

Vol. 463

January Januarie 2004 Pretoria, 9

No. 25886







AIDS HELPLINE: 0800-0123-22 Prevention is the cure

Alle Proklamasies, Goewermentskennisgewings, Algemene

Kennisgewings en Raadskennisgewings gepubliseer, word vir verwysingsdoeleindes in die volgende Inhoudsopgawe inge-

sluit wat dus 'n weeklikse indeks voorstel. Laat uself deur die

INHOUD

en weeklikse Indeks

Koerantnommers in die regterhandse kolom lei:

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DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE DEPARTEMENT VAN LANDBOU

No. 7

9 January 2004

MARKETING OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS ACT, 1996

(ACT No. 47 OF 1996)

REQUEST FOR A STATUTORY MEASURE: LEVY TO FINANCE
INFORMATION, PROMOTION, RESEARCH AND QUALITY STANDARDS AND
NORMS, FOR COTTON

It is hereby made known in terms of section 11 of the Marketing of Agricultural Products Act, 1996 (Act No. 47 of 1996), that the Minister of Agriculture has received a request for a statutory measure in terms of section 10 of the said Act as set out in the Schedule hereto.

Directly affected groups are hereby invited to lodge any objection or representation regarding the proposed statutory measure with the National Agricultural Marketing Council within 14 days of the publication thereof.

Submissions should be in writing and be addressed to:

The Chairperson National Agricultural Marketing Council Private Bag X 935 PRETORIA 0001

Fax No.: (012) 341 1811 Enquiries: Ms Lizette Mellet

Tel.: (012) 341 1115

MG Rathogwa

CHAIRPERSON: NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL MARKETING COUNCIL

APPLICATION FOR A STATUTORY MEASURE ON COTTON IN TERMS OF THE MARKETING OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS ACT, 1996 (ACT NO 47 OF 1996), AS AMENDED

STATUTORY MEASURE – LEVIES

The statutory measure that is requested to be established, is that the Minister in terms of section 15 of the Act, by notice in the Government Gazette, direct that a levy amounting to 17 cents per kg cotton lint (excluding VAT), payable by the producers of seed cotton (ginners) to Cotton South Africa not later than the 20th day of the month following the month during which the cotton lint on which the levy is payable, was produced, be imposed.

INFORMATION REQUIRED BY SECTION 10 OF THE ACT

The particulars as required by section 10 of the Act to be included in a request for the establishment of a statutory measure, are as follows:

- 2.1 The statutory measure that is requested, would relate to cotton lint.
- 2.2 The categories of directly affected groups which would probably be effected by the establishment of the proposed statutory measure, are those groups of persons who are party to the purchase of seed cotton from producers, those persons who process seed cotton for the sale of the products derived therefrom, persons who import or export seed cotton or products derived therefrom and those persons who produce seed cotton.
- 2.3 Letters of support for the proposed statutory measure on cotton, by the different categories of directly affected and other groups in the cotton industry, were received.
- 2.4 The proposed statutory measure will apply to the whole of the Republic of South Africa, in order to have a uniform levy.
- 2.5 According to the applicant, the establishment of the statutory measure applied for, will further the objectives of the Act as stipulated in section 2(2) thereof. Such establishment will also not contravene section 2(3) of the Act.
- 2.6 The manner in which the objectives referred to in section 2(2) of the Act will be furthered (namely the increasing of market access for all market participants, the promotion of the efficiency of the marketing of agricultural products, the optimisation of export earnings from agricultural products and the enhancement of the viability of the agricultural sector), are summarised below (more detail available on request):

2.6.1 GENERIC INDUSTRY INFORMATION

Cotton South Africa has since 1998, established itself as the major local source of cotton market information, in that many role-players in the cotton industry have become dependent on the information services provided by Cotton South Africa, which is regarded as critical for strategic planning by the industry.

Unbiased and reliable market information which is available on a continuous and timeous manner, will not only increase market access for all market participants, but also will also promote the efficiency of the marketing of cotton and enhance the viability of the cotton industry and the agricultural sector at large. Market information will furthermore lead to the optimisation of export earnings without being detrimental to the number of employment opportunities or fair labour practice.

The market information obtained up to now by way of these statutory measures has also proved to be invaluable to Cotton South Africa in its capacity as industry forum, as well as in the advancement of its main objectives such as the stimulation of the production and the usage of cotton; the enhancement of the marketability of cotton through research; the establishment of quality standards and norms and the facilitation of the development of the emerging cotton production sector.

