
 - 25.4 Other
 - (26) Fish Medicines

USE OF MEDICINES FOR THE PREVENTION OF MALARIA

43. (1) Any person who is employed by-

- (i) the National Parks Board;
- (i) the Board of Public Resorts:
- (k) the National Parks, Game and Fish Preservation Board; or
- (I) the department of nature conservation of any provincial administrations

may acquire, keep and use for the purpose of preventing malaria, the medicine referred to in sub-regulation (4).

- (2) At the place where such medicine is kept and used there shall be displayed, in a prominent manner, a poster which has been approved by the Council and there shall be freely available a supply of pamphlets concerning the use of such medicine, which pamphlets shall be approved by the Council.
- (3) Every employer referred to in sub-regulation (1) who implements the provisions of this regulation, shall-
 - (a) before the end of March of every year, furnish the Council with a statement reflecting the names and location of every place where such medicine is kept and used; and
 - (b) permit an inspector who has been duly authorised in terms of the Act to inspect such a place.
- (4) The medicine referred to in this regulation shall be tablets and liquids containing chloroquin sulphate, pyrimethamine and dapsone or combinations thereof in packs, the contents of which do not exceed 20 tablets or 50ml when in liquid form, or tablets which contain proguanil hydrocholide in packs, the contents of which do not exceed 100 tablets.

OFFENCES AND PENALTIES

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- 44. Any person who fails to comply with, contravenes the provisions of or wilfully furnished incorrect information in respect of -
 - (a) Sub-regulations (5) and (17) of Regulation 7 with regard to the parallel importation of medicines;
 - (b) Regulation 8 with regard to the labelling of medicines;
 - (c) Regulation 9 with regard to the package inserts;
 - (d) Regulation 10 with regard to the patient information leaflet;
 - (e) Regulation 11 with regard to the prescription book;

- (f) Regulation 12 with regard to the importation of medicines;
- (g) Regulation 14 with regard to the permits applied for and issued in terms of s 22A(9) of the Act;
- (h) Regulation 15 with regard to the importation or exportation of Schedule 6 and Schedule 7 substances;
- (i) Regulation 16 with regard to the possession of specified quantities of Schedules substances for personal medicinal use by persons entering or departing from the Republic;
- (j) Regulation 17 with regard to the information to be furnished annually to the Registrar by the holder of a permit to import or export Schedules 6 & 7 substances;
- (k) Regulation 18 with regard to the licence to compound and dispense medicines;
- Regulation 19 with regard to the licence to manufacture, act as a wholesaler or distributor of medicines;
- (m) Regulation 27 with regard to the disposal of medicines;
- (n) Regulation 28 with regard to the particulars which must appear on a prescription or order for medicine;
- (o) Regulation 29 with regard to the returns to be furnished in respect of schedule 6 & 7 medicines and specified substances;
- (p) Regulation 30 with regard to the register of schedule 5 & 6 medicines
- (q) Regulation 34 with regard to the conduct of clinical trials;
- (r) Regulation 41 with regard to the package inserts for veterinary medicines;
- (s) Regulation 45 with regard to compliance with these regulations.

shall upon conviction be liable to a fine, or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding 10 years.

COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS

- 45. (1) Every medicine shall comply with the standards and specifications which were furnished to the Council on the form prescribed by Regulation 22 and which have been accepted by the Council with regard to such medicine.
 - (2) Any proposed deviation from accepted standards and specifications as intended in subregulation (1) shall be submitted to the Council for prior approval and such deviation shall not be introduced before the said approval has been granted.

SAMPLES WITH APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION

46. The council may, with regard to the registration of biological medicines, require, in terms of section 15 (7) of the Act, that six samples of every lot, together with six copies of the protocols of testing of the bulk lot and filling lot and six copies of the certificate of release issued by the competent authority in the country in which the product was manufactured, be submitted to the council as a lot release condition.

ADVERTISING OF MEDICINES INTENDED FOR ADMINISTRATION TO HUMANS

- 47 (1) The undermentioned requirements shall apply to any advertisement of a medicine intended for administration to humans.
 - (2) (a) Medicines which do not contain a scheduled substance and medicines which contain a substance appearing in Schedule I or Schedule 2 may be advertised to the public; and
 - (b) Medicines which contain a substance appearing in Schedule 3, Schedule 4, Schedule 5, Schedule 6 or Schedule 7 may be advertised only for the information of medical practitioners, dentists, veterinarians and pharmacists or in a publication which is normally or only made available to members of the said professions.
 - (c) Paragraph (b) shall not be so construed as to prohibit the announcement to the public of the prices of medicines which contain a substance appearing in Schedule 3, Schedule 4, Schedule 5, Schedule 6 or Schedule 7.
 - (3) No advertisement for a medicine may contain a statement which deviates from, is in conflict with or goes beyond the evidence submitted in the application for registration of such medicine with regard 10 the safety of the use of the ingredients in human beings or the efficacy of such ingredients in relation to the purpose for which it is intended that they should be used, where such evidence has been accepted by the Council in respect of such medicine and incorporated into the approved package insert of such medicine.
 - (4) A written advertisement for a medicine shall contain
 - (a) the proprietary name of such medicine;
 - (b) the approved name and quantity of each active ingredient of such medicine in lettering having a minimum legibility as defined in regulation I (vi) of the regulations: Provided that, in the case of a medicine containing only one active ingredient, such

lettering shall be not less than one half the size of the largest lettering used for the said proprietary name;