2.6.2 THE PROMOTION AND MAINTENANCE OF QUALITY, STANDARDS AND NORMS

The free marketing environment in which the emerging and commercial farmers as well as ginners have to operate in, is totally dependent on proper and accurate market information as this enables them to adhere to the strict requirements of the spinning industry, especially with regard to the latter's raw material inputs.

Increased processing speeds, newly emerging spinning technologies and heightened quality expectations have changed the yarn manufacturing industry's focus and buying strategy on their requirements, hence the fact that up to date crop information is now more critical than ever before in fibre purchasing. Fibre utilisation decisions by the ginning and spinning industry therefore have a more direct impact on the primary cotton producing industry, be it an emerging or commercial farmer, compared to previous years where fixed prices, rules and regulations existed.

In this environment, impartial and objective quality control services provided by Cotton SA are highly valued by all role-players in the cotton pipeline. Quality control functions, such as the objective evaluation of raw cotton which indicates to a large extent the spinning properties and hence the market value of each bale, forms an integral part with regard to accurate market information which have to be available on a continuous and timeous manner. It also enhances export marketing possibilities because reliable and accurate information regarding the quality profile of the SA cotton crop is of great importance to prospective buyers and could therefore contribute to the optimisation of export earnings.

The setting up and maintenance of the complex grading standards for seed cotton and lint (there are 9 seed cotton grades and 54 grades and classes for cotton lint) with accompanying quality control measures, are deemed a basic precondition for the orderly marketing of cotton which can only be rendered by an independent organisation such as Cotton SA.

2.6.3 PROMOTION OF PRODUCTION AND USAGE OF COTTON

The cotton industry's visionary approach in this regard resulted in it being selected as the first agricultural sector to develop a cotton sector strategic plan within the realm of President Mbeki's Strategic Plan for South African Agriculture "to generate equitable access and participation in a globally competitive, profitable and sustainable agricultural sector contributing to a better life for all". The recognition of cotton as a strategic crop for the future, and especially focusing on the development of small-scale production initiatives, leads inevitably to the positioning of a proper marketing plan to support and promote the production and usage of cotton on a national basis.

In the case of the cotton industry, the competition is against synthetic or man-made fibres. Globalisation brought about growing imports of fibre, fabric and ready-made products, as well as the onslaught by synthetic fibre manufacturers on the local cotton market share. Despite the fluctuating size of cotton

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harvests over the years there has been a keen sense of protecting and expanding the cotton market. This was done on the one hand by introducing the Cotton Mark in 1985 and on the other hand by promoting cotton amongst producers. Since then the Cotton mark has established itself as a true South African symbol of quality, but also denotes that the particular product bearing it, is locally manufactured. The cotton industry has therefore demonstrated itself as a stable and reliable partner in the South African economy.

Advertising and Promotion:

Cotton SA has been appointed as the Cotton SA Trust's sole agent to manage and market its intellectual property known as the Cotton Marks. The Cotton Marks are registered Trade Marks and are managed by the Cotton Certification Scheme which currently has 107 licensed members (users of the Cotton Marks).

The royalties received through the use of the Cotton Mark are utilized to further educate the public and to promote products that bear the Mark.

The Cotton Marks have been in existence since 1985 and the promotion thereof has been funded by way of statutory levies up to now. In total more than R19 million have been spent since 1985 on promotional campaigns in this regard. The industry has indicated that should statutory funds no longer be available for promotion of these Marks, they would not be in a position to provide funding. This means that all the effort and money invested in the Marks would have been in vain. Cotton SA therefore, sees itself as the only vehicle to promote these Marks and thereby the production and usage of cotton while statutory funds are regarded as the only means to provide funding for these objectives.

2.6.4 THE CO-ORDINATION OF RESEARCH

Cotton research mainly comprises agronomic research in order to further the interests of the primary cotton industry. More specifically, this function is regarded as essential for the furtherance of the primary cotton industry's competitive position, taking into account the extremely competitive marketing environment in which cotton compete. A more competitive position for cotton will support the demand for cotton products which in turn, will enhance market access for all market participants.

Cotton's inability to compete with synthetic fibres on high-speed spinning equipment because of quality constraints, forces steps to be taken to improve cotton varieties to produce cotton with fibre properties more suitable for the modern textile industry. These requirements mostly have to be addressed by means of agronomical research.

Equally important, agronomical research is essential for cotton cultivation by commercial and small scale cotton farmers. Studies in connection with cultivar characteristics such as yield tendencies, adaptability and yield stability, make it possible for the cotton producer to make meaningful cultivar choices for specific conditions. In this way, cultivar samples can also be supplied for the evaluation of cotton quality and processing characteristics.

2.6.5 COTTON SA'S ROLE IN FACILITATING THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE EMERGING COTTON SECTOR IN GENERAL AND IN THE NATIONAL COTTON STRATEGY IN PARTICULAR

Cotton SA initiatives i.r.o. the development of the emerging sector

The inherent characteristics and qualities of the cotton plant lends itself ideally to the support of small and emerging farmers in marginal and previously disadvantaged agricultural areas. If countries such as Zimbabwe and Zambia, where ten of thousands of small farmers produce the bulk of cotton production, are taken as example, then cotton forms the backdrop against which the socio-economic upliftment of a new generation of small farmers can take place. Cotton's drought resistant and transgenetic properties can bring much needed wealth to marginal rural communities.

Cotton SA facilitates the development of the emerging cotton growing sector by way of a Small Scale Cotton Farmers' Forum (which functions as a standing committee of Cotton SA). The main function of the Forum is to co-ordinate and monitor progress with regard to set objectives and to provide an environment where positive interaction between role-players could lead to increased market access for the small cotton farmer.

The National Cotton Strategy

On the initiative of Cotton SA and the government, a National Strategy for the SA Cotton Industry has been developed with the participation of all role-players, to fit in with the National Strategic Plan for SA Agriculture previously developed by the government and organised agriculture.

The broadening of the participation of emerging farmers is definitely the biggest challenge in the successful implementation of the cotton strategy. The model has a profound focus on the sustainability of development and growth for this sector. The model specifies the establishment of emerging cotton farmers in revived or newly developed irrigation schemes in order to reduce the risk of adverse weather conditions and to maximise the yield per hectare.

Cotton SA will be playing a major role over the next few years as far as overseeing many of the activities identified in the National Cotton Strategy Plan are concerned."

2.7 DATE OF IMPLEMENTATION AND DURATION OF STATUTORY MEASURE:

The measure requested for should be implemented at the beginning of April 2004 in order to ensure the continuance of services, which are deemed necessary by the cotton industry.

Until the needs of the cotton industry change, the implementation of the proposed statutory measure should be applicable for an adequate period in order to ensure continuity of essential industry functions as determined by the cotton industry. To comply with the provisions of section 13 (2) of the Act, it is suggested that the duration of the proposed statutory measures be four (4) years from the date of implementation as is the case of statutory levies already approved for other agricultural commodities. It should be borne in mind that the measures will, in terms of the Act, be subject to evaluation and review by the National Agricultural Marketing Council at least every two years. Furthermore, the Act provides for the application to be made for the repeal of statutory measures.

2.8 MOST APPROPRIATE BODY TO ADMINISTER MEASURE:

The affected groups resolved that Cotton South Africa, a non profit seeking company under section 21 of the Company Act, is the most appropriate institution for the implementation of the statutory measure applied for. This company which is industry driven and independent, has proved itself to implement and administrate the current statutory levy in a capable and responsible manner.

The Board of Directors consist of:

- four persons representing producers of which one is a representative of small scale farmers;
- two persons representing the cotton ginning industry;
- one person representing the cotton spinning industry;

- one person representing the clothing and household textile sector;
- one person representing a national consumers organisation; and
- one person representing the labour sector.

2.9 PARTICULARS ON ENFORCEMENT

As the company mentioned above was formed *inter alia* for the administering of the proposed statutory measure, it is envisaged that the most appropriate means of organising the inspection and the enforcement of the intervention, would be to assign that function to the company. In this regard it is envisaged that the Minister would appoint either personnel of the company or independent contractors as inspectors in terms of section 21 of the Act to inspect and enforce the proposed measures.

List of persons obliged to pay levies under the measures, will be kept by the company. The company will be aware of failures to comply with the measure and those liable to pay levies, will be included in the list kept by the company. Furthermore, the inspectors from time to time can carry out random inspections, to ensure the compliance with the measure.