- (c) in the case of-
- (i) a registered medicine, the registration number allocated to it in terms of section 15 (6); or
 - (ii) a medicine in respect of which an application for registration has been submitted in accordance with the provisions of section 14, the reference number allocated to such application by the Registrar, followed by the words '(Wet/Act 101/1965)'.
 - (d) in any case where a name other than the proprietary name is also used, such other name in lettering one half the size of the largest type size in which the proprietary name appears in such advertisement.
 - (5) In the case of an advertisement for a medicine which contains more than one active ingredient, no specific reference shall be made to the specific properties of any individual active ingredient unless a reference of this nature has been approved by the Council for inclusion in the package insert of such medicine.
 - (6) When a medicine is advertised orally for the first time by or on behalf of the applicant to any member of the medical or dental profession or the pharmaceutical profession, written information, which shall include at least the information called for in terms of regulation 10, shall simultaneously be given 10 the person to whom the oral advertisement is directed, and when the medicine is advertised orally on subsequent occasions such information shall be available on request.

RULES RELATING TO THE CONDUCT OF BUSINESS OF THE COUNCIL

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- 48. In addition to the provisions concerning the conducting of the business of the Council as prescribed in the Act, the following additional rules shall apply:
 - (1) Notices convening ordinary and special meetings of the Council shall be signed by the Registrar, and shall specify the business to be transacted at the meeting. They shall be sent by post or by hand to each member and issued, in the case of ordinary meetings, at least ten (10) days before the date for which the meeting is convened. In the case of special meetings such notice shall be given as the Chairperson may deem sufficient, and, if necessary, may be given by telegram or telephone. If all members agree, a specific meeting can be convened at shorter notice, or without written notice.
 - (2) No business shall be transacted at a meeting other than that specified in the notice relating thereto, except matters which the Council shall resolve to deal with as urgent.

- (3) The Council may adjourn a meeting to any day or hour, but no business shall be transacted at an adjourned meeting except such as was set out in the notice convening the meeting of which it is an adjournment, other than matters which are brought forward in accordance with the preceding rule.
- (4) An attendance register of any members attending a meeting shall be kept by the Registrar.
- (5) Any member desirous of bringing any matter before the Council shall forward in writing to the Registrar at least 30 days before the date for which a meeting is to be convened, a written notice of his motion, and the notice of his motion shall appear in the notice convening the meeting and shall be considered with the other business to be brought before the Council in the order indicated.
- (6) No matter shall be considered unless due notice has been given in accordance with the preceding rule, unless permission is obtained from the meeting to bring it forward as a motion. Should the motion find no seconder, it shall not be further considered.
- (7) The quorum of any committee established under section 9 (I) (b) of the Act and of the Executive Committee shall consist of the majority of the members of the relevant committee.
- (8) The Registrar shall, when the Council is not sitting, refer, as far as possible, all matters within the terms of reference of a committee to such committee, and such committee shall, if possible, report thereon to the next meeting of the Council. This rule shall not apply to matters of ordinary routine or such matters, the principle of which has already been laid down by regulation or resolution of the Council.
- (9) The rules of procedure laid down herein for the conduct of ordinary and special meetings of the Council shall apply, mutatis mutandis, to meetings of committees.
- (10) Copies of reports of committees shall, whenever practicable, be forwarded to each member of the Council with the notice convening the meeting at which such reports are to be considered.

- The proceedings of meetings of the Council shall be preserved in the form of (11)typewritten minutes authenticated, after confirmation, at the next meeting by the signature of the Chairperson.
- (12)(a) The minutes of each meeting of the Council and the Executive Committee shall contain a resume of the subject matter dealt with, and such motions and amendments as have been proposed and adopted or rejected, with the names of the proposer and seconder, but without any comment or observation of the members. TO DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY
 - The minutes of all meetings of committees of the Council established under (b) section 9 (1) (b) of the Act shall contain a rdsum6 of the subject matter dealt with and resolutions adopted, but without any comment or observation of the members.

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- (13) The Registrar shall forward a copy of the minutes of each meeting of the Council and of any committee to all members of the Council as soon as reasonably possible after the in the restricting and restriction of the meeting has been held.
- (14) The minutes may be taken as read: Provided that any member may move that a particular minute should be read with a view to such correction therein or addition thereto as may be found necessary.
- (15)At the opening of each separate session of the Council, opportunity shall be given to members to put questions with regard to the work of the Council, which questions shall be answered forthwith, if possible, or if not, at a later session by the Chairperson or by such office-bearer or official as the Chairperson may direct. No discussion thereon shall be permitted.
 - (16) The agenda for every meeting of the Council or of a committee of the Council shall be compiled by the Registrar in consultation with the Chairperson and shall include the following:
 - (a) Confirmation of the minutes of the previous meeting;
 - (b) matters arising from the minutes of the previous meeting;
 - (c) reports of standing committees;
 - (d) motions

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- (e) corespondence;
- (f) general.

It shall, however, be competent for a member of the Council to move at a particular meeting that any item appearing on the agenda for that particular meeting of the Council be advanced in the agenda.

- (17) All motions and amendments shall, unless otherwise permitted by the Chairperson, be committed to writing and signed by the mover, and, before they are spoken to by other members, shall be read by the Chairperson or by the Registrar under the authority of the Chairperson, and seconded. All formal amendments shall be so framed that they may be read as independent motions. An amendment shall be relevant to the motion it is intended to amend, and shall not alter the original motion in such a way as to make it virtually a new motion. It shall be so framed as-
 - (a) to add or insert certain words; or
 - (b) to omit certain words; or
 - (c) to omit certain words and add or insert others.
- (18) No motion or amendment shall be withdrawn after having been read by the Chairperson or by the authority of the Chairperson unless by permission of the Council.