No. 8

9 January 2004

MARKETING OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS ACT, 1996 (ACT No. 47 OF 1996)

REQUEST FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF STATUTORY MEASURES RELATED TO WEEKLY RECORDS AND RETURNS FOR IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF WHOLE MAIZE AND WHEAT

It is hereby made known in terms of section 11 of the Marketing of Agricultural Products Act, 1996 (Act No. 47 of 1996), that the Minister of Agriculture has received a request for an amendment to statutory measures in terms of sections 18 and 19 of the said Act as set out in the Schedules hereto.

Directly affected groups are hereby invited to lodge any objection or representation regarding the proposed amendment to the statutory measures with the National Agricultural Marketing Council within 14 days of the publication thereof.

Submissions should be in writing and be addressed to:

The Chairperson National Agricultural Marketing Council Private Bag X 935 PRETORIA 0001

Fax No.: (012) 341 1811 Enquiries: Ms Lizette Mellet

Tel.: (012) 341 1115

M.G.RATHOGWA

CHAIRPERSON: NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL MARKETING COUNCIL

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REQUEST FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF STATUTORY MEASURES RELATED TO WEEKLY RECORDS AND RETURNS FOR IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF WHOLE MAIZE AND WHEAT, IN TERMS OF THE MARKETING OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS ACT, 1996 (ACT NO 47 OF 1996), AS ESTABLISHED

1. STATUTORY MEASURE: WEEKLY RECORDS AND RETURNS

The statutory measure that is requested to be established, is that the Minister, in terms of sections 13 and 18 of the Act, by notice in the Government Gazette, direct that end-consumers, importers, storers, exporters and processors keep weekly records and submit returns to SAGIS for imports and exports of whole maize and whole wheat.

2. INFORMATION REQUIRED BY SECTION 10 OF THE ACT

The particulars as required by section 10 of the Act to be included in a request for the establishment of a statutory measure, are as follows:

- 2.1 The statutory measure that is requested to be established, would relate to weekly records and returns.
- 2.2 The categories of directly affected groups which would probably be affected by the establishment of the proposed statutory measure, are:
 - End consumers: a person who consumes or processes maize and/or wheat (directly imported or locally produced maize) for commercial purposes, but who does not sell any resulting product;
 - Exporters: a person who exports maize and/or wheat from South Africa, and this includes a person who administrates or handles the exports in the name of or on behalf of another person;
 - Importers: a person who imports maize and/or wheat into South Africa, and this shall also include the person who arranges or handles the imports in the name of or on behalf of another person;
 - Processors: a person who mills, crushes, grinds to grist or otherwise processes maize and/or wheat, in any manner whatsoever, for the manufacture of maize products with the aim of selling the resultant product; and
 - Storers: a person with storage facilities where maize and/or wheat is handled commercially for import and/or export purposes.
- 2.3 Support for the proposed establishment of the statutory measure on maize and wheat, by the different categories of directly affected and other groups in the maize and wheat industries were given during an informal meeting held on 17 March 2003.
- 2.4 The proposed statutory measure will apply to the whole of the Republic of South Africa.
- 2.5 According to the applicant, the proposed establishment of the statutory measure, will further the objectives of the Act as stipulated in section 2(2) thereof. Such establishment will also not contravene section 2(3) of the Act.

2.6 The manner in which the objectives referred to in section 2(2) of the Act will be furthered (namely the increasing of market access for all market participants, the promotion of the efficiency of the marketing of agricultural products, the optimisation of export earnings from agricultural products and the enhancement of the viability of the agricultural sector), are summarised below:

The availability of the information on weekly imports and exports of whole maize and wheat (as identified by the relevant parties) in a deregulated environment is essential for the grains industries as well as all the directly affected groups. Reliable market information enables role-players to make informed decisions.

The market access for all the participants could increase, and the efficiency of the marketing of grain and oilseed products could be improved with the availability of accurate and relevant market information on a timeous and continuous basis.

Market information disseminated by an independent organisation enables role players to participate on an equal footing based on objective information. It also enhances the viability of the grains and the total agricultural sector.

To be able to disseminate information as accurately as possible, it will be necessary for end-consumers, importers, storers, exporters and processors of wheat and maize to render weekly returns on an individual basis, so that market information for the whole of the country can be processed and disseminated to the market place. A system of compulsory registration of the relevant parties involved in grains and oilseeds is in place for the administration of the statutory measure relating to records and returns.