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- (19) The seconder of a motion or of an amendment may reserve his speech until any period of the debate.
- (20) If an amendment be proposed, it may be followed by other amendments, and the last amendment shall be considered first.

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- (21) Should every amendment be rejected, the original motion shall then be put to the vote.
- (22) If an amendment be carried, it shall then be regarded as a substantive motion and, as to further amendments, in all other *respects* be treated as an original motion.
- (23) When a motion is under debate, no further proposal shall be received except one of the following:
 - (a) An amendment, namely, "that the motion be amended as follows: ...";
 - (b) the postponement of the question, namely, "that the meeting do proceed to the next business'.";
 - (c) the closure, namely, "that the question be now put";

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- (d) the adjournment of the debate, namely, "that the debate on the motion be adjourned"; or
- (e) the adjournment of the Council, namely, "that the Council do now adjourn".
- (24) When an amendment is under debate, no further proposal shall be received except one of the following:
 - (a) An amendment, namely, "that the motion be amended as follows:...";
 - (b) the closure, namely, "that the question be now, put";
 - (c) the adjournment of the debate, namely, "that the debate on the motion be adjourned"; or
 - (d) the adjournment of the Council, namely, "that the Council do now adjourn".
- (25) The proposal for the postponement of the question (which may specify a date for the further consideration of the question) shall be made and seconded without debate, and may be moved at any time, even during debate on an amendment. If the proposal is carried, the question shall be dropped from the programme of business. If it is lost, the debate shall proceed.
- (26) The proposal for the closure shall be made and seconded without debate and shall be put forthwith. Should the proposal be carried, the motion or amendment under debate shall at once be voted on by the Council.
- (27) If the proposal for the adjournment of the debate is carried, the Council shall pass to the next item on the programme of business and the debate shall be resumed at the next ordinary meeting of the Council. The proposer of the adjournment shall, on the resumption of the debate, be entitled to speak first.
- (28) If the proposal for the adjournment of the Council is proposed and seconded, it shall be competent for the Chairperson, before putting the question, to take the opinion of the Council as to whether it shall, before rising, proceed to the transaction of unopposed business.
 - (29) A motion to rescind a resolution, which has been passed at a previous meeting, shall be considered only if notice thereof has been given in terms of rule (6). It shall be passed if a majority of the votes recorded is in its fervour. A motion to rescind a resolution which has been passed during a session of the Council may, however, notwithstanding what is prescribed above, be considered at the same session of the Council, provided that written notice thereof is given that the matter be considered on a subsequent day of that session. It shall be passed only if two thirds of the votes recorded are in its favour.

- (30) The Registrar shall embody in the minutes any rulings of the Chairperson as to the interpretation of these rules, if so requested by a member at the time of the ruling.
- (31) Notice may be given of a motion to review any ruling of the Chairperson as to the interpretation of these rules, if so requested by a member at the time of the ruling.
- (32) Notice may be given of a motion to review any ruling of the Chairperson, and when given shall constitute an instruction to' the Executive Committee to consider and report to the Council on such ruling and shall be placed on the agenda.
- (33) The ruling of the chairperson of any committee on a point of order may, on the request of any two members of the committee present at the meeting at which such ruling was given, be reviewed by the Executive Committee, which may, if it thinks fit, direct that such ruling shall be cancelled or amended, and the decision of the Executive Committee shall be acted on by the chairperson of the committee whose ruling is called in question unless and until reversed by the Council. If any ruling of the Chairperson of the Executive Committee is called in question, the Chairperson shall vacate the chair while the matter is under discussion: Provided, however, that no ruling may be discussed or reviewed during the meeting of the committee at which it has been given.
- (34) If any member dissents from the opinion of the majority and wishes to have his dissent recorded, he shall state so forthwith; such dissent shall then be entered in the minutes.

OBTAINING OF PETHIDINE OR PREPARATIONS OR ADMIXTURES THEREOF BY REGISTERED MIDWIVES

- **49.** (1) Any person registered as a midwife, in terms of the Nursing Act. 1978 (Act 50 of 1978), who wishes to purchase, acquire or keep for administration in a midwifery case, the scheduled substances set out on a list as determined by Council shall apply in writing to the Director-General for a permit.
 - (2) An application referred to in subregulation (1) shall contain the following information:
 - (a) the type of midwifery service for which the scheduled substances are required;
 - (b) the name, in full, of the applicant, together with proof of current registration with the South African Nursing Council;
 - (c) the registered name and address of the pharmacy from which the applicant intends to obtain the scheduled substances:

- (d) the name, strength, and quantity of every scheduled substance required; and
- (e) the precise quantities of the maximum supply of all scheduled substances for which the permit is requested.
- (3) The Director General may, upon receipt of such application and after making such enquiries as he or she may deem necessary, issue a permit authorising the applicant to purchase, acquire, keep or administer the requested scheduled substances from the said pharmacy.
- (4) The permit shall be issued in a form as determined by the Director-General and in triplicate, and the original shall be sent to the pharmacy, the duplicate to the applicant (registered midwife) and the third copy shall be retained by the Director General.
- (5) A permit referred to in subregulation (3) shall be issued subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) the applicant shall keep a register of scheduled substances in the form as determined by Council, in which shall be entered the following particulars with regard to scheduled substances in Part (a):
 - (i) Schedule number;
 - (ii) name of substance;
 - (iii) Strength; and
 - (iv) maximum supply.
 - (b) the pharmacist supplying the scheduled substances shall enter the following particulars in Part (b) in the register of scheduled substances kept by the midwife:
 - (i) date of supply;
 - (ii) number of permit;
 - (iii) quantity of medicine supplied;
 - (iv) name and address of pharmacy; and
 - (v) the pharmacist's signature.
 - (c) The midwife shall sign in the presence of the pharmacist for receipt of the scheduled substances in the register of scheduled substances.
 - (d) The registered midwife shall enter the following particulars in Part (c) of the register or scheduled substances after administration of the scheduled substances:
 - (i) date and time of administration;
 - (ii) name and address of patient;

- (iii) quantity administered;
- (iv) full signature;
- (v) qualifications;
- (vi) reason for administration; and
- (vii) the balance on hand.
- (6) The applicant shall be personally responsible for keeping all scheduled substances purchased or acquired in terms of a permit in safe-keeping.
- (7) The holder of a permit shall at all times, at the request of any person duly authorised by the Director-General for purposes of inspection, produce the said permit, register of scheduled substances and quantity of scheduled substances in his or her possession.
- (8) The Director General may at any time, by notice to the applicant cancel or withdraw the permit;
- (9) On receipt of notification of cancellation or withdrawal, the applicant shall personally hand over the permit and register of scheduled substances, together with any scheduled substances still in his or her possession, to the Director General for disposal.
- (10)If the applicant is for one reason or another not able to hand over the items referred to in subregulation (9) in person, the items may be collected from the applicant by the Director General or a duly authorised representative of the Director-General.

(11) The Director General shall:

- (a) keep a register of all permits issued to midwives;
- (b) inform the Registrar of the South African Nursing Council-
 - (i) before the end of February of each year of the full names and addresses of all persons to whom permits have been issued;
 - (ii) of the full name and address of every midwife whose permit has been cancelled or withdrawn, together with the reasons for such action.
- (12) A permit issued in terms of this regulation may be renewed.
- (13) A permit shall contain the following information:
 - (a) permit number;

- (b) the name, qualifications and official designation of the authorised official who issued such a permit, in an instance where the Director-General has delegated the power to issue such a permit;
- (c) the name, and address of the registered midwife;
- (d) scheduled substances to be purchased, and their strength, dosage form and qualities, and
- (e) the name, address of the supplier of such scheduled substance who shall be a pharmacist.

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LABELLING FOR VETERINARY MEDICINE

- 50. (1) Save as provided in subregulations (2), (3) and (4) of this regulation, the immediate container of every package in which a veterinary medicine is sold shall have a label attached on which only the following particulars pertaining to the contents of such package shall appear, such particulars to be stated in clearly legible, indelible lettering in English and at least one other official language:
 - (a) The words 'Veterinary Medicine';
 - (b) the proprietary name of such medicine;
 - (c) the registration number allocated to such medicine under section 15 (6) of the Act or, in the case of a medicine in respect of which an application for registration has been submitted in accordance with the provisions and requirements of regulation 39 (I) (a) or (2), the reference number allocated to such application by the Registrar, followed by the words '(Wet/Act 101/1965)';
 - (d) the dosage form of the medicine;
 - (e) the approved name of each active ingredient of the medicine and the quantity thereof contained in a dosage unit or per suitable mass or volume or unit in lettering which shall not be less than-
 - (i) in the case of a medicine containing only one active ingredient, one half the size of the largest lettering which is used for the said proprietary name;
 - (ii) in the case of a medicine which contains more than one but less than six active ingredients, one-quarter the size of the largest lettering which is used for the said proprietary name;
 - (iii) in the case of a medicine containing more than six active ingredients, the minimum type size permitted by this regulation: Provided that such lettering shall have a minimum legibility as defined in regulation (1) (vi) of the regulations;

- (f) the name and percentage of any bacteriostatic or bactericidal agent which has been added to the medicine as a preservative;
- (g) the content of the medicine package expressed in the appropriate unit or volume of the medicine;
- (g) where practicable, the indications for use of the medicine;
- (h) where practicable, the recommended dosage of the medicine;
- (i) where applicable, the instruction 'Shake the bottle before use';
- in the case of a medicine intended for injection by a particular route of administration only, that route of administration by means of suitable words or abbreviations;
- (k) in the case of a medicine listed in any Schedule to the Act, the letter 'S' followed by the number of the relevant Schedule, in a prominent type size and face and surrounded by a square border, immediately preceding the proprietary name of such medicine;
- (I) the lot number of the medicine;
- (m) the expiry date of the medicine;
- (n) the name of the applicant for the said medicine as contemplated in regulation2;
- (o) the requirements regarding the manner in which the medicine shall be stored with specific reference to the applicable storage temperature and other precautions required for the preservation of the medicine;
- (q) where applicable, the statement: 'For external use only';
- (r) the warning: 'Keep out of reach of children and uninformed persons';
- (s) in the case of any medicine intended to be used in food animals and involving the possibility of the ingredients of such medicine or metabolites thereof being present in the eggs, milk or tissue of such animals, a warning, to be approved by the Council, regarding the withdrawal period of such medicine; and
- (t) any specified warning which, in terms of the provisions of section 15 (7), has to be included on the label of a particular medicine as a condition of registration of that medicine.
- (2) If the medicine package bears both an immediate container label and an outer label, the requirements of subregulation (1) shall apply to the outer label as well: Provided that it shall be sufficient to give on the immediate container label-