Market information also enhances food security as stock levels of grains stored by owners of commercial grain storage are readily available on a national basis.

The statutory measures will not be detrimental to the number of employment opportunities within the economy or to fair labour practise.

- 2.7 If the Minister approves the application, the statutory measures will come into operation on the date of publication thereof in the Government Gazette and shall lapse on 30 April 2008.
- 2.8 The body that will be responsible for the administration of the statutory measure is the South African Grain Information Services (SAGIS), a company without profit motive incorporated in terms of section 21 of the Companies Act, 1973 (Act No 61 of 1973).
- 2.9 The Minister authorised and designated SAGIS inspectors for the inspection and enforcement functions of the statutory measure.

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GENERAL NOTICES ALGEMENE KENNISGEWINGS

NOTICE 6 OF 2004

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORT

INTERNATIONAL AIR SERVICES ACT, (ACT No. 60 OF 1993)

GRANT/ AMENDMENT OF INTERNATIONAL AIR SERVICES LICENSES

Pursuant to the provisions of section 17 (12) of Act No. 60 of 1993 and regulations 15 (1) and 15 (2) of the International Air Services Regulations, 1994, it is hereby notified for general information that the applications, details of which appear in the Schedules hereto, will be considered by the International Air Services Council (Council).

Representations in accordance with section 16(3) of Act No. 60 of 1993 and regulation 25(1) of the International Air Services Regulations, 1994, against or in favour of an application, should reach the Chairman of the Council at Private Bag X 193, Pretoria, 0001 within 28 days of the application hereof. It must be stated whether the party or parties making such representation is / are prepared to be represent or represented at the possible hearing of the application.

The Council will cause notice of the time, date and place of the proceedings to be given in writing to the application and all parties who have made representations as aforesaid and who desire to be present or represented at the hearing.

SCHEDULE 2

AMENDMENT OF LICENCE

- (A) Full name, surname and trade name, if any licensee. (B) Full business or residential address of applicant. (C) Class and number of the license in respect of which the amendment was made. (D) Type of International Air service in respect of which the amendment was made. (E) Category or kind of aircraft in respect of which the license was made. (F) Airport in respect of which the amendment was made. (G) Area to be served. (H) Frequency of flights in respect of which the amendment was made. (I) Conditions under which the amendment was made.
- (A) Comair Limited; British Airways. (B) 1 Marignane Drive, cnr Atlas Road, Bonaero Park, 1619. (C) Class: I/S025. (D) Type: S1. (D) Category: A1 & A2. (F) and (H) From Johannesburg International Airport, Adding the following:

State	Destination	Frequency
Namibia	Windhoek	Six (6) return flights per
		week

NOTICE 7 OF 2004

GENERAL NOTICE IN TERMS OF THE RESTITUTION OF LAND RIGHTS ACT, 1994 (ACT NO. 22 OF 1994)

Notice is hereby given in terms of Section 11 (1) of the Restitution of Land Rights Act, 1994 (Act No. 22 of 1994), that a claim for the restitution of land rights on the following property has been lodged with the Regional Land Claims Commissioner: KwaZulu-Natal and that the Commission on Restitution of Land Rights will investigate the claim in terms of provisions of the Act in due course:

Property: The farm Groothoek No. 839

Extent of property : 979, 8604 hectares

Magisterial District : Vryheid

Administrative District: : KwaZulu - Natal

Current Title Deed No. : T9251/1992

Current Owners : Coenraad Frederick Labuschagne

Claimant : Mjemuzeni Mtshali on behalf of the Groothoek

Community

Date claim lodged : 17 August 1995

Reference number : KRN6/2/2/E/50/0/0/73

Any party who has an interest in the above-mentioned land is hereby invited to submit, within 60 days from the publication of this notice any comments/information to:

The Regional Land Claims Commissioner: KwaZulu-Natal Private Bag X9120

Pietermaritzburg 3200

Tel; (033) 3426 - 955 Fax: (033) 342 - 3409

Submissions may also be delivered to Second Floor, 200 Church Street, Pietermaritzburg.

THABI SHANGE

REGIONAL LAND CLAIMS COMMISSIONER: KWAZULU NATAL

NOTICE 8 OF 2004

GENERAL NOTICE IN TERMS OF THE RESTITUTION OF LAND RIGHTS ACT, 1994 (ACT NO. 22 OF 1994)

Notice is hereby given in terms of Section 11 (1) of the Restitution of Land Rights Act, 1994 (Act No. 22 of 1994), that a claim for the restitution of land rights on the following properties has been lodged with the Regional Land Claims Commissioner: KwaZulu-Natal and that the Commission on Restitution of Land Rights will investigate the claim in terms of provisions of the Act in due course:

Property

: see attached schedule

Extent of property

see attached schedule

Magisterial District

Richmond

:

:

:

:

Administrative District:

KwaZulu - Natal

Current Title Deed No.

sce attached schedule

Current Owner

see attached schedule

Claimant

Nkosemphi Joseph Xaba, on behalf of the

eMasosheni Community

Date claim lodged

: 31 December 1998

Reference number

KRN6/2/2/E/42/0/0/35

Any party who has an interest in the above-mentioned land is hereby invited to submit, within 60 days from the publication of this notice any comments/information to:

The Regional Land Claims Commissioner: KwaZulu-Natal Private Bag X9120

Pietermaritzburg 3200

Tel: (033) 355 - 8400 Fax: (033) 342 - 3409

Submissions may also be delivered to Second Floor, African Life Building, 200 Church Street, Pietermaritzburg.

THABI SHANGE

REGIONAL LAND CLAIMS COMMISSIONER: KWAZULU NATAL

NO.	PROPERTY DESCRIPTION	EXTENT	CURRENT TITLE DEED NO.	CURRENT OWNER	BONDS & RESTRICTIVE CONDITIONS (INTERDICTS)
1	The farm Naauwpoort No. 1319	829, 6063 ha	T37551/1993	Richmond Naauwpoort Farm	B20263/1995 B28274/2000 B54730/1993 B54731/1993 VA1300/1996
2	Portion 3 of the farm Proces Kraal No. 1059	252, 8116 ha	T23871/1989	Gerald Walsh Family Trust	B19721/1999 B2065/1999 B35570/1995 B6344/2001 B9348/1998 K273/1996S
3	Portion 4 of the farm Proces Kraal No. 1059	161, 8744 ha	T23871/1989	Gerald Walsh Family Trust	B19721/1999 B2065/1999 B35570/1995 B6344/2001 B9348/1998 K631/1997S
4	Remainder of Portion 5 of the farm Proces Kraal No. 1059	607, 0305 ha	T9860/1997	Sappi Manufacturing (Pty) Ltd	None
5	Remainder of Portion 6 of the farm Proces Kraal No. 1059	803, 9552 ha	T14899/1965	(Pty) Ltd	I-4520/1976LG
6	Remainder of Portion 7 of the farm Proces Kraal No. 1059	1620, 0570 ha	T15502/1965	Sapekoe Richmond Estates (Pty) Ltd	ZI-4520/1976LG



NO.	PROPERTY DESCRIPTION	EXTENT	CURRENT TITLE DEED NO.	CURRENT OWNER	BONDS & RESTRICTIVE CONDITIONS (INTERDICTS)
7	Portion 8 of the farm Proces Kraal No. 1059	424, 9555 ha	T23872/1989	Gerald Walsh Family Trust	B19721/1999 B2065/1999 B35570/1995 B6344/2001 B9348/1998
8	Portion 9 of the farm Proces Kraal No. 1059	139, 4985 ha	T23872/1989	Gerald Walsh Family Trust	B19721/1999 B2065/1999 B35570/1995 B6344/2001 B9348/1998
9	Portion 10 of the farm Proces Kraal No. 1059	122, 7633 ha	T23872/1989	Gerald Walsh Family Trust	B19721/1999 B2065/1999 B35570/1995 B6344/2001 B9348/1998
10	Remainder of the farm Zoutpans Valley No. 1234	865, 0163 ha	T37551/1993	Richmond Naauwpoort Farm	B20263/1995 B28274/2000 B54730/1993 B54731/1993 K1016/41997S VA1300/1996
11	Remainder of Portion 1 of the farm Zoutpans Valley No. 1234	824, 9524 ha	T10342/1996	Jean Hilda Aadnesgaard	None

NOTICE 11 OF 2004

CO-OPERATIVES REMOVED FROM REGISTER: VUKUZENZELE CO-OPERATIVE LIMITED; SOWETO PHILA HEALTH CARE CO-OPERATIVE LIMITED; SITHANDENI CO-OPERATIVE LIMITED AND PHOMA-MO REKOPANE ORGANIC AGRICULTURAL CO-OPERATIVE LIMITED

Notice is hereby given that the name of the above-mentioned co-operatives was removed from the register on 5 March 2003 in terms of section 44 (b) of the Co-operatives Act, 1981.