- (i) in the case of medicines intended for administration by injection and having a total volume not exceeding 5 mil, the details prescribed in paragraphs (a), (b), (e), (k), (/)
 (m) and (n) of subregulation (1);
- (ii) in the case of an ointment, cream, gel or powder having a nett mass not exceeding 10 grams, the details prescribed in paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (e), (i), (m), (n) and (o) of subregulation (1);
- (iii) in the case of a liquid, solution or suspension having a total volume more than 1 ml but not exceeding 15 ml, the details prescribed in paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (l), (m), (n), and (o) of subregulation (1);
- (iv) in the case of a liquid, solution or suspension having a total volume not exceeding I ml, the details prescribed in paragraphs (a), (b) and (o) of subregulation (1);
- (v) in the case of a medicine packed in blister or similar packaging, the details prescribed in paragraphs (a), (b), (m), (n) and (o) of subregulation (1), repeated as frequently as is practicable.
- (3) The Council may, on application to it by an applicant, authorise the inclusion on the label of a medicine of any specified information, which is not required by this regulation to be so included.
- (4) The requirements of subregulation (1) shall not necessarily apply to a medicine excluded therefrom by the Minister in terms of section 36 or to-
 - (a) any medicine sold in accordance with the provisions of section 14 (4) for the treatment of a specific animal;
 - (b) any medicine sold by a veterinarian or pharmacist in the course of his professional activities for the treatment of a particular animal; or
 - (c) any medicine sold by a pharmacist in accordance with a prescription issued by a veterinarian for treatment of a particular animal:

Provided that such medicine shall be sold in a package to which is attached a label containing the following information:

- (i) The name of the medicine or the name of each active ingredient or constituent medicine, unless the relevant prescription issued by the veterinarian concerned has been clearly marked with the words 'non nomen propium';
- (ii) the name of the person to whom such medicine has been sold and a description, as accurate as possible, of the animals for which the treatment is intended;
- (iii) the directions for the use of such medicine;
- (iv) the name and address of the veterinarian of pharmacist who has sold such medicine;
- (v) the reference number allocated to the sale of the medicine as referred to in

regulation 28 (1) (e); and

if applicable, the warning, referred to in paragraph (s) of subregulation (1), regarding the withdrawal period of such medicine.

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REPEAL

The regulations published under Government Notice No R352 in Government Gazette No. 51. 4594 (Regulation Gazette No. 2117) of 21 February 1975 and amended by the following Government Notices: No R1188 IN Government Gazette No 5209 of 9 July 1976; No R1195 IN Government Gazette No 5631 of 1 July 1977; No R538 IN Government Gazette No 5936 of 17 March 1978; No R2030 IN Government Gazette N 6654 of 14 September 1979; No R384 in Government Gazette No 6867 of 29 February 1980; No R777 in Government Gazette No 7542 of 10 April 1981; Nos R2311 and R2312 in Government Gazette 8942 of 21 October 1983 9as amended by No 2619 in Government in Government Gazette No 8985 of 2December 1983); No 2086 in Government Gazette No 9428 of 21 September 1984; No 2217 in Government Gazette No 9952 of 4 October 1985; No R524 in Government Gazette No 10152 of 21 March 1986; No 617 in Government Gazette No 10172 of 4 April 1986; No 1134 in Government Gazette No 10269 of 13 June 1986 9as amended by No 1763 of 29 August 1986); No 2098 in Government Gazette No 10476 of 3 October 1986; No R 2311 in Government Gazette No 10988 of 16 October 1987; No R 2346 IN Government Gazette No 10996 of 23 October 1987; No R2466 in Government Gazette No 11021 of 6 November 1987; No R1001 in Government Gazette No 11318 of 27 May 1988; No R1088 in Government Gazette No 11333 of 10 June 1988; No R236 in Government Gazette No 11699 of 17 February 1989; No R2108 IN Government Gazette No 127726 of 7 September 1990; No R113 in Government Gazette No 12986 of 25 January 1991; No R2316 IN Government Gazette No 14220 of 7 August 1992; No R3123 in Government Gazette No 14395 of 13 November 1992; No R621 in Government Gazette No 15596 of 31 March 1994; No R1833 IN Government Gazette No 16040 of 28 October 1994; No R189 in Government Gazette No 16254 of 10 February 1995 are hereby repealed.

ME TSHABALALA-MSIMANG MINISTER OF HEALTH

GENERAL NOTICE

NOTICE 1407 OF 2001

The Minister of Health intends to table in Parliament, this year, the Medical Schemes Amendment Bill, 2001 ("the Bill").

The Bill is hereby published for public comment.