Registrar of Co-operatives

KENNISGEWING 11 VAN 2004

KOÖPERASIES WAT VAN DIE REGISTER GESKRAP IS: VUKUZENZELE CO-OPERATIVE LIMITED; SOWETO PHILA HEALTH CARE CO-OPERATIVE LIMITED; SITHANDENI CO-OPERATIVE LIMITED EN PHOMA-MO REKOPANE ORGANIC AGRICULTURAL CO-OPERATIVE LIMITED

Hiermee word bekendgemaak die naam van bogenoemde koöperasies op 5 Maart 2003 ingevolge die bepalings van artikel 44 (b) van die Koöperasieswet, 1981, van die register geskrap is.

Registrateur van Koöperasies

(9 January 2004)/(9 Januarie 2004)

NOTICE 12 OF 2004

CO-OPERATIVES REMOVED FROM REGISTER: THE NATIONAL HAWKERS CO-OPERATIVE LIMITED; DURBAN CENTRAL TRANSPORT CO-OPERATIVE LIMITED; TSUNDZUKANI CO-OPERATIVE LIMITED AND IMBUBE CO-OPERATIVE LIMITED

Notice is hereby given that the name of the above-mentioned co-operatives was removed from the register on 23 December 2003 in terms of section 44 (b) of the Co-operatives Act, 1981.

Registrar of Co-operatives

KENNISGEWING 12 VAN 2004

KOÖPERASIES WAT VAN DIE REGISTER GESKRAP IS: THE NATIONAL HAWKERS CO-OPERATIVE LIMITED; DURBAN CENTRAL TRANSPORT CO-OPERATIVE LIMITED; TSUNDZUKANI CO-OPERATIVE LIMITED EN IMBUBE CO-OPERATIVE LIMITED

Hiermee word bekendgemaak die naam van bogenoemde koöperasies op 23 Desember 2003 ingevolge die bepalings van artikel 44 (b) van die Koöperasieswet, 1981, van die register geskrap is.

Registrateur van Koöperasies

(9 January 2004)/(9 Januarie 2004)

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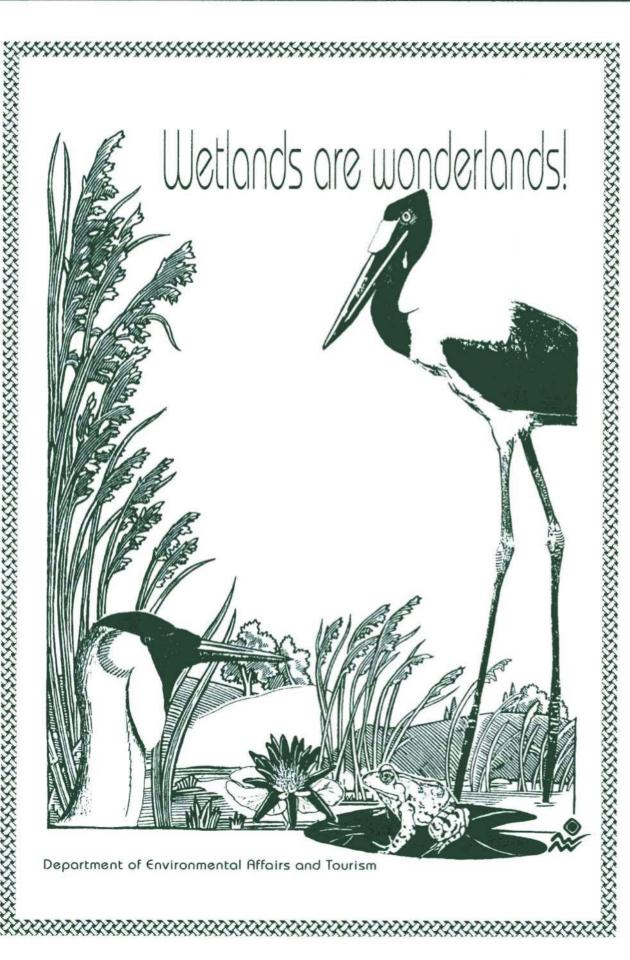
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