Interested persons are invited to submit, within six weeks after the date of publication of this notice, comments regarding the proposed Bill to the Minister of Health, Private Bag X828 PRETORIA, 0001 (for the attention of the Director-General: Health)

P. C. 1

GENERAL EXPLANATORY NOTE:

•	277	Words in bold type in square brackets indicate omissions from existing enactments.	
	Words underlined wi	th a solid line indicate li	nsertions in existing
e :			

DRAFT BILL

To amend the Medical Schemes Act, 1998, so as to extend certain rights of members to their dependants; to explicitly prohibit discrimination on the basis of age; to distinguish between medical schemes and legitimate health insurance products; to further regulate the practice of reinsurance; to restrict the circumstances in which waiting periods may be applied; to improve the powers of the Council and the Registrar to act in the interests of members and their dependants; to regulate the marketing of entities doing the business of a medical scheme; to provide for the more frequent submission of returns to the Registrar; to determine the circumstances in which inspections may be made; to clarify the powers of the Registrar in regard to the investigation and resolution of complaints; to provide for the granting of urgent temporary orders; to further restrict the persons who may be appointed as auditors of medical schemes; to further restrict the persons who may serve as trustees of a medical scheme, and to further clarify their duties; to restrict the persons who may serve as principal officers of a medical scheme; to limit the purposes for which medical schemes may compensate brokers and provide for the regulation of their professional conduct; to remove the requirement for staff of the Council to be members of the Government Employees Pension Fund; and to provide for incidental matters.

BE IT ENACTED by the Parliament of the Republic of South Africa, as follows:-

Amendment of section 1 of Act 131 of 1998

- Section 1 of the Medical Schemes Act, 1998 (hereinafter called the principal Act), is hereby amended
 - by the insertion after the definition of "Appeal Board" of the following definition:

 "beneficiary' means a member or a person enrolled or admitted as a dependant of a member:";
 - (b) by the insertion after the definition of "board of trustees" of the following definition:

"broker' means a person whose business, or part thereof, entails providing a service or advice in respect of the introduction of prospective members to a medical scheme;";

(c) in the definition of "business of a medical scheme," by the addition after paragraph (c), of the following words:

"and shall include any insurance policy, savings vehicle or any risk pooling mechanism which provides directly or indirectly for the defraying of expenditure incurred in connection with the rendering of any relevant health service;";

- by the substitution for the definition of "complaint" of the following definition:

 "complaint' means a complaint of a complainant against any person required to be registered or accredited in terms of this Act, or any person whose professional activities are regulated by this Act, and alleging that such person has []
 - (a) acted, or failed to act, in contravention of this Act; or
 - (b) acted improperly in relation to any matter which falls within the jurisdiction of the Council;":
- (e) in the definition of "dependant," by the substitution for paragraph (b) of the following paragraph:

"any other person who, under the rules of a medical scheme, is recognised as a dependant of [such] a member and is eligible for benefits under the rules of the medical scheme;";

by the insertion after the definition of "Registrar" of the following definitions:

"reinsurance contract' means a contract for the purchase of an insurance policy in terms of section 20(2) of the Act:

'reinsurer' means an insurer []

- (a) registered or deemed to be registered as a long-term insurer in terms of section 7 of the Long-term Insurance Act, 1998 (Act No. 52 of 1998), and authorized to carry on the business of reinsurance in terms of that section; or
- (b) registered or deemed to be registered as a short-term insurer in terms of section 7 of the Short-term Insurance

 Act, 1998 (Act No. 53 of 1998), and authorized to carry on the business of reinsurance in terms of that section:"

Amendment of section 7 of

- (i) have been submitted to the Registrar; and
- (ii) comply with any requirements as may be prescribed."

Amendment of section 24 of Act 131 of 1998

- 7. Section 24 of the principal Act is hereby amended in subsection (2) -
 - (a) by the substitution for paragraph (a) of the following paragraph:
 - "(a) [a member] members of the board of trustees [or] and the principal officer of the proposed medical scheme [is a] are fit and proper [person] persons to hold the [office] offices concerned;";
 - (b) by the substitution for paragraph (e) of the following paragraph:
 - "(e) the medical scheme does not or will not unfairly discriminate directly or indirectly against any person on one or more arbitrary grounds including race, age, gender, marital status, ethnic or social origin, sexual orientation, pregnancy, disability and state of health; and".

Amendment of section 28 of Act 131 of 1998

- 8. Section 28 of the principal Act is hereby amended by the substitution for paragraph (c) of the following paragraph:
 - "(c) claim or accept benefits in respect of himself or herself or any dependant from any medical scheme other than the medical scheme of which he or she is a [member or a dependant] beneficiary.".

Amendment of section 29 of Act 131 of 1998

- 9. Section 29 of the principal Act is hereby amended -
 - (a) in subsection (1) -
 - (i) by the substitution for paragraph (o) of the following paragraph:
 - "(o) The scope and level of minimum benefits that are to be available to [members and dependants] beneficiaries as may be prescribed.":
 - (ii) by the substitution for paragraph (s) of the following paragraph:
 - "(s) The continuation [, subject to the prescribed conditions,] of the membership of a member, who retires from the service of his or her employer or whose employment is terminated by his or her employer on account of age, ill-health or other disability and his or her dependants.";
 - (iii) by the substitution for paragraph (t) of the following paragraph:
 - "(t) For continued membership of a member's dependants[, subject to the prescribed conditions,] after the death of that member, until such dependant becomes a member of, or is admitted as a dependant of a member of another medical scheme.";
 - (b) in subsection (3), by the substitution for paragraph (c) of the following paragraph:
 - "(c) for the imposition of waiting periods [or new restrictions] on account of the state of health of any [member who has been a member or a dependant of a member of another medical scheme for a continuous period of at least two years and whose membership has been terminated because of change of employment and who applies for membership within three months after the termination of membership from the other medical scheme] beneficiary except as may be prescribed."

Amendment of section 30 of Act 131 of 1998

10. Section 30 of the principal Act is hereby amended in subsection (1)(a), by the substitution for the word "members" of the word "beneficiaries".

Amendment of section 32 of Act 131 of 1998

11. Section 32 of the principal Act is hereby amended by the substitution for the word "members" of the word "beneficiaries".

Amendment of section 34 of Act 131 of 1998

12. Section 34 of the principal Act is hereby amended in subsection (2), by the substitution for the word "member" of the word "beneficiary".

Amendment of section 35 of Act 131 of 1998

- Section 35 of the principal Act is hereby amended -
 - (a) in subsection (6), by the substitution for the portion following paragraph (d), of the following:
 - "without the prior approval of the Council or subject to such directives as the Council may make.";
 - (b) in subsection (12)(b), by the substitution for the word "members" of the word "beneficiaries".

Amendment of section 36 of Act 131 of 1998

- Section 36 of the principal Act is hereby amended -
 - (a) by the substitution for subsection (2) of the following subsection:
 - "(2) The appointment of an auditor [other than the re-appointment that does not involve a break in the continuity of the appointment,] shall not take effect unless it has been approved by the Registrar, subject to such conditions as he or she may deem fit.";
 - (b) in subsection (3), by the addition of the following paragraphs, the existing paragraphs (b) and (c) becoming paragraphs (d) and (e) respectively:
 - "(b) a person who is an employee or officer of it:
 - (c) a person who is an employee or officer of its administrator, or of the holding company, subsidiary, joint venture or associate of its administrator;".

Amendment of section 37 of Act 131 of 1998

- 15. Section 37 of the principal Act is hereby amended by the addition of the following subsection:
 - "(6) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this section, the Registrar may require the board of trustees to prepare and furnish to him or her financial statements, in any specified medium or form, at such intervals as he or she may deem necessary."

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Amendment of section 41 of Act 131 of 1998

- 16. Section 41 of the principal Act is hereby amended
 - in subsection (1), in the portion preceding paragraph (a), by the substitution for the word "member" of the word "beneficiary";
 - (b) in subsection (2), by the substitution for the word "member" of the word "beneficiary".

Amendment of section 43 of Act 131 of 1998

17. The following section is hereby substituted for section 43 of the principal Act:

"Enquiries by Registrar

43. The Registrar may address enquiries to a medical scheme in relation to any matter connected with the business or transactions of the medical scheme, and the medical scheme shall reply in writing thereto within a period of 30 days as from the date on which the Registrar addressed the enquiry to it, or within such [further period as the Registrar may, at the request of the medical scheme, allow] other period as the Registrar may specify."

Amendment of section 44 of Act 131 of 1998

- 18. Section 44 of the principal Act is hereby amended by the addition of the following subsection, the existing subsections (4) to (10) becoming subsections (5) to (11) respectively:
 - "(4) The Registrar may order an inspection in terms of this section-
 - (a) if he or she is of the opinion that such an inspection will provide evidence of any irredularity or of non-compliance with this Act by any person; or

(b) for purposes of routine monitoring of compliance with this Act by a medical scheme or any other person.".

Amendment of section 47 of Act 131 of 1998

- 19. Section 47 of the principal Act is hereby amended by the addition of the following subsection:
 - "(3) The Registrar may refuse to investigate a complaint lodged in terms of this section if he or she is satisfied that other more appropriate avenues for resolution of the complaint have not been exhausted, in which case the complainant shall be advised by the Registrar of the recommended alternative course of action."

Insertion of section 47A in Act 131 of 1998

20. The following section is hereby inserted in the principal Act after section 47:

"Urgent temporary orders

- 47A. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Act, if the Registrar is of the opinion that conduct complained of in a complaint lodged with the Council in terms of section 47 may result in serious or irreparable prejudice to the complainant unless the complaint is addressed on an urgent basis, the Registrar may
 - (a) require the party complained against to furnish the Registrar with his or her written comments to the complaint in a period shorter than 30 days, taking into account the nature of the complaint:
 - (b) issue an order to the party complained against to perform any act, or to suspend any activity or operation, pertaining to the complaint, pending resolution of the complaint; and
 - (c) as soon as possible after issuing such an order, take such steps as he or she may deem necessary to resolve the complaint.".

Amendment of section 48 of Act 131 of 1998

- Section 48 of the principal Act is hereby amended -
 - (a) by the substitution for subsection (1) of the following subsection:
 - "(1) Any person who may be aggrieved by any decision of the Registrar relating to the settlement of a complaint or dispute may appeal against such decision to the Council.";

(b) by the substitution for subsection (2) of the following subsection:
"(2) The operation of any decision which is the subject of an appeal under subsection (1), other than the decision to issue an order under section 47A(b), shall be suspended pending the decision of the Council on such appeal."

Amendment of section 51 of Act 131 of 1998

- 22. Section 51 of the principal Act is hereby amended -
 - (a) in subsection (1), by the substitution for the word "members" of the word "beneficiaries";
 - (b) in subsection (4)(b), by the substitution for the word "members" of the word "beneficiaries".

Amendment of section 52 of Act 131 of 1998

23. Section 52 of the principal Act is hereby amended in subsection (4)(b), by the substitution for the word "members" of the word "beneficiaries".

Amendment of section 53 of Act 131 of 1998

- Section 53 of the principal Act is hereby amended -
 - (a) in subsection (2), by the substitution for the word "members" of the word "beneficiaries";
 - (b) in subsection (3)(b), by the substitution for the word "members" of the word "beneficiaries".

Amendment of section 56 of Act 131 of 1998

25. Section 56 of the principal Act is hereby amended in subsection (1), by the substitution for the word "members" of the word "beneficiaries".

Amendment of section 57 of Act 131 of 1998

- 26. Section 57 of the principal Act is hereby amended -
 - (a) by the substitution for subsection (3) of the following subsection:
 - "(3) A person shall not be a member of the board of trustees of a medical scheme if that person -

- (a) is a director or an employee of an administrator of that medical scheme:
 - (b) is the principal officer of that medical scheme; or
 - (c) as part of his or her business, provides a service or advice in respect of the introduction of prospective members to that medical scheme.":
- (b) in subsection (4), by the substitution for paragraph (f) of the following paragraph:
 - "(f) take out and maintain an appropriate level of professional indemnity insurance and fidelity guarantee insurance [from and up to such amount as the medical scheme's auditor, with the concurrence of the Registrar, may determine];":
- (c) in subsection (6), in paragraphs (a) and (b) respectively, by the substitution for the word "members" of the word "beneficiaries":
- (d) by the addition of the following subsection:
 - "(7) A person shall not be a principal officer of a medical scheme if that person -
- (a) is an employee or officer of its administrator, or of the holding company, subsidiary, joint venture or associate of its administrator; and
 - (b) is not employed as a principal officer by that medical scheme.".

Amendment of section 59 of Act 131 of 1998

- 27. Section 59 of the principal Act is hereby amended by the substitution for subsection (1) of the following subsection:
 - "(1) A supplier of a service who has rendered any service to a [member or a dependant of such a member] beneficiary in terms of which an account has been rendered, shall, notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, furnish to the member concerned an account or statement reflecting such particulars as may be prescribed."

Amendment of section 63 of Act 131 of 1998

28. Section 63 of the principal Act is hereby amended in subsection (7)(a), by the substitution for the word "members" of the word "beneficiaries".

Amendment of section 65 of Act 131 of 1998

29. Section 65 of the principal Act is hereby amended -

- (a) by the substitution for subsection (1) of the following subsection:
 - "(1) A medical scheme may compensate a broker in the prescribed manner, in accordance with its rules, for -
 - (a) the introduction or admission of a member to that medical scheme; and
 - (b) for ongoing services to that medical scheme as prescribed.";
- (b) by the substitution for subsection (2) of the following subsection:
 - "(2) The Minister may prescribe the amount of the compensation which, the category of [persons] brokers to whom, the conditions upon which, and any other circumstances under which, a medical scheme may compensate any [person] broker in terms of subsection (1).";
- (c) by the substitution for subsection (3) of the following subsection:
 - "(3) No person shall be compensated for providing services relating to the introduction or admission of a member to a medical scheme in terms of subsection (1) unless the Council has [, in a particular case or in general,] granted accreditation to such a person on payment of such fees and on submission of such information as prescribed.";
- (d) by the addition of the following subsection:
 - "(5) A medical scheme may not directly or indirectly compensate a broker other than in terms of this section.".

Amendment of section 66 of Act 131 of 1998

- 30. Section 66 of the principal Act is hereby amended in subsection (1) -
 - (a) by the substitution for paragraph (f) of the following paragraph:
 - "(f) compensates, or causes to be compensated, any [person for the introduction or admission of a member] broker other than in terms of section 65 [or the consenting to keep a member in a medical scheme, shall, subject to the provisions of subsection (2), be guilty of an offence],";
 - (b) by the substitution for the portion following paragraph (f), of the following:

 "shall, subject to the provisions of subsection (2), be guilty of an offence, and liable on conviction to a fine and imprisonment for a period not exceeding five years or both a fine and imprisonment."

Amendment of section 67 of Act 131 of 1998

31. Section 67 of the principal Act is hereby amended in subsection (1) -

- (a) by the substitution for paragraph (b) of the following paragraph:
 - "(b) the conditions subject to which any person who has terminated his or her membership of a medical scheme shall be enrolled as a [member or a dependant of a member] beneficiary of any other medical scheme;";
- (b) by the substitution for paragraph (m) of the following paragraph:
 - "(m) provisions associated with the manner of providing managed health care to [members] beneficiaries and requirements for managed health care contracts; [and]";
- (c) by the addition of the following paragraphs, the existing paragraph (n) becoming paragraph (s);
 - "(n) the professional conduct of a broker, and the conditions under which such person may provide professional services to or on behalf of, a medical scheme, beneficiary or any other person;
 - (p) penalties to be applied to an administrator in respect of the late payment of benefits owing to a member or a supplier of service, in contravention of section 59(2) of this Act:
 - (q) reporting of acts or omissions of any person in contravention of this Act:".

Amendment of Schedule 2 of Act 131 of 1998

32. The following sections are hereby inserted in Schedule 2 to the principal Act after section 4:

"Reinsurance contracts

- 5. A contract, which is required to be approved by the Registrar in terms of section 20(3) of this Act, is deemed to be valid for a period of 6 months from the date of commencement of this Act notwithstanding the fact that the approval of the Registrar in terms of that section has not been obtained, if such contract □
- (a) was lawfully entered into prior to the commencement of this Act; and
- (b) was legally valid and enforceable at the date of commencement of this Act.

Principal officers

6. A person who, immediately prior to commencement of this Act, was a principal officer of a medical scheme in contravention of section 57(7) of this Act, will be deemed to comply with that section for a period of two years from the date of commencement of this Act.".

Short title and commencement

33. This Act is called the Medical Schemes Amendment Act, 2001, and will come into operation on a date to be determined by the President by proclamation in the Gazette.

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